CSG SYSTEMS INTERNATIONAL, INC. DISCLOSURES FOR NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Limitations

To supplement its condensed consolidated financial statements presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), CSG uses non-GAAP adjusted revenue, non-GAAP operating income, non-GAAP adjusted operating margin percentage, non-GAAP EPS, non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA, and non-GAAP free cash flow. CSG believes that these non-GAAP financial measures, when reviewed in conjunction with its GAAP financial measures, provide investors with greater transparency to the information used by CSG's management in its financial and operational decision making. CSG uses these non-GAAP financial measures for the following purposes:

- Certain internal financial planning, reporting, and analysis;
- · Forecasting and budgeting;
- Certain management compensation incentives; and
- Communications with CSG's Board of Directors, stockholders, financial analysts, and investors.

These non-GAAP financial measures are provided with the intent of providing investors with the following information:

- A more complete understanding of CSG's underlying operational results, trends, and cash generating capabilities;
- · Consistency and comparability with CSG's historical financial results; and
- Comparability to similar companies, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to investors.

Non-GAAP financial measures are not measures of performance under GAAP, and therefore should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for GAAP financial information. Limitations with the use of non-GAAP financial measures include the following items:

- Non-GAAP financial measures are not based on any comprehensive set of accounting rules or principles;
- The way in which CSG calculates non-GAAP financial measures may differ from the way in which other companies calculate similar non-GAAP financial measures;
- Non-GAAP financial measures do not include all items of income and expense that affect CSG's operations and that are required by GAAP to be included in financial statements;
- Certain adjustments to CSG's non-GAAP financial measures result in the exclusion of items that are recurring and will be reflected in CSG's financial statements in future periods; and
- Certain charges excluded from CSG's non-GAAP financial measures are cash expenses, and therefore do impact CSG's cash position.

CSG compensates for these limitations by relying primarily on its GAAP results and using non-GAAP financial measures as a supplement only. Additionally, CSG provides specific information regarding the treatment of GAAP amounts considered in preparing the non-GAAP financial measures and reconciles each non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures: Basis of Presentation

The table below outlines the exclusions from CSG's non-GAAP financial measures:

Non-GAAP Exclusions	Adjusted Revenue	Operating Income	Adjusted Operating Margin Percentage	EPS
Transaction fees	Χ	_	Χ	_
Restructuring and reorganization charges		Χ	Χ	Χ
Executive transition costs	_	Χ	Χ	Χ
Acquisition-related expenses:		Χ	Χ	X
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	_	Χ	Χ	Χ
Earn-out compensation		X	Χ	X
Transaction-related costs	_	Χ	Χ	Χ
Stock-based compensation		Χ	Χ	Χ
Amortization of original issue discount ("OID")	_	_	_	Χ
Gain (loss) on extinguishment of debt	_		_	X
Unusual income tax matters	_	_	_	X

CSG believes that excluding certain items in calculating its non-GAAP financial measures provides meaningful supplemental information regarding CSG's performance and these items are excluded for the following reasons:

- Transaction fees are primarily comprised of interchange and other payment-related fees paid, in conjunction with the delivery of service to clients under CSG's payment services contracts, to third-party payment processors and financial institutions by CSG. Because CSG controls the integrated service provided under its payment services client contracts, these transaction fees are presented gross, and not netted against revenue; however, other payments companies who do not provide and/or control an integrated service present their revenue net of transaction fees. The exclusion of these fees in calculating CSG's non-GAAP adjusted revenue provides management and investors an additional means to use to compare CSG's current revenue with historical and future periods, as well as with other payments companies.
- Restructuring and reorganization charges are expenses that result from cost reduction initiatives and/or significant changes to CSG's business, to include such things as involuntary employee terminations, changes in management structure, divestitures of businesses, facility consolidations and abandonments, and fundamental reorganizations impacting operational focus and direction. These charges are not considered reflective of CSG's recurring business operating results. The exclusion of these items in calculating CSG's non-GAAP financial measures allows management and investors an additional means to compare CSG's current financial results with historical and future periods.
- Executive transition costs include expenses incurred related to the departure of CSG's former CEO under
 the terms of his separation agreement. These costs were recognized during the third and fourth quarters of
 2020 (the CEO's remaining term) and were not considered reflective of CSG's recurring business operating
 results. The exclusion of these costs in calculating CSG's non-GAAP financial measures allows
 management and investors an additional means to compare CSG's current financial results with historical
 and future periods.
- Acquisition-related expenses include amortization of acquired intangible assets, earn-out compensation,
 and transaction-related costs. Transaction-related costs, which typically include expenses related to legal,

