

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2026

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number 1-10042

Atmos Energy Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas and Virginia
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

75-1743247
(IRS employer
identification no.)

1800 Three Lincoln Centre
5430 LBJ Freeway
Dallas Texas
(Address of principal executive offices)

75240
(Zip code)

(972) 934-9227
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Title of each class
Common stock No Par Value

Trading Symbol
ATO

Name of each exchange on which registered
New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large accelerated filer ☒ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐ Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes ☐ No ☒

Number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of July 31, 2026.

Class
Common stock No Par Value

Shares Outstanding
168,988,553

GLOSSARY OF KEY TERMS

AEC	Atmos Energy Corporation
AEK	Atmos Energy Kansas Securitization I, LLC
AOCI	Accumulated other comprehensive income
APT	Atmos Pipeline-Texas
ARM	Annual Rate Mechanism
ASC	Accounting Standards Codification
Bcf	Billion cubic feet
DARR	Dallas Annual Rate Review
FASB	Financial Accounting Standards Board
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GRIP	Gas Reliability Infrastructure Program
GSRS	Gas System Reliability Surcharge
KCC	Kansas Corporation Commission
Mcf	Thousand cubic feet
MMcf	Million cubic feet
Moody's	Moody's Investors Services, Inc.
PRP	Pipeline Replacement Program
RRC	Railroad Commission of Texas
RRM	Rate Review Mechanism
RSC	Rate Stabilization Clause
S&P	Standard & Poor's Corporation
SAVE	Steps to Advance Virginia Energy
SEC	United States Securities and Exchange Commission
Securitized Utility Tariff Bonds	Series 2023-A Senior Secured Securitized Utility Tariff Bonds
Securitized Utility Tariff Property	As defined in the financing order issued by the KCC in October 2022
SIP	System Integrity Program
SIR	System Integrity Rider
SOFR	Secured Overnight Financing Rate
SRF	Stable Rate Filing
SSIR	System Safety and Integrity Rider
TCJA	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017
WNA	Weather Normalization Adjustment

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

**ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	June 30, 2026	September 30, 2025
	(Unaudited)	
	(In thousands, except share data)	
ASSETS		
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 32,221,314	\$ 29,264,136
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	4,205,704	3,971,146
Net property, plant and equipment	28,015,610	25,292,990
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	520,953	202,687
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,856	1,116
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents	525,809	203,803
Accounts receivable, net	469,455	375,509
Gas stored underground	154,429	171,756
Other current assets	351,150	301,627
Total current assets	1,500,843	1,052,695
Securitized intangible asset, net (See Note 9)	68,026	75,127
Goodwill	731,257	731,257
Deferred charges and other assets	1,269,803	1,097,453
	\$ 31,585,539	\$ 28,249,522
CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock, no par value (stated at \$0.005 per share), June 30, 2026 — authorized: 400,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding: 168,986,249 shares; September 30, 2025 — authorized: 200,000,000, issued and outstanding: 161,568,384 shares	\$ 845	\$ 808
Additional paid-in capital	9,205,951	8,221,455
Accumulated other comprehensive income	460,407	475,015
Retained earnings	5,590,855	4,861,612
Shareholders' equity	15,258,058	13,558,890
Long-term debt, net	9,748,716	8,907,169
Securitized long-term debt (See Note 9)	63,751	68,236
Total capitalization	25,070,525	22,534,295
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	436,664	506,516
Other current liabilities	896,311	835,557
Current maturities of long-term debt	502,542	11,775
Current maturities of securitized long-term debt (See Note 9)	8,858	8,767
Total current liabilities	1,844,375	1,362,615
Deferred income taxes	3,262,989	2,918,347
Regulatory excess deferred taxes	100,285	117,482
Regulatory cost of removal obligation	493,006	532,461
Deferred credits and other liabilities	814,359	784,322
	\$ 31,585,539	\$ 28,249,522

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Three Months Ended June 30	
	2026	2025
	(Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share data)	
Operating revenues		
Distribution segment	\$ 774,658	\$ 767,132
Pipeline and storage segment	333,053	272,388
Intersegment eliminations	(228,652)	(200,746)
Total operating revenues	879,059	838,774
Purchased gas cost		
Distribution segment	237,072	255,883
Pipeline and storage segment	(452)	(1,548)
Intersegment eliminations	(228,407)	(200,495)
Total purchased gas cost	8,213	53,840
Operation and maintenance expense	223,162	222,100
Depreciation and amortization expense	201,521	185,786
Taxes, other than income	125,749	124,981
Operating income	320,414	252,067
Other non-operating income	16,013	20,100
Interest charges	33,144	41,537
Income before income taxes	303,283	230,630
Income tax expense	60,594	44,201
Net income	\$ 242,689	\$ 186,429
Basic net income per share	\$ 1.44	\$ 1.17
Diluted net income per share	\$ 1.43	\$ 1.16
Cash dividends per share	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.87
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	168,345	159,285
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	169,374	161,171
Net income	\$ 242,689	\$ 186,429
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		
Net unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of tax of \$(24) and \$9	(85)	31
Cash flow hedges:		
Amortization and unrealized gains (losses) on interest rate agreements, net of tax of \$(1,366) and \$394	(4,780)	1,378
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(4,865)	1,409
Total comprehensive income	\$ 237,824	\$ 187,838

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Nine Months Ended June 30	
	2026	2025
	(Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share data)	
Operating revenues		
Distribution segment	\$ 3,911,164	\$ 3,758,995
Pipeline and storage segment	908,975	786,777
Intersegment eliminations	(636,093)	(580,497)
Total operating revenues	4,184,046	3,965,275
Purchased gas cost		
Distribution segment	1,605,020	1,647,490
Pipeline and storage segment	1,836	(638)
Intersegment eliminations	(635,326)	(579,731)
Total purchased gas cost	971,530	1,067,121
Operation and maintenance expense	648,762	662,440
Depreciation and amortization expense	591,853	549,069
Taxes, other than income	371,919	346,159
Operating income	1,599,982	1,340,486
Other non-operating income	55,760	68,906
Interest charges	115,288	144,476
Income before income taxes	1,540,454	1,264,916
Income tax expense	312,902	241,053
Net income	\$ 1,227,552	\$ 1,023,863
Basic net income per share	\$ 7.40	\$ 6.47
Diluted net income per share	\$ 7.33	\$ 6.40
Cash dividends per share	\$ 3.00	\$ 2.61
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	165,845	158,245
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	167,352	159,798
Net income	\$ 1,227,552	\$ 1,023,863
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		
Net unrealized holding losses on available-for-sale securities, net of tax of \$(69) and \$(13)	(242)	(34)
Cash flow hedges:		
Amortization and unrealized gains (losses) on interest rate agreements, net of tax of \$(4,070) and \$2,264	(14,366)	12,279
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(14,608)	12,245
Total comprehensive income	\$ 1,212,944	\$ 1,036,108

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine Months Ended June 30	
	2026	2025
	(Unaudited) (In thousands)	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 1,227,552	\$ 1,023,863
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	591,853	549,069
Deferred income taxes	300,650	214,609
Other	(50,435)	(49,402)
Net assets / liabilities from risk management activities	1,417	(1,966)
Net change in other operating assets and liabilities	(399,571)	(34,841)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,671,466	1,701,332
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Capital expenditures	(3,076,281)	(2,597,787)
Debt and equity securities activities, net	(6,168)	(2,348)
Other, net	6,317	6,469
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,076,132)	(2,593,666)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Net proceeds from equity issuances	941,694	568,603
Issuance of common stock through stock purchase and employee retirement plans	4,783	11,532
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	1,296,231	1,143,447
Repayment of long-term debt	(10,000)	—
Repayment of securitized long-term debt by AEK	(4,394)	(4,051)
Cash dividends paid	(490,698)	(412,312)
Debt issuance costs	(10,944)	(10,140)
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,726,672	1,297,079
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents	322,006	404,745
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	203,803	308,856
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 525,809	\$ 713,601

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)
June 30, 2026

1. Nature of Business

Atmos Energy Corporation (“Atmos Energy” or the “Company”) and its subsidiaries are engaged in the regulated natural gas distribution and pipeline and storage businesses. Our distribution business is subject to federal and state regulation and/or regulation by local authorities in each of the states in which our regulated divisions and subsidiaries operate.

Our distribution business delivers natural gas through sales and transportation arrangements to approximately 3.4 million residential, commercial, public authority, and industrial customers through our six regulated distribution divisions, which at June 30, 2026, covered service areas located in eight states.

Our pipeline and storage business, which is also subject to federal and state regulations, includes the transportation of natural gas to our Texas and Louisiana distribution systems and the management of our underground storage facilities used to support our distribution business in various states.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation

These consolidated interim-period financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on the same basis as those used for the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. In the opinion of management, all material adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the unaudited consolidated interim-period financial statements. These consolidated interim-period financial statements are condensed as permitted by the instructions to Form 10-Q and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of Atmos Energy Corporation included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. Because of seasonal and other factors, the results of operations for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2026 are not indicative of our results of operations for the full 2026 fiscal year, which ends September 30, 2026.

Significant accounting policies

Our accounting policies are described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025.

During the second quarter of fiscal 2026, we completed our annual goodwill impairment assessment using a qualitative assessment, as permitted under U.S. GAAP. We test for goodwill impairment at the reporting unit level on an annual basis and between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the reporting unit. Based on the assessment performed, we determined that our goodwill was not impaired.

No events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date that would require recognition or disclosure in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In November 2024, the FASB issued guidance that will require more detailed information about the types of expenses in commonly presented expense captions. The amendment is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2027. Early adoption is permitted. This amendment will be effective for our Form 10-K for fiscal 2028 and our Form 10-Q for the first quarter of fiscal 2029. We are currently evaluating the impact this may have on our financial statement disclosures.

In September 2025, the FASB issued guidance which provides qualitative updates to the determination of capitalizing internal-use software costs by expanding the scope to allow for various software development methods. The amendment is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2027. Early adoption is permitted, and the amendment may be applied prospectively, retrospectively, or with a modified transition approach. This amendment will be effective for our Form 10-K for fiscal 2029 and our Form 10-Q for the first quarter of fiscal 2029. We are currently evaluating the impact this may have on our financial statement disclosures.

3. Regulation

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require cost-based, rate-regulated entities that meet certain criteria to reflect the authorized recovery of costs due to regulatory decisions in their financial statements. As a result, certain

costs are permitted to be capitalized rather than expensed because they can be recovered through rates. We record certain costs as regulatory assets when future recovery through customer rates is considered probable. Regulatory liabilities are recorded when it is probable that revenues will be reduced for amounts that will be credited to customers through the ratemaking process. Substantially all of our regulatory assets are recorded as a component of other current assets and deferred charges and other assets and our regulatory liabilities are recorded as a component of other current liabilities and deferred credits and other liabilities. Deferred gas costs are recorded either in other current assets or liabilities.

Regulatory assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025 included the following:

	June 30, 2026	September 30, 2025
	(In thousands)	
Regulatory assets:		
Pension and postretirement benefit costs	\$ 3,857	\$ 262
Infrastructure mechanisms ⁽¹⁾	425,281	314,047
Winter Storm Uri incremental costs	1,141	5,841
Deferred gas costs	156,975	140,626
Regulatory excess deferred taxes ⁽²⁾	48,718	49,793
Recoverable loss on reacquired debt	2,777	2,903
Deferred pipeline record collection costs	35,642	39,035
System Safety and Integrity Riders ⁽³⁾	48,801	43,625
Other	18,439	12,597
	<u>\$ 741,631</u>	<u>\$ 608,729</u>
Regulatory liabilities:		
Regulatory excess deferred taxes ⁽²⁾	\$ 134,694	\$ 190,274
Regulatory cost of removal obligation	645,942	641,019
Deferred gas costs	6,844	6,879
APT annual adjustment mechanism	182,546	99,393
Pension and postretirement benefit costs	289,505	291,351
Other	34,542	40,732
	<u>\$ 1,294,073</u>	<u>\$ 1,269,648</u>

- (1) Texas, Louisiana, and Tennessee have authorized infrastructure mechanisms that mitigate regulatory lag and allow for the deferral of eligible incurred costs related to qualifying capital expenditures until new rates are implemented. The investment and deferred costs are required to be included in the Company's next rate filing (rate case or annual rate filing) for recovery through base rates.
- (2) Regulatory excess deferred taxes represent changes in our net deferred tax liability related to our cost of service ratemaking due to the enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the "TCJA"), a Kansas legislative change enacted in fiscal 2020, and a Louisiana legislative change enacted in fiscal 2025. See Note 12 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for further information.
- (3) In our APT and West Texas Divisions and portions of our Mid-Tex Division, the RRC has approved the deferral of certain system safety and integrity costs incurred in excess of a specified benchmark. These costs are eligible for recovery in a future filing after such costs are approved by the RRC.

