

2025 Third Quarter Earnings

11:00 a.m. ET, October 30, 2025



NYSE: CDE

> Cautionary Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of securities legislation in the United States and Canada, including statements involving strategic priorities and company strategies, growth, anticipated production, costs and expenses, exploration and development efforts, operations, expectations and initiatives at Las Chispas, Palmarejo, Rochester, Kensington, Wharf and Silvertip, corporate responsibility goals, efforts and achievements, capital allocation and estimates, liquidity sources, free cash flow, and mineral reserve and resource estimates. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors which may cause Coeur's actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, the risk that anticipated production, cost and expense levels are not attained, the risks and hazards inherent in the mining business (including risks inherent in developing and expanding large-scale mining projects, environmental hazards, industrial accidents, weather or geologically-related conditions), changes in the market prices of gold and silver and a sustained lower price or higher treatment and refining charge environment, the uncertainties inherent in Coeur's production, exploration and development activities, including risks relating to permitting and regulatory delays, mining law changes, ground conditions, grade and recovery variability, any future labor disputes or work stoppages (involving the Company and its subsidiaries or third parties), the risk of adverse outcomes in litigation, the uncertainties inherent in the estimation of mineral reserves and resources, impacts from Coeur's future acquisition of new mining properties or businesses, the loss of access or insolvency of any third-party refiner or smelter to whom Coeur markets its production, materials and equipment availability, inflationary pressures, continued access to financing sources, the effects of environmental and other governmental regulations and government shut-downs, the risks inherent in the ownership or operation of or investment in mining properties or businesses in foreign countries, implementation of tariffs or trade barriers, Coeur's ability to raise additional financing necessary to conduct its business, changes in applicable tax laws or regulatory interpretations, make payments or refinance its debt, as well as other uncertainties and risk factors set out in filings made from time to time with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, and the Canadian securities regulators, including, without limitation, Coeur's most recent reports on Form 10-K and Form 10-Q. Actual results, developments, and timetables could vary significantly from the estimates presented. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Coeur disclaims any intent or obligation to update publicly such forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. Additionally, Coeur undertakes no obligation to comment on analyses, expectations, or statements made by third parties in respect of Coeur, its financial or operating results or its securities.

The scientific and technical information concerning Coeur's mineral projects in this presentation have been reviewed and approved by a "qualified person" under Item 1300 of SEC Regulation S-K, namely Coeur's Vice President, Technical Services, Christopher Pascoe. For a description of the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate mineral reserves and mineral resources included in this presentation that relate to Coeur's mineral projects, as well as data verification procedures and a general discussion of the extent to which the estimates may be affected by any known environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, sociopolitical, marketing or other relevant factors, please review the Technical Report Summaries for each of Coeur's material properties which are available at www.sec.gov. 2024, 2023, 2022, and 2021 reserves and resources were determined in accordance with Item 1300 of SEC Regulation S-K. Reserves and resources for certain prior periods, including 2019, were determined in accordance with Canadian National Instrument 43-101. Both sets of reporting standards have similar goals in terms of conveying an appropriate level of confidence in the disclosures being reported, but the standards embody slightly different approaches and definitions. The ranges of potential tonnage and grade (or quality) of the exploration results described in this presentation are conceptual in nature. There has been insufficient exploration work to estimate a mineral resource. It is uncertain if further exploration will result in the estimation of a mineral resource. The exploration results described in this presentation therefore do not represent, and should not be construed to be, an estimate of a mineral resource or mineral reserve.

Non-U.S. GAAP Measures - We supplement the reporting of our financial information determined under United States generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) with certain non-U.S. GAAP financial measures, including adjusted net income (loss), operating cash flow before changes in working capital, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, total leverage, net leverage, free cash flow, adjusted costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound and adjusted liquidity. We believe that these adjusted measures provide meaningful information to assist management, investors and analysts in understanding our financial results and assessing our prospects for future performance. We believe these adjusted financial measures are important indicators of our recurring operations because they exclude items that may not be indicative of, or are unrelated to our core operating results, and provide a better baseline for analyzing trends in our underlying businesses. We believe adjusted net income (loss), adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, total leverage, net leverage, free cash flow, adjusted costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound and adjusted liquidity are important measures in assessing the Company's overall financial performance. This presentation does not represent an offer of any securities for sale.

> Third Quarter 2025 Highlights



✓ Record quarterly production supported by solid cost performance



✓ Record quarterly net income, free cash flow and adjusted EBITDA^{1,2}



✓ Cash balance more than doubled; net leverage ratio falls to 0.1x



✓ ~10% of \$75 million share repurchase program complete



✓ Las Chispas outperforms; integration now complete



✓ Full-year EBITDA and FCF targets increased; guidance ranges refined

(1) See non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

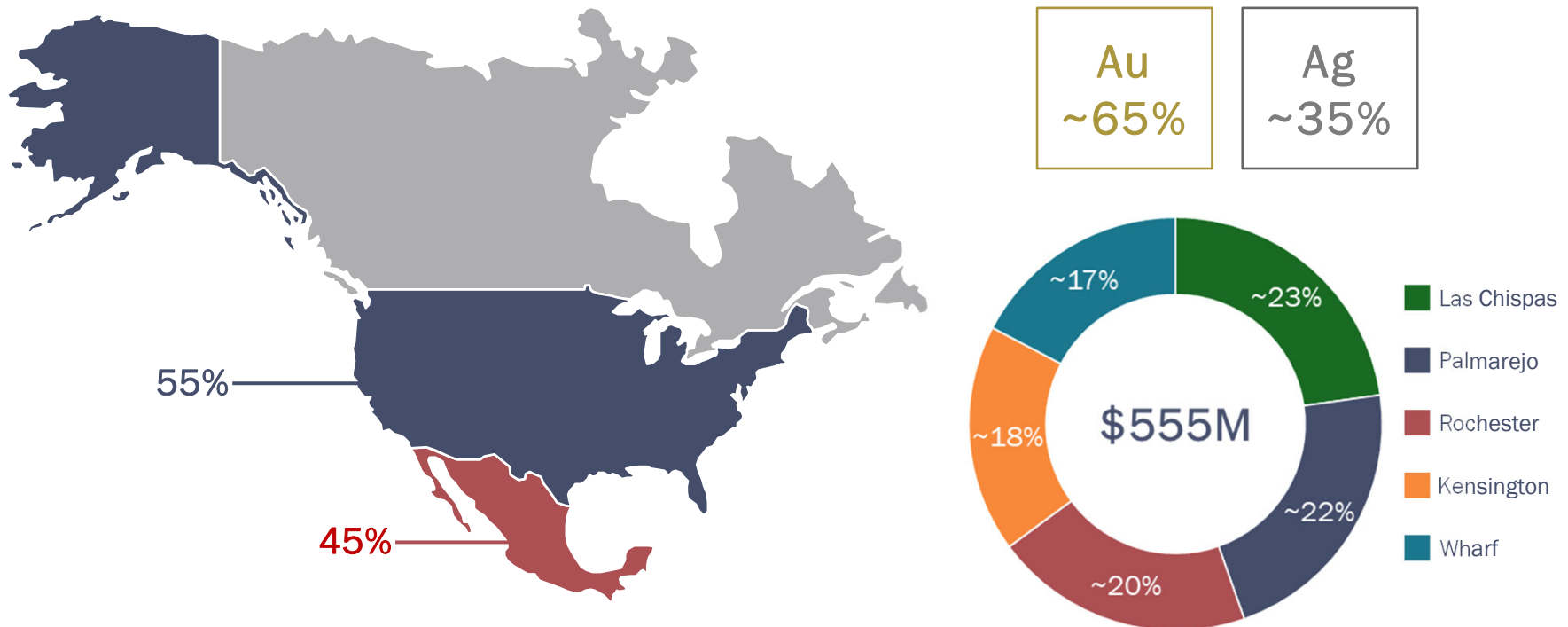
(2) Free cash flow is defined as cash flow from operating activities less capital expenditures. See reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

> A Well-Balanced Precious Metals Mining Company



With the completion of the Rochester expansion and the integration of Las Chispas, the Company's combined gold and silver operations reflect a more balanced portfolio

Third Quarter 2025 Revenue Mix



> Production Trends on Track Toward 2025 Guidance

	3Q 2025	YTD	Updated Full-Year Guidance ¹	Progress ²	Implied 4Q 2025	Comments
Gold Production (oz)						
Las Chispas	16,540	39,986	50,000 – 58,000	74%	10,014 – 18,014	• YTD results reflect closing of SilverCrest transaction on February 14
Palmarejo	24,802	75,106	96,000 – 106,000	74%	20,894 – 30,894	• Higher mill throughput • Increased recoveries
Rochester	14,801	42,456	55,000 – 62,500	72%	12,544 – 20,044	• See comments under Silver Production for additional details
Kensington	27,231	76,501	98,500 – 108,500	74%	21,999 – 31,999	• Higher grades due to enhanced mine flexibility
Wharf	27,990	72,568	93,000 – 103,000	74%	20,432 – 30,432	• Higher grades expected in the fourth quarter
Total Gold Production	111,364	306,617	392,500 – 438,000	74%	85,883 – 131,383	
Silver Production (K oz)						
Las Chispas	1,572	3,775	5,000 – 5,500	72%	1,225 – 1,725	• See comments under Gold Production for additional details
Palmarejo	1,514	4,935	6,000 – 6,800	77%	1,065 – 1,865	• See comments under Gold Production for additional details
Rochester	1,644	4,384	6,000 – 6,700	69%	1,616 – 2,316	• Quarter-over-quarter increase driven by higher ore tons placed
Wharf	25	112	100 – 150	90%	(12) - 38	• Byproduct of gold production
Total Silver Production	4,756	13,207	17,100 – 19,150	73%	3,894 – 5,944	

Note: Percentages may differ due to rounding.

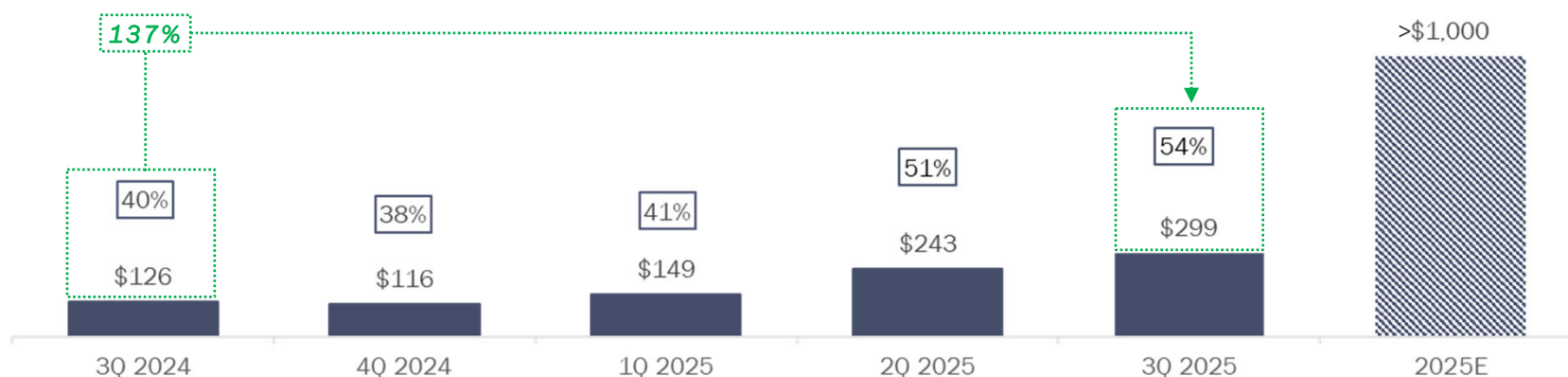
(1) Guidance as published by Coeur on October 29, 2025.

(2) Percentage progress figures based on midpoint of guidance ranges.

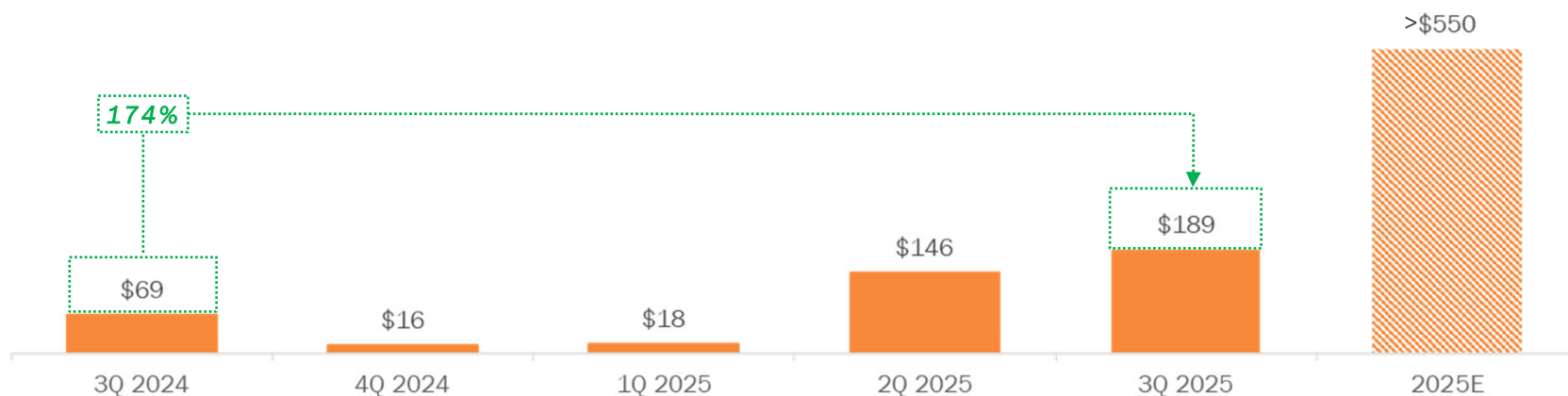
> Financial Results Reflect Step Change Now Underway

With the addition of Las Chispas, the expansion of Rochester, and the power of a well-balanced portfolio, coupled with higher metals prices, Coeur is seeing a step-change in its cash flow and margin profile

Adjusted EBITDA/Margin^{1,2,3}
(\$M)



Free Cash Flow^{1,2,3}
(\$M)



(1) See non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

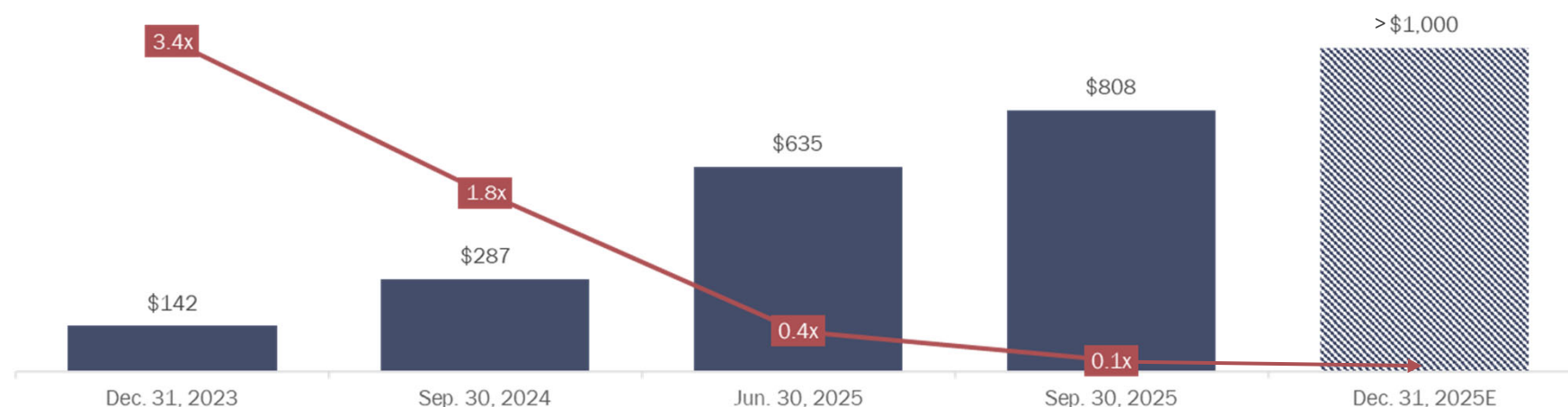
(2) 2025E EBITDA and Free Cash Flow based on midpoint of Company production guidance published on October 29, 2025, and updated forecast pricing of \$4,000 gold and \$50 silver.

(3) Free cash flow is defined as cash flow from operating activities less capital expenditures. See reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

> Rapidly Strengthening Balance Sheet

LTM Adjusted EBITDA / Net Leverage Ratio^{1,2}

(\$M)



Debt and Leverage Summary^{1,2}

(\$M)

	Jun. 30, 2025	Sep. 30, 2025
5.125% senior notes due 2029	\$290.4	\$290.6
Revolving credit facility	0.0	0.0
Capital lease obligations	90.3	72.9
TOTAL DEBT	\$380.7	\$363.5
Cash and cash equivalents	\$111.6	\$266.3
LEVERAGE RATIOS		
LTM adjusted EBITDA	\$634.8	\$807.8
Total debt / LTM adjusted EBITDA	0.6x	0.4x
Net debt / LTM adjusted EBITDA	0.4x	0.1x

3Q 2025 Balance Sheet Highlights

- ✓ ~10% of \$75 million share repurchase program completed
- ✓ Cash balance more than doubled to \$266 million
- ✓ Capital leases declined by 19% to \$73 million
- ✓ Net leverage ratio decreased to 0.1x

(1) See non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(2) Net debt equals total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

> Summary of Quarterly Financial Results



(\$M, except metal sales, adj. EBITDA margin and per share and per ounce amounts)	3Q 2025	2Q 2025	QoQ Δ	3Q 2024	YoY Δ
Metal Sales					
Avg. Realized Price Per Ounce (Au)	\$3,148	\$3,021	4%	\$2,309	36%
Avg. Realized Price Per Ounce (Ag)	\$38.93	\$33.72	15%	\$29.86	30%
Gold ounces sold (oz)	114,495	106,948	7%	96,913	18%
Silver ounces sold (M oz)	5.0	4.7	7%	3.0	66%
Key Financials					
Revenue	\$554.6	\$480.7	15%	\$313.5	77%
Exploration investment ¹	\$30.3	\$29.9	1%	\$24.5	23%
Net income (loss)	\$266.8	\$70.7	277%	\$48.7	448%
Cash flow from operating activities	\$237.7	\$207.0	15%	\$111.1	114%
Capital expenditures	\$49.0	\$60.8	(19%)	\$42.0	17%
Free cash flow ^{2,3}	\$188.7	\$146.1	29%	\$69.1	173%
Adjusted Financials					
Adjusted CAS AuOz ²	\$1,215	\$1,260	(4%)	\$1,113	9%
Adjusted CAS AgOz ²	\$14.95	\$13.41	11%	\$15.67	(5%)
Adjusted net income (loss) ²	\$147.3	\$127.4	16%	\$47.2	212%
Adjusted EBITDA ²	\$299.1	\$243.5	23%	\$126.0	137%
Adjusted EBITDA margin ²	54%	51%	3%	40%	14%
LTM Adjusted EBITDA ²	\$807.8	\$634.8	27%	\$287.1	181%
LTM Adjusted EBITDA margin ²	47%	43%	4%	28%	19%
Cash flow from operating activities (before changes in working capital) ²	\$238.7	\$161.6	48%	\$86.9	175%
Per Share Financials					
Net income (loss) per share	\$0.41	\$0.11	273%	\$0.12	239%
Adjusted net income (loss) per share	\$0.23	\$0.20	16%	\$0.12	96%

Note: "NM" means not meaningful. Percentages may differ due to rounding.

