CUBESMART

CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | · | <u>Page</u> |
|-----|--|-------------|
| 1. | Introduction | 1 |
| 2. | Accountability for Adherence to this Code | 1 |
| 3. | Compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations | 2 |
| 4. | Honest and Ethical Conduct; Avoiding Conflicts of Interest | 2 |
| 5. | Insider Trading | 4 |
| 6. | Corporate Opportunities | 5 |
| 7. | Competition and Fair Dealing | 5 |
| 8. | Improper Influence on Conduct of Audits | 5 |
| 9. | Record-Keeping; full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure | 5 |
| 10. | Confidentiality | 6 |
| 11. | Protection and Proper Use of Company Assets | 7 |
| 12. | Protection of Company Information Systems and Databases; Privacy and Security of | |
| | Customer Information | 7 |
| 13. | Payments to Government Personnel; Political Activities and Contributions | 8 |
| 14 | Waivers of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics | |
| 15 | Reporting Procedures | 9 |
| 16. | Compliance Standards and Procedures | |
| 17. | Discrimination and Harassment | 11 |
| 18. | Administration | |
| 19. | General Disclaimer | 11 |

CUBESMART CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS

1. INTRODUCTION

This Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (this "Code") of CubeSmart (the "Company") serves as reminder of the high standards we must meet in our day-to-day business activities. It also helps to guide us when formulating and pursuing Company goals and objectives. The Code covers a wide range of business practices and procedures. It does not cover every issue that may arise, but it sets out general policies to guide all teammates, officers and trustees of the Company. The Code's guidelines help reinforce our own good judgment and personal integrity in all our business activities. In addition to the general policies contained in this Code that apply to all teammates, officers and trustees, this Code sets forth additional standards that apply chiefly to the Company's principal executive officers and all senior financial officers, including the principal financial officer, the principal accounting officer or controller and persons performing similar functions (each an "Executive Officer"). The Code also applies to all Company contractors, consultants and other agents, including their directors, officers, employees and representatives (collectively, "Third Parties"). In accepting a position with the Company or providing services to the Company, you become accountable for compliance with the law, with this Code and with all policies of the Company.

The policies and standards set forth in this Code are designed to deter wrongdoing and to promote (1) honest and ethical conduct, including the ethical handling of actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships, (2) full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure in reports and documents that the Company files with, or furnishes to, the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and in other public communications made by the Company, (3) compliance with applicable governmental laws, rules and regulations, (4) the prompt internal reporting of violations of this Code to the appropriate persons identified in this Code and (5) accountability for adherence to this Code.

As used in this Code, the terms "we" or "our" refer to the Company; the terms "you," "your" and "yourself" refer to all of the Company's teammates, officers, including Executive Officers, trustees, and Third Parties; and the terms "teammate" or "teammates" refer to all of the Company's teammates, officers and Executive Officers.

You must conduct yourself according to the policies contained in this Code and seek to avoid even the appearance of improper behavior. Teammates should also refer to the Company's Policy and Procedures Manual for additional policies on business conduct which supplement and are in addition to this Code. Trustees should refer to the Corporate Governance Guidelines for additional policies that specifically govern the conduct of trustees.

2. ACCOUNTABILITY FOR ADHERENCE TO THIS CODE

All teammates, trustees and Third Parties are responsible for complying with the policies and principles included in this Code. If you violate the policies contained in this Code, you will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including a discharge from the Company and, where appropriate, civil liability and criminal prosecution. If you are in a situation that you believe may

violate or lead to a violation of this Code, follow the procedures described in Section 15 of this Code.

3. COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS

Obeying the law, both in letter and in spirit, is one of the foundations on which our ethical policies and standards are built. You must respect and obey the governmental laws, rules and regulations (including insider trading laws) of the cities, states and countries in which we operate. Executive Officers, in particular, are expected to understand and must take responsibility to comply with the governmental laws, rules and regulations applicable to disclosures we are required to make in our periodic reports and otherwise filed with the SEC. Although you are not expected to know every detail of these laws, rules and regulations, it is important to know enough to determine when to seek advice from appropriate personnel, including your supervisor, manager, or the Company's Chief Legal Officer (the "Compliance Officer").

If a law conflicts with a policy in this Code, you must comply with the law; however, if a local custom or policy conflicts with this Code, you must comply with this Code. If you have any questions about these conflicts or this Code, you should ask your supervisor or the Compliance Officer how to handle the situation.