4. Segment Information

We manage and review our consolidated operations through the following reportable segments:

- The *distribution segment* is comprised of our regulated natural gas distribution and related sales operations in eight states.
- The *pipeline and storage segment* is comprised primarily of the regulated pipeline and storage operations of our Atmos Pipeline-Texas division and our natural gas transmission operations in Louisiana.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies found in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025.

Income statement information and capital expenditures for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 by segment are presented in the following tables:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2026		
	Distribution	Pipeline and Storage	Total of Reportable Segments
	(In thousands)		
Operating revenues from external parties	\$ 773,909	\$ 105,150	\$ 879,059
Intersegment revenues	749	227,903	228,652
Total operating revenues	774,658	333,053	1,107,711
Operation and maintenance expense	169,195	55,474	224,669
Depreciation and amortization expense ⁽²⁾	148,349	53,172	201,521
Interest charges ⁽²⁾	12,870	20,274	33,144
Income tax expense ⁽²⁾	15,558	45,036	60,594
Other segment items ⁽¹⁾	339,301	5,793	345,094
Net income ⁽²⁾	\$ 89,385	\$ 153,304	\$ 242,689
Capital expenditures ⁽²⁾	\$ 858,790	\$ 180,556	\$ 1,039,346
<i>Reconciliation to consolidated total operating revenues:</i>			
Total operating revenues of reportable segments			\$ 1,107,711
Elimination of intersegment revenues			(228,652)
Consolidated total operating revenues			\$ 879,059

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025		
	Distribution	Pipeline and Storage	Total of Reportable Segments
	(In thousands)		
Operating revenues from external parties	\$ 766,380	\$ 72,394	\$ 838,774
Intersegment revenues	752	199,994	200,746
Total operating revenues	767,132	272,388	1,039,520
Operation and maintenance expense	165,979	55,497	221,476
Depreciation and amortization expense ⁽²⁾	137,106	48,680	185,786
Interest charges ⁽²⁾	22,271	19,266	41,537
Income tax expense ⁽²⁾	9,731	34,470	44,201
Other segment items ⁽¹⁾	361,564	(1,473)	360,091
Net income ⁽²⁾	\$ 70,481	\$ 115,948	\$ 186,429
Capital expenditures ⁽²⁾	\$ 669,452	\$ 197,478	\$ 866,930
<i>Reconciliation to consolidated total operating revenues:</i>			
Total operating revenues of reportable segments			\$ 1,039,520
Elimination of intersegment revenues			(200,746)
Consolidated total operating revenues			\$ 838,774

Nine Months Ended June 30, 2026			
	Distribution	Pipeline and Storage (In thousands)	Total of Reportable Segments
Operating revenues from external parties	\$ 3,908,869	\$ 275,177	\$ 4,184,046
Intersegment revenues	2,295	633,798	636,093
Total operating revenues	3,911,164	908,975	4,820,139
Operation and maintenance expense	490,481	141,120	631,601
Depreciation and amortization expense ⁽²⁾	441,088	150,765	591,853
Interest charges ⁽²⁾	66,445	48,843	115,288
Income tax expense ⁽²⁾	186,414	126,488	312,902
Other segment items ⁽¹⁾	1,930,813	10,130	1,940,943
Net income ⁽²⁾	\$ 795,923	\$ 431,629	\$ 1,227,552
Capital expenditures ⁽²⁾	\$ 2,380,444	\$ 695,837	\$ 3,076,281
<i>Reconciliation to consolidated total operating revenues:</i>			
Total operating revenues of reportable segments			\$ 4,820,139
Elimination of intersegment revenues			(636,093)
Consolidated total operating revenues			\$ 4,184,046

Nine Months Ended June 30, 2025			
	Distribution	Pipeline and Storage (In thousands)	Total of Reportable Segments
Operating revenues from external parties	\$ 3,756,691	\$ 208,584	\$ 3,965,275
Intersegment revenues	2,304	578,193	580,497
Total operating revenues	3,758,995	786,777	4,545,772
Operation and maintenance expense	479,972	160,238	640,210
Depreciation and amortization expense ⁽²⁾	405,279	143,790	549,069
Interest charges ⁽²⁾	86,607	57,869	144,476
Income tax expense ⁽²⁾	147,833	93,220	241,053
Other segment items ⁽¹⁾	1,947,967	(866)	1,947,101
Net income ⁽²⁾	\$ 691,337	\$ 332,526	\$ 1,023,863
Capital expenditures ⁽²⁾	\$ 1,889,954	\$ 707,833	\$ 2,597,787
<i>Reconciliation to consolidated total operating revenues:</i>			
Total operating revenues of reportable segments			\$ 4,545,772
Elimination of intersegment revenues			(580,497)
Consolidated total operating revenues			\$ 3,965,275

(1) Other segment items consist of purchased gas cost, bad debt expense, taxes other than income taxes, the equity component of AFUDC, community support spending, and other segment income or expense deemed insignificant which are used to reach net income, our measurement of segment profit or loss.

(2) The totals of reportable segments for these items agree to consolidated totals.

Balance sheet information at June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025 by segment is presented in the following tables:

	June 30, 2026		
	Distribution	Pipeline and Storage	Total of Reportable Segments
	(In thousands)		
Net property, plant and equipment ⁽¹⁾	\$ 20,878,848	\$ 7,136,762	\$ 28,015,610
Total assets	\$ 30,490,005	\$ 7,539,119	\$ 38,029,124
<i>Reconciliation to consolidated assets:</i>			
Total assets of reportable segments			\$ 38,029,124
Elimination of intersegment assets			(6,443,585)
Consolidated total assets			\$ 31,585,539

	September 30, 2025		
	Distribution	Pipeline and Storage	Total of Reportable Segments
	(In thousands)		
Net property, plant and equipment ⁽¹⁾	\$ 18,765,128	\$ 6,527,862	\$ 25,292,990
Total assets	\$ 27,296,805	\$ 6,896,646	\$ 34,193,451
<i>Reconciliation to consolidated assets:</i>			
Total assets of reportable segments			\$ 34,193,451
Elimination of intersegment assets			(5,943,929)
Consolidated total assets			\$ 28,249,522

(1) The total of reportable segments for this item reconciles to consolidated total.

5. Earnings Per Share

We use the two-class method of computing earnings per share because we have participating securities in the form of non-vested restricted stock units with a nonforfeitable right to dividend equivalents, for which vesting is predicated solely on the passage of time. The calculation of earnings per share using the two-class method excludes income attributable to these participating securities from the numerator and excludes the dilutive impact of those shares from the denominator. Basic weighted average shares outstanding is calculated based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the periods presented. Also, this calculation includes fully vested stock awards that have not yet been issued as common stock. Additionally, the weighted average shares outstanding for diluted EPS includes the incremental effects of the forward sale agreements, discussed in Note 8 to the condensed consolidated financial statements, when the impact is dilutive.

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 are calculated as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30		Nine Months Ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
	(In thousands, except per share amounts)			
Basic Earnings Per Share				
Net income	\$ 242,689	\$ 186,429	\$ 1,227,552	\$ 1,023,863
Less: Income allocated to participating securities	76	87	370	422
Income available to common shareholders	\$ 242,613	\$ 186,342	\$ 1,227,182	\$ 1,023,441
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	168,345	159,285	165,845	158,245
Net income per share — Basic	\$ 1.44	\$ 1.17	\$ 7.40	\$ 6.47
Diluted Earnings Per Share				
Income available to common shareholders	\$ 242,613	\$ 186,342	\$ 1,227,182	\$ 1,023,441
Effect of dilutive shares	—	—	—	—
Income available to common shareholders	\$ 242,613	\$ 186,342	\$ 1,227,182	\$ 1,023,441
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	168,345	159,285	165,845	158,245
Dilutive shares	1,029	1,886	1,507	1,553
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	169,374	161,171	167,352	159,798
Net income per share — Diluted	\$ 1.43	\$ 1.16	\$ 7.33	\$ 6.40

6. Revenue and Accounts Receivable

Revenue

Our revenue recognition policy is fully described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. The following tables disaggregate our revenue from contracts with customers by customer type and segment and provide a reconciliation to total operating revenues, including intersegment revenues, for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2026		Three Months Ended June 30, 2025	
	Distribution	Pipeline and Storage	Distribution	Pipeline and Storage
	(In thousands)			
Gas sales revenues:				
Residential	\$ 462,720	\$ —	\$ 473,478	\$ —
Commercial	214,797	—	213,377	—
Industrial	26,464	—	27,369	—
Public authority and other	5,757	—	8,920	—
Total gas sales revenues	709,738	—	723,144	—
Transportation revenues	39,498	395,186	35,908	284,103
Miscellaneous revenues	3,011	11,077	3,326	4,656
Revenues from contracts with customers	752,247	406,263	762,378	288,759
Alternative revenue program revenues	18,588	(73,210)	1,438	(16,371)
Other revenues	3,823	—	3,316	—
Total operating revenues	\$ 774,658	\$ 333,053	\$ 767,132	\$ 272,388

	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2026		Nine Months Ended June 30, 2025	
	Distribution	Pipeline and Storage	Distribution	Pipeline and Storage
	(In thousands)			
Gas sales revenues:				
Residential	\$ 2,462,924	\$ —	\$ 2,475,219	\$ —
Commercial	999,363	—	959,539	—
Industrial	103,804	—	92,575	—
Public authority and other	31,292	—	45,722	—
Total gas sales revenues	3,597,383	—	3,573,055	—
Transportation revenues	125,339	1,031,369	115,987	816,646
Miscellaneous revenues	9,310	17,058	10,570	11,579
Revenues from contracts with customers	3,732,032	1,048,427	3,699,612	828,225
Alternative revenue program revenues	167,599	(139,452)	48,657	(41,448)
Other revenues	11,533	—	10,726	—
Total operating revenues	\$ 3,911,164	\$ 908,975	\$ 3,758,995	\$ 786,777

We have alternative revenue programs in each of our segments. In our distribution segment, we have weather-normalization adjustment mechanisms that serve to mitigate the effects of weather on our revenue. In our pipeline and storage segment, APT has a regulatory mechanism that requires that we share with its tariffed customers 75% of the difference between the total non-tariffed revenues earned during a test period and a revenue benchmark established by the RRC. Other revenues includes AEK revenues (see Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements) and other miscellaneous revenues.

Accounts receivable and allowance for uncollectible accounts

Accounts receivable arise from natural gas sales to residential, commercial, industrial, public authority, and other customers. Our accounts receivable balance includes unbilled amounts which represent a customer's consumption of gas from the date of the last cycle billing through the last day of the month. Our policy related to the accounting for our accounts receivable and allowance for uncollectible accounts is fully described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. During the nine months ended June 30, 2026, there were no material changes to this policy. Rollforwards of our allowance for uncollectible accounts for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 are presented in the table below. The allowance excludes the gas cost portion of customers' bills for approximately 89 percent of our customers as we have the ability to collect these gas costs through our gas cost recovery mechanisms in most of our jurisdictions.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2026
	(In thousands)
Beginning balance, March 31, 2026	\$ 55,344
Current period provisions	513
Write-offs charged against allowance	(4,813)
Recoveries of amounts previously written off	303
Ending balance, June 30, 2026	\$ 51,347
	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025
	(In thousands)
Beginning balance, March 31, 2025	\$ 49,341
Current period provisions	1,771
Write-offs charged against allowance	(5,054)
Recoveries of amounts previously written off	302
Ending balance, June 30, 2025	\$ 46,360

	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2026	
	(In thousands)	
Beginning balance, September 30, 2025	\$	45,259
Current period provisions		21,998
Write-offs charged against allowance		(17,679)
Recoveries of amounts previously written off		1,769
Ending balance, June 30, 2026	\$	51,347

	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2025	
	(In thousands)	
Beginning balance, September 30, 2024	\$	37,056
Current period provisions		24,786
Write-offs charged against allowance		(17,263)
Recoveries of amounts previously written off		1,781
Ending balance, June 30, 2025	\$	46,360

7. Debt

The nature and terms of our debt instruments and credit facilities are described in detail in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. Other than as described below, there were no material changes in the terms of our debt instruments during the nine months ended June 30, 2026.