(1) Exploration investment includes expensed and capitalized exploration.

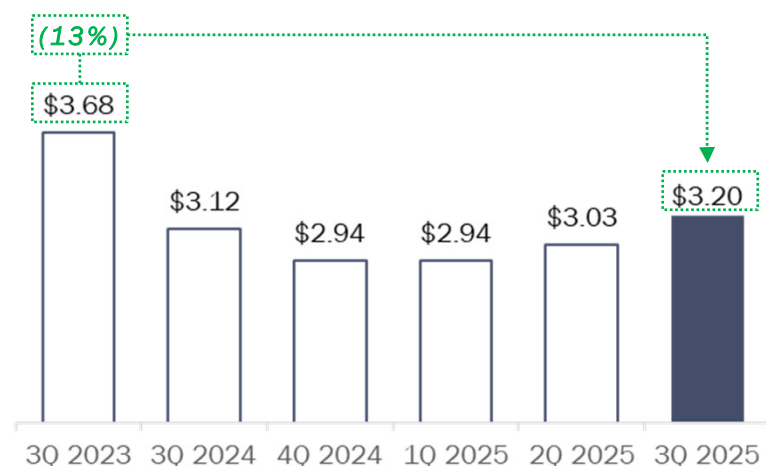
(2) See non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(3) Free cash flow is defined as cash flow from operating activities less capital expenditures. See reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

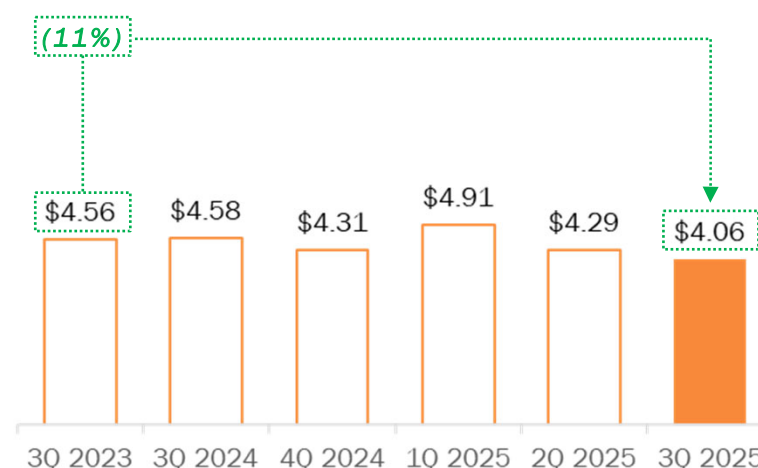
> Subsiding Inflationary Cost Pressures

Overall, Coeur has seen inflationary pressures subside in recent quarters – particularly compared to two years ago – which is leading to strong margin expansion with higher gold and silver prices

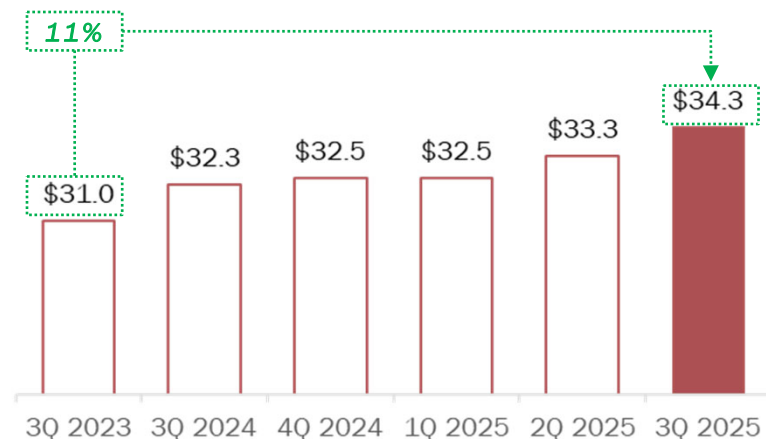
Diesel Cost Per Gallon



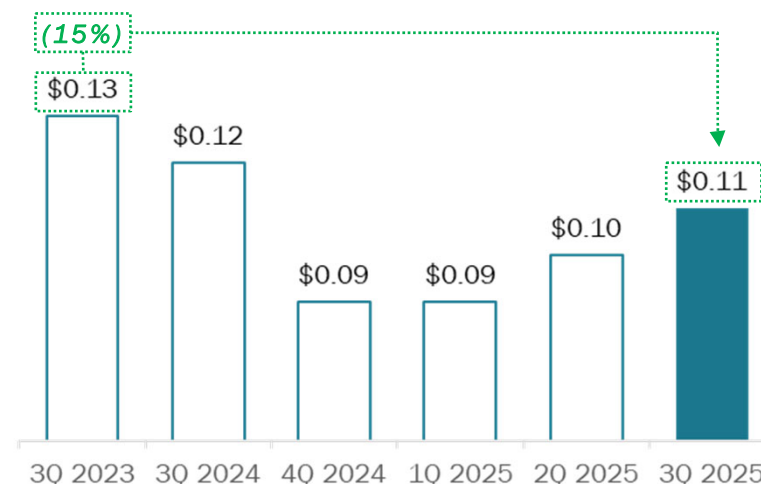
Materials, Parts & Supplies Cost Per Ore Ton Mined



Labor Cost Per Employee
(\$K)



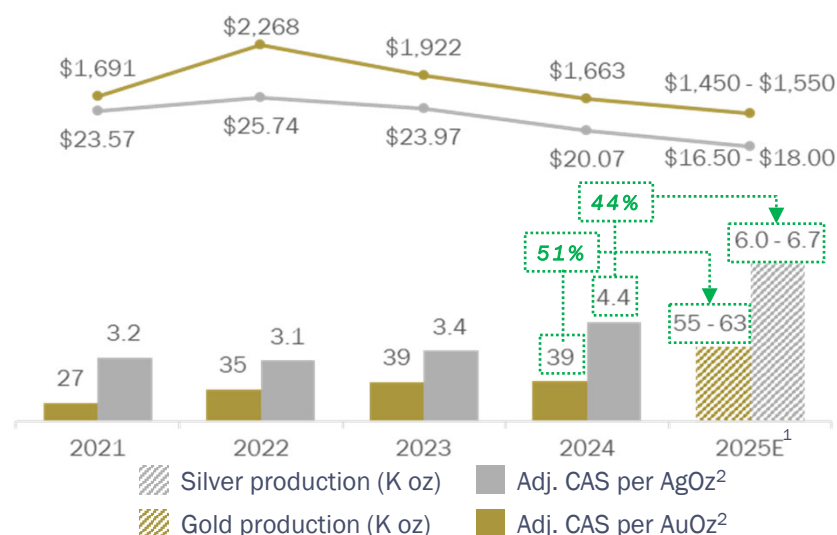
Power Cost Per Kilowatt



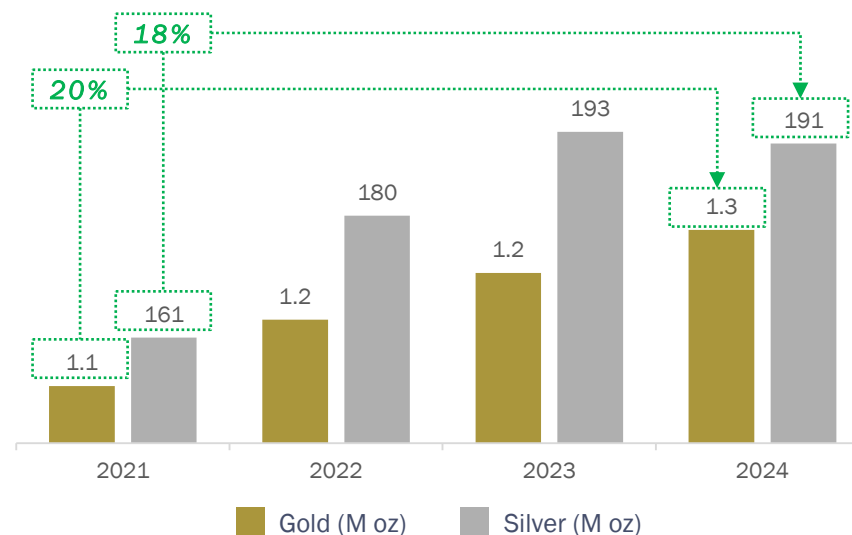
> Rochester Expansion Overview

Rochester is one of the largest operations of its kind in the world and is America's largest source of domestically produced and refined silver. 2025 represents the first full year post-expansion with ~50% expected production increases, >10% lower expected costs, and a substantially larger reserve base

Production and Cost Profile



Proven and Probable Reserves³



Operating and Cash Flow Trends

	3Q 2024	4Q 2025	1Q 2025	2Q 2025	3Q 2025
Ore tons placed	7.1M	8.2M	7.0M	7.9M	8.3M
Crushed ore tons placed	6.4M	5.1M	5.5M	6.7M	6.3M
Operating cash flow (\$M)	\$3.2	\$26.0	(\$7.0)	\$39.6	\$41.2
Free cash flow (\$M)	(\$6.9)	\$12.2	(\$21.8)	\$15.1	\$29.6

(1) Guidance as published by Coeur on October 29, 2025.

(2) See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

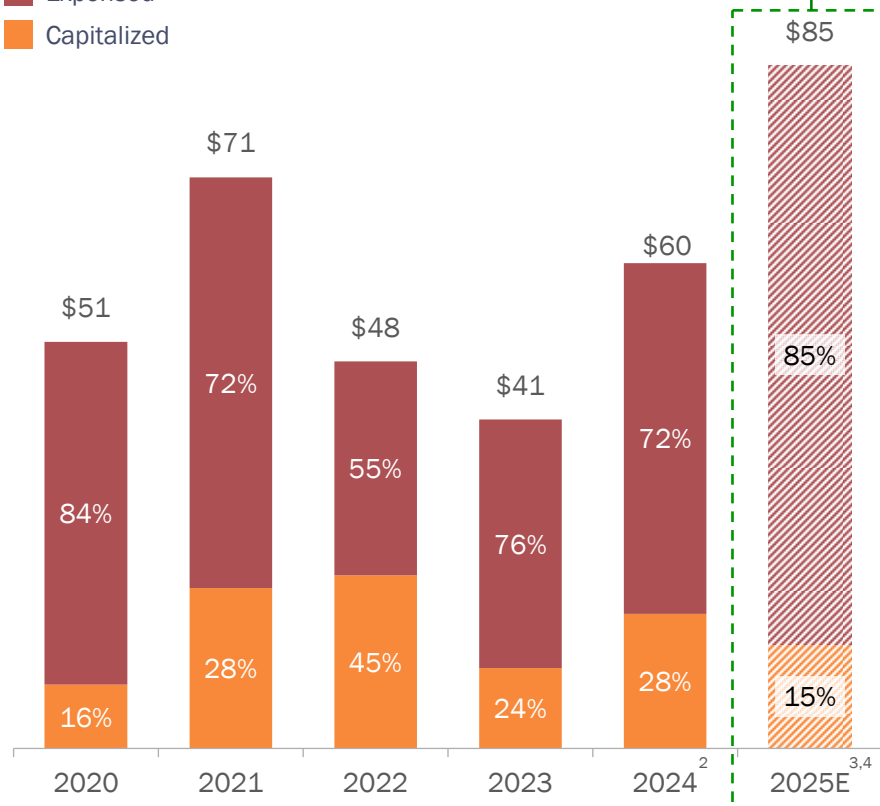
(3) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

> Sustaining a Higher Level of Exploration Investment

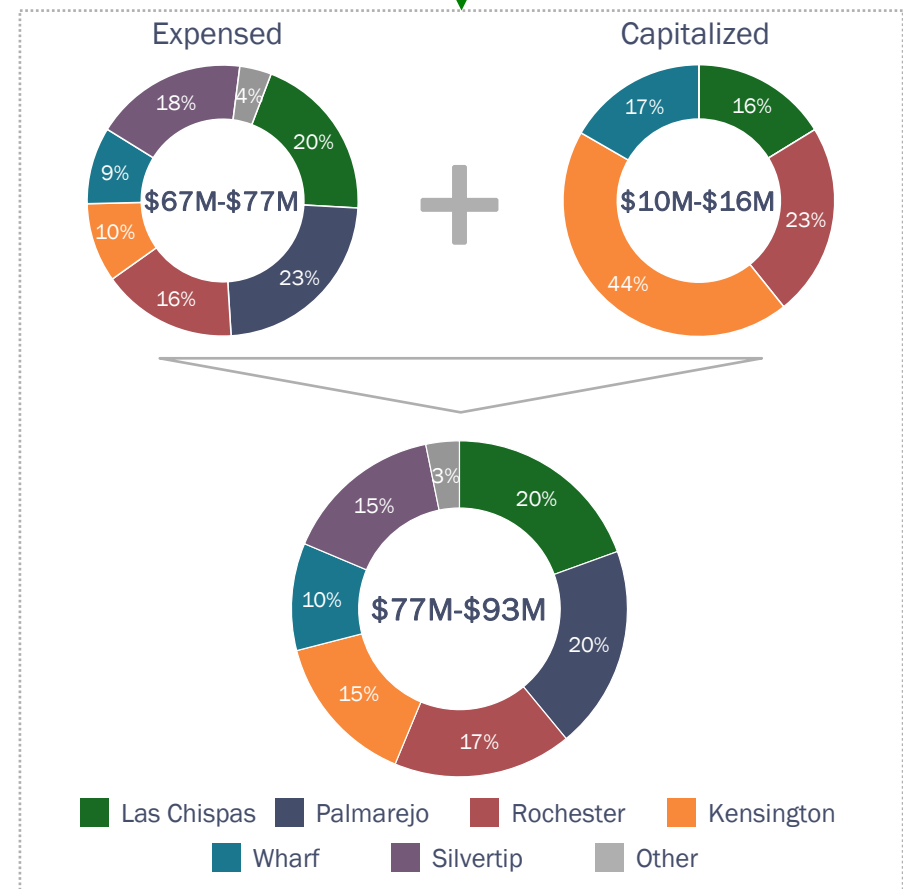
The Company remains focused on generating high returns from exploration in 2025, with significant investments at targeting resource expansion at Palmarejo, Las Chispas and Silvertip, targeting reserve increases at Kensington and Wharf, and targeting higher grades earlier in Rochester mine life

Total Exploration Investment
(\$M)

Expensed
Capitalized



2025E Exploration Investment by Site^{1,2,3,4}



(1) Guidance as published by Coeur on October 29, 2025.

(2) Actual figure excludes approximately \$16 million associated with underground mine development and support costs at Silvertip.

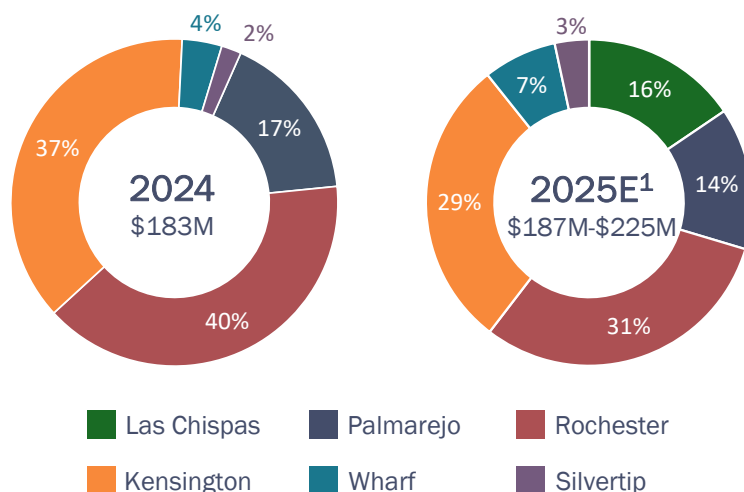
(3) Figures and percentages reflect midpoint of guidance as published by Coeur on October 29, 2025.

(4) Figures exclude \$17 - \$22 million associated with underground mine development and support costs at Silvertip.

> Investing in Organic Growth Opportunities

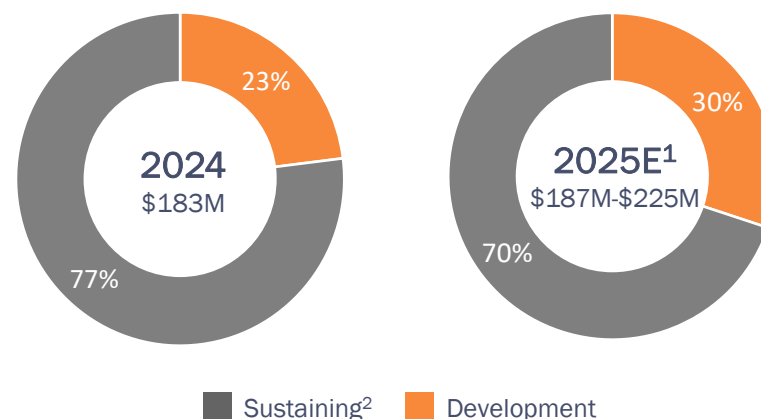
Capital Expenditures by Mine

(% companywide total)



Capital Expenditures Composition

(% companywide total)



	3Q 2025	Full-Year Guidance ¹	Progress ¹	Implied 4Q 2025	2025 Key Capital Investments
Las Chispas	\$10M	\$30M - \$34M	76%	\$6M - \$10M	• Underground development
Palmarejo	\$6M	\$26M - \$32M	59%	\$9M - \$15M	• Underground mine development in new mine areas driven by ongoing exploration success
Rochester	\$12M	\$57M - \$70M	80%	\$6M - \$19M	• Crusher optimization projects • Phase 2 development of Leach Pad VI
Kensington	\$16M	\$55M - \$64M	80%	\$8M - \$17M	• Tailings dam lift to support extended mine life
Wharf	\$3M	\$13M - \$17M	94%	\$(1)M - \$3M	• Infrastructure investments to support anticipated material mine life extension
Silvertip	\$3M	\$6M - \$8M	71%	\$1M - \$3M	• Infrastructure investments to support exploration
TOTAL	\$49M	\$187M - \$225M	77%	\$28M - \$66M	

Note: Capital expenditures includes capitalized exploration. Percentage may differ due to rounding.

(1) Guidance as published by Coeur on October 29, 2025. Percentages based on midpoint of 2025 guidance.

(2) Sustaining capital expenditures net of capital leases.

> Looking Ahead: Key Deliverables for 4Q 2025

- ✓ Maintain sector-leading safety performance
- ✓ Continue delivering higher crushing rates at targeted PSD at Rochester
- ✓ Build cash and further strengthen the balance sheet
- ✓ Deliver results from high-return exploration investments
- ✓ Carry out exploration program at Silvertip to support Initial Assessment
- ✓ Continue repurchasing shares under the \$75 million repurchase program

> 2025 Production and CAS Guidance Refined¹



Production Outlook

	Previous ³		Updated ¹	
	Gold (oz)	Silver (K oz)	Gold (oz)	Silver (K oz)
Las Chispas	42,500 – 52,500	4,250 – 5,250	50,000 – 58,000	5,000 – 5,500
Palmarejo	95,000 – 105,000	5,400 – 6,500	96,000 – 106,000	6,000 – 6,800
Rochester	60,000 – 75,000	7,000 – 8,300	55,000 – 62,500	6,000 – 6,700
Kensington	92,500 – 107,500	-	98,500 – 108,500	-
Wharf	90,000 – 100,000	50 – 200	93,000 – 103,000	100 – 150
Consolidated	380,000 – 440,000	16,700 – 20,250	392,500 – 438,000	17,100 – 19,150

CAS Outlook²

	Previous ³		Updated ¹	
	Gold (oz)	Silver (K oz)	Gold (oz)	Silver (K oz)
Las Chispas (co-product)	\$850 - \$950	\$9.25 - \$10.25	\$850 - \$950	\$9.25 - \$10.25
Palmarejo (co-product)	\$950 - \$1,150	\$17.00 - \$18.00	\$890 - \$960	\$15.00 - \$16.00
Rochester (co-product)	\$1,250 - \$1,450	\$14.50 - \$16.50	\$1,550 - \$1,650	\$17.00 - \$18.50
Kensington	\$1,700 - \$1,900	-	\$1,700 - \$1,800	-
Wharf (by-product)	\$1,250 - \$1,350	-	\$1,125 - \$1,225	-

Capital, Exploration, G&A and Income and Mining Tax Guidance

(\$M)	Previous ³	Updated ¹	Comments
Capital Expenditures, Sustaining ⁴	\$142 - \$156	\$142 - \$156	
Capital Expenditures, Development	\$55 - \$69	\$55 - \$69	
Exploration, Expensed ⁵	\$67 - \$77	\$67 - \$77	
Exploration, Capitalized	\$10 - \$16	\$10 - \$16	
General & Administrative Expenses	\$48 - \$52	\$50 - \$55	• Increased non-cash equity compensation
Effective Tax Rate (%)	-	27% - 33%	
Cash Taxes	-	\$165 - \$195	

Note: The Company's updated guidance figures assume estimated prices of \$3,411/oz gold and \$37.82/oz silver as well as CAD of 1.38 and MXN of 20.0. Guidance figures exclude the impact of any metal sales or foreign exchange hedges.

(1) Guidance as published by Coeur on October 29, 2025. Las Chispas guidance reflects results from the February 14 closing of the acquisition.

(2) See non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(3) Guidance as published by Coeur on August 6, 2025.

(4) Sustaining capital excluding capital leases. The Company had elected to fund approximately \$10 million of 2025 sustaining capital with cash instead of capital leases as previously reflected in 2025 guidance.

(5) Figures exclude \$17 - \$22 million associated with underground mine development and support costs at Silvertip.

Responsibility Highlights

➤ Culture as a Core Strength

Coeur prioritizes an inclusive, ethical, and safety-focused culture that supports continuous improvement and engagement across all levels of the workforce

Our fourth biennial culture survey achieved a 92% participation rate, surpassing industry benchmarks and improving 13% over 2023 and 44% since 2019, reflecting growing trust and engagement

- Consistent Employee Confidence: While overall favorability remained stable, employees expressed strong confidence in safety training, environmental responsibility, and ethical reporting practices
- Action and Impact: High engagement demonstrates that employees see their feedback driving action, reinforcing Coeur's ability to adapt, retain talent, and sustain operational excellence

Employees 'Agree' or 'Strongly Agree'

I feel effectively trained to be safe at work



I feel safe performing my job



My mine site is committed to minimizing its impact on the environment



If I see something unsafe, I am comfortable saying something



If I observe misconduct, I know how to report it



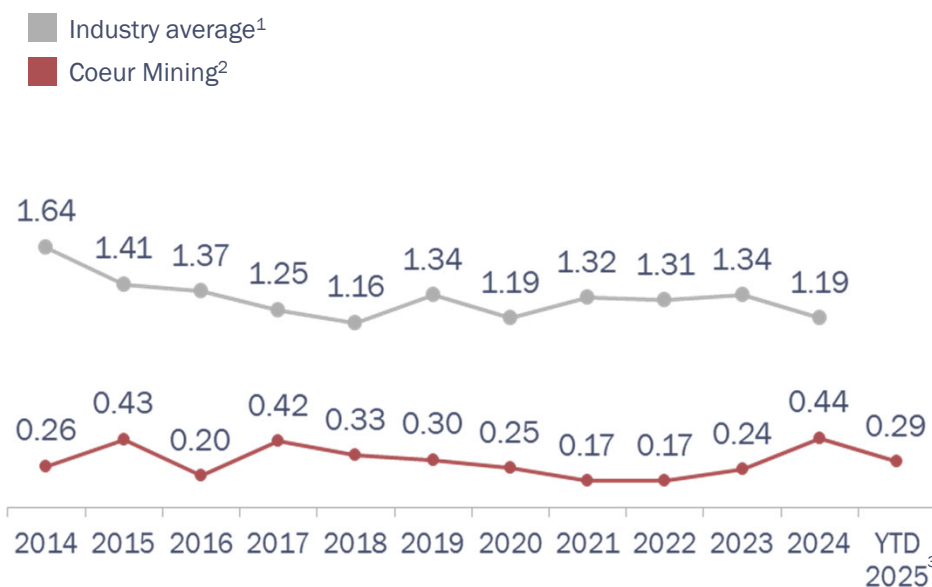
> Industry-Leading Safety Performance

Coeur has been certified in the National Mining Association's CORESafety program since 2017 and completed its recertification in July 2021

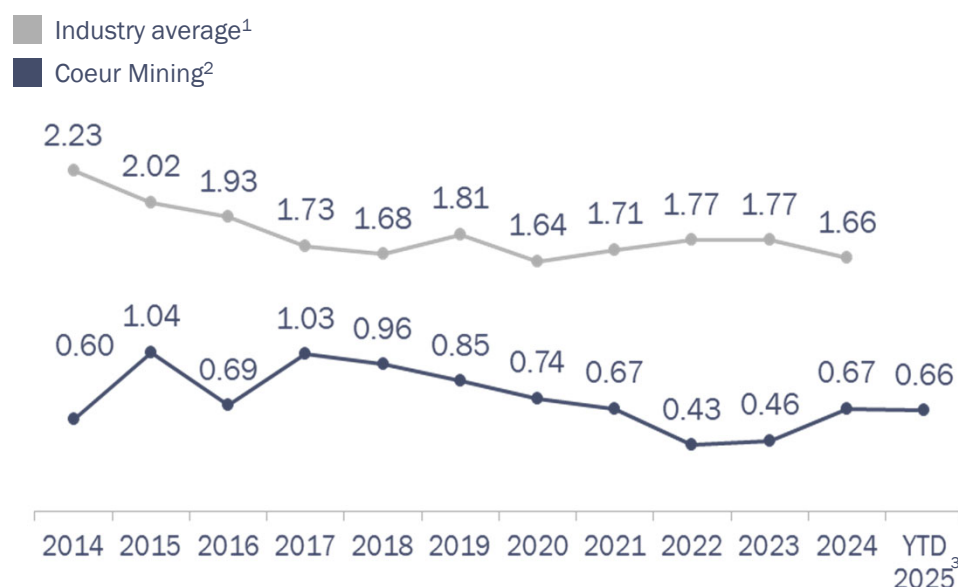


Coeur's injury frequency rate remains significantly below industry averages, resulting in the lowest Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate and safest company according to MSHA among peers in 2024

Lost-Time Injury Frequency Rate



Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate



(1) Source(s): U.S. Department of Labor Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA); Metal Operators Mine Safety and Health Statistics. Injuries per 200,000 employee-hours worked.

(2) Includes both Coeur employees and contract workers.

(3) MSHA data January to September 2025 (preliminary).

Appendix

The Las Chispas silver-gold operation is located in the state of Sonora, Mexico, and is an underground mine with processing operations as well as several other deposits and exploration targets

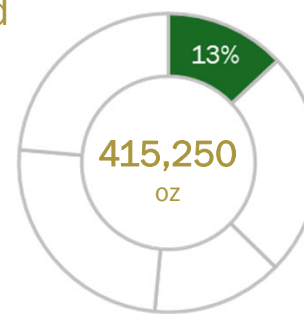
Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees ¹	314
Claims	3,462 net acres
Type	Underground
Processing	Crushing, grinding, CIL, Merrill-Crowe precipitation, refining
Metals	Silver and gold doré
Mine life	~7 years

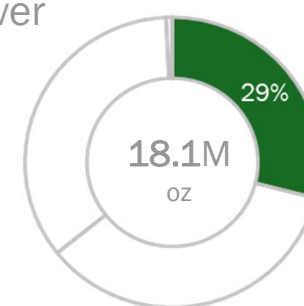


Share of Companywide 2025E² Production

Gold



Silver

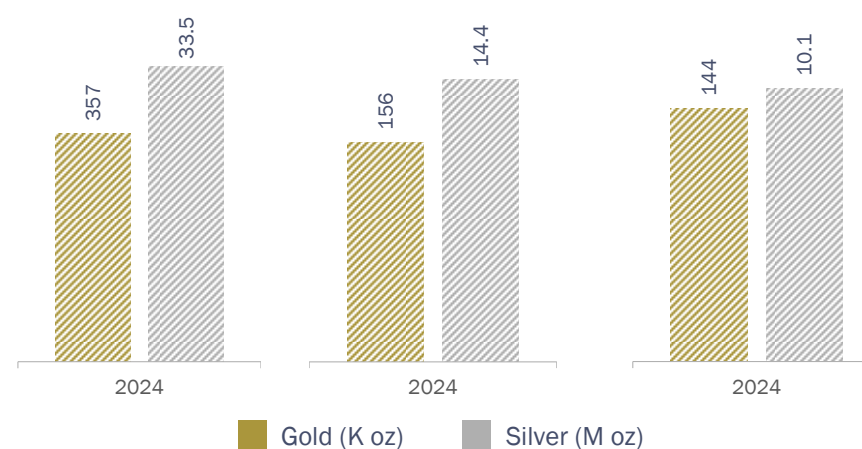


Reserves & Resources³

P&P Reserves

M&I Resources

Inferred Resources

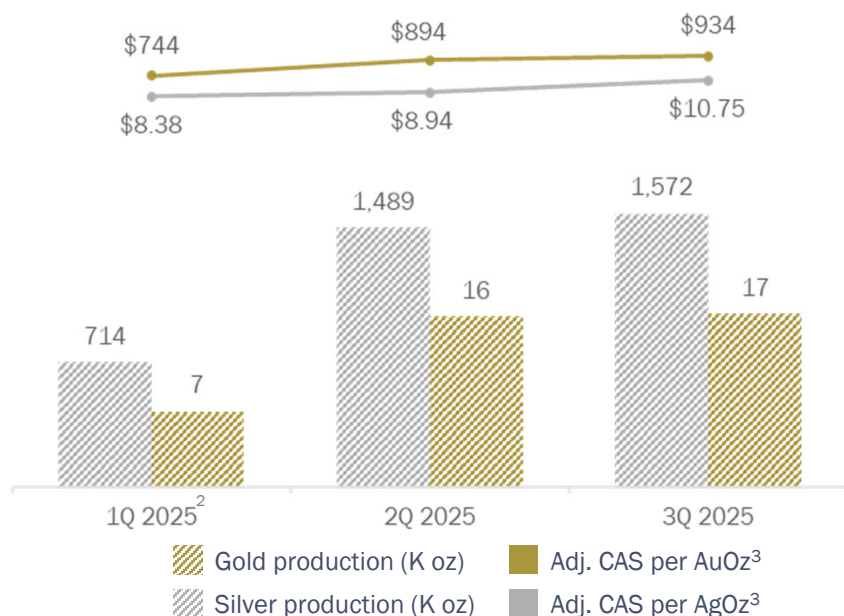


(1) As of December 31, 2024.

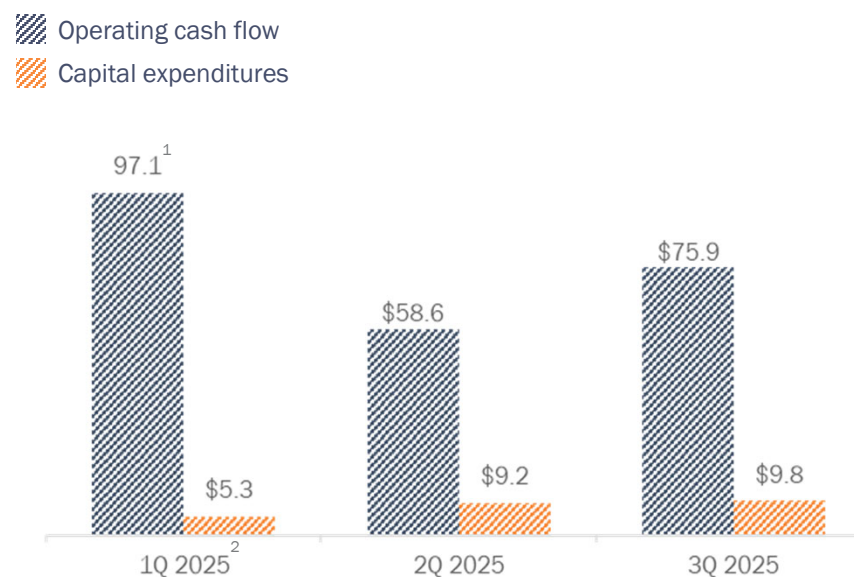
(2) Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on October 29, 2025.

(3) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

Production and Cost Performance



Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures (\$M)



Costs Per Ton

(\$)

	1Q 2025 ²	2Q 2025	3Q 2025
UG tons mined	76,855	125,398	137,447
UG mining costs per UG ton mined	\$115	\$129	\$135
Processing costs per ton processed ⁴	\$42	\$41	\$37
G&A per ton processed ⁵	\$28	\$35	\$26

(1) 1Q25 operating cash flow includes \$72.0M of monetized finished goods following the SilverCrest acquisition on February 14.

(2) 1Q25 reflects six weeks of operations following the SilverCrest acquisition on February 14.

(3) See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(4) Excludes third-party refining charges.

(5) Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

The Palmarejo gold-silver complex is located in the state of Chihuahua, Mexico, and is an underground mine with processing operations as well as several other deposits and exploration targets

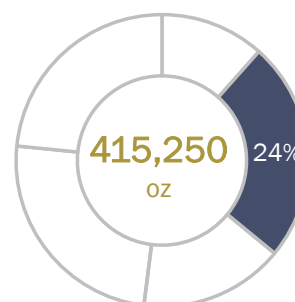
Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees ¹	869
Claims	67,296 net acres
Type	Underground
Processing	Crushing, grinding, flotation, CIL, Merrill-Crowe precipitation, refining
Metals	Silver and gold doré
Mine life	~6 years

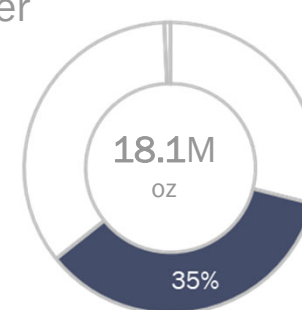


Share of Companywide 2025E² Production

Gold



Silver



Reserves & Resources³

P&P Reserves

M&I Resources

Inferred Resources

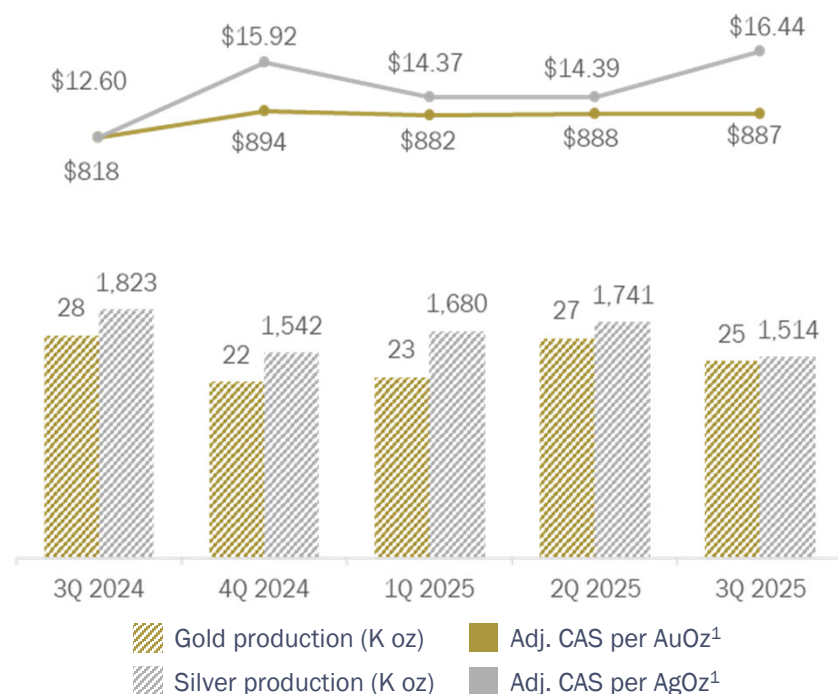


(1) As of December 31, 2024.

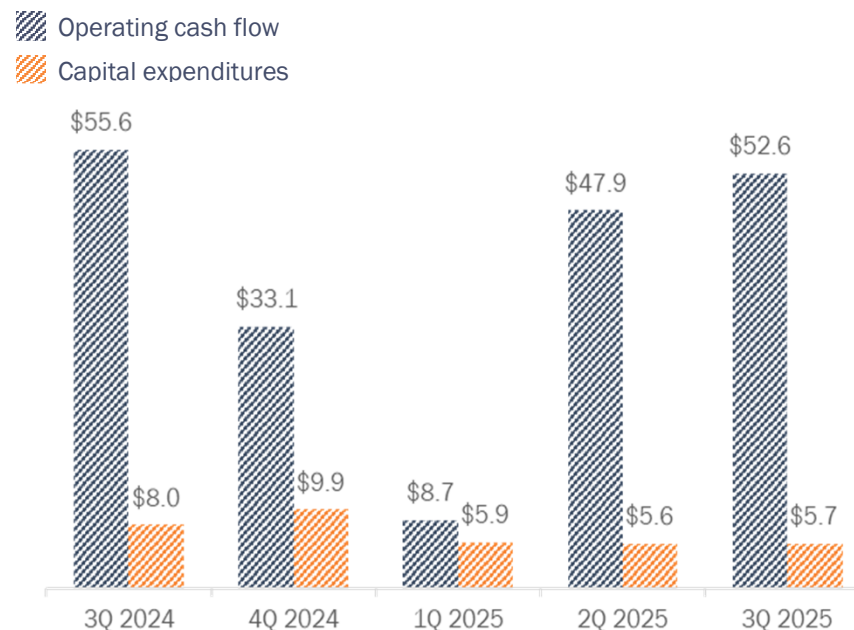
(2) Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on October 29, 2025.

(3) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

Production and Cost Performance



Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures (\$M)



Costs Per Ton (\$)

	3Q 2024	4Q 2024	1Q 2025	2Q 2025	3Q 2025
UG tons mined	412,201	416,977	444,025	504,673	484,417
UG mining costs per UG ton mined	\$64	\$61	\$54	\$54	\$55
Processing costs per ton processed ²	\$28	\$29	\$27	\$28	\$27
G&A per ton processed ³	\$14	\$17	\$13	\$15	\$14

(1) See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(2) Excludes third-party refining charges.

(3) Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

The Rochester mine is an open pit, heap leach silver-gold operation, located in northern Nevada, which completed a significant expansion that is driving a step-change in production and cash flow

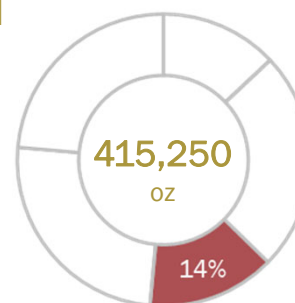
Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees ¹	431
Claims	17,044 net acres
Type	Open pit and heap leach
Processing	Crushing, dump heap leaching, Merrill-Crowe precipitation, refining
Metals	Silver and gold doré
Mine life	~16 years

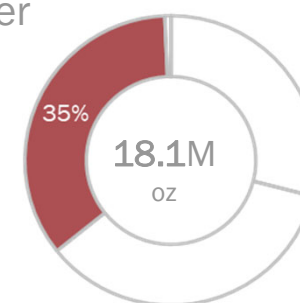


Share of Companywide 2025E² Production

Gold



Silver

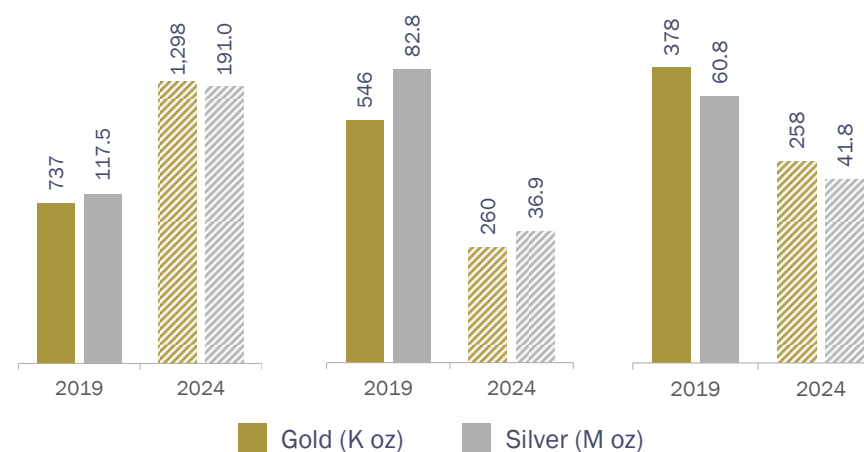


Reserves & Resources³

P&P Reserves

M&I Resources

Inferred Resources



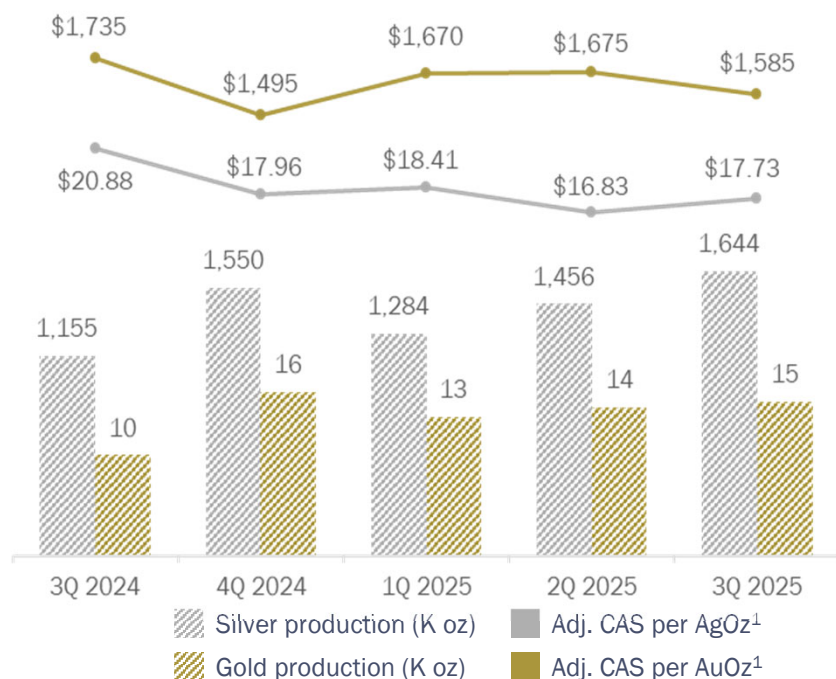
(1) As of December 31, 2024.

(2) Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on October 29, 2025.

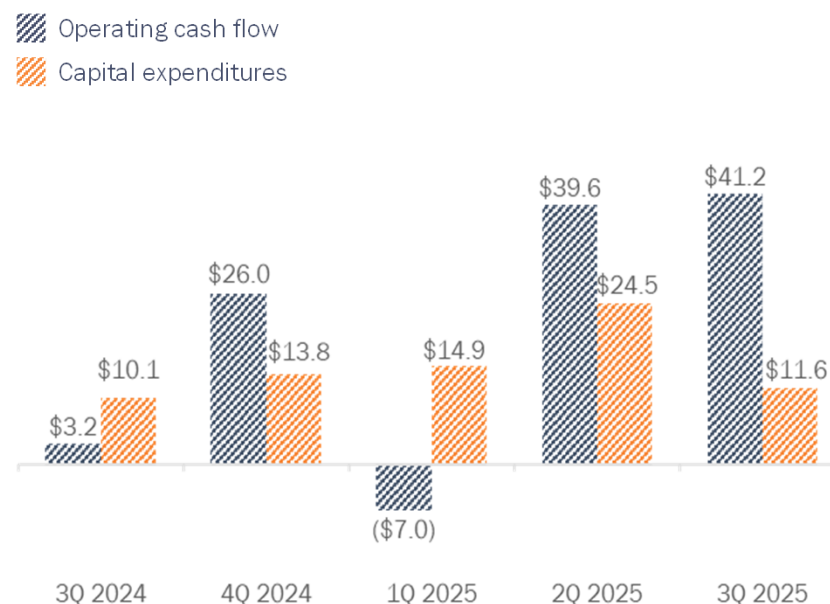
(3) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

> Rochester (cont.)

Production and Cost Performance



Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures (\$M)



Costs Per Ton (\$)

	3Q 2024	4Q 2024	1Q 2025	2Q 2025	3Q 2025
Ore tons mined	6,523,611	8,124,737	6,745,667	7,545,264	8,170,836
Strip Ratio	0.3:1	0.1:1	0.2:1	0.1:1	0.2:1
Mining costs per ton mined	\$2.32	\$2.18	\$2.32	\$2.22	\$2.28
Processing costs per ton processed ²	\$3.71	\$3.14	\$3.81	\$3.58	\$3.62
G&A per ton processed ³	\$1.29	\$0.93	\$1.17	\$1.07	\$1.21

(1) See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(2) Excludes third-party refining charges.

(3) Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

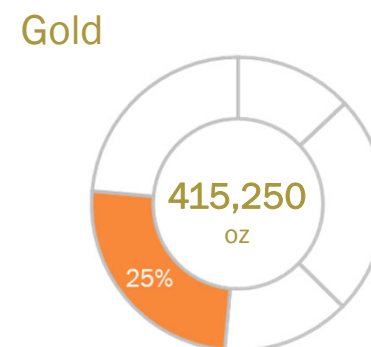
The Kensington mine is an underground gold operation located in southeast Alaska, consisting of the Kensington Main deposit and Elmira deposit, as well as other nearby deposits and exploration targets

Asset Overview

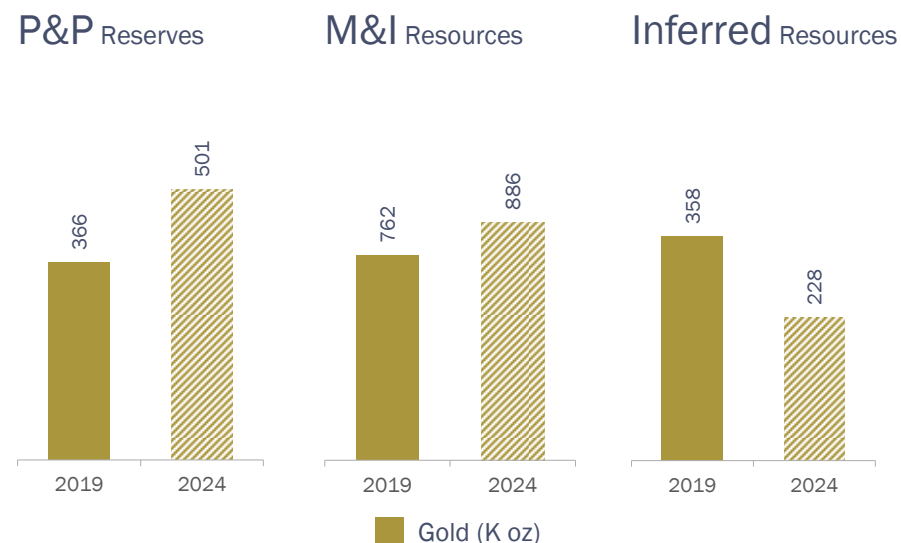
Ownership	100%
Employees ¹	374
Claims	12,336 net acres
Type	Underground
Processing	Crushing, grinding, flotation processing
Metals	Gold concentrate
Mine life	~5 years



Share of Companywide 2025E² Production



Reserves & Resources³

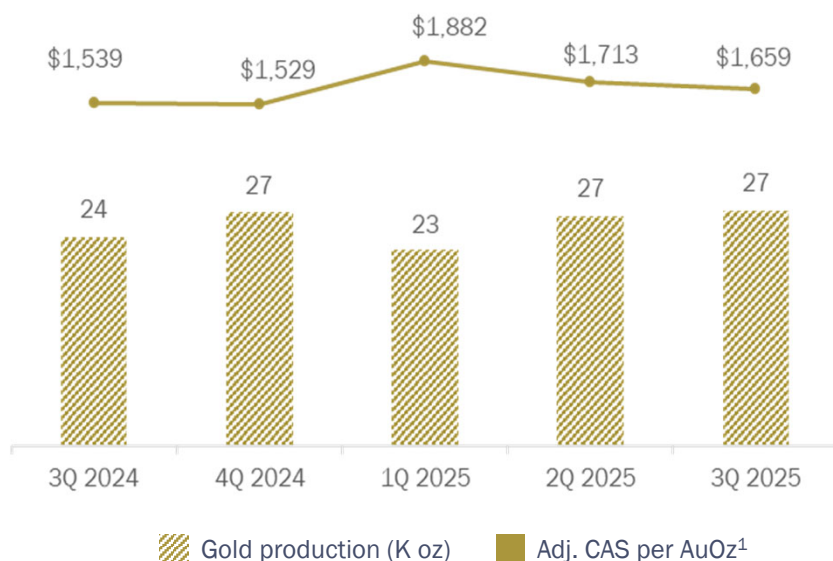


(1) As of December 31, 2024.

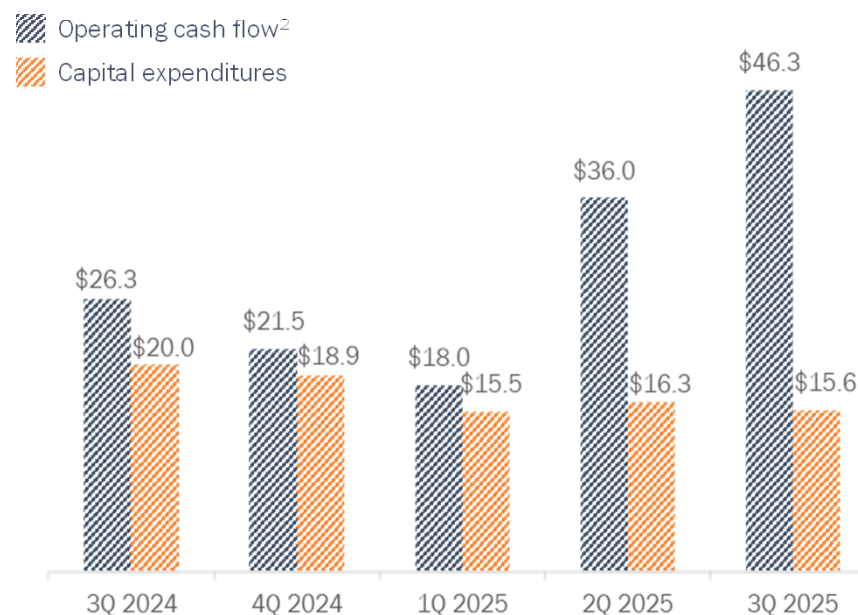
(2) Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on October 29, 2025.

(3) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

Production and Cost Performance



Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures (\$M)



Costs Per Ton (\$)

	3Q 2024	4Q 2024	1Q 2025	2Q 2025	3Q 2025
Ore tons mined	168,403	210,692	173,370	197,710	168,544
Mining costs per ton mined	\$109	\$100	\$133	\$124	\$138
Processing costs per ton processed ³	\$54	\$49	\$50	\$48	\$53
G&A per ton processed ⁴	\$49	\$51	\$50	\$48	\$53

(1) See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(2) Excludes impact of prepayments.

(3) Excludes third-party smelting charges, which are reflected in average realized selling prices of concentrate production.

(4) Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

The Wharf mine is an open pit, heap leach gold operation located in western South Dakota. The property consists of several areas of adjoining gold mineralization, which have been mined as a series of open pits

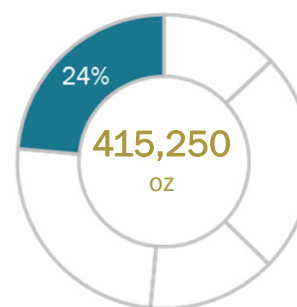
Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees ¹	258
Claims	7,852 net acres
Type	Open pit and heap leach
Processing	Crushing, “on-off” heap leaching, spent ore neutralization, carbon absorption/desorption
Metals	Electrolytic cathodic sludge
Mine life	~6 years

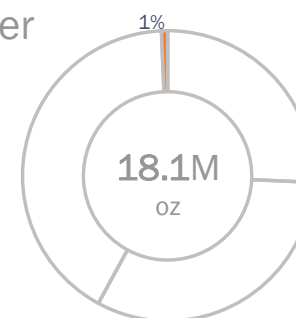


Share of Companywide 2025E² Production

Gold



Silver

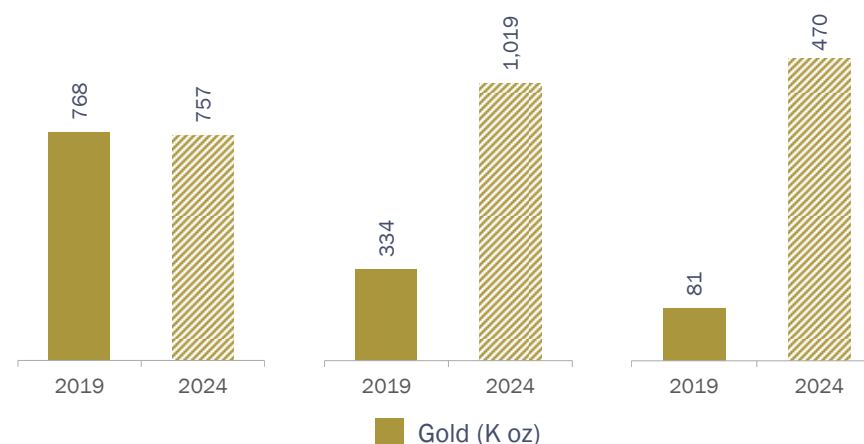


Reserves & Resources³

P&P Reserves

M&I Resources

Inferred Resources

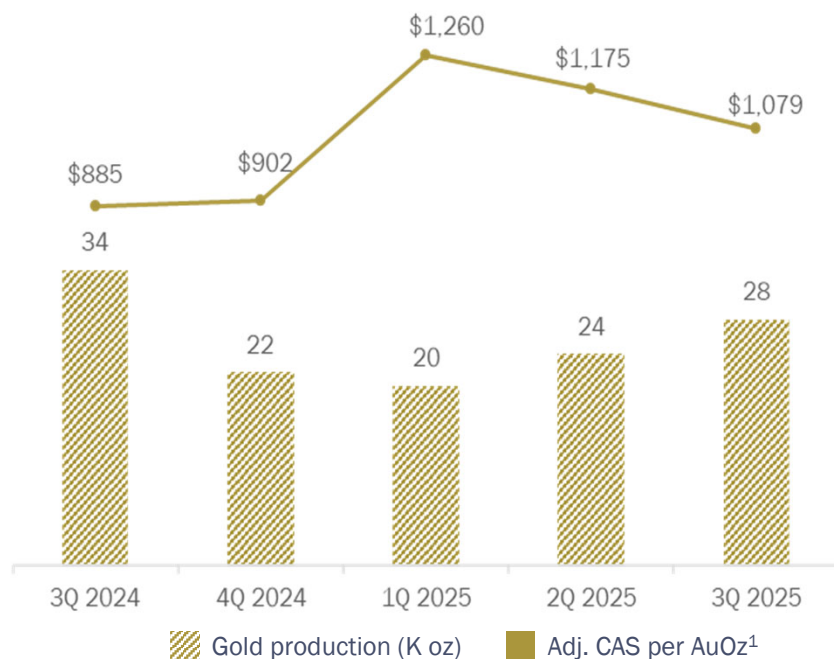


(1) As of December 31, 2024.

(2) Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on October 29, 2025.

(3) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

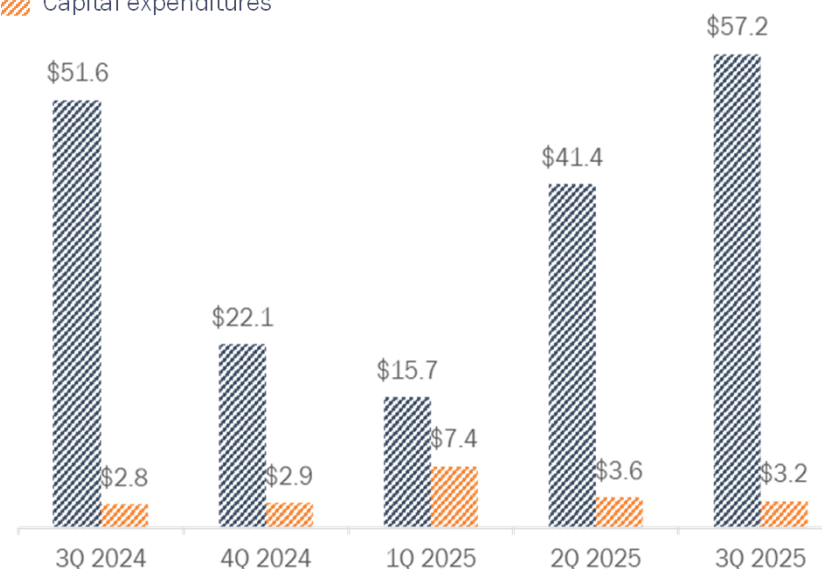
Production and Cost Performance



Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures

(\$M)

Operating cash flow
Capital expenditures



Costs Per Ton

(\$)

	3Q 2024	4Q 2024	1Q 2025	2Q 2025	3Q 2025
Ore tons mined	1,759,149	958,394	826,699	1,103,605	1,422,845
Strip Ratio	1.3:1	3.2:1	2.5:1	1.4:1	1.5:1
Mining costs per ton mined	\$3.04	\$2.87	\$3.43	\$3.88	\$3.39
Pad unload costs per ton mined	\$0.46	\$0.61	\$1.30	\$0.92	\$0.61
Total mining costs per ton mined (incl. pad unload)	\$3.49	\$3.47	\$4.72	\$4.79	\$3.99
Processing costs per ton processed ²	\$4.76	\$6.01	\$5.81	\$5.12	\$4.98
G&A per ton processed ³	\$2.70	\$3.70	\$3.59	\$3.88	\$3.18

(1) See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(2) Excludes third-party refining charges.

(3) Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

The Silvertip critical minerals exploration project is one of the highest-grade polymetallic projects in the world. The site is located in northern British Columbia, Canada and sits within a highly prospective land package

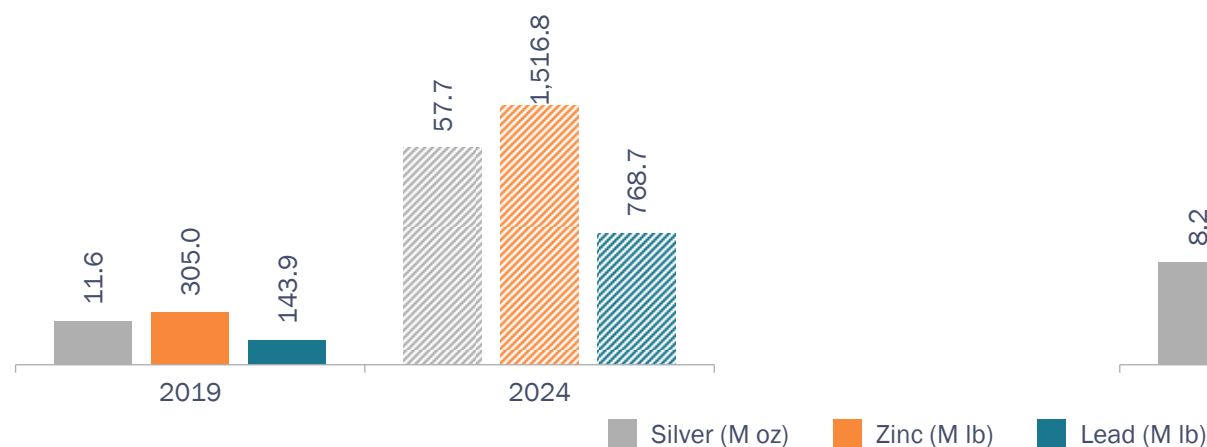
Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees ¹	71
Claims	313,555 net acres
Type	Underground
Processing	Crushing, grinding, flotation processing, concentrate thickening
Metals	Lead concentrate, zinc concentrate

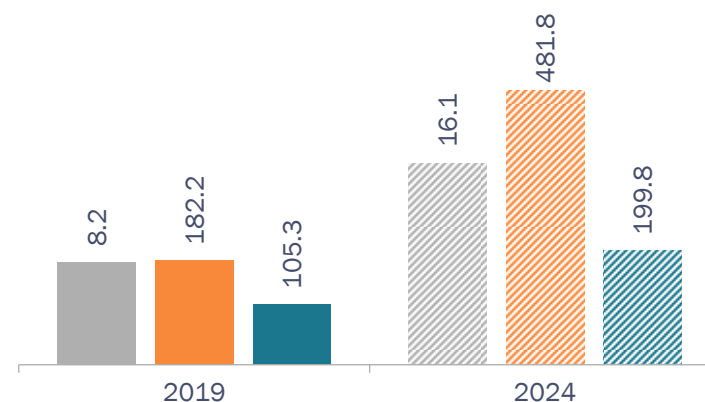


Reserves & Resources²

M&I Resources



Inferred Resources



(1) As of December 31, 2024.

(2) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

Non-GAAP Reconciliations

> Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation for Guidance



Unaudited

Costs Applicable to Sales Guidance for 2025

(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Las Chispas	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$158,700	\$235,309	\$269,238	\$218,752	\$124,863
Amortization	(50,909)	(39,018)	(73,221)	(38,994)	(6,527)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$107,791	\$196,291	\$196,017	\$179,758	\$118,336
By-product credit	-	-	-	-	(4,257)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$107,791	\$196,291	\$(342,459)	\$179,758	\$114,079
Metal Sales					
Gold ounces	56,000	100,400	60,100	103,700	96,800
Silver ounces	5,443,000	6,513,000	6,192,000		127,000
Revenue Split					
Gold	49%	48%	47%	100%	100%
Silver	51%	52%	53%		
Costs applicable to sales					
Gold (\$/oz) ¹	\$850 - \$950	\$890 - \$960	\$1,450 - \$1,550	\$1,700 - \$1,800	\$1,125 - \$1,225
Silver (\$/oz) ¹	\$9.25 - \$10.25	\$15.50 - \$16.50	\$16.50 - \$18.00		

(1) Cost guidance for Rochester reflects the second half of 2024.

> Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation

Costs Applicable to Sales 3 months ended September 30, 2025

Unaudited							
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Las Chispas	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$99,012	\$61,125	\$70,487	\$57,144	\$32,689	\$989	\$321,446
Amortization	(30,908)	(10,115)	(18,501)	(10,435)	(1,762)	(989)	(72,710)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$68,104	\$51,010	\$51,986	\$46,709	\$30,927	-	\$248,736
Inventory adjustments	(36)	(358)	(473)	(272)	(23)	-	(1,162)
Acquired inventory purchase price allocation	(33,443)	-	-	-	-	-	(33,443)
By-product credit	-	-	-	41	(846)	-	(805)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$34,625	\$50,652	\$51,513	\$46,478	\$30,058	-	\$213,326
Metal Sales							
Gold ounces	17,800	26,850	13,975	28,011	27,859		114,495
Silver ounces	1,674,770	1,633,196	1,656,336		21,650	-	4,985,952
Revenue Split							
Gold	48%	47%	43%	100%	100%		
Silver	52%	53%	57%			-	
Adjusted costs applicable to sales							
Gold (\$/oz)	\$934	\$887	\$1,585	\$1,659	\$1,079		\$1,215
Silver (\$/oz)	\$10.75	\$16.44	\$17.73			-	\$14.95

> Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation

Costs Applicable to Sales

3 months ended June 30, 2025

Unaudited							
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Las Chispas	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$80,122	\$58,109	\$64,676	\$56,304	\$30,542	\$928	\$290,681
Amortization	(22,375)	(9,406)	(16,748)	(10,221)	(1,549)	(928)	(61,227)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$57,747	\$48,703	\$47,928	\$46,083	\$28,993	-	\$229,454
Inventory adjustments	(523)	(147)	(489)	(222)	(191)	-	(1,572)
Acquired inventory purchase price allocation	(29,681)	-	-	-	-	-	(29,681)
By-product credit	-	-	-	(41)	(1,188)	-	(1,229)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$27,543	\$48,556	\$47,439	\$45,820	\$27,614	-	\$196,972
Metal Sales							
Gold ounces	16,025	26,782	13,881	26,751	23,509		106,948
Silver ounces	1,479,410	1,720,383	1,437,811		34,916	-	4,672,520
Revenue Split							
Gold	52%	49%	49%	100%	100%		
Silver	48%	51%	51%			-	
Adjusted costs applicable to sales							
Gold (\$/oz)	\$894	\$888	\$1,675	\$1,713	\$1,175		\$1,260
Silver (\$/oz)	\$8.94	\$14.40	\$16.83			-	\$13.41

> Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation

Costs Applicable to Sales

3 months ended March 31, 2025

Unaudited							
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Las Chispas	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$51,770	\$52,884	\$63,443	\$49,627	\$28,511	\$946	\$247,181
Amortization	(8,936)	(9,181)	(14,907)	(7,471)	(1,474)	(946)	(42,915)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$42,834	\$43,703	\$48,536	\$42,156	\$27,034	-	\$204,266
Inventory adjustments	(900)	(164)	(372)	(339)	(131)	-	(1,906)
Acquired inventory purchase price allocation	(27,040)	-	-	-	-	-	(27,040)
By-product credit	-	-	-	(36)	(1,608)	-	(1,644)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$14,894	\$43,539	\$48,164	\$41,781	\$25,298	-	\$173,676
Metal Sales							
Gold ounces	9,607	22,713	14,713	22,205	20,078		89,316
Silver ounces	923,723	1,636,386	1,282,010		50,034	-	3,892,153
Revenue Split							
Gold	48%	46%	51%	100%	100%		
Silver	52%	54%	49%			-	
Adjusted costs applicable to sales							
Gold (\$/oz)	\$744	\$882	\$1,670	\$1,882	\$1,260		\$1,330
Silver (\$/oz)	\$8.38	\$14.37	\$18.41			-	\$14.28

> Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)

Costs Applicable to Sales 12 months ended December 31, 2024

Unaudited						
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$240,473	\$195,904	\$185,958	\$104,853	\$3,235	\$730,387
Amortization	(44,979)	(41,293)	(28,201)	(6,487)	(3,235)	(124,195)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$195,458	\$154,611	\$157,757	\$98,366	-	\$606,192
Inventory adjustments	(1,365)	(2,746)	(361)	(126)	-	(4,598)
By-product credit	-	-	72	(6,405)	-	(6,333)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$194,093	\$151,865	\$157,468	\$91,835	-	\$595,261
Metal Sales						
Gold ounces	108,783	38,345	95,361	98,327		340,816
Silver ounces	6,796,715	4,389,378		232,728	-	11,418,821
Revenue Split						
Gold	50%	42%	100%	100%		
Silver	50%	58%			-	
Adjusted costs applicable to sales						
Gold (\$/oz)	\$892	\$1,663	\$1,651	\$934		\$1,203
Silver (\$/oz)	\$14.28	\$20.07			-	\$16.55

> Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)



Costs Applicable to Sales 3 months ended December 31, 2024

Unaudited						
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$55,032	\$67,406	\$48,195	\$23,665	\$799	\$195,097
Amortization	(9,550)	(15,858)	(8,547)	(1,607)	(799)	(36,361)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$45,482	\$51,548	\$39,648	\$22,058	-	\$155,595
Inventory adjustments	(76)	(1,190)	(182)	(56)	-	(1,504)
By-product credit	-	-	43	(1,680)	-	(1,637)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$45,406	\$50,358	\$39,509	\$20,322	-	\$155,595
Metal Sales						
Gold ounces	22,353	14,824	25,839	22,539		85,555
Silver ounces	1,596,875	1,570,448		54,000	-	3,221,323
Revenue Split						
Gold	44%	44%	100%	100%		
Silver	56%	56%			-	
Adjusted costs applicable to sales						
Gold (\$/oz)	\$894	\$1,495	\$1,529	\$902		\$1,192
Silver (\$/oz)	\$15.92	\$17.96			-	\$16.93

> Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)

Costs Applicable to Sales 3 months ended September 30, 2024

Unaudited						
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$59,439	\$49,640	\$45,711	\$34,198	\$794	\$189,782
Amortization	(11,984)	(10,231)	(7,612)	(2,419)	(794)	(33,040)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$47,455	\$39,409	\$38,099	\$31,779	-	\$156,742
Inventory adjustments	(572)	(536)	50	(119)	-	(1,177)
By-product credit	-	-	12	(1,332)	-	(1,320)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$46,883	\$38,873	\$38,161	\$30,328	-	\$154,245
Metal Sales						
Gold ounces	28,655	9,186	24,800	34,272		96,913
Silver ounces	1,860,976	1,098,407		45,118	-	3,004,501
Revenue Split						
Gold	50%	41%	100%	100%		
Silver	50%	59%			-	
Adjusted costs applicable to sales						
Gold (\$/oz)	\$818	\$1,735	\$1,539	\$885		\$1,113
Silver (\$/oz)	\$12.60	\$20.88			-	\$15.67

> Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)

Unaudited (\$ thousands)	Adjusted Net Income (Loss)							
	3Q 2025	2Q 2025	1Q 2025	2024	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024
Net income (loss)	\$266,824	\$70,726	\$33,353	\$58,900	\$37,853	\$48,739	\$1,426	(\$29,117)
Fair value adjustments, net	-	(4)	346	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	11,831	28,072	574	(4,448)	265	(2,247)	(2,950)	484
(Gain) loss on sale of assets and securities	113	117	186	4,250	(103)	176	640	3,536
RMC bankruptcy distribution	-	(37)	-	(1,294)	(95)	-	(1,199)	-
(Gain) loss on debt extinguishments	6	-	-	(417)	-	-	21	(438)
Transaction costs	451	2,823	8,887	8,517	7,541	976	-	-
Acquired inventory purchase price	33,443	29,681	27,040	-	-	-	-	-
Other Adjustments	7,630	1,656	(270)	5,429	(215)	81	104	5,461
Tax effect of adjustments	(173,022)	(5,633)	(10,230)	(820)	142	(568)	(1,447)	1,053
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$147,276	\$127,401	\$59,886	\$70,117	\$45,388	\$47,157	(\$3,405)	(\$19,021)
Adjusted net income (loss) per share - Basic	0.23	0.20	0.12	0.18	0.12	0.12	(0.01)	(0.05)
Adjusted net income (loss) per share - Diluted	0.23	0.20	0.11	0.18	0.11	0.12	(0.01)	(0.05)

> Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)

Unaudited (\$ thousands)	Adjusted EBITDA							
	3Q 2025	2Q 2025	1Q 2025	2024	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024
Net income (loss)	\$266,824	\$70,726	\$33,353	\$58,900	\$37,853	\$48,739	\$1,426	(\$29,117)
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	6,273	8,251	10,450	51,276	11,886	13,280	13,162	12,947
Income tax provision (benefit)	(96,881)	62,595	18,413	67,450	18,420	25,817	7,189	16,024
Amortization	72,930	61,421	43,093	124,974	36,533	33,216	27,928	27,297
EBITDA	249,146	202,993	105,309	302,600	104,692	121,052	49,705	27,151
Fair value adjustments, net	-	(4)	346	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	2,080	(246)	758	(4,753)	(1,321)	(1,708)	(2,089)	365
Asset retirement obligation accretion	4,988	4,900	4,732	16,778	4,314	4,233	4,154	4,076
Inventory adjustments and write-downs	1,198	1,598	1,928	8,042	1,552	1,231	1,071	4,188
(Gain) loss on sale of assets and securities	113	117	186	4,250	(103)	176	640	3,536
RMC bankruptcy distribution	-	(37)	-	(1,294)	(95)	-	(1,199)	-
(Gain) loss on debt extinguishment	6	-	-	(417)	-	-	21	(438)
Transaction costs	451	2,823	8,887	8,517	7,541	976	-	-
Acquired inventory purchase price	33,443	29,681	27,040	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments	7,630	1,656	(270)	5,429	(215)	81	104	5,461
Adjusted EBITDA	\$299,055	\$243,481	\$148,916	\$339,152	\$116,365	\$126,041	\$52,407	\$44,339
Revenue	\$554,567	\$480,650	\$360,062	\$1,054,006	\$305,444	\$313,476	\$222,026	\$213,060
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	54%	51%	41%	32%	38%	40%	24%	21%

> Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)

Unaudited	LTM Adjusted EBITDA						
(\$ thousands)	3Q 2025	2Q 2025	1Q 2025	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024
Net income (loss)	\$408,755	\$190,670	\$121,370	\$58,900	(\$4,457)	(\$74,305)	(\$108,142)
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	36,861	43,868	48,779	51,276	46,785	40,907	34,656
Income tax provision (benefit)	2,547	125,245	69,839	67,450	57,515	37,795	40,472
Amortization	213,977	174,263	140,770	124,974	123,076	112,744	104,411
EBITDA	662,140	534,046	380,758	302,600	222,919	117,141	71,397
Fair value adjustments, net	342	342	346	-	1,245	3,255	7,177
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	1,271	(2,517)	(4,360)	(4,753)	(3,079)	(1,792)	(330)
Asset retirement obligation accretion	18,935	18,180	17,434	16,778	16,649	16,569	16,488
Inventory adjustments and write-downs	6,276	6,309	5,782	8,042	24,954	32,657	33,189
(Gain) loss on sale of assets and securities	314	377	900	4,250	16,900	16,742	28,724
RMC bankruptcy distribution	(132)	(132)	(1,294)	(1,294)	(1,199)	(1,199)	(1,516)
(Gain) loss on debt extinguishment	6	-	21	(417)	(119)	(893)	(3,875)
Transaction costs	19,702	20,227	17,404	8,517	976	-	-
Acquired inventory purchase price	90,164	56,721	27,040	-	-	-	-
Other Adjustments	8,799	1,250	(302)	5,429	7,833	9,206	10,259
Adjusted EBITDA	\$807,817	\$634,803	\$443,728	\$339,152	\$287,079	\$191,686	\$161,513
Revenue	\$1,700,723	\$1,459,632	\$1,201,008	\$1,054,006	\$1,010,652	\$891,759	\$846,968
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	47%	43%	37%	32%	28%	21%	19%

> Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)

Unaudited	Free Cash Flow							
(\$ thousands)	3Q 2025	2Q 2025	1Q 2025	2024	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024
Cash flow from operating activities	\$237,706	\$206,951	\$67,635	\$174,234	\$63,793	\$111,063	\$15,249	(\$15,871)
Capital expenditures	(49,034)	(60,807)	(50,002)	(183,188)	(47,720)	(41,980)	(51,405)	(42,083)
Free cash flow	\$188,672	\$146,144	\$17,633	(\$8,954)	\$16,073	\$69,083	(\$36,156)	(\$57,954)

Unaudited	Cash Flow From Operating Activities Before Changes in Working Capital							
(\$ thousands)	3Q 2025	2Q 2025	1Q 2025	2024	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024
Cash flow from operating activities	\$237,706	\$206,951	\$67,635	\$174,234	\$63,793	\$111,063	\$15,249	(\$15,871)
<i>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</i>								
Receivables	7,132	4,766	(3,945)	504	(16)	(1,616)	(3,180)	5,316
Prepaid expenses and other	7,489	(2,424)	(82,065)	(2,777)	408	352	(4,176)	639
Inventories	5,011	14,125	8,348	69,640	15,852	14,320	19,774	19,694
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(18,636)	(61,845)	63,743	(79,242)	(1,485)	(37,187)	(185)	(40,385)
Cash flow from operating activities (before changes in working capital)	\$238,702	\$161,573	\$53,716	\$162,359	\$78,552	\$86,932	\$27,482	(\$30,607)

Unaudited	Leverage Ratios						
(\$ thousands)	3Q 2025	2Q 2025	1Q 2025	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$266,342	\$111,646	\$77,574	\$55,087	\$76,916	\$74,136	\$67,489
Total debt	363,516	380,722	498,269	590,058	605,183	629,327	585,552
Net debt	97,174	269,076	420,695	534,971	528,267	555,191	518,063
LTM adjusted EBITDA	\$807,817	\$634,803	\$443,729	\$339,152	\$287,079	\$191,686	\$161,514
Total debt-to-LTM adjusted EBITDA	0.4x	0.6x	1.1x	1.7x	2.1x	3.3x	3.6x
Net debt-to-LTM adjusted EBITDA	0.1x	0.4x	0.9x	1.6x	1.8x	2.9x	3.2x

2024 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

		Grade		Contained		
Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	
PROVEN RESERVES						
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	787,000	0.150	15.99	118,000	12,586,000
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	3,473,000	0.059	3.94	205,000	13,667,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	468,432,000	0.002	0.37	1,116,000	172,408,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,340,000	0.186	-	249,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	6,563,000	0.030	-	199,000	-
Total		480,595,000	0.004	0.41	1,887,000	198,660,000
PROBABLE RESERVES						
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	2,700,000	0.089	7.75	239,000	20,931,000
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	8,373,000	0.057	3.86	475,000	32,307,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	59,123,000	0.003	0.32	182,000	18,632,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,427,000	0.177	-	252,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	22,993,000	0.024	-	558,000	-
Total		94,615,000	0.018	0.76	1,706,000	71,870,000
PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES						
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	3,486,000	0.102	9.61	357,000	33,516,000
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	11,845,000	0.057	3.88	681,000	45,974,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	527,555,000	0.002	0.36	1,298,000	191,040,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,768,000	0.181	-	501,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	29,556,000	0.026	-	757,000	-
Total Proven and Probable Reserves		575,211,000	0.006	0.47	3,593,000	270,530,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2024 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
MEASURED RESOURCES										
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	116,000	0.302	31.23			35,000	3,623,000		
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	6,996,000	0.068	4.59			474,000	32,138,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	82,371,000	0.002	0.28			144,000	23,383,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,150,000	0.254	-			546,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	10,180,000	0.017	-			175,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	734,000	-	10.56	9.93%	7.88%	-	7,749,000	145,703,000	115,648,000
Total		102,547,000	0.013	0.65			1,374,000	66,894,000	145,703,000	115,648,000
INDICATED RESOURCES										
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	1,094,000	0.110	9.87			120,000	10,798,000		
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	15,368,000	0.062	3.76			949,000	57,777,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	40,402,000	0.003	0.34			116,000	13,541,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,450,000	0.234	-			340,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	49,155,000	0.017	-			845,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	6,418,000	-	7.78	10.68%	5.09%	-	49,919,000	1,371,074,000	653,008,000
Total		113,887,000	0.021	1.16			2,370,000	132,035,000	1,371,074,000	653,008,000
MEASURED AND INDICATED RESOURCES										
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	1,211,000	0.129	11.91			156,000	14,421,000		
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	22,363,000	0.064	4.02			1,423,000	89,915,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	122,773,000	0.002	0.30			260,000	36,924,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	3,600,000	0.246	-			886,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	59,335,000	0.017	-			1,019,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	7,152,000	-	8.06	10.60%	5.37%	-	57,668,000	1,516,777,000	768,657,000
Total Measured and Indicated Resources		216,434,000	0.017	0.92			3,744,000	198,929,000	1,516,777,000	768,657,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2024 Inferred Mineral Resources

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
INFERRED RESOURCES										
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	1,276,000	0.113	7.91			144,000	10,088,000		
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	6,577,000	0.098	5.28			643,000	34,748,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	116,521,000	0.002	0.36			258,000	41,838,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	993,000	0.230	-			228,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	26,735,000	0.018	-			470,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,345,000	-	6.86	10.27%	4.26%	-	16,084,000	481,791,000	199,815,000
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
Total Inferred Resources		180,185,000	0.013	0.46			2,273,000	106,104,000	481,791,000	199,815,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2024 Mineral Reserves:

- (1) The Mineral Reserve estimates are current as of December 31, 2024 and are reported using the definitions in Item 1300 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR Part 229) (SK1300) and were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2024 Mineral Reserves were \$23.50 per ounce of silver, \$1,800 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound of zinc, \$0.95 per pound of lead, except for Kensington at \$2,000 per ounce of gold.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 2.13–2.45 g/t AuEq and an incremental development cut-off grade 1.05 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 92.0% for gold and 83.0% for silver; mining dilution assumes 0.3–1.5 meter of hanging/foot wall waste dilution; mining loss of 15% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$57.67–US\$74.45/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.29/tonne, process costs of US\$31.06/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$15.95/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$4.42/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Reserves. No assurances can be given that all mineral reserves will be mined, as mineralized material that may qualify as reserves under applicable standards by virtue of having positive economics may not generate attractive enough returns to be included in our mine plans, due to factors such as the impact of the gold stream at Palmarejo. As a result, we may elect not to mine portions of the mineralized material reported as reserves.
- (4) Rochester Mineral Reserve estimates are tabulated within a confining pit design and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7–85.9% and Ag = 59.4–61.0%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2–77.7% and Ag = 0.0–59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.76/ton oxide and US\$3.86/ton sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.24/ton for oxide; Lincoln Hill oxide recovery Au = 63.9% and Ag = 39.5%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.53/ton for oxide where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * (silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * (gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 48° over the life-of-mine.
- (5) Kensington Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; gold price of \$2,000/oz; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.133 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 94.2%; gold payability of 97.5%; mining dilution of 15–20%; mining loss of 12% was applied; mining costs of US\$116.09/ton mined; process costs of US\$55.14/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$53.18/ton processed; sustaining capital US\$4.50/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$97.48/oz sold.
- (6) Wharf Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 78.0%; royalty burden of US\$140.40/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of US\$2.56/ton mined, and process costs of US\$12.02/ton processed (includes general & administrative and sustaining capital costs).
- (7) Las Chispas Mineral Reserve estimates uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; reported above a silver cut-off grade of 250 g / tonne silver equivalent and an incremental development cut-off grade of 63 g / tonne AgEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 97.5% for silver and 98.0% for gold; mining dilution assumes 5% for development, 1 meter to 1.5 meters of ELOS (0.5 m – 1.0 m of hanging wall and 0.25 m – 0.5 m of footwall dilution) depending on geotechnical conditions in each stoping location, 0.2 meter ELOS (0.1 m of hanging wall and 0.1 m of footwall dilution) for cut and fill, 0.4 meter ELOS (0.2 m of hanging wall and 0.2 m of footwall dilution), 0.25 m for each exposed backfill floor, and 0.5 m for each exposed backfill wall; mining loss of 2% for development and 5% for stoping was applied, additional losses have been included to account for the required pillars in uphole stopes that cannot be filled; variable production mining costs that range from US\$58.06–US\$239.51/tonne, development mining costs of US\$27.40/tonne, process costs of US\$45.72/tonne, site general and administrative costs of US\$20.70/tonne, underground general and administrative costs of US\$12.81/tonne, and sustaining capital costs of US\$7.64/tonne.
- (8) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2024 Mineral Resources:

- (1) Mineral Resource estimates are reported exclusive of Mineral Reserves, are current as of December 31, 2024, and are reported using definitions in SK1300 on a 100% ownership basis. Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2024 estimated Mineral Resources were \$27.00 per ounce of silver, \$2,100 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead, unless otherwise noted.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.83–2.10 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 92.0% for gold and 83.0% for silver; variable mining costs that range from US\$57.67–US\$74.45/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.29/tonne, process costs of US\$31.06/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$15.95/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$4.42/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Resources.
- (4) Kensington Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: metal price of \$2,300 per ounce gold, assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold cut-off grade of 0.115 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 94.2%; gold payability of 97.5%, mining costs of US\$116.09/ton mined; process costs of US\$55.14/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$53.18/ton processed; sustaining capital US\$4.50/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$97.48/oz sold.
- (5) Wharf Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.008 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 78.0% across all rock types; royalty burden of US\$140.40/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of \$2.56/ton mined, and process costs of US\$12.02/ton processed (includes general & administrative and sustaining capital costs).
- (6) Rochester Mineral Resource estimates are tabulated within a confining pit shell and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7–85.9% and Ag = 59.4%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2–77.7% and Ag = 0.0–59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.76/ton oxide and US\$3.86/ton sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.24/ton for oxide; Lincoln Hill oxide recovery Au = 63.9% and Ag = 39.5%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.53/ton for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * (silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * (gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 48° over the life-of-mine.
- (7) Silvertip Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimates use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 89-90%, zinc recovery of 82-83% and silver recovery of 83-84%. Lead concentrate grade of 53-54%; zinc concentrate grade of 56-57%; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries – royalties – TCRCs – transport costs over the life of the mine. 2023 metal prices were used to determine the mineral resource which were \$25.00 per ounce of silver, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead.
- (8) Wilco Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported using an equivalent gold cutoff of 0.20 ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1. Resources are reported in-situ and contained within a conceptual measured, indicated and inferred optimized pit shell. Silver price of US\$20/oz, gold price of US\$1,400/oz. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 70%, average carbonaceous gold recovery is 50%. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 60%. Average carbonaceous silver recovery is 50%. Open pit mining cost is US\$1.50/ton, processing and processing and G&A cost is US\$5.46/ton; average pit slope angles of 50°. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the mineral resources if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource report is considered current and is presented unchanged.

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2024 Mineral Resources (cont.):

- (9) Las Chispas Mineral Resource estimates uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; reported above a silver cut-off grade of 205 g / tonne silver equivalent and an incremental development cut-off grade of 54 g / tonne AgEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 97.5% for silver and 98.0% for gold; mining loss of 2% for development and 5% for stoping was applied, additional losses have been included to account for the required pillars in uphole stopes that cannot be filled; variable production mining costs that range from US\$58.06–US\$239.51/t, development mining costs of US\$27.40/t, process costs of US\$45.72/t, site general and administrative costs of US\$20.70/t, underground general and administrative costs of US\$12.81/t, and sustaining capital costs of US\$7.64/t.
- (10) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2023 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

		Grade			Contained	
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)
PROVEN RESERVES						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,203,000	0.060	4.21	252,000	17,698,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	465,919,000	0.002	0.38	1,135,000	177,472,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,009,000	0.186	-	188,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	5,931,000	0.032	-	188,000	-
Total		477,062,000	0.004	0.41	1,763,000	195,170,000
PROBABLE RESERVES						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	8,580,000	0.060	3.88	517,000	33,283,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	44,524,000	0.002	0.35	104,000	15,413,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,109,000	0.201	-	223,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	21,318,000	0.027	-	575,000	-
Total		75,531,000	0.019	0.64	1,418,000	48,695,000
PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	12,783,000	0.060	3.99	769,000	50,981,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	510,443,000	0.002	0.38	1,238,000	192,885,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,119,000	0.194	-	411,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	27,249,000	0.028	-	764,000	-
Total Proven and Probable Reserves		552,594,000	0.006	0.44	3,182,000	243,865,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2023 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
MEASURED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	5,674,000	0.070	4.56			396,000	25,875,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	110,460,000	0.002	0.29			200,000	31,587,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,653,000	0.286	-			477,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	1,666,000	0.024	-			40,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	734,000	-	10.56	9.93%	7.88%	-	7,749,000	145,703,000	115,648,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	4,642,000	0.012	0.34			58,000	1,592,000		
Total		124,828,000	0.009	0.54			1,171,000	66,803,000	145,703,000	115,648,000
INDICATED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	15,500,000	0.060	3.85			926,000	59,701,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	27,170,000	0.002	0.41			47,000	11,237,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,278,000	0.268	-			342,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	22,150,000	0.021	-			458,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	6,418,000	-	7.78	10.68%	5.09%	-	49,919,000	1,371,074,000	653,008,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	27,668,000	0.011	0.31			306,000	8,655,000		
Total		100,184,000	0.021	1.29			2,078,000	129,512,000	1,371,074,000	653,008,000
MEASURED AND INDICATED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	21,174,000	0.062	4.04			1,321,000	85,576,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	137,630,000	0.002	0.31			247,000	42,824,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,931,000	0.279	-			819,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	23,816,000	0.021	-			498,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	7,152,000	-	8.06	10.60%	5.37%	-	57,668,000	1,516,777,000	768,657,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	32,310,000	0.011	0.32			364,000	10,247,000		
Total Measured and Indicated Resources		225,012,000	0.014	0.87			3,249,000	196,315,000	1,516,777,000	768,657,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2023 Inferred Mineral Resources

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
INFERRED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,207,000	0.091	4.50			381,000	18,933,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	135,104,000	0.002	0.34			267,000	45,959,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,567,000	0.248	-			388,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	7,125,000	0.021	-			149,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,345,000	-	6.86	10.27%	4.26%	-	16,084,000	481,791,000	199,815,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	22,952,000	0.011	0.36			255,000	8,163,000		
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
Total Inferred Resources		199,037,000	0.010	0.46			1,971,000	92,485,000	481,791,000	199,815,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2023 Mineral Reserves:

- (1) The Mineral Reserve estimates are current as of December 31, 2023 and are reported using the definitions in Item 1300 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR Part 229) (SK1300) and were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2023 Mineral Reserves were \$21.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,600 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound of zinc, \$0.95 per pound of lead, except for Kensington at \$1,850 per ounce of gold.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 2.11–2.97 g/t AuEq and an incremental development cut-off grade ranging from 1.16–1.55 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 92.0% for gold and 83.0% for silver; mining dilution assumes 0.4–1.1 meter of hanging/foot wall waste dilution; mining loss of 15% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$44.72–US\$85.71/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.92/tonne, process costs of US\$32.70/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$14.06/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.18/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Reserves. No assurances can be given that all mineral reserves will be mined, as mineralized material that may qualify as reserves under applicable standards by virtue of having positive economics may not generate attractive enough returns to be included in our mine plans, due to factors such as the impact of the gold stream at Palmarejo. As a result, we may elect not to mine portions of the mineralized material reported as reserves.
- (4) Rochester Mineral Reserve estimates are tabulated within a confining pit design and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7–85.9% and Ag = 59.4–61.0%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2–77.7% and Ag = 0.0–59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.01/st oxide and US\$3.11/st sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$5.51/st for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * (silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * (gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 48° over the life-of-mine.
- (5) Kensington Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; gold price of \$1,850/oz; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.135 oz/st Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 93.5%; gold payability of 97.5%; mining dilution of 20%; mining loss of 12% was applied; mining costs of US\$103.67/ton mined; process costs of US\$55.06/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$55.37/ton processed; sustaining capital US\$4.50/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$108.67/oz sold.
- (6) Wharf Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 79.0%; royalty burden of US\$64/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of US\$2.44/ton mined, process costs of US\$11.71/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- (7) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2023 Mineral Resources:

- (1) Mineral Resource estimates are reported exclusive of Mineral Reserves, are current as of December 31, 2023, and are reported using definitions in SK1300 on a 100% ownership basis. Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2023 estimated Mineral Resources were \$25.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,800 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead, unless otherwise noted.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.87–2.64 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 92.0% for gold and 83.0% for silver; variable mining costs that range from US\$44.72–US\$85.71/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.92/tonne, process costs of US\$32.70/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$14.06/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.18/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Resources.
- (4) Kensington Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: metal price of \$2,000 per ounce gold, assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold cut-off grade of 0.124 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 93.5%; gold payability of 97.5%, mining costs of US\$103.67/ton mined; process costs of US\$55.06/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$55.37/ton processed; sustaining capital US\$4.50/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$108.67/oz sold.
- (5) Wharf Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 79.0% across all rock types; royalty burden of US\$72/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of \$2.44/ton mined, process costs of US\$11.71/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- (6) Rochester Mineral Resource estimates are tabulated within a confining pit shell and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7–85.9% and Ag = 59.4%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2–77.7% and Ag = 0.0–59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.01/st oxide and US\$3.11/st sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$5.51/st for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * (silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * (gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 48° over the life-of-mine.
- (7) Silvertip Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimate use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 89-90%, zinc recovery of 82-83% and silver recovery of 83-84%. Lead concentrate grade of 53-54%; zinc concentrate grade of 56-57%; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries – royalties – TCRCs – transport costs over the life of the mine.
- (8) Lincoln Hill Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported in-situ and are contained within a confining pit shell and use the following key input parameters: reported above an oxide gold equivalent cutoff of 0.15 ounces per ton and 0.20 oz ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1; gold recoveries of 64%; silver recoveries of 59%; mining costs of US\$3.10/ton; process costs of US\$3.60/ton; general and administrative costs of \$1.50/ton processed; average pit slope angles of 45° over the life-of-mine. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the Mineral Resource if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource is considered current and is presented unchanged.

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2023 Mineral Resources (cont.):

- (9) Wilco Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported using an equivalent gold cutoff of 0.20 ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1. Resources are reported in-situ and contained within a conceptual measured, indicated and inferred optimized pit shell. Silver price of US\$20/oz, gold price of US\$1,400/oz. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 70%, average carbonaceous gold recovery is 50%. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 60%. Average carbonaceous silver recovery is 50%. Open pit mining cost is US\$1.50/ton, processing and processing and G&A cost is US\$5.46/ton; average pit slope angles of 50°. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the mineral resources if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource report is considered current and is presented unchanged.
- (10) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2022 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

		Grade			Contained	
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)
PROVEN RESERVES						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,081,000	0.059	4.21	241,000	17,172,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	425,748,000	0.003	0.39	1,079,000	166,172,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	939,000	0.180	-	169,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	6,379,000	0.031	-	199,000	-
Total		437,148,000	0.004	0.42	1,688,000	183,343,000
PROBABLE RESERVES						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	14,119,000	0.050	3.44	712,000	48,565,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	38,001,000	0.002	0.36	93,000	13,803,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,273,000	0.189	-	240,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	27,328,000	0.026	-	709,000	-
Total		80,721,000	0.022	0.77	1,754,000	62,367,000
PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	18,201,000	0.052	3.61	953,000	65,736,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	463,749,000	0.003	0.39	1,173,000	179,975,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,212,000	0.184	-	408,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	33,707,000	0.027	-	908,000	-
Total Proven and Probable Reserves		517,868,000	0.007	0.47	3,443,000	245,711,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2022 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

		Grade				Contained				
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
MEASURED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,030,000	0.066	4.39			267,000	17,689,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	94,296,000	0.002	0.33			187,000	31,452,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,412,000	0.276	-			665,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	1,166,000	0.022	-			26,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	680,000	-	11.47	9.88%	7.71%	-	7,798,000	134,462,000	104,870,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	4,642,000	0.012	0.34			58,000	1,592,000		
Total		107,226,000	0.011	0.55			1,203,000	58,531,000	134,462,000	104,870,000
INDICATED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	16,704,000	0.054	3.42			907,000	57,062,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	15,507,000	0.002	0.34			27,000	5,332,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,309,000	0.293	-			384,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	13,303,000	0.020	-			267,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	6,375,000	-	8.21	9.65%	4.84%	-	52,317,000	1,230,898,000	617,279,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	27,668,000	0.011	0.31			306,000	8,655,000		
Total		80,866,000	0.023	1.53			1,891,000	123,367,000	1,230,898,000	617,279,000
MEASURED AND INDICATED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	20,734,000	0.057	3.61			1,174,000	74,751,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	109,803,000	0.002	0.33			214,000	36,784,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	3,722,000	0.282	-			1,049,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	14,468,000	0.020	-			293,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	7,056,000	-	8.52	9.68%	5.12%	-	60,115,000	1,365,360,000	722,150,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	32,310,000	0.011	0.32			364,000	10,247,000		
Total Measured and Indicated Resources		188,092,000	0.016	0.97			3,094,000	181,897,000	1,365,360,000	722,150,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2022 Inferred Mineral Resources

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
INFERRED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	5,633,000	0.067	3.19			380,000	17,948,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	77,001,000	0.002	0.34			148,000	26,151,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,246,000	0.282	-			351,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	3,149,000	0.020	-			63,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,873,000	-	7.70	10.09%	4.43%	-	14,414,000	378,088,000	165,985,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	22,952,000	0.011	0.36			255,000	8,163,000		
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
Total Inferred Resources		137,590,000	0.013	0.51			1,728,000	70,021,000	378,088,000	165,985,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2022 Mineral Reserves:

- (1) The Mineral Reserve estimates are current as of December 31, 2022 and are reported using the definitions in Item 1300 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR Part 229) (SK1300) and were prepared by the company's technical staff.
- (2) 3Assumed metal prices for 2022 Mineral Reserves were \$21.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,600 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound of zinc, \$0.95 per pound of lead, except for Kensington at \$1,700 per ounce of gold.
- (3) Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 2.02–2.07 g/t AuEq and an incremental development cut-off grade of 1.05 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 90.5% for gold and 82.5% for silver; mining dilution assumes 0.4-1.0 meter of hanging wall waste dilution; mining loss of 20% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$44.74–US\$47.13/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.01/tonne, process costs of US\$29.17/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$12.56/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.24/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Reserves.
- (4) Mineral Reserve estimates are tabulated within a confining pit design and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7-93.7% and Ag = 59.4%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2-77.7% and Ag = 0.0-59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.25/st oxide and US\$3.35/st sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.40/st for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * (silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * (gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 43° over the life-of-mine.
- (5) Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; gold price of \$1700/oz; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.133-0.135 oz/st Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 94%; gold payability of 97.5%; mining dilution varies from 15-23%; mining loss of 5% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$87.13–90.00/ton mined; process costs of US\$54.38/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$54.76/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$88.39/oz sold.
- (6) Mineral Reserve estimate uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 79.1%; royalty burden of US\$64/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of US\$2.39/ton mined, process costs of US\$11.91/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs)..
- (7) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2022 Mineral Resources:

- (1) Mineral Resource estimates are reported exclusive of Mineral Reserves, are current as of December 31, 2022, and are reported using definitions in SK1300 on a 100% ownership basis. Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2022 estimated Mineral Resources were \$25.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,800 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead, unless otherwise noted.
- (3) Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.75-1.84 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 90.5% for gold and 82.5% for silver; variable mining costs that range from US\$42.50-US\$47.13/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.01/tonne, process costs of US\$29.17/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$12.56/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.24/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Resources.
- (4) Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold cut-off grade that ranges from 0.125-0.191 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 94%; gold payability of 97.5%, variable mining costs that range from US\$87.13-175.48/ton mined; process costs of US\$54.38/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$54.76/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$88.39/oz sold.
- (5) Mineral Resource estimate uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 78.7% across all rock types; royalty burden of US\$64/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34-50°; mining costs of \$2.39/ton mined, process costs of US\$11.91/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- (6) Mineral Resource estimates are tabulated within a confining pit shell and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7-93.7% and Ag = 59.4%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2-77.7% and Ag = 0.0-59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.25/st oxide and US\$3.35/st sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.40/st for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * (silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * (gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 43° over the life-of-mine.
- (7) Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimate use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 89-90%, zinc recovery of 82-83% and silver recovery of 83-84%. Lead concentrate grade of 53-54%; zinc concentrate grade of 56-57%; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries - royalties - TCRCs - transport costs over the life of the mine.
- (8) Open Pit Mineral Resource estimate is reported in-situ and are contained within a confining pit shell and use the following key input parameters: reported above an oxide gold equivalent cutoff of 0.15 ounces per ton and 0.20 oz ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1; gold recoveries of 64%; silver recoveries of 59%; mining costs of US\$3.10/ton; process costs of US\$3.60/ton; general and administrative costs of \$1.50/ton processed; average pit slope angles of 45° over the life-of-mine. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the Mineral Resource if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource is considered current and is presented unchanged.

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2022 Mineral Resources (cont.):

- (9) Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported using an equivalent gold cutoff of 0.20 ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1. Resources are reported in-situ and contained within a conceptual measured, indicated and inferred optimized pit shell. Silver price of US\$20/oz, gold price of US\$1,400/oz. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 70%, average carbonaceous gold recovery is 50%. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 60%. Average carbonaceous silver recovery is 50%. Open pit mining cost is US\$1.50/ton, processing and processing and G&A cost is US\$5.46/ton; average pit slope angles of 50°. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2017 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the mineral resources if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource report is considered current and is presented unchanged.
- (10) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2021 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
PROVEN RESERVES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	3,754,000	0.066	4.39			247,000	16,480,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	386,008,000	0.003	0.39			998,000	149,652,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	656,000	0.191	-			125,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	27,976,000	0.022	-			621,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	186,000	-	12.01	10.14%	8.53%	-	2,233,000	37,647,000	31,656,000
Total		418,580,000	0.005	0.40			1,991,000	168,365,000	37,647,000	31,656,000
PROBABLE RESERVES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	12,139,000	0.052	3.78			637,000	45,875,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	31,769,000	0.003	0.36			82,000	11,593,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	690,000	0.197	-			136,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	8,306,000	0.028	-			231,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,618,000	-	7.67	7.98%	4.99%	-	12,403,000	258,418,000	161,569,000
Total		54,522,000	0.020	1.28			1,086,000	69,871,000	258,418,000	161,569,000
PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	15,893,000	0.056	3.92			884,000	62,355,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	417,777,000	0.003	0.39			1,080,000	161,245,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,346,000	0.194	-			261,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	36,283,000	0.023	-			852,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,804,000	-	8.11	8.21%	5.36%	-	14,636,000	296,065,000	193,225,000
Total Proven and Probable Reserves		473,103,000	0.007	0.50			3,077,000	238,236,000	296,065,000	193,225,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2021 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
MEASURED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	3,696,000	0.053	3.89			195,000	14,373,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	191,889,000	0.002	0.29			372,000	56,573,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,860,000	0.231	-			660,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	13,947,000	0.020	-			273,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	319,000	-	10.33	9.41%	6.57%	-	3,296,000	60,029,000	41,939,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	4,642,000	0.012	0.34			58,000	1,592,000		
Total		217,353,000	0.007	0.35			1,558,000	75,834,000	60,029,000	41,939,000
INDICATED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	17,377,000	0.049	3.41			852,000	59,340,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	39,565,000	0.002	0.33			74,000	12,932,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,263,000	0.256	-			323,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	6,379,000	0.022	-			139,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,498,000	-	9.23	10.59%	5.42%	-	23,048,000	529,353,000	270,643,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	27,668,000	0.011	0.31			306,000	8,655,000		
Total		94,750,000	0.018	1.10			1,694,000	103,975,000	529,353,000	270,643,000
MEASURED AND INDICATED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	21,073,000	0.050	3.50			1,047,000	73,712,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	231,454,000	0.002	0.30			446,000	69,505,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	4,124,000	0.238	-			983,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	20,326,000	0.020	-			412,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,817,000	-	9.35	10.46%	5.55%	-	26,344,000	589,382,000	312,582,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	32,310,000	0.011	0.32			364,000	10,247,000		
Total Measured and Indicated Resources		312,104,000	0.010	0.58			3,252,000	179,808,000	589,382,000	312,582,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2021 Inferred Mineral Resources

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
INFERRED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,713,000	0.052	3.70			246,000	17,453,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	128,410,000	0.002	0.30			243,000	38,626,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,915,000	0.238	-			455,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	3,724,000	0.024	-			90,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,350,000	-	7.57	8.98%	4.27%	-	17,787,000	422,335,000	200,725,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	22,952,000	0.011	0.36			255,000	8,163,000		
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
Total Inferred Resources		189,800,000	0.010	0.45			1,820,000	85,375,000	422,335,000	200,725,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2021 Mineral Reserves:

- (1) The Mineral Reserve estimates are current as of December 31, 2021 and are reported using the definitions in Item 1300 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR Part 229) (SK1300) and were prepared by the company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2021 Mineral Reserves were \$20.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,400 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound of zinc, \$0.95 per pound of lead.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.94–2.51 g/t AuEq and an incremental development cut-off grade of 1.08 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 93.1% for gold and 81.9% for silver; mining dilution assumes 1 meter of hanging wall waste dilution; mining loss of 5% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$36.01–US\$41.75/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$3.52/t, process costs of US\$27.29/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$11.00/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.19/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Reserves.
- (4) Rochester Mineral Reserve estimates are tabulated within a confining pit shell and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide recovery Au = 85% and Ag = 59%; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 95% and Ag = 61%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$2.55/st oxide and US\$2.65/st sulfide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 43° over the life-of-mine.
- (5) Kensington Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; gold price of \$1400/oz; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.143-0.201 oz/st Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 95%; gold payability of 97.5%; mining dilution varies from 15-23%; mining loss of 5% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$90.91–150.73/ton mined; process costs of US\$46.93/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$38.83/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$60.00/oz sold.
- (6) Wharf Mineral Reserve estimate uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 80%; royalty burden of US\$56/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of US\$2.15/ton mined, rehandle costs of US\$1.65/ton rehandled, process costs of US\$10.34/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- (7) Silvertip Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return (“NSR”) cutoff of US\$130-160/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimate use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 87-88%, zinc recovery of 81-82% and silver recovery of 88-89 %. Lead concentrate grade of 51-53%; zinc concentrate grade of 48-50%; mining dilution varies from 5-25%; mining loss of 5% was applied; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries – royalties – TCRCs – transport costs over the life of the mine.
- (8) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2021 Mineral Resources:

- (1) Mineral Resource estimates are reported exclusive of Mineral Reserves, are current as of December 31, 2021, and are reported using definitions in SK1300 on a 100% ownership basis. Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2021 estimated Mineral Resources were \$22.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,700 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead, unless otherwise noted.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.59-2.21 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 93.1% for gold and 81.9% for silver; variable mining costs that range from US\$36.01–US\$41.75/t, surface haulage costs of US\$3.52/tonne, process costs of US\$27.29/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$11.00/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.19/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Resources.
- (4) Kensington Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold cut-off grade that ranges from 0.116–0.164 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 95%; gold payability of 97.5%, variable mining costs that range from US\$90.91–150.73/ton mined, process costs of US\$46.93/ton processed, general and administrative costs of US\$38.83/ton processed. and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$60.00/oz sold.
- (5) Wharf Mineral Resource estimate uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 78.7% across all rock types; royalty burden of US\$56/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of \$2.15/ton mined, rehandle costs of US\$1.65/ton rehandled, process costs of US\$10.34/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- (6) Rochester Mineral Resource estimates are tabulated within confining pit shells that uses the following input parameters: oxide gold recovery of 77.7%-93.7% and silver recovery with range of 59%-61%; sulfide gold recovery range of 15.2%-77.7% and silver recovery with range of 0.0%-59% with a net smelter return cutoff of US\$2.55–US\$3.70/ton oxide and US\$2.65/ton sulfide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz); and variable pit slope angles that approximately average 43° over the life-of-mine.
- (7) Silvertip Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimate use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 87-88%, zinc recovery of 81-82% and silver recovery of 88-89 %. Lead concentrate grade of 51-53%; zinc concentrate grade of 48-50%; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries – royalties – TCRCs – transport costs over the life of the mine.
- (8) Lincoln Hill Open Pit Mineral Resource estimate is reported in-situ and are contained within a confining pit shell and use the following key input parameters: reported above an oxide gold equivalent cutoff of 0.15 ounces per ton and 0.20 oz ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1; gold recoveries of 64%; silver recoveries of 59%; mining costs of US\$3.10/ton; process costs of US\$3.60/ton; general and administrative costs of \$1.50/ton processed; average pit slope angles of 45° over the life-of-mine. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the Mineral Resource if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource is considered current and is presented unchanged.

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2021 Mineral Resources (cont.):

- (9) Wilco Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported using an equivalent gold cutoff of 0.20 ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1. Resources are reported in-situ and contained within a conceptual measured, indicated and inferred optimized pit shell. Silver price of US\$20/oz, gold price of US\$1,400/oz. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 70%, average carbonaceous gold recovery is 50%. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 60%. Average carbonaceous silver recovery is 50%. Open pit mining cost is US\$1.50/ton, processing and processing and G&A cost is US\$5.46/ton; average pit slope angles of 50°. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the Mineral Resource if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource report is considered current and is presented unchanged.
- (10) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2019 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

		Grade				Contained				
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
PROVEN RESERVES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	1,093,000	0.093	5.17			102,000	5,649,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	249,815,000	0.003	0.45			710,000	112,286,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	898,000	0.200	-			180,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	23,436,000	0.024	-			571,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	176,000	-	11.31	9.84%	8.07%	-	1,990,000	34,577,000	28,366,000
Total		275,418,000	0.006	0.44			1,563,000	119,925,000	34,577,000	28,366,000
PROBABLE RESERVES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	10,576,000	0.056	4.24			591,000	44,843,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	13,577,000	0.002	0.38			27,000	5,187,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	779,000	0.239	-			186,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	7,530,000	0.026	-			197,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,636,000	-	7.94	7.97%	5.14%	-	12,986,000	260,847,000	168,096,000
Total		34,097,000	0.029	1.85			1,001,000	63,016,000	260,847,000	168,096,000
PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	11,669,000	0.059	4.33			693,000	50,492,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	263,392,000	0.003	0.45			737,000	117,473,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,677,000	0.218	-			366,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	30,965,000	0.025	-			768,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,812,000	-	8.26	8.15%	5.42%	-	14,976,000	295,424,000	196,463,000
Total Proven and Probable Reserves		309,515,000	0.008	0.59			2,564,000	182,941,000	295,424,000	196,463,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2019 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
MEASURED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	870,000	0.055	3.69			48,000	3,210,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	194,330,000	0.002	0.35			450,000	67,602,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,062,000	0.239	-			493,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	6,631,000	0.027	-			178,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	138,000	-	10.85	9.79%	7.70%	-	1,497,000	26,924,000	21,183,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	4,642,000	0.012	0.34			58,000	1,592,000		
La Preciosa	Durango, Mexico	9,536,000	0.005	3.04			45,000	29,001,000		
Total		218,209,000	0.006	0.47			1,272,000	102,902,000	26,924,000	21,183,000
INDICATED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	7,894,000	0.048	3.97			377,000	31,313,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	42,015,000	0.002	0.36			96,000	15,195,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,164,000	0.231	-			269,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	4,926,000	0.032	-			156,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,579,000	-	6.39	8.81%	3.89%	-	10,091,000	278,081,000	122,734,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	27,668,000	0.011	0.31			306,000	8,655,000		
La Preciosa	Durango, Mexico	19,141,000	0.006	3.98			118,000	76,185,000		
Total		104,385,000	0.013	1.35			1,323,000	141,438,000	278,081,000	122,734,000
MEASURED AND INDICATED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	8,764,000	0.048	3.94			425,000	34,522,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	236,345,000	0.002	0.35			546,000	82,797,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	3,226,000	0.236	-			762,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	11,557,000	0.029	-			334,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,716,000	-	6.75	8.89%	4.19%	-	11,588,000	305,005,000	143,917,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	32,310,000	0.011	0.32			364,000	10,247,000		
La Preciosa	Durango, Mexico	28,677,000	0.006	3.67			163,000	105,186,000		
Total Measured and Indicated Resources		322,594,000	0.008	0.76			2,594,000	244,340,000	305,005,000	143,917,000

> Reserves and Resources (cont.)

2019 Inferred Mineral Resources

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
INFERRED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	6,469,000	0.057	4.07			367,000	26,341,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	171,042,000	0.002	0.36			378,000	60,803,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,562,000	0.229	-			358,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	2,483,000	0.033	-			81,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	976,000	-	8.40	9.34%	5.39%	-	8,199,000	182,181,000	105,267,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	22,952,000	0.011	0.36			255,000	8,163,000		
Sterling	Nevada, USA	32,013,000	0.030	-			960,000	-		
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
La Preciosa	Durango, Mexico	1,761,000	0.003	3.31			6,000	5,835,000		
Total Inferred Resources		264,996,000	0.011	0.43			2,936,000	112,687,000	182,181,000	105,267,000

Notes to 2019 mineral reserves and resources:

- (1) Effective December 31, 2019.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for Mineral Reserves were \$17.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,350 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound zinc, \$0.95 per pound lead.
- (3) Assumed metal prices for estimated Mineral Resources were \$20.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,500 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound zinc, \$1.05 per pound lead, except Lincoln Hill and Wilco at \$1,350 per ounce gold and \$22.00 per ounce silver, and Sterling at \$1,200 per ounce of gold.
- (4) Mineral Resources are in addition to Mineral Reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. Inferred Mineral Resources are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be considered for estimation of Mineral Reserves, and there is no certainty that the Inferred Mineral Resources will be realized. The preliminary economic assessment for the re-scoped mine plan at Kensington is preliminary in nature and includes Inferred Mineral Resources, and does not have as high a level of certainty as a plan that was based solely on proven and probable reserves and there is no certainty that the results from the preliminary economic assessment will be realized.
- (5) Rounding of tons and ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grade, and contained metal content.
- (6) For details on the estimation of mineral resources and reserves, including the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate the Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, Canadian investors should refer to the NI 43-101 Technical Reports for Coeur's properties on file at www.sedar.com.

Mitchell J. Krebs – Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. During his twenty-year tenure with Coeur, Mr. Krebs has led nearly \$2 billion in capital raising and debt restructuring activities and has facilitated over \$4 billion of acquisitions and divestitures. Mr. Krebs was previously Coeur's Chief Financial Officer from March 2008 to July 2011 and held various positions in the corporate development department, including Senior Vice President of Corporate Development. Mr. Krebs previously served as the Chairman of The National Mining Association from September 2022 to September 2024 and as the former Chair of the ESG Task Force. Mr. Krebs previously served as a Director of Kansas City Southern Railway Company from May 2017 to April 2023 and is a past President of The Silver Institute.

Thomas S. Whelan – Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. Prior to joining Coeur, Mr. Whelan served as CFO of Arizona Mining Inc. from September 2017 to August 2018, when the company was acquired from South32 Limited. Previously, Mr. Whelan served as CFO for Nevsun Resources Ltd. from January 2014 to August 2017. He is a chartered professional accountant and was previously a partner with the international accounting firm Ernst & Young ("EY") LLP where he was the EY Global Mining & Metals Assurance sector leader, the leader of the EY Assurance practice in Vancouver and previously EY's Canadian Mining & Metals sector leader. Mr. Whelan graduated with a Bachelor of Commerce from Queen's University. Mr. Whelan has served as a member of the board of directors of Highlander Silver Corp., a precious metals exploration company, since October 2024.

Michael "Mick" Routledge – Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer. Mr. Routledge has over 25 years' experience with Rio Tinto in various roles beginning in 1987, including as the Chief Operating Officer (2011-2012) and Vice President HSE, Projects & Operational Value (2012-2014) of the Kennecott Utah Copper mine business and served as the Chief Operating Officer of Asahi Refining from 2015 to 2017. He served as Senior Director of Operational Excellence at Anagold Madencilik, a subsidiary of Alacer Gold Corp., a gold producer which merged with SSR Mining Inc. in the fall of 2020. Most recently, Mr. Routledge served as the Vice President of Major Projects and Studies of Alacer Gold Corp. from February 2020 until May 2020. Mr. Routledge currently chairs the Health & Safety Division Executive Committee for the Society for Mining, Metallurgy & Exploration board. He received an undergraduate degree from the University of Sunderland, England in Electrical and Control Engineering and received his MBA with a focus on business and strategic transformation from Henley Management College in England.

Casey M. Nault – Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary. Mr. Nault has over 25 years of experience as a corporate and securities lawyer, including prior in-house positions with Starbucks Corporation and Washington Mutual, Inc. and law firm experience with Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher. His legal experience includes securities compliance and SEC reporting, corporate governance and compliance, mergers and acquisitions, public and private securities offerings, other strategic transactions, general regulatory compliance, cross-border issues, land use and environmental issues, and overseeing complex litigation. In addition to leading the legal function, Mr. Nault also has executive responsibility for several other corporate functions including compliance, corporate responsibility, internal audit, cybersecurity and IT infrastructure, government affairs and land management.

Aoife M. McGrath – Senior Vice President, Exploration. Ms. McGrath has over 20 years of mining industry experience, spanning all stages of exploration from greenfield works to continental-scale exploration programs. Most recently, Ms. McGrath served as Vice President Exploration, Africa and Middle East at Barrick Gold Corp. Prior to that time, she served as head of Exploration and Geology for Beadell Resources Limited as well as serving in various roles at Alamos Gold Inc., including Director, Exploration and Corporate Development and Vice President, Exploration. She holds a Master of Science in Mineral Exploration from the University of Leicester as well as a Master of Science in Engineering Geology from the Imperial College London.

Emilie C. Schouten – Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer. Ms. Schouten has over 20 years of experience in Human Resources, starting her career at General Electric, where she graduated from GE's Human Resources Leadership Program. After 6 years as an HR Manager with GE, her division was acquired by the world's largest electrical distribution company, Rexel, and Ms. Schouten went on to become the Director of Training and Development. Ms. Schouten has a B.A. in Sociology from Michigan State University and a M.S. in Industrial Labor Relations from University of Wisconsin-Madison.

Mitchell J. Krebs – Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. See prior slide.

J. Kenneth Thompson – Independent Lead Director. Former Chairman of the board of directors of Pioneer Natural Resources Company (oil and gas), former member of the board of directors of Alaska Air Group, Inc. (parent company of Alaska Airlines, Hawaiian Airlines and Horizon Air), and former Lead Independent Director of Tetra Tech, Inc. (engineering consulting). President and Chief Executive Officer of Pacific Star Energy LLC (private energy investment firm in Alaska) from September 2000 to present, with a principal holding in Alaska Venture Capital Group LLC (private oil and gas exploration company) from December 2004 to present; Executive Vice President of ARCO's Asia Pacific oil and gas operating companies in Alaska, California, Indonesia, China, and Singapore from 1998 to 2000. Mr. Thompson was a National Association of Corporate Directors Directorship 100 honoree in 2019.

Linda L. Adamany – Independent Lead Director and Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee of Jefferies Financial Group (formerly known as Leucadia National Corporation), a diversified holding company engaged in a variety of businesses, since March 2022, and Board member since March 2014, and an Independent Member of the board of directors and chair of the Remuneration Committee of Jefferies International Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Jefferies Financial Group Inc., since March 2021; non-executive director of BlackRock Institutional Trust Company since March 2018; non-executive director and chair of the Compensation Committee of Vitesse Energy, Inc. since January 2023; non-executive director of the Wood plc from October 2017 to May 2019; non-executive director of Amec Foster Wheeler plc, an engineering, project management, and consultancy company, from October 2012 until the Company was acquired by Wood plc in October 2017; member of the board of directors of National Grid plc, an electricity and gas generation, transmission, and distribution company, from November 2006 to November 2012. Served at BP plc in several capacities from July 1980 until her retirement in August 2007, most recently from April 2005 to August 2007 as a member of the five-person Refining & Marketing Executive Committee responsible for overseeing the day-to-day operations and human resource management of BP plc's Refining & Marketing segment, a \$45 billion business at the time. She was selected as one of Women Inc. Magazine's 2018 Most Influential Corporate Directors.

Pierre Beaudoin – Chairman of the board of directors of Radisson Mining Resources, Inc. (gold exploration company in Canada) since July 2024 and a member of the board since September 2021. Mr. Beaudoin is a mineral processing professional with over 40 years of international operating and project development experience. Mr. Beaudoin joined the board of directors of SilverCrest Metals, Inc. in June 2018 and subsequently became its Chief Operating Officer in November 2018, until Coeur's acquisition of SilverCrest in February 2025. During his five years in the role, he successfully led the technical studies, build and ramp-up of the Las Chispas operation. Mr. Beaudoin previously worked as both Chief Operating Officer and Senior Vice President of Capital Projects with Detour Gold Corporation (gold mining company) from January 2013 to July 2017 and January 2010 to December 2012, respectively. Served in various roles over a 16-year career with Barrick Gold Corporation, including in capital projects and management roles from September 2004 to January 2010.

Paramita Das – Serves as Chief Strategy Officer and Senior Advisor to the Chief Executive Officer of Stardust Power Inc. (manufacturer of battery-grade lithium products) since September 2024. Previously, Ms. Das served as the Global Head of Marketing, Development and ESG (Chief Marketing Officer) Metals and Minerals at Rio Tinto from June 2022 to February 2024; President of Rio Tinto Nickle Inc., President and CEO of Alcan Primary Products Company, LLC and a member of the Board of Directors of Rio Tinto Services Inc. from July 2019 to September 2023 and General Manager, Marketing and Development, Metals, and Head of the Chicago Commercial Office, Rio Tinto from 2018 to 2021. Ms. Das served as Chief of Staff/Group Business Executive to the Rio Tinto Group CEO from 2016 – 2017. Ms. Das is a member of the board of directors of Genco Shipping & Trading Limited, a drybulk shipowner focused on global transportation of commodities, since March 2024 and a member of the board of directors of Toromont Industries, Ltd., a specialized equipment company, since November 2024. Ms. Das is a former Board member of World Business Chicago from 2020 – 2022; Chicago Children's Museum from 2019 – 2021 and UN Woman – USNC from 2014 to 2017. Ms. Das received a bachelor's degree in Architectural Engineering in 2001, and MBA in 2004 and additional post-graduate studies in Strategy and Finance in 2014.

> Board of Directors (cont.)

N. Eric Fier – Mr. Fier is a Certified Professional Geologist (USA) and Engineer (Canada) with over 35 years of experience in the international mining industry, including exploration, acquisition, development and production of numerous mining projects in the U.S., Guyana, Chile, Brazil, Central America, Mexico, Peru, Africa and Asia. He has in-depth knowledge of project evaluation and management, reserve estimation and economic analysis, construction, and operations management. Mr. Fier served as Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Director of SilverCrest Metals, Inc. until Coeur's acquisition of SilverCrest in February 2025. He previously worked as Senior Engineer and Chief Geologist with Pegasus Gold Corp., from June 1985 to May 1995, Senior Engineer & Manager with Newmont Mining Corp. from June 1995 to August 1996 and from 1999 to 2000, and Project Manager with Eldorado Gold Corp. from September 1996 to May 1998. He is currently the Non-Executive Chairman of Mako Mining Corp. (gold mining company) since July 2024, and previously served as Executive Chairman of Goldsource Mines, Inc. (gold mining company) from January 2018 until the company's acquisition by Mako Mining Corp.

Jeane L. Hull – Ms. Hull has over 35 years of mining operational leadership and engineering experience, most notably holding the positions of Chief Operating Officer for Rio Tinto plc at the Kennecott Utah Copper Mine and Executive Vice President and Chief Technical Officer of Peabody Energy Corporation. She also held numerous management engineering and operations positions with Rio Tinto affiliates. Prior to joining Rio Tinto, she held positions with Mobil Mining and Minerals and has additional environmental engineering and regulatory affairs experience in the public and private sectors. Ms. Hull currently serves as a member of the Board of Directors of Epiroc AB since January 2018, Hudbay Minerals since June 2023, and Wheaton Precious Metals Corporation since May 2023. She previously served on the boards of Copper Mountain Mining Corp., Trevali Mining Corporation, Pretium Resources Inc., Interfor Corporation and Cloud Peak Energy Inc. Ms. Hull also served on the Advisory Board for South Dakota School of Mines and Technology for over ten years.

Eduardo Luna – Non-Executive Chairman of the Board of Rochester Resources Ltd. (junior natural resources company with assets in Mexico) since March 2018 and member of the board of directors of Vizsla Silver Corp. (junior natural resources company) since November 2023. Mr. Luna has spent over forty years in the precious metals mining industry and has held prior senior executive and board positions at several companies including Industrial Peñoles, Goldcorp Inc., Luismin SA de CV, Wheaton River Minerals Ltd., Alamos Gold Inc., Dyna Resource, Inc. and Primero Mining Corp. He is also a former member of the Board of Directors of Wheaton Precious Metals Corp. Mr. Luna is the former President of the Mexican Mining Chamber and a former President of the Silver Institute. He was inducted into the Mexico Mining Hall of Fame and serves as Chairman of the Advisory Board of the Faculty of Mines at the University of Guanajuato where he received a degree in Mining Engineering.

Robert E. Mellor – Independent Chairman of the board of Monro, Inc. (auto service provider) since June 2017, and appointed Interim Chief Executive Officer from August 2020 to April 2021. Previously Mr. Mellor was lead independent director from April 2011 to June 2017 and a member of the board of directors since August 2010; Former Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President of Building Materials Holding Corporation (distribution, manufacturing and sales of building materials and component products) from 1997 to January 2010, director from 1991 to January 2010; former member of the board of directors of CalAtlantic Group, Inc. (national residential home builder) from October 2015 to February 2018, when CalAtlantic was acquired by Lennar Corporation; former member of the board of directors of the Ryland Group (national home builder, merged with another builder to form CalAtlantic) from 1999 to October 2015; and former member of the board of directors of Stock Building Supply Holdings, Inc. (lumber and building materials distributor) from March 2010 until December 2015 when it merged with another company. He was named a 2020 National Association of Corporate Directors Directorship 100 honoree.

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