4. HONEST AND ETHICAL CONDUCT; AVOIDING CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

You must always conduct yourself in an honest and ethical manner. You must act with the highest standards of personal and professional integrity and not tolerate others who attempt to deceive or evade responsibility for actions. All actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships must be handled honestly, ethically and in accordance with the standards specified in this Code.

We respect your rights to manage your personal affairs and investments and do not wish to intrude upon your personal lives. At the same time, you must act in the best interests of the Company and avoid situations that present a potential or actual conflict between your interests and the interests of the Company.

A "conflict of interest" exists when a person's private interest interferes in any way – or even appears to interfere – with the interests of the Company as a whole. A conflict situation can arise when a teammate, officer or trustee of the Company takes actions or has interests that may make it difficult to perform his or her Company work objectively and effectively. Conflicts of interest also arise when a teammate, officer or trustee or members of his or her family, receive improper personal benefits as a result of his or her position in or with the Company. Loans to, or guarantees of obligations of, teammates, officers or trustees or their family members create a special concern regarding conflicts of interest and the appearance thereof, and therefore receive special scrutiny.

Conflicts of interest are generally prohibited as a matter of Company policy. Exceptions may only be made after review and approval of specific or general categories by the Executive Officers (in the case of teammates) or the Board of Trustees (in the case of officers or trustees). The Company may not, directly or indirectly, make loans, extend or maintain credit, or arrange for the extension of credit or renew an extension of credit, to or for any trustee or Executive Officer.

As a matter of Company policy, personal loans to trustees or Executive Officers are expressly prohibited. Trustees should refer to the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines for additional policies that specifically govern the conduct of trustees.

Conflicts of interest may not always be clear cut, so if you have any questions, you should consult with an appropriate person, including your supervisor or the Compliance Officer. If you become aware of a conflict or potential conflict, or if you know of any material transaction or relationship that reasonably could be expected to give rise to such a conflict, you should promptly bring it to the attention of a supervisor, manager or other appropriate personnel who is not involved in the matter giving rise to such a conflict or potential conflict or consult the policies described in Section 15 of this Code. Executive Officers must disclose such a conflict and should also disclose any actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships involving any management or other teammates who have a significant role in the Company's financial reporting, disclosures or internal control.

Examples of Conflicts of Interests:

It is impractical to conceive of and set forth rules that cover all situations in which a conflict of interest may arise. The basic factor in all these situations is, however, the division of loyalty or the perception of a division of loyalty, between the Company's best interests and your interests. Guidelines with respect to several sensitive areas in which actual, potential or apparent conflicts of interest are likely to occur are set forth below.

Relationships with a Competing Business and Certain Other Entities:

Engaging in a competing business with the Company is a conflict of interest. In addition, certain relationships with a competing business or an entity that has a material financial or adverse relationship with the Company are also conflicts of interest. For that reason, you may not, without prior approval:

- 1. Engage in any competing business with the Company; or
- 2. Engage in the following activities with a competing business, an entity that has a material financial relationship with the Company or an entity whose interests are adverse to or conflict with, in a material respect, the interests of the Company:
 - serve as a director, trustee, officer or key personnel;
 - own more than 10% of the stock or other equity interest; or
 - provide directly consulting, legal, advisory or other services.

The determination of whether a "material financial relationship" exists or whether an interest is adverse to (or in conflict with) the interests of the Company in a material respect will be made on a case-by-case basis.

Outside or Additional Part-Time Work:

While the best policy is to avoid any direct or indirect business connection with our customers, suppliers or competitors, except on our behalf, teammates may wish to take on additional part-time work with organizations that are not our competitors, customers or suppliers. While such work in itself does not constitute a conflict of interest, the second job must be strictly separated from the teammate's job with the Company, and is subject to the following restrictions.

- Outside work must not be done on Company time and must not involve the use of Company equipment or supplies.
- The teammate should not attempt to sell products or services from the outside work to the Company.
- Performance of the outside work must not interfere with or prevent the teammate from devoting the time and effort needed to fulfill the teammate's primary duties and obligations as a teammate of the Company.

<u>Direct Reporting to Spouse, Partner or Immediate Family:</u>

The potential for conflict of interest clearly exists if your immediate family member (i.e. spouse, sibling, child, or parent) or someone with whom you have a romantic relationship also works at the Company and is in a direct reporting relationship to you. Teammates should not directly supervise, report to, or be in a position to influence the hiring, work assignments or evaluations of an immediate family member or someone with whom you share a household, without prior written approval of the Chief Executive Officer. You shoule review and are bound by the provisions of the Company's policies on Equal Employment Opportunity, Anti-Harassment and Non-Discrimination.