accounting, and other professional services, are direct and incremental expenses related to business acquisitions, and thus, are not considered reflective of CSG's recurring business operating results. The total amount of acquisition-related expenses can vary significantly between periods based on the number and size of acquisition activities, previously acquired intangible assets becoming fully amortized, and ultimate realization of earn-out compensation. In addition, the timing of these expenses may not directly correlate with underlying performance of the CSG's operations. Therefore, the exclusion of acquisition-related expenses in calculating CSG's non-GAAP financial measures allows management and investors an additional means to compare CSG's current financial results with historical and future periods.

- Stock-based compensation results from CSG's issuance of equity awards to its employees under incentive
 compensation programs. The amount of this incentive compensation in any period is not generally linked to
 the level of performance by employees or CSG. The exclusion of these expenses in calculating CSG's nonGAAP financial measures allows management and investors an additional means to evaluate the non-cash
 expense related to compensation included in CSG's results of operations, and therefore, the exclusion of
 this item allows investors to further evaluate the cash generating capabilities of CSG's business.
- The convertible notes OID is the result of allocating a portion of the principal balance of the debt at issuance to the equity component of the instrument, as required under current accounting rules. This OID is then amortized to interest expense over the life of the respective convertible debt instrument. The interest expense related to the amortization of the OID is a non-cash expense, and therefore, the exclusion of this item allows investors to further evaluate the cash interest costs of CSG's convertible notes for cash flow, liquidity, and debt service purposes.
- Gains and losses related to the extinguishment of debt are a result of the refinancing of CSG's credit agreement and/or repurchase of CSG's convertible notes. These activities are not considered reflective of CSG's recurring business operating results. Any resulting gain or loss is generally non-cash income or expense, and therefore, the exclusion of this item allows investors to further evaluate the cash impact of these repurchases for cash flow and liquidity purposes. In addition, the exclusion of these gains and losses in calculating CSG's non-GAAP EPS allows management and investors an additional means to compare CSG's current operating results with historical and future periods.
- Unusual items within CSG's quarterly and/or annual income tax expense can occur from such things as
 income tax accounting timing matters, income taxes related to unusual events, or as a result of different
 treatment of certain items for book accounting and income tax purposes. Consideration of such items in
 calculating CSG's non-GAAP financial measures allows management and investors an additional means to
 compare CSG's current financial results with historical and future periods.

CSG also reports non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP free cash flow. Management believes non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA is a useful measure to investors in evaluating CSG's operating performance, debt servicing capabilities, and enterprise valuation. CSG defines non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA as income before interest, income taxes, depreciation, amortization, stock-based compensation, foreign currency transaction adjustments, acquisition-related expenses, and unusual items, such as restructuring and reorganization charges, executive transition costs, and gains and losses related to the extinguishment of debt, as discussed above. Additionally,

management uses non-GAAP free cash flow, among other measures, to assess its financial performance and cash generating capabilities, and believes that it is useful to investors because it shows CSG's cash available to service debt, make strategic acquisitions and investments, repurchase its common stock, pay cash dividends, and fund ongoing operations. CSG defines non-GAAP free cash flow as net cash flows from operating activities less the purchases of software, property and equipment.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Non-GAAP Adjusted Revenue:

The reconciliations of GAAP revenue to non-GAAP adjusted revenue for the indicated periods are as follows (in thousands):

	Quarter Decem			Year Ended December 31,					
	2020	·	2019	2020	·	2019			
GAAP revenue	\$ 260,487	\$	254,747	\$ 990,533	\$	996,810			
Less: Transaction fees	(17,239)		(17,840)	(67,671)		(69,114)			
Non-GAAP adjusted revenue	\$ 243,248	\$	236,907	\$ 922,862	\$	927,696			