Long-term debt at June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025 consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2026	September 30, 2025
	(In thousands)	
Unsecured 3.00% Senior Notes, due June 2027	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
Unsecured 2.625% Senior Notes, due September 2029	500,000	500,000
Unsecured 1.50% Senior Notes, due January 2031	600,000	600,000
Unsecured 4.75% Senior Notes, due January 2032	700,000	—
Unsecured 5.45% Senior Notes, due October 2032	300,000	300,000
Unsecured 5.90% Senior Notes, due November 2033	725,000	725,000
Unsecured 5.95% Senior Notes, due October 2034	200,000	200,000
Unsecured 5.20% Senior Notes, due August 2035	500,000	500,000
Unsecured 5.50% Senior Notes, due June 2041	400,000	400,000
Unsecured 4.15% Senior Notes, due January 2043	500,000	500,000
Unsecured 4.125% Senior Notes, due October 2044	750,000	750,000
Unsecured 4.30% Senior Notes, due October 2048	600,000	600,000
Unsecured 4.125% Senior Notes, due March 2049	450,000	450,000
Unsecured 3.375% Senior Notes, due September 2049	500,000	500,000
Unsecured 2.85% Senior Notes, due February 2052	600,000	600,000
Unsecured 5.75% Senior Notes, due October 2052	500,000	500,000
Unsecured 6.20% Senior Notes, due November 2053	500,000	500,000
Unsecured 5.00% Senior Notes, due December 2054	650,000	650,000
Unsecured 5.45% Senior Notes, due January 2056	600,000	—
Medium-term note Series A, 1995-1, 6.67%, due December 2025	—	10,000
Unsecured 6.75% Debentures, due July 2028	150,000	150,000
Finance lease obligations	101,185	47,234
Total long-term debt	10,326,185	8,982,234
Less:		
Original issue (premium) discount on unsecured senior notes and debentures	3,135	(1,332)
Debt issuance cost	71,792	64,622
Current maturities of long-term debt	502,542	11,775
Total long-term debt, net	\$ 9,748,716	\$ 8,907,169

On October 1, 2025, we completed a public offering of \$600 million of 5.45% senior notes due January 2056, with an effective interest rate of 4.85%, after giving effect to the offering costs and settlement of our interest rate swaps. The net proceeds from the offering, after the underwriting discount and offering expenses, of \$590.0 million were used for general corporate purposes.

On June 18, 2026, we completed a public offering of \$700 million of 4.75% senior notes due January 2032 with an effective interest rate of 4.92%, after giving effect to the offering costs. The net proceeds from the offering, after the underwriting discount and offering expenses, of \$694.0 million were used for general corporate purposes.

Short-term debt

We utilize short-term debt to provide cost-effective, short-term financing until it can be replaced with a balance of long-term debt and equity financing that achieves the Company's desired capital structure. Our short-term borrowing requirements are driven primarily by construction work in progress and the seasonal nature of the natural gas business.

Our short-term borrowing requirements are satisfied through a combination of a \$1.5 billion commercial paper program and four committed revolving credit facilities with third-party lenders that provide \$3.1 billion of total working capital funding.

The primary source of our funding is our commercial paper program, which is supported by a five-year unsecured \$1.5 billion credit facility. On March 27, 2026, we elected to extend the maturity date from March 28, 2030 to March 28, 2031. This facility bears interest at a base rate or at a Term SOFR-based rate for the applicable interest period, plus a margin ranging from zero percent to 0.25 percent for base rate advances or a margin ranging from 0.75 percent to 1.25 percent for Term SOFR-based advances, based on the Company's credit ratings. Additionally, the facility contains a \$250 million accordion feature, which provides the opportunity to increase the total committed loan to \$1.75 billion. At June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025, there were no amounts outstanding under our commercial paper program.

We also have a \$1.5 billion three-year senior unsecured credit facility that is used to provide additional working capital funding. On March 27, 2026, we elected to extend the maturity date from March 28, 2028 to March 28, 2029. This facility bears interest at a base rate or at a Term SOFR-based rate for the applicable interest period, plus a margin ranging from zero percent to 0.25 percent for base rate advances or a margin ranging from 0.75 percent to 1.25 percent for Term SOFR-based advances, based on the Company's credit ratings. Additionally, the facility contains a \$250 million accordion feature, which provides the opportunity to increase the total committed loan to \$1.75 billion. At June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025, there were no borrowings outstanding under this facility.

Additionally, we have a \$50 million 364-day unsecured facility, which was renewed April 1, 2026 and is used to provide working capital funding. There were no borrowings outstanding under this facility as of June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025.

Finally, we have a \$50 million 364-day unsecured revolving credit facility, which was renewed March 31, 2026 and is used to issue letters of credit and to provide working capital funding. At June 30, 2026, there were no borrowings outstanding under this facility; however, outstanding letters of credit reduced the total amount available to us to \$44.4 million.

Debt covenants

The availability of funds under these credit facilities is subject to conditions specified in the respective credit agreements, all of which we currently satisfy. These conditions include our compliance with financial covenants and the continued accuracy of representations and warranties contained in these agreements. We are required by the financial covenants in each of these facilities to maintain, at the end of each fiscal quarter, a ratio of total-debt-to-total-capitalization of no greater than 70 percent. At June 30, 2026, our total-debt-to-total-capitalization ratio, as defined in the agreements, was 41 percent. In addition, both the interest margin and the fee that we pay on unused amounts under certain of these facilities are subject to adjustment depending upon our credit ratings.

These credit facilities and our public indentures contain usual and customary covenants for our business, including covenants substantially limiting liens, substantial asset sales, and mergers. Additionally, our public debt indentures relating to our senior notes and debentures, as well as certain of our revolving credit agreements, each contain a default provision that is triggered if outstanding indebtedness arising out of any other credit agreements in amounts ranging from in excess of \$15 million to in excess of \$100 million becomes due by acceleration or if not paid at maturity. We were in compliance with all of our debt covenants as of June 30, 2026. If we were unable to comply with our debt covenants, we would likely be required to repay our outstanding balances on demand, provide additional collateral or take other corrective actions.

8. Shareholders' Equity

The following tables present a reconciliation of changes in stockholders' equity for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025.

	Common stock			Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Total
	Number of Shares	Stated Value	Additional Paid-in Capital			
	(In thousands, except share and per share data)					
Balance, September 30, 2025	161,568,384	\$ 808	\$ 8,221,455	\$ 475,015	\$ 4,861,612	\$ 13,558,890
Net income	—	—	—	—	402,964	402,964
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(4,805)	—	(4,805)
Cash dividends (\$1.00 per share)	—	—	—	—	(160,407)	(160,407)
Common stock issued:						
Public and other stock offerings	3,709,647	18	474,625	—	—	474,643
Stock-based compensation plans	156,446	1	11,606	—	—	11,607
Balance, December 31, 2025	165,434,477	827	8,707,686	470,210	5,104,169	14,282,892
Net income	—	—	—	—	581,899	581,899
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(4,938)	—	(4,938)
Cash dividends (\$1.00 per share)	—	—	—	—	(168,760)	(168,760)
Common stock issued:						
Public and other stock offerings	1,445,607	7	205,376	—	—	205,383
Stock-based compensation plans	38,226	1	12,173	—	—	12,174
Balance, March 31, 2026	166,918,310	835	8,925,235	465,272	5,517,308	14,908,650
Net income	—	—	—	—	242,689	242,689
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(4,865)	—	(4,865)
Cash dividends (\$1.00 per share)	—	—	—	—	(169,142)	(169,142)
Common stock issued:						
Public and other stock offerings	2,001,479	10	274,109	—	—	274,119
Stock-based compensation plans	66,460	—	6,607	—	—	6,607
Balance, June 30, 2026	168,986,249	\$ 845	\$ 9,205,951	\$ 460,407	\$ 5,590,855	\$ 15,258,058

	Common stock			Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Total
	Number of Shares	Stated Value	Additional Paid-in Capital			
	(In thousands, except share and per share data)					
Balance, September 30, 2024	155,258,845	\$ 776	\$ 7,474,559	\$ 465,715	\$ 4,216,619	\$ 12,157,669
Net income	—	—	—	—	351,858	351,858
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	16,423	—	16,423
Cash dividends (\$0.87 per share)	—	—	—	—	(135,453)	(135,453)
Common stock issued:						
Public and other stock offerings	3,329,358	17	383,520	—	—	383,537
Stock-based compensation plans	137,862	1	6,446	—	—	6,447
Balance, December 31, 2024	158,726,065	794	7,864,525	482,138	4,433,024	12,780,481
Net income	—	—	—	—	485,576	485,576
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(5,587)	—	(5,587)
Cash dividends (\$0.87 per share)	—	—	—	—	(138,416)	(138,416)
Common stock issued:						
Public and other stock offerings	26,367	—	3,841	—	—	3,841
Stock-based compensation plans	82,691	—	12,070	—	—	12,070
Balance, March 31, 2025	158,835,123	794	7,880,436	476,551	4,780,184	13,137,965
Net income	—	—	—	—	186,429	186,429
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	1,409	—	1,409
Cash dividends (\$0.87 per share)	—	—	—	—	(138,443)	(138,443)
Common stock issued:						
Public and other stock offerings	1,630,943	8	192,749	—	—	192,757
Stock-based compensation plans	54,945	1	5,720	—	—	5,721
Balance, June 30, 2025	160,521,011	\$ 803	\$ 8,078,905	\$ 477,960	\$ 4,828,170	\$ 13,385,838

Shelf Registration, At-the-Market Equity Sales Program and Equity Issuances

We have a shelf registration statement on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that allows us to issue up to \$8.0 billion in common stock and/or debt securities, which expires December 3, 2027. At June 30, 2026, \$4.5 billion of securities were available for issuance under this shelf registration statement.

We also have an at-the-market (ATM) equity sales program under which we may issue and sell shares of our common stock up to an aggregate offering price of \$1.7 billion through December 3, 2027 (including shares of common stock that may be sold pursuant to forward sale agreements entered into concurrently with the ATM equity sales program).

During the nine months ended June 30, 2026, we settled forward sale agreements with respect to 7,084,863 shares that had been borrowed and sold by various forward sellers under the ATM program for net proceeds of \$941.7 million. As of June 30, 2026, \$506.5 million of equity was available for issuance under our existing ATM program. Additionally, we had \$936.8 million in available proceeds from outstanding forward sale agreements, as detailed below.

Maturity	Shares Available	Net Proceeds Available (In thousands)	Forward Price
December 31, 2026	2,377,352	\$ 334,047	\$ 140.51
March 31, 2027	1,873,444	287,072	\$ 153.23
June 30, 2027	1,878,143	315,722	\$ 168.10
Total	6,128,939	\$ 936,841	\$ 152.86

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

We record deferred gains (losses) in AOCI related to available-for-sale debt securities and interest rate agreement cash flow hedges. Deferred gains (losses) for our available-for-sale debt securities are recognized in earnings upon settlement, while

deferred gains (losses) related to our interest rate agreement cash flow hedges are recognized in earnings on a straight-line basis over the life of the related financing. The following tables provide the components of our accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) balances, net of the related tax effects allocated to each component of other comprehensive income (loss).