Gifts and Entertainment:

The giving or receiving of a business gift by the Company's teammates, officers and trustees may present a conflict of interest and in many cases may be prohibited by law or regulation. You may not accept gifts or entertainment from customers or suppliers or potential customers or potential suppliers other than those of nominal value, such as meals, calendars, flowers, fruit, candy, books and advertising novelties. Similarly, teammates may accept entertainment, but only in so far as it is reasonable in the context of the business at hand and to facilitate the Company's interests. Teammates are strictly prohibited from soliciting gifts, gratuities or business courtesies for the benefit of themselves, any family member or friend.

5. INSIDER TRADING

The federal securities laws strictly forbid you from buying or selling Company securities while in possession of material nonpublic information about the Company. This policy also applies to trading in the securities of any other company on the basis of information obtained in the course of your employment or service as a trustee to the Company. Likewise, you may not "tip" a family member, friend or other person by providing that person with material non-public information about the Company. Any of these actions may amount to "insider trading," which is

both unethical and illegal, and is strictly prohibited and will be dealt with decisively. Officers, trustees and teammates should refer to the Company's Insider Trading Policy and Share Ownership Guidelines, which contains more detailed policies and rules relating to transactions in the Company's securities. Officers and teammates should also refer to the Company's Policy and Procedures Manual. If you have any questions, please consult with the Compliance Officer.

6. CORPORATE OPPORTUNITIES

You are prohibited from taking for yourself personally opportunities that are discovered through the use of corporate property, information or position, subject to exceptions in certain circumstances where we have already been offered the opportunity and turned it down. You may not use corporate property, information, or position for improper personal gain, and you may not compete with us directly or indirectly. You owe a duty to the Company to advance the Company's legitimate interests when the opportunity to do so arises.

7. COMPETITION AND FAIR DEALING

We seek to outperform our competitors fairly and honestly. We seek competitive advantages through superior performance, never through unethical or illegal business practices. Stealing proprietary information, possessing trade secret information that was obtained without the owner's consent, or inducing such disclosures by past or present teammates of other companies, is prohibited. You should endeavor to respect the rights of and deal fairly with our customers, suppliers, competitors and teammates. You should not take unfair advantage of anyone through manipulation, concealment, abuse of privileged information, misrepresentation of material facts, or any other unfair-dealing practice.

8. IMPROPER INFLUENCE ON CONDUCT OF AUDITS

At the direction of the Audit Committee of the Board of Trustees, we engage a registered public accountant each year to review and audit our financial statements. You are strictly prohibited from taking any action or engaging in any activity that has, or would have, the effect of influencing, coercing, manipulating, or misleading any independent auditor engaged by the Company to perform any audit and/or non-audit services for the Company or any internal auditor employed by the Company in the performance of his or her internal audit duties and responsibilities.

9. RECORD-KEEPING; FULL, FAIR, ACCURATE, TIMELY AND UNDERSTANDABLE DISCLOSURE

We require honest and accurate recording and reporting of information in order to make responsible business decisions and to provide full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure in reports and documents that we file with, or furnish to, the SEC and in other public communications we make. All of the Company's books, records, accounts and financial statements must be maintained in reasonable detail, must appropriately reflect the Company's transactions and must conform both to applicable legal and accounting requirements and to the Company's system of internal controls. Unrecorded or "off the books" funds or assets should not be maintained under any circumstances. The accurate and timely reporting of our financial results and financial condition requires that all financial information be recorded promptly and accurately,

and that our systems for recording and reporting that information be properly functioning and subject to regular and thorough evaluations.

As a general matter, while you may not be familiar with accounting procedure, you need to make sure that every business record for which you are responsible is accurate, complete and reliable. You are responsible to report to the Company any concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters that may come to your attention. This policy also applies to all operating reports or records prepared for internal or external purposes, such as environmental data, product test results, quality control reports, or sales projections. False, misleading or incomplete information impairs the Company's ability to make good decisions, undermines trust in the long term, and may in some cases be illegal.