Non-GAAP Operating Income:

The reconciliations of GAAP operating income to non-GAAP operating income for the indicated periods are as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

		Quarter Decem				Year E Decem	
		2020		2019		2020	2019
GAAP operating income	\$	23,675	\$	30,258	\$	105,556	\$ 126,109
Restructuring and reorganization charges (1)		1,051		1,563		5,328	4,834
Executive transition costs		11,226		-		13,012	-
Acquisition-related expenses:							
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		2,681		3,095		11,816	12,603
Earn-out compensation		-		-		-	1,260
Transaction-related costs		(728)		-		(587)	-
Stock-based compensation (1)		5,082		6,624		19,762	20,896
Non-GAAP operating income	\$	42,987	\$	41,540	\$	154,887	\$ 165,702
	_		_				
Non-GAAP adjusted revenue	\$	243,248	\$	236,907	\$	922,862	\$ 927,696
Non-GAAP adjusted operating margin percentage		17.7%)	17.5%)	16.8%	17.9%

⁽¹⁾ Stock-based compensation included in the tables above and following excludes amounts that have been recorded in restructuring and reorganization charges and executive transition costs.

Non-GAAP EPS:

The reconciliations of GAAP EPS to non-GAAP EPS for the indicated periods are as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	ı	Quarter December	 	Quarter l December			
		nounts	 EPS (3)	Amounts	ÉP	'S (3)	
GAAP net income	\$	13,265	\$ 0.41	\$ 22,581	\$	0.70	
GAAP income tax provision (2)		6,423		1,633			
GAAP income before income taxes		19,688		24,214			
Restructuring and reorganization charges (1)		1,051		1,563			
Executive transition costs		11,226		-			
Acquisition-related costs:							
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		2,681		3,095			
Transaction-related costs		(728)		-			
Stock-based compensation (1)		5,082		6,624			
Amortization of OID		762		720			
Non-GAAP income before income taxes		39,762		36,216			
Non-GAAP income tax provision (2)		(10,864)		(4,306)			
Non-GAAP net income	\$	28,898	\$ 0.90	\$ 31,910	\$	0.98	

		Year Er December				Year Er December		19
	An	nounts	E	PS (3)	- 1	Amounts	EP	PS (3)
GAAP net income	\$	58,711	\$	1.82	\$	82,770	\$	2.55
GAAP income tax provision (2)		26,645				22,953		
GAAP income before income taxes		85,356				105,723		
Restructuring and reorganization charges (1)		5,328				4,834		
Executive transition costs		13,012				-		
Acquisition-related expenses:								
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		11,816				12,603		
Earn-out compensation		-				1,260		
Transaction-related costs		(587)				-		
Stock-based compensation (1)		19,762				20,896		
Amortization of OID		2,983				2,819		
Non-GAAP income before income taxes		137,670				148,135		
Non-GAAP income tax provision (2)		(36,978)				(33,404)		
Non-GAAP net income	\$	100,692	\$	3.12	\$	114,731	\$	3.53

(2) For the fourth quarter and year ended December 31, 2020 the GAAP effective income tax rates were approximately 33% and 31%, respectively, and the non-GAAP effective income tax rate was approximately 27% for both periods. The difference between the GAAP and non-GAAP effective income tax rates is due primarily to the non-GAAP tax impact of the separation agreement entered into during the third quarter of 2020 with CSG's former CEO.

For the fourth quarter and year ended December 31, 2019 the GAAP effective income tax rates were approximately 7% and 22%, respectively, and the non-GAAP effective income tax rates were approximately 12% and 23%, respectively. These rates reflect an approximately \$4 million net income tax benefit related to Comcast's exercise of 0.4 million vested common stock warrants in December 2019.

(3) The outstanding diluted shares for the fourth quarter and year ended December 31, 2020 were 32.2 million and 32.3 million, respectively, and for the fourth quarter and year ended December 31, 2019 were 32.4 million and 32.5 million, respectively.

Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA:

CSG's calculation of non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA and the reconciliation of CSG's non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA measure to GAAP net income is provided below for the indicated periods (in thousands, except percentages):

Quarter	End	led		Year E	nde	ed
Decem	ber 3	31,		Decem	ber	31,
2020		2019		2020		2019
\$ 13,265	\$	22,581	\$	58,711	\$	82,770
6,423		1,633		26,645		22,953
3,606		4,300		15,500		17,748
762		720		2,983		2,819
 (381)		1,024		1,717		(181)
23,675		30,258		105,556		126,109
1,051		1,563		5,328		4,834
11,226		-		13,012		-
2,681		3,095		11,816		12,603
-		-		-		1,260
(728)		-		(587)		-
5,082		6,624		19,762		20,896
3,400		2,897		13,216		10,641
4,432		4,705		17,190		20,779
5,910		5,503		22,926		21,422
\$ 56,729	\$	54,645	\$	208,219	\$	218,544
23%	·	23%		23%		24%
\$	Decem 2020 \$ 13,265 6,423 3,606 762 (381) 23,675 1,051 11,226 2,681 - (728) 5,082 3,400 4,432 5,910 \$ 56,729	December 3 2020 \$ 13,265 \$ 6,423 3,606 762 (381) 23,675 1,051 11,226 2,681 - (728) 5,082 3,400 4,432 5,910	\$ 13,265 \$ 22,581 6,423	December 31, 2020 2019 \$ 13,265 \$ 22,581 \$ 6,423 1,633 3,606 4,300 762 720 (381) 1,024 23,675 30,258 1,051 1,563 11,226 - 2,681 3,095 - - (728) - 5,082 6,624 3,400 2,897 4,432 4,705 5,910 5,503 \$ 56,729 \$ 54,645 \$	December 31, December 2020 \$ 13,265 \$ 22,581 \$ 58,711 6,423 1,633 26,645 3,606 4,300 15,500 762 720 2,983 (381) 1,024 1,717 23,675 30,258 105,556 1,051 1,563 5,328 11,226 - 13,012 2,681 3,095 11,816 - - - (728) - (587) 5,082 6,624 19,762 3,400 2,897 13,216 4,432 4,705 17,190 5,910 5,503 22,926 \$ 56,729 \$ 54,645 \$ 208,219	December 31, December 2020 2019 2020 \$ 13,265 \$ 22,581 \$ 58,711 \$ 6,423 1,633 26,645 3,606 4,300 15,500 762 720 2,983 (381) 1,024 1,717 23,675 30,258 105,556 105,556 1,051 1,563 5,328 11,226 - 13,012 - (587) 2,681 3,095 11,816 - - - (728) - (587) - (587) - 5,082 6,624 19,762 - 3,400 2,897 13,216 - 4,432 4,705 17,190 - 5,910 5,503 22,926 \$ 56,729 \$ 54,645 \$ 208,219 \$ \$

- (4) Interest expense includes amortization of deferred financing costs as provided in Note 5 below.
- (5) Amortization on the statement of cash flows is made up of the following items for the indicated periods (in thousands):

	Quarter Ended			ded	Year Ended				
		December 31, Dece					ber	31,	
		2020 2019 2020			2020		2019		
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	\$	2,681	\$	3,095	\$	11,816	\$	12,603	
Amortization of other intangible assets		3,400		2,897		13,216		10,641	
Amortization of client contract costs		4,432		4,705		17,190		20,779	
Amortization of deferred financing costs		436		424		1,725		1,677	
Total amortization	\$	10,949	\$	11,121	\$	43,947	\$	45,700	

Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow:

CSG's calculation of non-GAAP free cash flow and the reconciliation of CSG's non-GAAP free cash flow measure to cash flows from operating activities are provided below for the indicated periods (in thousands):

	 Quarter Decem		 Year E Decem		
	2020	2019	2020		2019
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ 57,335	\$ 43,549	\$ 173,020	\$	151,076
Purchases of software, property and					
equipment	(5,196)	(9,613)	(29,397)		(37,319)
Non-GAAP free cash flow	\$ 52,139	\$ 33,936	\$ 143,623	\$	113,757