	Available- for-Sale Securities	Interest Rate Agreement Cash Flow Hedges	Total
		(In thousands)	
September 30, 2025	\$ 209	\$ 474,806	\$ 475,015
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(242)	—	(242)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	—	(14,366)	(14,366)
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	(242)	(14,366)	(14,608)
June 30, 2026	\$ (33)	\$ 460,440	\$ 460,407

	Available- for-Sale Securities	Interest Rate Agreement Cash Flow Hedges	Total
		(In thousands)	
September 30, 2024	\$ 213	\$ 465,502	\$ 465,715
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(34)	23,400	23,366
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	—	(11,121)	(11,121)
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	(34)	12,279	12,245
June 30, 2025	\$ 179	\$ 477,781	\$ 477,960

9. Securitization

Kansas

Atmos Energy Kansas Securitization I, LLC (AEK), a special-purpose entity wholly owned by Atmos Energy, was formed for the purpose of issuing securitized bonds to recover extraordinary costs incurred during Winter Storm Uri in February 2021. In June 2023, AEK completed a public offering of \$95 million of Securitized Utility Tariff Bonds. AEK's assets cannot be used to settle Atmos Energy's obligations, and the holders of the Securitized Utility Tariff Bonds have no recourse against Atmos Energy.

As described in Note 10 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, AEK is considered to be a variable interest entity. As a result, AEK is included in the condensed consolidated financial statements of Atmos Energy.

The following table summarizes the impact of AEK on our condensed consolidated balance sheets, for the periods indicated:

	June 30, 2026	September 30, 2025
	(In thousands)	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,856	\$ 1,116
Other current assets	\$ 9	\$ 1
Securitized intangible asset, net	\$ 68,026	\$ 75,127
Accrued interest	\$ 1,251	\$ 331
Current maturities of securitized long-term debt	\$ 8,858	\$ 8,767
Securitized long-term debt	\$ 63,751	\$ 68,236

The following table summarizes the impact of AEK on our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income, for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended June 30		Nine Months Ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
	(In thousands)			
Operating revenues	\$ 3,379	\$ 2,855	\$ 10,183	\$ 9,199
Operation and maintenance expense	(52)	(189)	(238)	(466)
Amortization expense	(2,407)	(1,646)	(7,101)	(5,599)
Interest expense, net	(920)	(1,020)	(2,844)	(3,134)
Income before income taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —

The securitized long-term debt is recorded at carrying value. The fair value of the securitized long-term debt is determined using third party market value quotations, which are considered Level 2 fair value measurements for debt instruments where fair value is determined using the most recent available quoted market price. The carrying value and fair value of the securitized long-term debt as of June 30, 2026 was \$72.6 million and \$73.2 million, and as of September 30, 2025 was \$77.0 million and \$78.8 million.

Texas

In March 2023, the Texas Natural Gas Securitization Finance Corporation (the Finance Corporation), with the authority of the Texas Public Finance Authority (TPFA), issued \$3.5 billion in customer rate relief bonds with varying scheduled final maturities from 12 to 18 years. The bonds are obligations of the Finance Corporation, payable from the customer rate relief charges and other bond collateral, and are not an obligation of Atmos Energy. We began collecting the customer rate relief charges on October 1, 2023, and any such property collected is solely owned by the Finance Corporation and not available to pay creditors of Atmos Energy.

10. Interim Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plan Information

The components of our net periodic pension cost for our pension and other postretirement benefit plans for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 are presented in the following tables. Most of these costs are recoverable through our tariff rates. A portion of these costs is capitalized into our rate base or deferred as a regulatory asset or liability. The remaining costs are recorded as a component of operation and maintenance expense or other non-operating income.

	Three Months Ended June 30			
	Pension Benefits		Other Benefits	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
	(In thousands)			
Components of net periodic pension cost:				
Service cost	\$ 2,580	\$ 2,838	\$ 2,018	\$ 2,033
Interest cost ⁽¹⁾	6,924	6,663	3,634	3,365
Expected return on assets ⁽¹⁾	(7,949)	(7,655)	(4,069)	(3,831)
Amortization of prior service cost (credit) ⁽¹⁾	—	—	(2,880)	(3,260)
Amortization of actuarial (gain) loss ⁽¹⁾	(51)	256	(2,414)	(2,429)
Net periodic pension cost	\$ 1,504	\$ 2,102	\$ (3,711)	\$ (4,122)

	Nine Months Ended June 30			
	Pension Benefits		Other Benefits	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
	(In thousands)			
Components of net periodic pension cost:				
Service cost	\$ 7,740	\$ 8,512	\$ 6,052	\$ 6,099
Interest cost ⁽¹⁾	20,774	19,989	10,904	10,096
Expected return on assets ⁽¹⁾	(23,847)	(22,964)	(12,209)	(11,494)
Amortization of prior service cost (credit) ⁽¹⁾	—	—	(8,639)	(9,780)
Amortization of actuarial (gain) loss ⁽¹⁾	(153)	767	(7,244)	(7,287)
Net periodic pension cost	<u>\$ 4,514</u>	<u>\$ 6,304</u>	<u>\$ (11,136)</u>	<u>\$ (12,366)</u>

(1) The components of net periodic cost other than the service cost component are included in the line item other non-operating income in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income or are capitalized on the condensed consolidated balance sheets as a regulatory asset or liability, as described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation and Environmental Matters

In the normal course of business, we are subject to various legal and regulatory proceedings. For such matters, we record liabilities when they are considered probable and estimable, based on currently available facts, our historical experience and our estimates of the ultimate outcome or resolution of the liability in the future. While the outcome of these proceedings is uncertain and a loss in excess of the amount we have accrued is possible though not reasonably estimable, it is the opinion of management that any amounts exceeding the accruals will not have a material adverse impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) issued a Preliminary Report on February 14, 2024 relating to its investigation of two incidents that occurred in Jackson, Mississippi on January 24 and 27, 2024 that resulted in one fatality. On March 26, 2026, the NTSB issued its final report and recommendations.

The NTSB issued a Preliminary Report on December 30, 2024 relating to its investigation of an incident that occurred in Avondale, Louisiana on December 2, 2024 that resulted in one fatality. On May 27, 2026, the NTSB issued its final report.

The NTSB issued a Preliminary report on July 1, 2026 relating to its investigation of an incident that occurred in Dallas, Texas on May 28, 2026 that resulted in three fatalities. Atmos Energy is working closely with the NTSB and other state and federal regulators to help determinate causal factors.

We are a party to various litigation and environmental-related matters or claims that have arisen in the ordinary course of our business. While the results of such litigation and response actions to such environmental-related matters or claims cannot be predicted with certainty, we continue to believe the final outcome of such litigation and matters or claims will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

Purchase Commitments

Our distribution divisions maintain supply contracts with several vendors that generally cover a period of up to one year. Commitments for estimated base gas volumes are established under these contracts on a monthly basis at contractually negotiated prices. Commitments for incremental daily purchases are made as necessary during the month in accordance with the terms of the individual contract.

Our Mid-Tex Division also maintains a limited number of long-term supply contracts to ensure a reliable source of gas for our customers in its service area, which obligate it to purchase specified volumes at prices under contracts indexed to natural gas hubs or fixed price contracts. These purchase commitment contracts are detailed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. At June 30, 2026, we were committed to purchase 69.2 Bcf within one year and 52.4 Bcf within two to three years under indexed contracts. At June 30, 2026, we were committed to purchase 7.9 Bcf within one year under our fixed price contracts with a weighted average price of \$3.03 per Mcf.

Rate Regulatory Proceedings

As of June 30, 2026, routine rate regulatory proceedings were in progress in several of our service areas, which are discussed in further detail below in *Management's Discussion and Analysis — Recent Ratemaking Developments*. Except for these proceedings, there were no material changes to rate regulatory proceedings for the nine months ended June 30, 2026.

12. Income Taxes

Income Tax Expense

Our interim effective tax rates reflect the estimated annual effective tax rates for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, adjusted for tax expense associated with certain discrete items. The effective tax rates for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 were 20.0% and 19.2% and for the nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 were 20.3% and 19.1%. These effective tax rates differ from the federal statutory tax rate of 21% primarily due to the amortization of excess deferred federal income tax liabilities, tax credits, state income taxes, and other permanent book-to-tax differences. These adjustments have a relative impact on the effective tax rate proportionally to pretax income or loss.

Regulatory Excess Deferred Taxes

Regulatory excess net deferred taxes represent changes in our net deferred tax liability related to our cost of service ratemaking due to the enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the TCJA), a Kansas legislative change enacted in fiscal 2020, and a Louisiana legislative change enacted in fiscal 2025. Currently, the regulatory excess net deferred tax liability of \$86.0 million is being returned over various periods. Of this amount, \$38.6 million is being returned to customers over 36 - 60 months. An additional \$46.4 million is being returned to customers on a provisional basis over 15 - 46 years until our regulators establish the final refund periods. The refund of the remaining \$1.0 million will be addressed in future rate proceedings.

As of June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025, \$34.4 million and \$72.8 million is recorded in other current liabilities.

13. Financial Instruments

We currently use financial instruments to mitigate commodity price risk and interest rate risk. The objectives and strategies for using financial instruments and the related accounting for these financial instruments are fully described in Notes 2 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. During the nine months ended June 30, 2026, there were no material changes in our objectives, strategies, and accounting for using financial instruments. Our financial instruments do not contain any credit-risk-related or other contingent features that could cause payments to be accelerated when our financial instruments are in net liability positions. The following summarizes those objectives and strategies.

Commodity Risk Management Activities

Our purchased gas cost adjustment mechanisms essentially insulate our distribution segment from commodity price risk; however, our customers are exposed to the effects of volatile natural gas prices. We manage this exposure through a combination of physical storage, fixed-price forward contracts, and financial instruments, primarily over-the-counter swap and option contracts, in an effort to minimize the impact of natural gas price volatility on our customers during the winter heating season.

We typically seek to hedge between 25 and 50 percent of anticipated heating season gas purchases using financial instruments. For the 2025-2026 heating season (generally October through March), in the jurisdictions where we are permitted to utilize financial instruments, we hedged approximately 23.8 Bcf of the winter flowing gas requirements. We have not designated these financial instruments as hedges for accounting purposes.

Interest Rate Risk Management Activities

We manage interest rate risk by periodically entering into financial instruments to effectively fix the Treasury yield component of the interest cost associated with anticipated financings.

Quantitative Disclosures Related to Financial Instruments

The following tables present detailed information concerning the impact of financial instruments on our condensed consolidated balance sheet and statements of comprehensive income.

As of June 30, 2026, our financial instruments were comprised of both long and short commodity positions. A long position is a contract to purchase the commodity, while a short position is a contract to sell the commodity. As of June 30, 2026, we had 18,662 MMcf of net long commodity contracts outstanding. These contracts have not been designated as hedges.

Financial Instruments on the Balance Sheet

The following tables present the fair value and balance sheet classification of our financial instruments as of June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025. The gross amounts of recognized assets and liabilities are netted within our condensed consolidated balance sheets to the extent that we have netting arrangements with our counterparties. However, as of June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025, no gross amounts and no cash collateral were netted within our consolidated balance sheet.

Balance Sheet Location		June 30, 2026	
		Assets	Liabilities
(In thousands)			
Not Designated As Hedges:			
Commodity contracts	Other current assets / Other current liabilities	\$ 3,824	\$ (2,822)
Commodity contracts	Deferred charges and other assets / Deferred credits and other liabilities	3,026	—
Total		6,850	(2,822)
Gross / Net Financial Instruments		\$ 6,850	\$ (2,822)

Balance Sheet Location		September 30, 2025	
		Assets	Liabilities
(In thousands)			
Not Designated As Hedges:			
Commodity contracts	Other current assets / Other current liabilities	\$ 5,303	\$ (6,339)
Commodity contracts	Deferred charges and other assets / Deferred credits and other liabilities	4,594	(146)
Total		9,897	(6,485)
Gross / Net Financial Instruments		\$ 9,897	\$ (6,485)

Impact of Financial Instruments on the Statement of Comprehensive Income

Cash Flow Hedges

As discussed above, our distribution segment has interest rate agreements, which we designated as cash flow hedges at the time the agreements were executed. The net (gain) loss on settled interest rate agreements reclassified from AOCI into interest charges on our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 was \$(6.1) million and \$(5.1) million and for the nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 was \$(18.4) million and \$(15.4) million.

The following table summarizes the gains and losses arising from hedging transactions that were recognized as a component of other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes, for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025.

	Three Months Ended June 30		Nine Months Ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
(In thousands)				
<i>Increase in fair value:</i>				
Interest rate agreements	\$ —	\$ 5,359	\$ —	\$ 23,400
<i>Recognition of gains in earnings due to settlements:</i>				
Interest rate agreements	(4,780)	(3,981)	(14,366)	(11,121)
Total other comprehensive income (loss) from hedging, net of tax	\$ (4,780)	\$ 1,378	\$ (14,366)	\$ 12,279

Deferred gains (losses) recorded in AOCI associated with our interest rate agreements are recognized in earnings as they are amortized over the terms of the underlying debt instruments. As of June 30, 2026, we had \$460.4 million of net realized gains in AOCI associated with our interest rate agreements. The following amounts, net of deferred taxes, represent the expected recognition in earnings of the deferred net gains recorded in AOCI associated with our interest rate agreements, based upon the fair values of these agreements at the date of settlement. The remaining amortization periods for these settled amounts

extend through fiscal 2056. However, the table below does not include the expected recognition in earnings of our outstanding interest rate swaps as those instruments have not yet settled.

	Interest Rate Agreements	
	(In thousands)	
Next twelve months	\$	19,118
Thereafter		441,323
Total	\$	460,441

Financial Instruments Not Designated as Hedges

As discussed above, commodity contracts which are used in our distribution segment are not designated as hedges. However, there is no earnings impact on our distribution segment as a result of the use of these financial instruments because the gains and losses arising from the use of these financial instruments are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as a component of purchased gas cost when the related costs are recovered through our rates and recognized in revenue. Accordingly, the impact of these financial instruments is excluded from this presentation.

14. Fair Value Measurements

We report certain assets and liabilities at fair value, which is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (exit price). We record cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and short-term debt at carrying value, which substantially approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of these assets and liabilities. For other financial assets and liabilities, we primarily use quoted market prices and other observable market pricing information to minimize the use of unobservable pricing inputs in our measurements when determining fair value. The methods used to determine fair value for our assets and liabilities are fully described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. During the nine months ended June 30, 2026, there were no changes in these methods.

Fair value measurements also apply to the valuation of our pension and postretirement plan assets. Current accounting guidance requires employers to annually disclose information about fair value measurements of the assets of a defined benefit pension or other postretirement plan. The fair value of these assets is presented in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025.

Quantitative Disclosures

Financial Instruments

The classification of our fair value measurements requires judgment regarding the degree to which market data is observable or corroborated by observable market data. Authoritative accounting literature establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value based on observable and unobservable data. The hierarchy categorizes the inputs into three levels, with the highest priority given to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1), with the lowest priority given to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The following tables summarize, by level within the fair value hierarchy, our assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025. Assets and liabilities are categorized in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) ⁽¹⁾	Significant Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Netting and Cash Collateral	June 30, 2026
(In thousands)					
Assets:					
Financial instruments	\$ —	\$ 6,850	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6,850
Debt and equity securities					
Registered investment companies	25,487	—	—	—	25,487
Bond mutual funds	43,068	—	—	—	43,068
Bonds ⁽²⁾	—	48,660	—	—	48,660
Money market funds	—	3,125	—	—	3,125
Total debt and equity securities	68,555	51,785	—	—	120,340
Total assets	\$ 68,555	\$ 58,635	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 127,190
Liabilities:					
Financial instruments	\$ —	\$ 2,822	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,822

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) ⁽¹⁾	Significant Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Netting and Cash Collateral	September 30, 2025
(In thousands)					
Assets:					
Financial instruments	\$ —	\$ 9,897	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 9,897
Debt and equity securities					
Registered investment companies	26,463	—	—	—	26,463
Bond mutual funds	42,106	—	—	—	42,106
Bonds ⁽²⁾	—	42,754	—	—	42,754
Money market funds	—	3,615	—	—	3,615
Total debt and equity securities	68,569	46,369	—	—	114,938
Total assets	\$ 68,569	\$ 56,266	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 124,835
Liabilities:					
Financial instruments	\$ —	\$ 6,485	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6,485

(1) Our Level 2 measurements consist of over-the-counter options and swaps, which are valued using a market-based approach in which observable market prices are adjusted for criteria specific to each instrument, such as the strike price, notional amount or basis differences, municipal and corporate bonds, which are valued based on the most recent available quoted market prices and money market funds that are valued at cost.

(2) Our investments in bonds are considered available-for-sale debt securities in accordance with current accounting guidance.

Debt and equity securities are comprised of our available-for-sale debt securities and our equity securities. As described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, we evaluate the performance of our available-for-sale debt securities on an investment by investment basis for impairment, taking into consideration the investment's purpose, volatility, current returns, and any intent to sell the security. As of June 30, 2026, no allowance for credit losses was recorded for our available-for-sale debt securities. At June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025, the amortized cost of our available-for-sale debt securities was \$48.7 million and \$42.5 million. At June 30, 2026, we maintained investments in bonds that have contractual maturity dates ranging from July 2026 through June 2029.

Other Fair Value Measures

Our long-term debt is recorded at carrying value. The fair value of our long-term debt, excluding finance leases, is determined using third party market value quotations, which are considered Level 1 fair value measurements for debt instruments with a recent, observable trade or Level 2 fair value measurements for debt instruments where fair value is determined using the most recent available quoted market price. The carrying value of our finance leases materially

approximates fair value. The following table presents the carrying value and fair value of our long-term debt, excluding finance leases, debt issuance costs and original issue premium or discount, as of June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025:

	June 30, 2026		September 30, 2025	
	(In thousands)			
Carrying Amount	\$	10,225,000	\$	8,935,000
Fair Value	\$	9,379,797	\$	8,272,978

15. Concentration of Credit Risk

Information regarding our concentration of credit risk is disclosed in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. During the nine months ended June 30, 2026, there were no material changes in our concentration of credit risk.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of Atmos Energy Corporation

Results of Review of Interim Financial Statements

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Atmos Energy Corporation (the Company) as of June 30, 2026, the related condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three- and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine-month periods ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "condensed consolidated interim financial statements"). Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of September 30, 2025, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes (not presented herein); and in our report dated November 14, 2025, we expressed an unqualified audit opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2025, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

Basis for Review Results

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the SEC and the PCAOB. We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. A review of interim financial statements consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Dallas, Texas
August 5, 2026

Item 2. *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*

INTRODUCTION

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Management's Discussion and Analysis in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2025.

Cautionary Statement for the Purposes of the Safe Harbor under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

The statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Report are forward-looking statements made in good faith by us and are intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When used in this Report, or any other of our documents or oral presentations, the words "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "expect", "forecast", "goal", "intend", "objective", "plan", "projection", "seek", "strategy", or similar words are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the statements relating to our strategy, operations, markets, services, rates, recovery of costs, availability of gas supply, and other factors. These risks and uncertainties include the following: federal, state, and local regulatory and political trends and decisions, including the impact of rate proceedings before various state regulatory commissions; increased federal regulatory oversight and potential penalties; possible increased federal, state, and local regulation of the safety of our operations; possible significant costs and liabilities resulting from pipeline integrity and other similar programs and related repairs; the inherent hazards and risks involved in distributing, transporting, and storing natural gas; the availability and accessibility of contracted gas supplies, interstate pipeline, and/or storage services; increased competition from energy suppliers and alternative forms of energy; failure to attract and retain a qualified workforce; natural disasters, adverse weather, terrorist activities, or other events and other risks and uncertainties discussed herein, all of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond our control; failure of technology that affects the Company's business operations; the threat of cyber-attacks or acts of cyber-terrorism that could disrupt our business operations and information technology systems or result in the loss or exposure of confidential or sensitive customer, employee, or Company information; the impact of new cybersecurity compliance requirements; adverse weather conditions; the impact of legislation to reduce or eliminate greenhouse gas emissions or fossil fuels; the impact of climate change; the capital-intensive nature of our business; our ability to continue to access the credit and capital markets to execute our business strategy; market risks beyond our control affecting our risk management activities, including commodity price volatility, counterparty performance or creditworthiness, and interest rate risk; the concentration of our operations in Texas; the impact of adverse economic conditions on our customers; changes in the availability and price of natural gas; and increased costs of providing health care benefits, along with pension and postretirement health care benefits and increased funding requirements. Accordingly, while we believe these forward-looking statements to be reasonable, there can be no assurance that they will approximate actual experience or that the expectations derived from them will be realized. Further, we undertake no obligation to update or revise any of our forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

OVERVIEW

Atmos Energy and our subsidiaries are engaged in the regulated natural gas distribution and pipeline and storage businesses. We distribute natural gas through sales and transportation arrangements to approximately 3.4 million residential, commercial, public authority, and industrial customers throughout our six distribution divisions, which at June 30, 2026 covered service areas located in eight states. In addition, we transport natural gas for others through our distribution and pipeline systems.

We manage and review our consolidated operations through the following reportable segments:

- The *distribution segment* is comprised of our regulated natural gas distribution and related sales operations in eight states.
- The *pipeline and storage segment* is comprised primarily of the regulated pipeline and storage operations of our Atmos Pipeline-Texas division and our natural gas transmission operations in Louisiana.

Our vision is to be the safest provider of natural gas services. Our commitment to this vision requires significant levels of capital spending to modernize our natural gas distribution system and operating costs to deliver natural gas safely and reliably and in full compliance with the various safety regulations impacting our business. We have the ability to begin recovering a significant portion of our expenditures timely through rate designs and mechanisms that reduce or eliminate regulatory lag and separate the recovery of our approved rate from customer usage patterns. The execution of our capital spending program, the ability to recover these expenditures timely, and our ability to access the capital markets to satisfy our financing needs are the primary drivers that affect our financial performance.

We anticipate making significant capital expenditures for the foreseeable future to modernize our distribution and transmission system, to comply with the safety rules and regulations issued by the regulatory authorities responsible for the service areas in which we operate, and to prepare to serve the growing needs of the communities we serve. Between fiscal years 2026 and 2030, we anticipate spending approximately \$26 billion, with more than 80 percent dedicated to safety and reliability spending. The magnitude and allocation of these expenditures may be affected by factors such as new policy and regulations, population growth, and increased labor and materials costs. Although we believe these costs are ultimately recoverable through our rates based on the regulatory frameworks currently available to us, full recovery is not assured.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND POLICIES

Our condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses and the related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. We based our estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from such estimates.

Our critical accounting policies used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025 and include the following:

- Regulation
- Pension and other postretirement plans

Our critical accounting policies are reviewed periodically by the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors. There were no significant changes to these critical accounting policies during the nine months ended June 30, 2026.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Executive Summary

During the nine months ended June 30, 2026, we recorded net income of \$1,227.6 million, or \$7.33 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$1,023.9 million, or \$6.40 per diluted share for the nine months ended June 30, 2025.

The 20 percent year-over-year increase in net income largely reflects positive rate outcomes driven by safety and reliability spending. Additionally, our results for the nine months ended June 30, 2026 were favorably impacted by \$132.4 million as a result of Texas legislation that became effective during the third quarter of fiscal 2025 related to infrastructure spending. These increases were partially offset by increased depreciation and property tax expenses, higher spending on safety and compliance related activities, and increased employee-related costs.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2026, we implemented ratemaking regulatory actions which resulted in an increase in annual operating income of \$355.0 million. Additionally, as of June 30, 2026, we had ratemaking efforts in progress seeking a total increase in annual operating income of \$373.4 million.

Capital expenditures for the nine months ended June 30, 2026 were \$3,076.3 million. Over 85 percent was invested to improve the safety and reliability of our distribution and transportation systems, with a significant portion of this investment incurred under regulatory mechanisms that reduce lag to six months or less.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2026, we completed approximately \$2.2 billion of long-term debt and equity financing. As of June 30, 2026, our equity capitalization was 59.8 percent. As of June 30, 2026, we had approximately \$4.6 billion in total liquidity, consisting of \$521.0 million in cash and cash equivalents, \$936.8 million in funds available through equity forward sales agreements and \$3,094.4 million in undrawn capacity under our credit facilities.

The following discusses the results of operations for each of our operating segments.

Distribution Segment

The distribution segment is comprised of our regulated natural gas distribution and related sales operations in eight states. The primary factors that impact the results of this segment are our ability to earn our authorized rates of return, competitive factors in the energy industry, and economic conditions in our service areas.

Our ability to earn our authorized rates of return is based primarily on our ability to improve the rate design in our various ratemaking jurisdictions to minimize regulatory lag and, ultimately, separate the recovery of our approved rates from customer usage patterns. Improving rate design is a long-term process and is further complicated by the fact that we operate in multiple rate jurisdictions. Under our current rate design, approximately 70 percent of our distribution segment revenues are earned through the first six months of the fiscal year. Additionally, we currently recover approximately 50 percent of our distribution segment revenue, excluding gas costs, through the base customer charge, which partially separates the recovery of our approved rate from customer usage patterns.

Seasonal weather patterns can also affect our distribution operations. However, the effect of weather that is above or below normal is substantially offset through weather normalization adjustments, known as WNA, which have been approved by state regulatory commissions for approximately 97 percent of our residential and commercial revenues in the following states for the following time periods:

Kansas, West Texas	October — May
Tennessee	October — April
Kentucky, Mississippi, Mid-Tex	November — April
Louisiana	December — March
Virginia	January — December

Our distribution operations are also affected by the cost of natural gas. We are generally able to pass the cost of gas through to our customers without markup under purchased gas cost adjustment mechanisms; therefore, increases in the cost of gas are offset by a corresponding increase in revenues. Revenues in our Texas and Mississippi service areas include franchise fees and gross receipts taxes, which are calculated as a percentage of revenue (inclusive of gas costs). Therefore, the amount of these taxes included in revenues is influenced by the cost of gas and the level of gas sales volumes. We record the associated tax expense as a component of taxes, other than income.

The cost of gas typically does not have a direct impact on our operating income because these costs are recovered through our purchased gas cost adjustment mechanisms. However, higher gas costs may adversely impact our accounts receivable collections, resulting in higher bad debt expense. This risk is currently mitigated by rate design that allows us to collect from our customers the gas cost portion of our bad debt expense on approximately 89 percent of our residential and commercial revenues. Additionally, higher gas costs may require us to increase borrowings under our credit facilities, resulting in higher interest expense. Finally, higher gas costs, as well as competitive factors in the industry and general economic conditions may cause customers to conserve or, in the case of industrial consumers, to use alternative energy sources.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2026 compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2025

Financial and operational highlights for our distribution segment for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 are presented below.

	Three Months Ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change
	(In thousands, unless otherwise noted)		
Operating revenues	\$ 774,658	\$ 767,132	\$ 7,526
Purchased gas cost	237,072	255,883	(18,811)
Operating expenses	428,505	415,783	12,722
Operating income	109,081	95,466	13,615
Other non-operating income	8,732	7,017	1,715
Interest charges	12,870	22,271	(9,401)
Income before income taxes	104,943	80,212	24,731
Income tax expense	15,558	9,731	5,827
Net income	\$ 89,385	\$ 70,481	\$ 18,904
Consolidated distribution sales volumes — MMcf	37,376	41,008	(3,632)
Consolidated distribution transportation volumes — MMcf	35,767	34,346	1,421
Total consolidated distribution throughput — MMcf	73,143	75,354	(2,211)
Consolidated distribution average cost of gas per Mcf sold	\$ 6.34	\$ 6.24	\$ 0.10

Operating income for our distribution segment increased 14.3 percent. Key drivers for the change in operating income include:

- a \$21.0 million increase in rate adjustments, primarily in our Mid-Tex Division.
- a \$3.9 million increase related to residential customer growth, primarily in our Mid-Tex Division, and increased industrial load.

Partially offset by:

- a \$9.4 million increase in employee-related costs primarily due to an increase in headcount and labor costs to support company growth.
- a \$20.0 million increase in depreciation expense and property taxes associated with increased capital investments.

Additionally, our distribution segment's income before income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2026 was favorably impacted by \$26.7 million as a result of Texas legislation that became effective during the third quarter of fiscal 2025 related to infrastructure spending. This amount is reflected in the respective line items in which the costs are incurred, including operating expenses of \$17.8 million and interest charges.

The following table shows our operating income by distribution division, in order of total rate base, for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025. The presentation of our distribution operating income is included for financial reporting purposes and may not be appropriate for ratemaking purposes.

	Three Months Ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change
	(In thousands)		
Mid-Tex	\$ 74,313	\$ 48,244	\$ 26,069
Kentucky/Mid-States	15,366	15,221	145
Louisiana	13,760	18,747	(4,987)
West Texas	5,212	5,320	(108)
Mississippi	1,803	6,967	(5,164)
Colorado-Kansas	2,762	2,041	721
Other	(4,135)	(1,074)	(3,061)
Total	<u>\$ 109,081</u>	<u>\$ 95,466</u>	<u>\$ 13,615</u>

Nine Months Ended June 30, 2026 compared with Nine Months Ended June 30, 2025

Financial and operational highlights for our distribution segment for the nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 are presented below.

	Nine Months Ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change
	(In thousands, unless otherwise noted)		
Operating revenues	\$ 3,911,164	\$ 3,758,995	\$ 152,169
Purchased gas cost	1,605,020	1,647,490	(42,470)
Operating expenses	1,281,917	1,216,273	65,644
Operating income	<u>1,024,227</u>	<u>895,232</u>	<u>128,995</u>
Other non-operating income	24,555	30,545	(5,990)
Interest charges	66,445	86,607	(20,162)
Income before income taxes	<u>982,337</u>	<u>839,170</u>	<u>143,167</u>
Income tax expense	186,414	147,833	38,581
Net income	<u>\$ 795,923</u>	<u>\$ 691,337</u>	<u>\$ 104,586</u>
Consolidated distribution sales volumes — MMcf	229,995	256,085	(26,090)
Consolidated distribution transportation volumes — MMcf	114,761	118,306	(3,545)
Total consolidated distribution throughput — MMcf	344,756	374,391	(29,635)
Consolidated distribution average cost of gas per Mcf sold	<u>\$ 6.98</u>	<u>\$ 6.43</u>	<u>\$ 0.55</u>

Operating income for our distribution segment increased 14.4 percent. Key drivers for the change in operating income include:

- a \$151.7 million increase in rate adjustments, primarily in our Mid-Tex Division.
- a \$14.7 million increase in consumption, net of WNA.
- a \$13.7 million increase related to residential customer growth, primarily in our Mid-Tex Division, and increased industrial load.
- an \$8.2 million decrease in refunds of excess deferred taxes to customers.

Partially offset by:

- a \$69.2 million increase in depreciation expense and property taxes associated with increased capital investments.
- an \$11.7 million increase in system monitoring, line locating, and other compliance-related activities.
- a \$9.3 million increase in employee-related costs primarily due to an increase in headcount and labor costs to support company growth.

Additionally, our distribution segment's income before income taxes for the nine months ended June 30, 2026 was favorably impacted by \$70.8 million as a result of Texas legislation that became effective during the third quarter of fiscal 2025 related to infrastructure spending. This amount is reflected in the respective line items in which the costs are incurred, including operating expenses of \$46.8 million and interest charges.

	Nine Months Ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change
	(In thousands)		
Mid-Tex	\$ 628,079	\$ 490,330	\$ 137,749
Kentucky/Mid-States	107,228	101,484	5,744
Louisiana	92,973	91,132	1,841
West Texas	98,002	73,556	24,446
Mississippi	68,989	92,233	(23,244)
Colorado-Kansas	37,227	39,821	(2,594)
Other	(8,271)	6,676	(14,947)
Total	\$ 1,024,227	\$ 895,232	\$ 128,995

Recent Ratemaking Developments

The amounts described in the following sections represent the operating income that was requested or received in each rate filing, which may not necessarily reflect the stated amount referenced in the final order, as certain operating costs may have changed as a result of a commission's or other governmental authority's final ruling. During the first nine months of fiscal 2026, we implemented regulatory proceedings, resulting in a \$242.8 million increase in annual operating income as summarized below. Our ratemaking outcomes include the refund (return) of excess deferred income taxes (EDIT) resulting from previously enacted tax reform legislation and do not reflect the true economic benefit of the outcomes because they do not include the corresponding income tax benefit.

Rate Action	Annual Increase (Decrease) in Operating Income	EDIT Impact	Annual Increase (Decrease) in Operating Income Excluding EDIT
		(In thousands)	
Annual formula rate mechanisms	\$ 253,620	\$ —	\$ 253,620
Rate case filings	(10,873)	(4,009)	(14,882)
Other rate activity	81	—	81
	\$ 242,828	\$ (4,009)	\$ 238,819

The following ratemaking efforts seeking \$373.4 million in increased annual operating income were in progress as of June 30, 2026:

Division	Rate Action	Jurisdiction	Operating Income Requested (In thousands)
Colorado-Kansas	Rate Case	Colorado ⁽¹⁾	\$ 17,556
Kentucky/Mid-States	Infrastructure Mechanism	Virginia	646
Louisiana	Formula Rate Mechanism	Louisiana ⁽²⁾	30,845
Mid-Tex	Formula Rate Mechanism	Mid-Tex Cities	273,213
Mississippi	Formula Rate Mechanism	Mississippi	37,816
West Texas	Formula Rate Mechanism	West Texas Cities	13,371
			<u>\$ 373,447</u>

(1) On June 10, 2026, the Colorado Public Utilities Commission approved an operating income increase of \$10.8 million effective July 1, 2026.

(2) The Company implemented \$30.3 million in operating income increase, subject to refund, with rates effective July 1, 2026, and anticipates receiving final commission approval during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2026.

Annual Formula Rate Mechanisms

As an instrument to reduce regulatory lag, formula rate mechanisms allow us to refresh our rates on an annual basis without filing a formal rate case. However, these filings still involve discovery by the appropriate regulatory authorities prior to the final determination of rates under these mechanisms. We currently have formula rate mechanisms in our Louisiana, Mississippi, and Tennessee operations and in substantially all the service areas in our Texas divisions. Additionally, we have specific infrastructure programs in substantially all of our distribution divisions with tariffs in place to permit the investment associated with these programs to have their surcharge rate adjusted annually to recover approved capital costs incurred in a prior test-year period. The following table summarizes our annual formula rate mechanisms by state:

State	Annual Formula Rate Mechanisms	
	Infrastructure Programs	Formula Rate Mechanisms
Colorado	System Safety and Integrity Rider (SSIR)	—
Kansas	Gas System Reliability Surcharge (GSRS), System Integrity Program (SIP)	—
Kentucky	Pipeline Replacement Program (PRP)	—
Louisiana	(1)	Rate Stabilization Clause (RSC)
Mississippi	System Integrity Plan (SIP)	Stable Rate Filing (SRF)
Tennessee	(1)	Annual Rate Mechanism (ARM)
Texas	Gas Reliability Infrastructure Program (GRIP), (1)	Dallas Annual Rate Review (DARR), Rate Review Mechanism (RRM)
Virginia	Steps to Advance Virginia Energy (SAVE)	—

(1) Infrastructure mechanisms in Texas, Louisiana, and Tennessee allow for the deferral of all expenses associated with capital expenditures incurred pursuant to these rules, which primarily consists of interest, depreciation, and other taxes (Texas and Tennessee only), until the next rate proceeding (rate case or annual rate filing), at which time investment and costs would be recoverable through base rates.

The following annual formula rate mechanisms were implemented during the nine months ended June 30, 2026:

Division	Jurisdiction	Test Year Ended	Increase in Annual Operating Income	EDIT Impact (In thousands)	Increase in Annual Operating Income Excluding EDIT	Effective Date
<i>2026 Filings:</i>						
Mid-Tex	Environs	12/31/2025	\$ 15,635	—	\$ 15,635	06/05/2026
Mid-Tex	ATM Cities	12/31/2025	28,200	—	28,200	06/05/2026
West Texas	Amarillo, Lubbock, Dalhart and Channing	12/31/2025	14,687	—	14,687	06/05/2026
West Texas	Environs	12/31/2025	4,325	—	4,325	06/05/2026
Kentucky/Mid-States	Tennessee ARM	09/30/2025	11,861	—	11,861	06/01/2026
Mid-Tex	DARR	09/30/2025	32,050	—	32,050	06/01/2026
Colorado-Kansas	Kansas SIP	12/31/2025	777	—	777	04/01/2026
Colorado-Kansas	Colorado SSIR	12/31/2026	409	—	409	01/01/2026
Colorado-Kansas	Kansas GSRS	06/30/2025	1,949	—	1,949	12/04/2025
Kentucky/Mid-States	Kentucky PRP	09/30/2026	4,670	—	4,670	10/02/2025
Kentucky/Mid-States	Virginia - SAVE	09/30/2026	549	—	549	10/01/2025
Mid-Tex	Mid-Tex Cities RRM	12/31/2024	138,508	—	138,508	10/01/2025
Total 2026 Filings			<u>\$ 253,620</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 253,620</u>	

Rate Case Filings

A rate case is a formal request from Atmos Energy to a regulatory authority to increase rates that are charged to our customers. Rate cases may also be initiated when the regulatory authorities request us to justify our rates. This process is referred to as a “show cause” action. Adequate rates are intended to provide for recovery of the Company’s costs as well as a fair rate of return and ensure that we continue to deliver reliable, reasonably priced natural gas service safely to our customers. The following table summarizes the rate cases completed in our distribution segment during the nine months ended June 30, 2026.

Division	State	Increase (Decrease) in Annual Operating Income	EDIT Impact (In thousands)	Increase (Decrease) in Annual Operating Income Excluding EDIT	Effective Date
<i>2026 Rate Case Filings:</i>					
Colorado-Kansas	Kansas	\$ 12,330	\$ (3,998)	\$ 8,332	03/01/2026
Mississippi General Rate Case	Mississippi	(23,203)	(11)	(23,214)	12/01/2025
Total 2026 Rate Case Filings		<u>\$ (10,873)</u>	<u>\$ (4,009)</u>	<u>\$ (14,882)</u>	

Pipeline and Storage Segment

Our pipeline and storage segment consists of the regulated pipeline and storage operations of our Atmos Pipeline–Texas Division (APT) and our natural gas transmission operations in Louisiana. APT is an intrastate pipeline in Texas with a heavy concentration in the established natural gas producing areas of central, northern, and eastern Texas, extending into or near the major producing areas of the Barnett Shale, the Texas Gulf Coast, and the Permian Basin of West Texas. APT provides transportation and storage services to our Mid-Tex Division, other third-party local distribution companies, industrial, and electric generation customers, as well as marketers and producers. Over 80 percent of this segment’s revenues are derived from these APT services. These revenues are subject to traditional ratemaking governed by the Texas Railroad Commission (RRC). As part of its pipeline operations, APT owns and operates five underground storage facilities in Texas.

Our natural gas transmission operations in Louisiana are comprised of a 21-mile pipeline located in the New Orleans, Louisiana area that is primarily used to aggregate gas supply for our distribution division in Louisiana under a long-term contract and, on a more limited basis, to third parties. The demand fee charged to our Louisiana distribution division for these services is subject to regulatory approval by the Louisiana Public Service Commission. We also manage two asset management plans, which have been approved by applicable state regulatory commissions. Generally, these asset management plans require us to share with our distribution customers a significant portion of the cost savings earned from these arrangements.

Our pipeline and storage segment is impacted by seasonal weather patterns, competitive factors in the energy industry, and economic conditions in our Texas and Louisiana service areas. Natural gas prices do not directly impact the results of this segment as revenues are derived from the transportation and storage of natural gas. However, natural gas prices and demand for natural gas could influence the level of drilling activity in the supply areas that we serve, which may influence the level of throughput we may be able to transport on our pipelines. Further, natural gas price differences between the various hubs that we serve in Texas could influence the volumes of gas transported for shippers through our Texas pipeline system and rates for such transportation.

The results of APT are also significantly impacted by the natural gas requirements of its local distribution company customers. Additionally, its operations may be impacted by the timing of when costs and expenses are incurred and when these costs and expenses are recovered through its tariffs.

APT annually uses GRIP to recover capital costs incurred in the prior calendar year. On February 13, 2026, APT made a GRIP filing that covered changes in net property, plant and equipment investments from January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025 with a requested increase in operating income of \$112.2 million. On May 12, 2026, the RRC approved the Company's GRIP filing.

The demand fee our Louisiana natural gas transmission pipeline charges to our Louisiana distribution division increases five percent annually and has been approved by the Louisiana Public Service Commission until September 30, 2027.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2026 compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2025

Financial and operational highlights for our pipeline and storage segment for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 are presented below.

	Three Months Ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change
	(In thousands, unless otherwise noted)		
Mid-Tex / Affiliate transportation revenue	\$ 243,511	\$ 207,944	\$ 35,567
Third-party transportation revenue	81,735	60,422	21,313
Other revenue	7,807	4,022	3,785
Total operating revenues	333,053	272,388	60,665
Total purchased gas cost	(452)	(1,548)	1,096
Operating expenses	122,172	117,335	4,837
Operating income	211,333	156,601	54,732
Other non-operating income	7,281	13,083	(5,802)
Interest charges	20,274	19,266	1,008
Income before income taxes	198,340	150,418	47,922
Income tax expense	45,036	34,470	10,566
Net income	\$ 153,304	\$ 115,948	\$ 37,356
Gross pipeline transportation volumes — MMcf	216,439	216,416	23
Consolidated pipeline transportation volumes — MMcf	184,526	184,105	421

Operating income for our pipeline and storage segment increased 34.9 percent. Key drivers for the change in operating income include:

- a \$35.1 million increase primarily due to rate adjustments from the GRIP filings approved in June 2025 and May 2026.
- a \$4.3 million increase due to higher capacity contracted by tariff-based customers due to their increased peak day demand.
- an \$18.1 million increase in APT's through-system activities primarily associated with increased spreads.

Partially offset by:

- an \$8.4 million increase in depreciation expense and property taxes associated with increased capital investments.

Additionally, our pipeline and storage segment's income before income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2026 was favorably impacted by \$12.1 million as a result of Texas legislation that became effective during the third quarter of fiscal 2025 related to infrastructure spending. This amount is reflected in the respective line items in which the costs are incurred, including operating expenses of \$8.6 million and interest charges.

Nine Months Ended June 30, 2026 compared with Nine Months Ended June 30, 2025

Financial and operational highlights for our pipeline and storage segment for the nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 are presented below.

	Nine Months Ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change
	(In thousands, unless otherwise noted)		
Mid-Tex / Affiliate transportation revenue	\$ 680,779	\$ 602,105	\$ 78,674
Third-party transportation revenue	214,871	174,061	40,810
Other revenue	13,325	10,611	2,714
Total operating revenues	908,975	786,777	122,198
Total purchased gas cost	1,836	(638)	2,474
Operating expenses	331,384	342,161	(10,777)
Operating income	575,755	445,254	130,501
Other non-operating income	31,205	38,361	(7,156)
Interest charges	48,843	57,869	(9,026)
Income before income taxes	558,117	425,746	132,371
Income tax expense	126,488	93,220	33,268
Net income	\$ 431,629	\$ 332,526	\$ 99,103
Gross pipeline transportation volumes — MMcf	681,829	678,457	3,372
Consolidated pipeline transportation volumes — MMcf	526,249	507,870	18,379

Operating income for our pipeline and storage segment increased 29.3 percent. Key drivers for the change in operating income include:

- a \$75.7 million increase primarily due to rate adjustments from the GRIP filings approved in June 2025 and May 2026.
- a \$12.1 million increase due to higher capacity contracted by tariff-based customers due to their increased peak day demand.
- a \$33.8 million increase in APT's through-system activities primarily associated with increased spreads.

Partially offset by:

- a \$20.7 million increase in depreciation expense and property taxes associated with increased capital investments.

Additionally, our pipeline and storage segment's income before income taxes for the nine months ended June 30, 2026 was favorably impacted by \$61.6 million as a result of Texas legislation that became effective during the third quarter of fiscal 2025 related to infrastructure spending. This amount is reflected in the respective line items in which the costs are incurred, including operating expenses of \$41.7 million and interest charges.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The liquidity required to fund our working capital, capital expenditures, and other cash needs is provided from a combination of internally generated cash flows and external debt and equity financing. Additionally, we have a \$1.5 billion commercial paper program and four committed revolving credit facilities with \$3.1 billion in total availability from third-party lenders. The commercial paper program and credit facilities provide cost-effective, short-term financing until it can be replaced with a balance of long-term debt and equity financing that achieves the Company's desired capital structure. Additionally, we have various uncommitted trade credit lines with our gas suppliers that we utilize to purchase natural gas on a monthly basis.

We have a shelf registration statement on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that allows us to issue up to \$8.0 billion in common stock and/or debt securities, which expires December 3, 2027. As of June 30, 2026, \$4.5 billion of securities were available for issuance under this shelf registration statement.

We also have an at-the-market (ATM) equity sales program under which we may issue and sell shares of our common stock up to an aggregate offering price of \$1.7 billion (including shares of common stock that may be sold pursuant to forward sale agreements entered into in connection with the ATM equity sales program), which expires December 3, 2027. As of June 30, 2026, \$506.5 million of equity was available for issuance under our existing ATM equity sales program. Additionally, as of June 30, 2026, we had \$936.8 million in available proceeds from outstanding forward sale agreements. Additional details are summarized in Note 8 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The liquidity provided by these sources is expected to be sufficient to fund the Company's working capital needs and capital expenditure program for the remainder of fiscal year 2026. Additionally, we expect to continue to be able to obtain financing upon reasonable terms as necessary.

The following table presents our capitalization inclusive of short-term debt and the current portion of long-term debt as of June 30, 2026, September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025:

	June 30, 2026		September 30, 2025		June 30, 2025	
			(In thousands, except percentages)			
Short-term debt	\$	—	— %	\$	—	— %
Long-term debt ⁽¹⁾		10,251,258	40.2 %		8,918,944	39.7 %
Shareholders' equity		15,258,058	59.8 %		13,558,890	60.3 %
Total	\$	25,509,316	100.0 %	\$	22,477,834	100.0 %

(1) Inclusive of our finance leases, but exclusive of AEK's securitized long-term debt.

Cash Flows

Our internally generated funds may change in the future due to a number of factors, some of which we cannot control. These factors include regulatory changes, the price for our services, demand for such products and services, margin requirements resulting from significant changes in commodity prices, operational risks, and other factors.

Cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities for the nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 are presented below.

	Nine Months Ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change
	(In thousands)		
Total cash provided by (used in)			
Operating activities	\$ 1,671,466	\$ 1,701,332	\$ (29,866)
Investing activities	(3,076,132)	(2,593,666)	(482,466)
Financing activities	1,726,672	1,297,079	429,593
Change in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents	322,006	404,745	(82,739)
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	203,803	308,856	(105,053)
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 525,809	\$ 713,601	\$ (187,792)

Cash flows from operating activities

For the nine months ended June 30, 2026, we generated cash flow from operating activities of \$1,671.5 million compared with \$1,701.3 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2025. Operating cash flow decreased by \$29.9 million primarily due to the timing of gas cost recoveries.

Cash flows from investing activities

Our capital expenditures are primarily used to improve the safety and reliability of our distribution and transmission system through pipeline replacement and system modernization and to enhance and expand our system to meet customer needs.

Over the last three fiscal years, over 85 percent of our capital spending has been committed to improving the safety and reliability of our system.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2026, cash used for investing activities was \$3,076.1 million compared to \$2,593.7 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2025. Capital spending increased \$478.5 million primarily as a result of increased system modernization.

Cash flows from financing activities

For the nine months ended June 30, 2026, our financing activities provided \$1,726.7 million of cash compared with \$1,297.1 million of cash provided by financing activities in the prior-year period.

In the nine months ended June 30, 2026, we received approximately \$2.2 billion in net proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt and equity. On October 1, 2025, We completed a public offering of \$600 million of 5.45% senior notes due January 2056, and received net proceeds from the offering, after the underwriting discount and offering expenses, of \$590.0 million. On June 18, 2026, we completed a public offering of \$700 million of 4.75% senior notes due January 2032, and received the net proceeds from the offering, after the underwriting discount and offering expenses, of \$694.0 million. Additionally, during the nine months ended June 30, 2026, we settled 7,084,863 shares that had been sold on a forward basis for net proceeds of \$941.7 million. The net proceeds were used primarily to support capital spending and for other general corporate purposes. Cash dividends increased due to a 14.9 percent increase in our dividend rate and an increase in shares outstanding.

In the nine months ended June 30, 2025, we received approximately \$1.7 billion in net proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt and equity. We completed a public offering of \$650 million of 5.00% senior notes due December 2054, and received net proceeds from the offering, after the underwriting discount and offering expenses, of \$639.4 million. We also completed a public offering of \$500 million of 5.20% senior notes due August 2035, and received net proceeds from the offering, after the underwriting discount and offering expenses of \$493.9 million. Additionally, during the nine months ended June 30, 2025, we settled 4,907,436 shares that had been sold on a forward basis for net proceeds of \$568.6 million. The net proceeds were used primarily to support capital spending and for other general corporate purposes. Cash dividends increased due to an 8.1 percent increase in our dividend rate and an increase in shares outstanding.

The following table summarizes our share issuances for the nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

	Nine Months Ended June 30	
	2026	2025
Shares issued:		
Direct Stock Purchase Plan	32,965	37,069
1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan	261,132	275,498
Retirement Savings Plan and Trust	38,905	42,163
Equity Issuance	7,084,863	4,907,436
Total shares issued	7,417,865	5,262,166

Credit Ratings

Our credit ratings directly affect our ability to obtain short-term and long-term financing, in addition to the cost of such financing. In determining our credit ratings, the rating agencies consider a number of quantitative factors, including but not limited to, debt to total capitalization, operating cash flow relative to outstanding debt, operating cash flow coverage of interest, and pension liabilities. In addition, the rating agencies consider qualitative factors such as consistency of our earnings over time, the quality of our management and business strategy, the risks associated with our businesses, and the regulatory structures that govern our rates in the states where we operate.

Our debt is rated by two rating agencies: Standard & Poor's Corporation (S&P) and Moody's Investors Service (Moody's). Currently, our outlook and debt ratings, which are all considered investment grade, are as follows:

	S&P	Moody's
Senior unsecured long-term debt	A-	A2
Short-term debt	A-2	P-1
Outlook	Stable	Stable

A significant degradation in our operating performance or a significant reduction in our liquidity caused by more limited access to the private and public credit markets as a result of deteriorating global or national financial and credit conditions could

trigger a negative change in our ratings outlook or even a reduction in our credit ratings by the two credit rating agencies. This would mean more limited access to the private and public credit markets and an increase in the costs of such borrowings.

A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold securities. The highest investment grade credit rating is AAA for S&P and Aaa for Moody's. The lowest investment grade credit rating is BBB- for S&P and Baa3 for Moody's. Our credit ratings may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the rating agencies, and each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating. There can be no assurance that a rating will remain in effect for any given period of time or that a rating will not be lowered, or withdrawn entirely, by a rating agency if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant.

Debt Covenants

We were in compliance with all of our debt covenants as of June 30, 2026. Our debt covenants are described in greater detail in Note 7 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

Except as noted in Note 11 to the condensed consolidated financial statements, there were no significant changes in our contractual obligations and commercial commitments during the nine months ended June 30, 2026.

Risk Management Activities

In our distribution and pipeline and storage segments, we use a combination of physical storage, fixed physical contracts, and fixed financial contracts to reduce our exposure to unusually large winter-period gas price increases. Additionally, we manage interest rate risk by periodically entering into financial instruments to effectively fix the Treasury yield component of the interest cost associated with anticipated financings.

The following table shows the components of the change in fair value of our financial instruments for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

	Three Months Ended June 30		Nine Months Ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
	(In thousands)			
Fair value of contracts at beginning of period	\$ 2,608	\$ 122,648	\$ 3,412	\$ 88,651
Contracts realized/settled	31	265	1,389	(10,536)
Fair value of new contracts	5,248	3,528	5,290	3,485
Other changes in value	(3,859)	5,885	(6,063)	50,726
Fair value of contracts at end of period	4,028	132,326	4,028	132,326
Netting of cash collateral	—	—	—	—
Cash collateral and fair value of contracts at period end	<u>\$ 4,028</u>	<u>\$ 132,326</u>	<u>\$ 4,028</u>	<u>\$ 132,326</u>

The fair value of our financial instruments at June 30, 2026 is presented below by time period and fair value source:

Source of Fair Value	Fair Value of Contracts at June 30, 2026				
	Maturity in Years				Total Fair Value
	Less Than 1	1-3	4-5	Greater Than 5	
	(In thousands)				
Prices actively quoted	\$ 1,002	\$ 3,026	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4,028
Prices based on models and other valuation methods	—	—	—	—	—
Total Fair Value	<u>\$ 1,002</u>	<u>\$ 3,026</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 4,028</u>

OPERATING STATISTICS AND OTHER INFORMATION

The following tables present certain operating statistics for our distribution and pipeline and storage segments for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025.

Distribution Sales and Statistical Data

	Three Months Ended June 30		Nine Months Ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
METERS IN SERVICE, end of period				
Residential	3,164,048	3,129,847	3,164,048	3,129,847
Commercial	253,574	254,871	253,574	254,871
Industrial	1,465	1,462	1,465	1,462
Public authority and other	5,514	5,626	5,514	5,626
Total meters	3,424,601	3,391,806	3,424,601	3,391,806
INVENTORY STORAGE BALANCE — Bcf	72.6	59.5	72.6	59.5
SALES VOLUMES — MMcf ⁽¹⁾				
Gas sales volumes				
Residential	14,832	17,333	125,148	143,248
Commercial	15,697	16,781	81,738	87,188
Industrial	6,237	5,934	19,859	20,277
Public authority and other	610	960	3,250	5,372
Total gas sales volumes	37,376	41,008	229,995	256,085
Transportation volumes	37,679	36,220	120,500	124,045
Total throughput	75,055	77,228	350,495	380,130

Pipeline and Storage Operations Sales and Statistical Data

	Three Months Ended June 30		Nine Months Ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
CUSTOMERS, end of period				
Industrial	92	91	92	91
Other	212	201	212	201
Total	304	292	304	292
INVENTORY STORAGE BALANCE — Bcf	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION VOLUMES — MMcf ⁽¹⁾	216,439	216,416	681,829	678,457

Note to preceding tables:

⁽¹⁾ Sales and transportation volumes reflect segment operations, including intercompany sales and transportation amounts.

RECENT ACCOUNTING DEVELOPMENTS

Recent accounting developments, if any, and their impact on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows are described in Note 2 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Item 3. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk*

Information regarding our quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk are disclosed in Item 7A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. During the nine months ended June 30, 2026, there were no material changes in our quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk.

Item 4. *Controls and Procedures*

Management’s Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act). Based on this evaluation, the Company’s principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2026 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us, including our consolidated entities, in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified by the SEC’s rules and forms, including a reasonable level of assurance that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We did not make any changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the third quarter of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. *Legal Proceedings*

During the nine months ended June 30, 2026, except as noted in Note 11 to the condensed consolidated financial statements, there were no material changes in the status of the litigation and other matters that were disclosed in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. We continue to believe that the final outcome of such litigation and other matters or claims will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 1A. *Risk Factors*

There were no material changes from the risk factors disclosed under the heading “Risk Factors” in Item 1A in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2025.

Item 5. *Other Information*

During the three months ended June 30, 2026, no director or Section 16 officer of the Company adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of this Quarterly Report.

Exhibit Number	Description	Page Number or Incorporation by Reference to
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Formation of Atmos Energy Corporation filed with the State of Texas (As Amended and Restated February 6, 2026)	Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K dated February 10, 2026 (File No. 001-10042)
3.2	Restated Articles of Incorporation of Atmos Energy Corporation filed with the Commonwealth of Virginia (As Restated Effective February 9, 2026)	Exhibit 3.2 to Form 8-K dated February 10, 2026 (File No. 001-10042)
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Atmos Energy Corporation (as of February 4, 2026)	Exhibit 3.3 to Form 8-K dated February 10, 2026 (File No. 001-10042)
4.1(a)	Officers' Certificate dated June 18, 2026	Exhibit 4.2 to Form 8-K dated June 18, 2026 (File No. 001-10042)
4.1(b)	Global Security for the 4.750% Senior Notes due 2032	Exhibit 4.3 to Form 8-K dated June 18, 2026 (File No. 001-10042)
4.1(c)	Global Security for the 4.750% Senior Notes due 2032	Exhibit 4.4 to Form 8-K dated June 18, 2026 (File No. 001-10042)
15	Letter regarding unaudited interim financial information	
31	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications	
32	Section 1350 Certifications*	
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - the Instance Document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.	
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema	
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase	
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase	
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase	
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase	
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File - the cover page interactive data file does not appear in the interactive data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document	

* These certifications, which were made pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 by the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, furnished as Exhibit 32 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, will not be deemed to be filed with the Commission or incorporated by reference into any filing by the Company under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except to the extent that the Company specifically incorporates such certifications by reference.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION
(Registrant)

By: /s/ CHRISTOPHER T. FORSYTHE
Christopher T. Forsythe
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Duly authorized signatory)

Date: August 5, 2026

Board of Directors and Shareholders of Atmos Energy Corporation
Atmos Energy Corporation

We are aware of the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements (Form S-3, No. 33-37869; Form S-3, No. 33-58220; Form S-3D/A, No. 33-70212; Form S-3, No. 33-56915; Form S-3/A, No. 333-03339; Form S-3/A, No. 333-32475; Form S-3, No. 333-95525; Form S-3D, No. 333-113603; Form S-3D, No. 333-155666; Form S-3D, No. 333-208317; Form S-3ASR, No. 333-271038; Form S-3ASR, No. 333-283563; Form S-4, No. 333-13429; Form S-8, No. 33-57687; Form S-8, No. 33-57695; Form S-8, No. 333-32343; Form S-8, No. 333-46337; Form S-8, No. 333-73143; Form S-8, No. 333-73145; Form S-8, No. 333-63738; Form S-8, No. 333-88832; Form S-8, No. 333-116367; Form S-8, No. 333-138209; Form S-8, No. 333-145817; Form S-8, No. 333-155570; Form S-8, No. 333-166639; Form S-8, No. 333-177593; Form S-8, No. 333-199301; Form S-8, No. 333-210461; Form S-8, No. 333-217739; and Form S-8, No. 333-286862) of Atmos Energy Corporation and in the related Prospectuses of our report dated August 5, 2026, relating to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Atmos Energy Corporation, which are included in its Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2026.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Dallas, Texas
August 5, 2026

RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATIONS

I, John K. Akers, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Atmos Energy Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 5, 2026

/s/ JOHN K. AKERS

John K. Akers
President and
Chief Executive Officer

I, Christopher T. Forsythe, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Atmos Energy Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 5, 2026

/s/ CHRISTOPHER T. FORSYTHE

Christopher T. Forsythe
Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002
(18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Atmos Energy Corporation (the “Company”) on Form 10-Q for the third quarter of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, John K. Akers, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

August 5, 2026

/s/ JOHN K. AKERS

John K. Akers
President and
Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement has been provided to Atmos Energy Corporation and will be retained by Atmos Energy Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002
(18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Atmos Energy Corporation (the “Company”) on Form 10-Q for the third quarter of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, Christopher T. Forsythe, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

August 5, 2026

/s/ CHRISTOPHER T. FORSYTHE

Christopher T. Forsythe
Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement has been provided to Atmos Energy Corporation and will be retained by Atmos Energy Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.