Executive Officers, in particular, are responsible for full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure in reports and documents that we file with, or furnish to, the SEC and in other public communications we make. In order to fulfill this obligation, each Executive Officer must:

- 1. Carefully review drafts of reports and documents we are required to file with, or furnish to, the SEC before they are filed, or furnished, and Company press releases or other public communications before they are released to the public, with particular focus on disclosures each Executive Officer does not understand or agree with and on information known to the Executive Officer that is not reflected in the report, document, press release or public communication.
- 2. Comply with the Company's Disclosure Controls, Policies and Procedures as in effect from time to time, which have been designed to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by us in our SEC filings is collected, processed, summarized and disclosed in a timely fashion and accumulated and communicated to the appropriate persons.
- 3. Promptly bring to the attention of the Disclosure Committee or a member thereof any material information of which a Executive Officer may become aware that affects the disclosures made by the Company in its public filings, any material information that may assist the Disclosure Committee in fulfilling its responsibilities, matters that a Executive Officer feels could compromise the integrity of our financial reports or disagreements on accounting matters.
- 4. Always act with the highest standards of personal and professional integrity; do not tolerate others who attempt to deceive or evade responsibility for actions.

Business records and communications often become public, and you should avoid exaggeration, derogatory remarks, guesswork, or inappropriate characterizations of people and companies that can be misunderstood. This applies equally to e-mail, internal memos, and formal reports. Records should always be retained or destroyed according to the Company's record retention policies. In accordance with those policies, in the event of litigation or governmental investigation please consult with the Compliance Officer.

10. CONFIDENTIALITY

You must maintain the confidentiality of information entrusted to you by the Company or its customers, except when disclosure is either expressly authorized by the Company or required by law. Confidential information includes all non-public information, including information that might be of use to competitors, or harmful to the Company or its customers, if disclosed. Confidential information includes, without limitation, financial information, forecasts and analyses and offers and proposals for acquisitions, dispositions, leases and other transactions and the appraisals, studies and other documents and analyses related thereto. You are required to keep confidential all confidential information and may not disclose, reveal or discuss this information with persons outside of the Company or use this information for your own direct or indirect benefit or for the direct or indirect benefit of any family member, friend, relative or other recipient of the information. Should you have a question as to whether certain information is considered confidential information, consult with the Compliance Officer.

Your obligation to keep Company information confidential continues following your termination of the employment or other relationship with the Company, and we will pursue all legal remedies available at law or in equity to prevent any former teammate, officer or trustee from using Company confidential information.

Teammates should also refer to the Company's Policy and Procedures Manual for additional policies and procedures with respect to confidential information.

11. PROTECTION AND PROPER USE OF COMPANY ASSETS

You should endeavor to protect the Company's assets and ensure their efficient use. Theft, carelessness, and waste have a direct impact on the Company's profitability. All Company assets should be used for legitimate business purposes only. Any suspected incident of fraud or theft should be immediately reported for investigation. Company equipment should not be used for non-Company business, though incidental personal use may be permitted.

Your obligation to protect Company assets includes the Company's proprietary information. Proprietary information includes intellectual property such as trade secrets, patents, trademarks, and copyrights, as well as business, marketing and service plans, engineering and manufacturing ideas, designs, databases, records, salary information and any unpublished financial data and reports. Unauthorized use or distribution of this information would violate Company policy. It could also be illegal and result in civil or even criminal penalties. If you have access to proprietary and confidential information, you are obligated to safeguard it from unauthorized access in accordance with the Company's policy on confidential information (see Section 10 of this Code).

Teammates should also refer to the Company's Policy and Procedures Manual for additional policies and procedures with respect to protection and proper use of company assets.

12. PROTECTION OF COMPANY INFORMATION SYSTEMS AND DATABASES; PRIVACY AND SECURITY OF CUSTOMER INFORMATION

In the ordinary course of our business, the Company collects and stores sensitive data, including our proprietary business information and that of our customers, suppliers and business partners, and personally identifiable information of our customers and teammates, in our data centers and on our networks. The secure maintenance and transmission of this information is critical to our operations. You are obligated to treat this data with care and to take all appropriate measures to maintain the integrity of this data and the Company's information technology and infrastructure in general. Breaches of the Company's information technology and infrastructure, whether resulting from outside sources such as hackers or error, malfeasance or other disruptions caused by the Company's teammates could compromise the Company's networks and allow the information stored to be accessed, publicly disclosed, lost or stolen.

The Company is committed to protecting its information technology and infrastructure and the personal and confidential information of our customers, suppliers, teammates and business partners and using it appropriately. Failure of any teammate or officer of the Company to act appropriately in this regard may be a violation of this Code. Among the steps you should take to assist in these efforts are the following:

Properly secure access to your work area, computer, laptop, telephones, voicemail, smartphones, tablets, external drives, memory sticks and facsimile.