Non-GAAP Financial Measures - 2021 Financial Guidance

Non-GAAP Adjusted Revenue:

The reconciliation of GAAP revenue to non-GAAP adjusted revenue, as included in CSG's 2021 full year financial guidance, is as follows:

		2021 Guida	nce	Range			
	Lo	w Range	High Range				
GAAP revenue	\$	995,000	\$	1,035,000			
Less: Transaction fees		(73,000)		(81,000)			
Non-GAAP adjusted revenue	\$	922,000	\$	954,000			

Non-GAAP Operating Income:

The reconciliation of GAAP operating income to non-GAAP operating income, as included in CSG's 2021 full year financial guidance, is as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

		2021 Guidance Range					
	L	ow Range	H	ligh Range			
Operating Income							
GAAP operating income	\$	121,300	\$	131,300			
Restructuring and reorganization charges		300		300			
Executive transition costs		100		100			
Acquisition-related expenses:							
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		8,400		8,400			
Stock-based compensation		19,700		19,700			
Non-GAAP operating income	\$	149,800	\$	159,800			
				-			
Operating Margin Percentage							
GAAP revenue	\$	995,000	\$	1,035,000			
GAAP operating margin percentage		12.2%		12.7%			
Non-GAAP adjusted revenue	\$	922,000	\$	954,000			
Non-GAAP adjusted operating margin percentage		16.25%		16.75%			

Non-GAAP EPS:

The reconciliation of GAAP EPS to non-GAAP EPS as included in CSG's 2021 full year financial guidance is as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

		202	1 Guida	ince	Range		
	Low F	Range		High)
	Amounts	EP:	PS (7)		Amounts		PS (7)
GAAP net income	\$ 73,700	\$	2.30	\$	81,000	\$	2.53
GAAP income tax provision (6)	27,900				30,600		
GAAP income before income taxes	101,600				111,600		
Restructuring and reorganization charges	300				300		
Executive transition costs	100				100		
Acquisition-related expenses:							
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	8,400				8,400		
Stock-based compensation	19,700				19,700		
Amortization of OID	3,000				3,000		
Non-GAAP income before income taxes	133,100				143,100		
Non-GAAP income tax provision (6)	(36,500)				(39,200)		
Non-GAAP net income	\$ 96,600	\$	3.02	\$	103,900	\$	3.24

- (6) For 2021, the estimated effective income tax rate for GAAP and non-GAAP purposes is expected to be approximately 27%.
- (7) The weighted-average diluted shares outstanding are expected to be approximately 32 million.

Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA:

CSG's calculation of non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA and the reconciliation of CSG's non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA measure to GAAP net income is provided below for CSG's 2021 full year financial guidance (in thousands, except percentages):

	2021 Guidance Range High				
	Lo	w Range		Range	
GAAP net income	\$	73,700	\$	81,000	
GAAP income tax provision (6)		27,900		30,600	
Interest expense		17,500		17,500	
Amortization of OID		3,000		3,000	
Interest and investment income and other, net		(800)		(800)	
GAAP operating income		121,300		131,300	
Restructuring and reorganization charges		300		300	
Executive transition costs		100		100	
Acquisition-related expenses:					
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		8,400		8,400	
Stock-based compensation		19,700		19,700	
Amortization of other intangible assets		10,100		10,100	
Amortization of client contract costs		22,200		22,200	
Depreciation		29,400		29,400	
Non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA	\$	211,500	\$	221,500	
Non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of non-GAAP					
adjusted revenue		23%	- 	23%	

Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow:

CSG's calculation of non-GAAP free cash flow and the reconciliation of CSG's non-GAAP free cash flow measure to cash flows from operating activities is provided below for the indicated period (in thousands):

	2021 Guidance Range			
	Low Range		High Range	
Cash flows from operating activities	\$	135,000	\$	155,000
Purchases of software, property and equipment		(25,000)		(35,000)
Non-GAAP free cash flow	\$	110,000	\$	120,000