Never share your passwords with other teammates, log onto another teammate's computer or allow them to log onto your computer, even if you remain in close proximity and change your passwords frequently.

Do not discuss sensitive matters or proprietary or confidential information in public places, including open workplace areas such as cubicles or on speaker phones, public transportation or the Internet.

Be cautious when using your mobile phone or other communication device or messaging service.

13. PAYMENTS TO GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL; POLITICAL ACTIVITIES AND CONTRIBUTIONS

The U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act prohibits giving anything of value, directly or indirectly, to officials of foreign governments or foreign political candidates in order to obtain or retain business. It is strictly prohibited to make illegal payments to government officials of any jurisdiction.

In addition, the U.S. government has a number of laws and regulations regarding business gratuities that may be accepted by U.S. government personnel. The promise, offer or delivery to an official or employee of the U.S. government of a gift, favor or other gratuity in violation of

these rules would not only violate Company policy but could also be a criminal offense. State and local governments, as well as foreign governments, may have similar rules. It is strictly prohibited to promise, offer or deliver to an official or employee of the state, federal or local government of a gift, favor or other gratuity of any kind. The Compliance Officer can provide guidance to you in this area.

The Company respects your right to participate in political activities. However, these activities should not be conducted on Company time or involve the use of any Company resources such as telephones, computers or supplies. You will not be reimbursed for personal political contributions.

The Company may sometimes express its views on local and national issues that affect its operations. In such cases, Company funds and resources may be used, but only when permitted by law and by our strict Company policies. The Company may also make limited contributions to political parties or candidates in jurisdictions where it is legal and customary to do so. You may not make or commit to political contributions on behalf of the Company without approval from the Compliance Officer.

14. WAIVERS OF THE CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS

It may be appropriate for a provision of the Code to be waived in a particular circumstance. Any teammate seeking a waiver should speak to his or her supervisor, who will review and discuss the waiver request with the Compliance Officer. All waivers must be in writing and issued by the Compliance Officer.

The provisions of this Code applicable to trustees, executive officers, and Executive Officers, in particular, may be waived only by the Board of Trustees or by the Audit Committee and will be promptly disclosed to the Company's shareholders and otherwise as required by law or regulation of the SEC and the New York Stock Exchange. Such disclosure may include the nature of the waiver, the name of the individual for whom the Company granted the waiver and the date of the waiver. Any change to this Code will also be promptly disclosed in a manner that is compliant with applicable law or regulation.

15. REPORTING PROCEDURES

If you believe that actions have taken place, may be taking place or could potentially take place that violate or could potentially violate this Code, any law or any regulation, you are obligated to bring the matter to the attention of the Company. Failure to do so is itself a violation of this Code. You are encouraged to talk to supervisors, managers or other appropriate personnel about observed illegal or unethical behavior and when in doubt about the best course of action in a particular situation. Also, refer to Section 16 below on guidelines to help you determine whether a situation on which you should report has arisen. Any supervisor or manager who receives a report of a potential violation of this Code must report it immediately to the Compliance Officer. Attorneys employed by the Company should refer to the Company's Statement on Professional Responsibility for Attorneys for additional policies that specifically govern the conduct of attorneys.

The Company does not permit retaliation for reports of misconduct by others made in good faith by teammates. It is unacceptable for anyone using the procedures set forth in this Section 15 to be harassed, intimidated, or negatively impacted in any way as a result of filing a complaint under this Code.

Executive Officers, in particular, must bring to the attention of the Company's Audit Committee any actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships, involving any management or other teammates who have a significant role in the Company's financial reporting, disclosures or internal controls. A Executive Officer must also promptly bring to the attention of the Audit Committee any information he or she may have concerning evidence of a material violation of the securities or other laws, rules or regulations applicable to the Company and the operation of its business, by the Company or any agent thereof.

You are required to communicate any violations of this Code to the Company's Compliance Officer, by any of the following methods:

- In writing, either by internal mail or U.S. mail to the Company's headquarters;
- By facsimile at (610) 535-5720;
- By e-mail at compliance@cubesmart.com;
- By telephone at (610) 535-5000; or
- Through use of the Company's Whistleblower Hotline at 1-866-291-6644.

All communications made in good faith will be treated promptly and professionally and without risk of retribution whatsoever. Any use of these reporting procedures in bad faith or in a false or frivolous manner will be considered a violation of this Code.

We prefer that you identify yourself to facilitate the investigation of any report. However, you may choose to remain anonymous. We will use reasonable efforts to protect the identity of any person who reports potential misconduct and any retaliation for reports of misconduct by others made in good faith will not be tolerated. Indeed, any teammates, officers or trustees who engage in retaliation are subject to discipline, up to and including termination, and in appropriate cases, civil and/or criminal liability. We will also use reasonable efforts to protect the identity of the person about or against whom an allegation is brought, unless and until it is determined that a violation has occurred. Any person involved in any investigation in any capacity of a possible misconduct must not discuss or disclose any information to anyone outside of the investigation unless required by law or when seeking his or her own legal advice, and is expected to cooperate fully in any investigation.

16. COMPLIANCE STANDARDS AND PROCEDURES

You must work to ensure prompt and consistent action against violations of this Code. Since we cannot anticipate every situation that will arise, it is important to have a way to approach a new question or problem. These are some steps to keep in mind:

• <u>Make sure you have all the facts</u>. In order to reach the right solutions, you must be as fully informed as possible.

- Ask yourself: What specifically am I being asked to do? Does it seem unethical or improper? This will enable you to focus on the specific question you are faced with, and the alternatives you have. Use your judgment and common sense; if something seems unethical or improper, it probably is.
- <u>Clarify your responsibility and role</u>. In most situations, there is shared responsibility. Are your teammates informed? It may help to get others involved and discuss the problem.
- <u>Discuss the problem with your supervisor or other Company resource</u>. This is the basic guidance for all situations. In many cases, your supervisor will be more knowledgeable about the question, and will appreciate being brought into the decision-making process. Remember that it is your supervisor's responsibility to help solve problems. Where you feel uncomfortable speaking with your supervisor, you should speak with other Company resources as described below.
- <u>Seek help from Company resources</u>. Where it may not be appropriate to discuss an issue with your supervisor, or where you do not feel comfortable approaching your supervisor with your question, contact the Compliance Officer as set forth in Section 15 of this Code.
- Your report of violations of this Code may be made in confidence and without fear of retaliation. If your situation requires that your identity be kept secret, your anonymity will be protected. We do not permit retaliation of any kind against teammates for good faith reports of violations of this Code or questionable accounting or auditing matters.
- <u>Always ask first, act later</u>: If you are unsure of what to do in any situation, seek guidance before you act.

17. NON-DISCRIMINATION AND ANTI-HARASSMENT

The diversity of the Company's teammates is a tremendous asset. We are firmly committed to providing equal opportunity in all aspects of employment. Employment decisions, including recruitment, hiring, compensation, promotions, transfers, discipline, demotions, terminations, layoffs, access to benefits, and training are never based on legally protected personal characteristics. Although these characteristics may vary by local law, they generally include: race, color, religion, gender, national origin or ancestry, age, medical condition or disability, veteran status, marital status, pregnancy, and sexual orientation. The Company offers equal opportunities based on the skills and abilities of each individual. In furtherance of our commitment to equal opportunity, non-dsicrimination and anti-harassment, you are bound by the provisions of the Company's policies on Equal Employment Opportunity, Anti-Harassment and Non-Discrimination.

18. ADMINISTRATION

Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees, through the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, will help ensure this Code is properly administered. The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee will be responsible for the annual review of the compliance procedures in place to implement this Code and will recommend clarifications or necessary changes to this Code to the Board of Trustees for approval.

Officers, Executive Officers and Managers. All officers, including Executive Officers, and managers are responsible for reviewing this Code for themselves and with their teammates, and regularly ensuring that they and their teammates have completed any and all compliance programs required by the Company. Officers, including Executive Officers, and managers are also responsible for the diligent review of practices and procedures in place to help ensure compliance with this Code.

All Teammates. All officers, including Executive Officers, managers and teammates are required to sign the attached certification within their first thirty days of employment. Signature of the attached certification may also be completed through a teammate acknowledgement in the Company's training management system.

19. GENERAL DISCLAIMER

The policies, practices, and procedures set forth in this Code are for information only and may be changed at any time with or without notice. This Code is not an employment contract or guarantee of employment, expressed or implied.

Effective Date: February 19, 2019

CERTIFICATION

| I hereby acknowledge that I have read the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics of |
|---|
| CubeSmart, have become familiar with its contents and will comply with its terms. Any |
| violations of which I am aware are noted below. |

| Name (please print) |
|---------------------|
| Signature |
| Date |

Please describe any violations, exceptions or comments below: