Raymond James London Silver Conference



Cautionary Statements



This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of securities legislation in the United States and Canada, including statements involving strategic priorities and company strategies, growth, anticipated production, costs and expenses, exploration and development efforts, operations, expectations and initiatives at Las Chispas, Palmarejo, Rochester, Kensington, Wharf and Silvertip, goals, efforts and achievements, and expectations regarding the integration of Las Chispas, capital allocation and estimates, liquidity sources, free cash flow and mineral reserve and resource estimates. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors which may cause Coeur's actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, the risk that anticipated production, cost and expense levels are not attained, the risks and hazards inherent in the mining business (including risks inherent in developing and expanding large-scale mining projects, environmental hazards, industrial accidents, weather or geologically-related conditions), changes in the market prices of gold and silver and a sustained lower price or higher treatment and refining charge environment, the uncertainties inherent in Coeur's production, exploration and development activities, including risks relating to permitting and regulatory delays, mining law changes, ground conditions, grade and recovery variability, any future labor disputes or work stoppages (involving the Company and its subsidiaries or third parties), the risk of adverse outcomes in litigation, the uncertainties inherent in the estimation of mineral reserves and resources, impacts from Coeur's future acquisition of new mining properties or businesses, the risks associated with the integration of Las Chispas, the loss of access or insolvency of any third-party refiner or smelter to whom Coeur markets its production, materials and equipment availability, inflationary pressures, continued access to financing sources, the effects of environmental and other governmental regulations and government shut-downs, the risks inherent in the ownership or operation of or investment in mining properties or businesses in foreign countries, implementation of tariffs or trade barriers, Coeur's ability to raise additional financing necessary to conduct its business, make payments or refinance its debt, as well as other uncertainties and risk factors set out in filings made from time to time with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, and the Canadian securities regulators, including, without limitation, Coeur's most recent reports on Form 10-K and Form 10Q. Actual results, developments, and timetables could vary significantly from the estimates presented. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Coeur disclaims any intent or obligation to update publicly such forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. Additionally, Coeur undertakes no obligation to comment on analyses, expectations, or statements made by third parties in respect of Coeur, its financial or operating results or its securities.

The scientific and technical information concerning Coeur's mineral projects in this presentation have been reviewed and approved by a "qualified person" under Item 1300 of SEC Regulation S-K, namely Coeur's Vice President, Technical Services, Christopher Pascoe. For a description of the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate mineral reserves and mineral resources included in this presentation that relate to Coeur's mineral projects, as well as data verification procedures and a general discussion of the extent to which the estimates may be affected by any known environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, sociopolitical, marketing or other relevant factors, please review the Technical Report Summaries for each of Coeur's material properties which are available at www.sec.gov. 2024, 2023, 2022, 2021 and 2019 reserves and resources were determined in accordance with Item 1300 of SEC Regulation S-K. Reserves and resources for certain prior periods were determined in accordance with Canadian National Instrument 43-101. Both sets of reporting standards have similar goals in terms of conveying an appropriate level of confidence in the disclosures being reported, but the standards embody slightly different approaches and definitions. The ranges of potential tonnage and grade (or quality) of the exploration results described in this presentation are conceptual in nature. There has been insufficient exploration work to estimate a mineral resource. It is uncertain if further exploration will result in the estimation of a mineral resource. The exploration results described in this presentation therefore do not represent, and should not be construed to be, an estimate of a mineral resource or mineral reserve.

Non-U.S. GAAP Measures - We supplement the reporting of our financial information determined under United States generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) with certain non-U.S. GAAP financial measures, including adjusted net income (loss), operating cash flow before changes in working capital, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, total leverage, net leverage, free cash flow, adjusted costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound and adjusted liquidity. We believe that these adjusted measures provide meaningful information to assist management, investors and analysts in understanding our financial results and assessing our prospects for future performance. We believe these adjusted financial measures are important indicators of our recurring operations because they exclude items that may not be indicative of, or are unrelated to our core operating results, and provide a better baseline for analyzing trends in our underlying businesses. We believe adjusted net income (loss), adjusted EBITDA margin, total leverage, net leverage, free cash flow, adjusted costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound and adjusted liquidity are important measures in assessing the Company's overall financial performance. This presentation does not represent an offer of any securities for sale.

Company Overview



Headquartered in Chicago, IL, Coeur Mining (NYSE: CDE) is a growing, multiasset precious metals producer with a focus on generating sustainable, highquality cash flow from its North American asset base

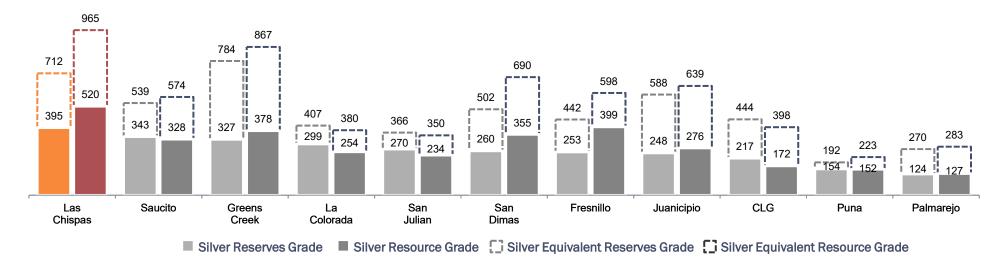
U.S. organic growth offers unique near-term catalyst



Las Chispas: Tier 1, High Grade, Silver Producing Mine COEUR MINING®



Silver and Silver Equivalent Grade¹ (g/t)



2023 Actual Silver Cost & Margin^{2,3} (\$/oz & %)



Source: Public disclosures, SilverCrest disclosure.

Note: All figures in U.S. dollars unless denoted otherwise.

Silver equivalent calculated based on longer term Street consensus pricing of US\$2,022/oz Au and US\$25.98/oz Ag.

⁽²⁾ Excludes Juanicipio due to 2023 being a ramp-up year.

Silver CAS shown where available, silver equivalent cash cost shown otherwise (equivalent calculation and margin based on average realized silver prices in 2023).

Rochester Overview



Rochester is one of the largest operations of its kind in the world and is America's largest source of domestically produced and refined silver. 2025 represents the first full year post-expansion with significant expected production increases, materially lower expected costs, and a substantially larger reserve base

Production and Cost Profile



Proven and Probable Reserves³



Costs Per Ton

(\$)	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025E ⁶	Y-o-Y %Δ ⁷
Mining costs per ton mined	\$2.64	\$2.55	\$2.89	\$2.57	\$1.50 - \$1.75	(37%)
Processing costs per ton processed ⁴	\$4.62	\$4.82	\$6.61	\$3.82	\$2.75 - \$3.25	(21%)
G&A per ton processed ⁵	\$1.35	\$1.30	\$1.85	\$1.38	\$1.00 - \$1.25	(18%)

⁽¹⁾ Guidance as published by Coeur on May 7, 2025.

⁽²⁾ See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

⁽³⁾ See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources

⁽⁴⁾ Excludes third-party refining charges.

⁽⁵⁾ Excludes management fee allocated from corporate. (6) Estimates based upon range of 28 - 32 million tons mined and processed in 2025.

> Rochester - Aerial View



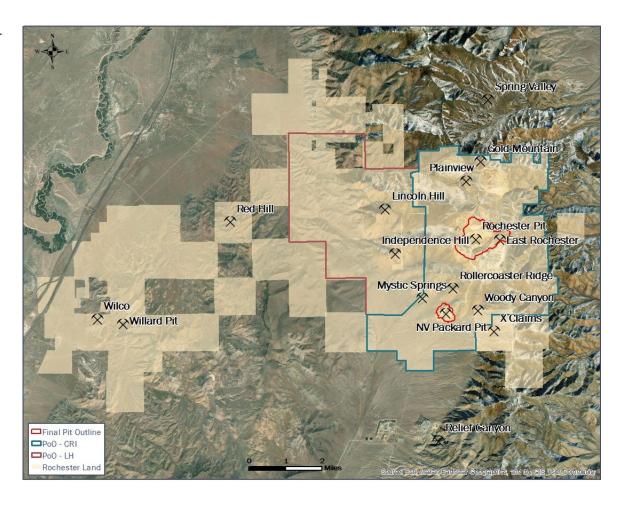


Untapped Exploration Potential at Rochester



The key areas of focus in 2025 relate to testing of higher-grade targets with the potential to enhance current mine life

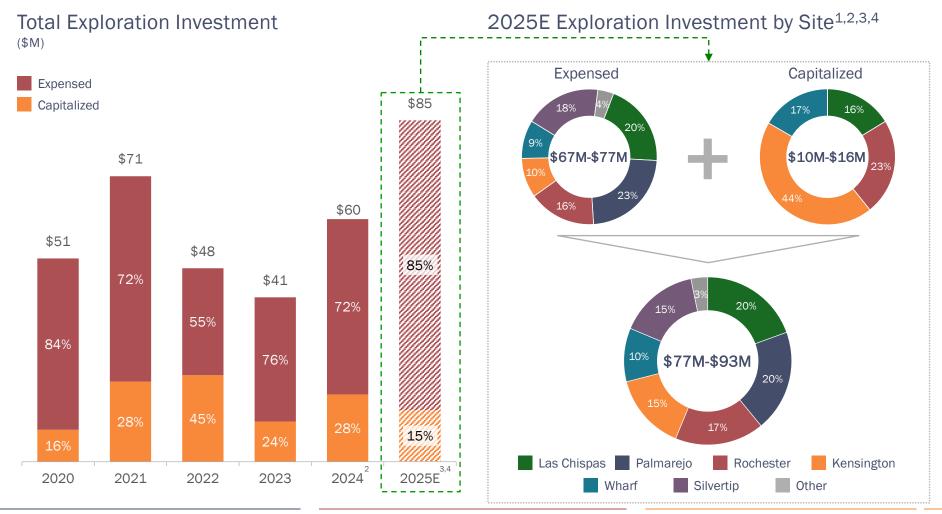
- Largest reserve of any primary silver mine in the U.S.
- District land position is 46,272 net acres
- Mine life remained at 16 years compared to 2023
- 66% growth in proven & probable reserves over the last 5 years¹
- Improved understanding of geologic structure allowing for higher-grade drill targeting in 2025
- Satellite deposits & prospects: Nevada Packard, Lincoln Hill and Independence Hill



Sustaining a Higher Level of Exploration Investment



The Company remains focused on delivering results through the drill bit in 2025, with significant investments at Palmarejo, Las Chispas and Silvertip targeting resource expansion and targeting reserve increases at Kensington and Wharf



⁽¹⁾ Guidance as published by Coeur on May 7, 2025.

⁽²⁾ Actual figure excludes approximately \$16 million associated with underground mine development and support costs at Silvertip.

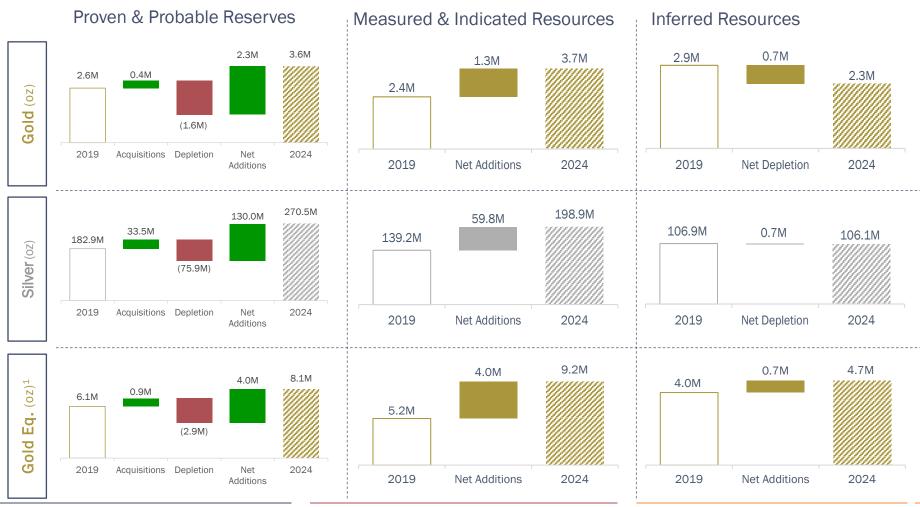
⁽³⁾ Figures and percentages reflect midpoint of guidance as published by Coeur on May 7, 2025.

⁽⁴⁾ Figures exclude \$17 - \$22 million associated with underground mine development and support costs at Silvertip.

> Expanded Reserve and Resource Base



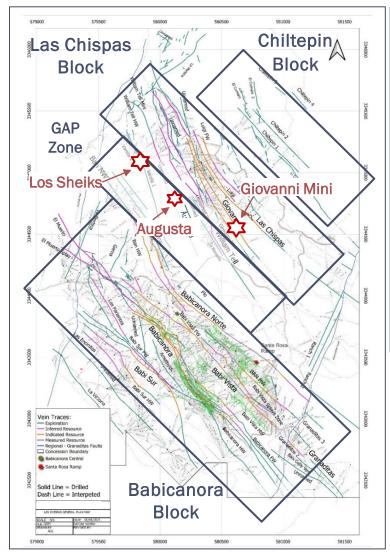
Coeur's 2024 exploration program was successful in growing resources via new discoveries. The Company has invested over \$285 million in exploration over the past five years, contributing to significant overall reserve and resource growth

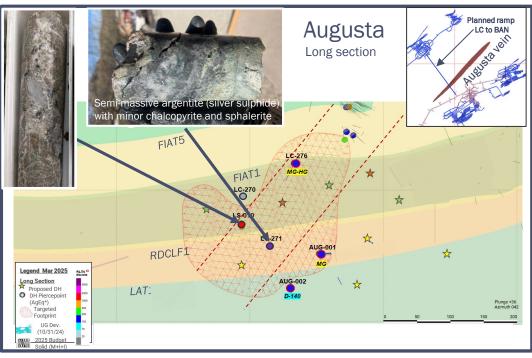


Las Chispas Exploration Update



Las Chispas is seeing early exploration success with a new discovery called Augusta, which is part of the Gap zone and along planned underground development





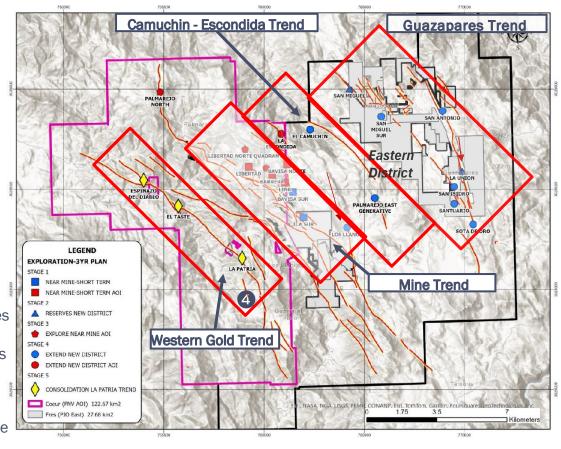
- With team integration and revised 2025 drill plan now complete, focus on replacing depletion through: (i) conversion of 10 million ounces AgEQ¹ of existing inferred resources; and (ii) expansion and infill drilling to identify potential ore around current veins, but not currently in resources
- Other 2025 priorities include: (i) scout drilling to replenish inferred resources for conversion in 2026; (ii) development of a new regional exploration / target generation strategy; and (iii) undertaking a high-resolution drone magnetic survey and a structural study

Palmarejo Exploration Update



Following a \sim 75% increase in inferred mineral resources on a gold equivalent basis¹ in 2024, overall exploration efforts continue to trend to the East, with drilling identifying areas of high-grade in historic Fresnillo resource corridor

- Large, highly prospective district
 - ~74,000-acre land package (more than double versus a decade ago)
 - Recent acquisition of Fresnillo ground consolidates areas located to the East
- \$16 \$18 million exploration investment in 2025² (substantially all expensed; 60% outside the Franco-Nevada gold stream area) with the following objectives:
 - Continue building the inferred resource base for future conversion and reserve growth
 - Validation and expansion of historic resources at extension of existing vein structures (Independencia Sur) and Eastern Guazapares Trend (San Miguel)
 - Continue early-stage exploration on El Camuchin-Escondida Trend between the mine and Guazapares Trend

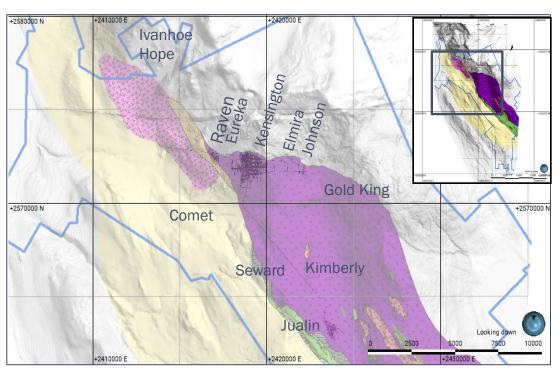


> Kensington: Blueprint for a Longer Mine Life



The Company began a multi-year exploration investment program in 2022 aimed at leveraging evolving geologic understanding of Kensington's primary deposits. With this program, Coeur achieved a 5-year reserve-based mine life at year-end 2024

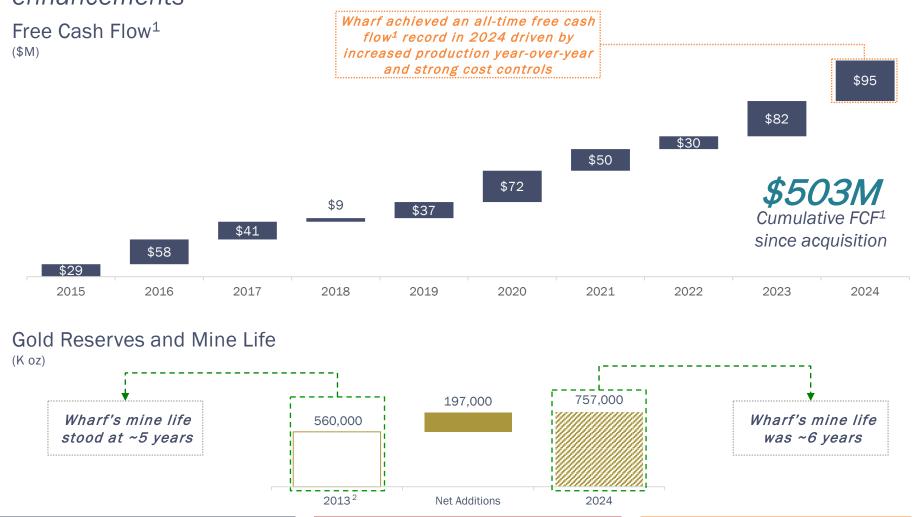
- Project success resulted in doubling the life of mine to 5 years, net of depletion, since the program began in mid-2022, resulting in 3 consecutive years of reserve growth
- Ongoing technical review and geologic modeling is enhancing the understanding of controls to mineralization with positive implications for near-mine targeting and resource growth
- Current program aims to maintain the 5-year mine life as well as find and target high-grade mineralization to improve bulk mill feed grade
- POA 1 tailings and waste rock storage approval allows for infrastructure to accommodate longer mine life



Wharf: A Case Study for Successful M&A



Acquired in early 2015 for \$99.5 million, Wharf has generated cumulative FCF¹ of more than 5x its original investment, driven by operational improvements, targeted investments in exploration, and several technical and modeling enhancements



NYSE: CDE

Wharf: Increased Investment to Extend Mine Life



Two new opportunities continue to demonstrate potential to substantially extend Wharf's mine life near existing mining areas. The two targets, North Foley and Juno, will be further drill-tested in 2025 to identify the scope of the opportunity

Project Potential

- Juno and North Foley
 drilling drove a doubling of
 M&I gold resources; and
 tripling of inferred gold
 resources at year-end 2024
- Both Juno and North Foley are adjacent to or encompass historical pits
- Conversion of new resources in both areas is a key priority for drilling in 2025 and beyond

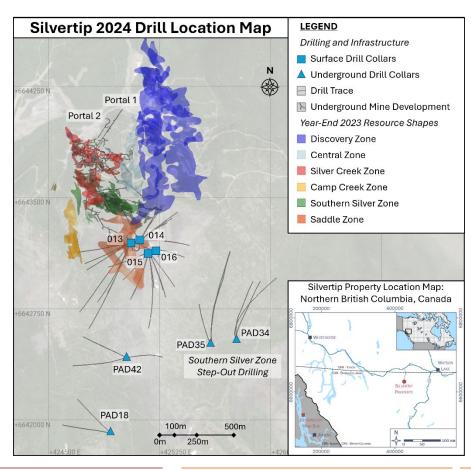


Silvertip: Large, High-Grade Polymetallic Deposit in BC COEUR MINING®



Coeur continues to invest in exploration at of one of the world's highest-grade deposits of its kind to expand and better understand the large system at Silvertip. The Company aims to advance Silvertip in coming years to be a future source of growth and become a long-life, high-margin operation with significant silver production

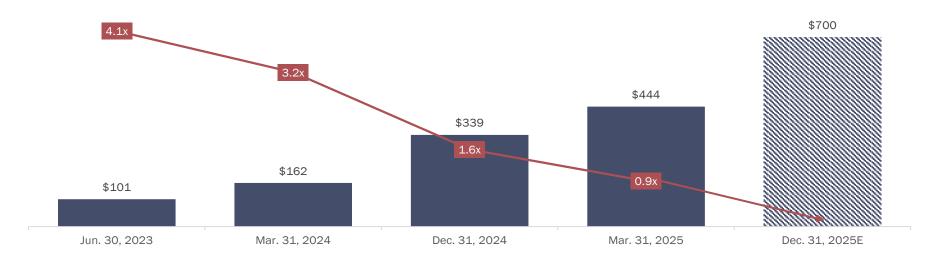
- Successfully completed most extensive surface program since acquiring the asset in 2017
- 100% success rate on large, step-out drilling along the Southern Silver Zone doubled strike length and remains open
- Three Silvertip look-alikes identified from districtwide program
- Expect to invest approximately \$13 million¹ in exploration in 2025 along with 1,000 meters of underground development to support accelerated drilling in future years
- Anticipate commencing an Initial Assessment by year-end



> Balance Sheet Update



LTM Adjusted EBITDA / Net Leverage Ratio^{1,2,3}



Debt and Leverage Summary^{1,3} (\$M)

	Dec. 31, 2024	Mar. 31, 2025
5.125% senior notes due 2029	290.1	290.2
Revolving credit facility	195.0	110.0
Capital lease obligations	105.0	98.0
TOTAL DEBT	\$590.1	\$498.3
Cash and cash equivalents	\$55.1	\$77.6
LEVERAGE RATIOS		
LTM adjusted EBITDA	\$339.2	\$443.7
Total debt / LTM adjusted EBITDA	1.7x	1.1x
Net debt / LTM adjusted EBITDA	1.6x	0.9x

1Q 2025 Balance Sheet Highlights

- Revolving credit facility balance reduced by 44%, or \$85 million

⁽¹⁾ See non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

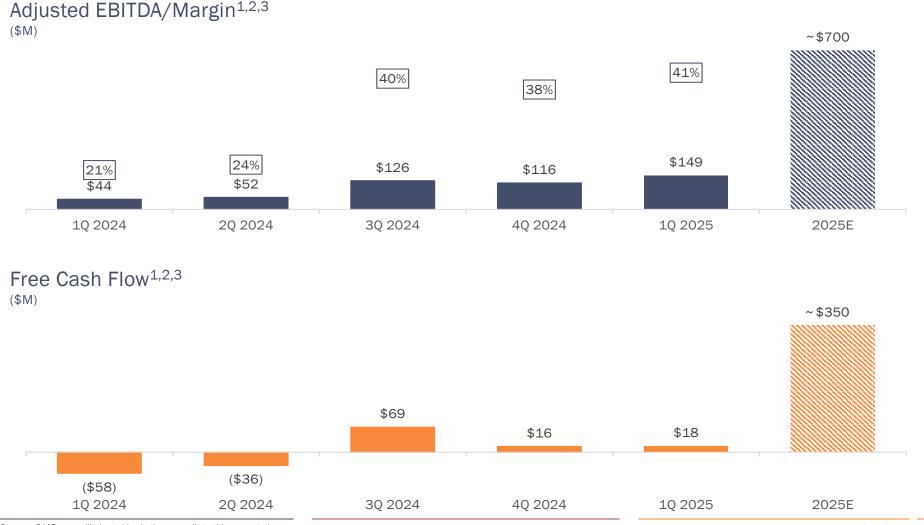
^{(2) 2025}E EBITDA based on October 2024 analyst consensus for 2025.

⁽³⁾ Net debt equals total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

Continued Improvement in Financial Results



With the addition of Las Chispas, the expansion of Rochester, and the power of a well-balanced portfolio, coupled with higher metals prices, Coeur is seeing a step-change in its cash flow and margin profile



⁽¹⁾ See non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

^{(2) 2025}E EBITDA and Free Cash Flow based on October 2024 analyst consensus for 2025.

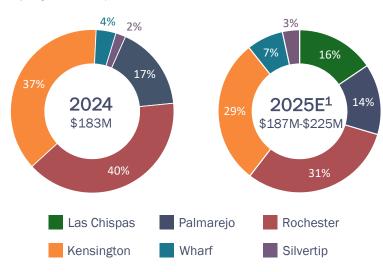
NYSE: CDE

> Investing in Organic Growth Opportunities



Capital Expenditures by Mine

(% companywide total)



Capital Expenditures Composition

(% companywide total)



	1Q 2025	Full-Year Guidance ¹	Progress ¹	Implied 2Q – 4Q 2025	2025 Key Capital Investments
Las Chispas	\$5M	\$30M - \$34M	17%	\$25M - \$29M	Underground development
Palmarejo	\$6M	\$26M - \$32M	20%	\$20M \$26M	 Underground mine development in new mine areas driven by exploration success
Rochester	\$15M	\$57M - \$70M	23%	\$42M - \$55M	 Crusher optimization projects Stripping campaign to offload material from Stage 1 & 2 leach pads
Kensington	\$15M	\$55M - \$64M	26%	\$40M - \$49M	Tailings dam lift to support extended mine life
Wharf	\$7M	\$13M - \$17M	49%	\$6M - \$10M	 Infrastructure investments to support anticipated material mine life extension
Silvertip	\$1M	\$6M - \$8M	12%	\$5M - \$7M	Infrastructure investments to support ongoing exploration activities
TOTAL	\$50M	\$187M - \$225M	24%	\$93M - \$142M	

NYSE: CDE

Looking Ahead: Key Deliverables for 2025



- Deliver strong post-expansion results at Rochester
- Successfully integrate Las Chispas
- Continue to deleverage the balance sheet
- Invest in high-return exploration opportunities at existing operations
- Accelerate investment at Silvertip to expand resources, test new targets, establish underground infrastructure to support future exploration, and further enhance our orebody knowledge
- Communicate approach to returning capital to shareholders

> 2025 Guidance Remains Unchanged¹



Production Outlook

	Gold (oz)	Silver (K oz)
Las Chispas	42,500 - 52,500	4,250 - 5,250
Palmarejo	95,000 - 105,000	5,400 - 6,500
Rochester	60,000 - 75,000	7,000 - 8,300
Kensington	92,500 - 107,500	-
Wharf	90,000 - 100,000	50 - 200
Consolidated	380,000 - 440,000	16,700 - 20,250

CAS Outlook²

	Gold (\$/oz)	Silver (\$/oz)
Las Chispas (co-product)	\$850 - \$950	\$9.25 - \$10.25
Palmarejo (co-product)	\$950 - \$1,150	\$17.00 - \$18.00
Rochester (co-product)	\$1,250 - \$1,450	\$14.50 - \$16.50
Kensington	\$1,700 - \$1,900	-
Wharf (by-product)	\$1,250 - \$1,350	-

Capital, Exploration and G&A

(\$M)

Capital Expenditures, Sustaining ³	\$132 - \$156
Capital Expenditures, Growth	\$55 - \$69
Exploration, Expensed ⁴	\$67 - \$77
Exploration, Capitalized	\$10 - \$16
General & Administrative Expenses	\$44 - \$48

Note: The Company's guidance figures assume estimated prices of \$2,700/oz gold and \$30.00/oz silver as well as CAD of 1.425 and MXN of 20.50. Guidance figures exclude the impact of any metal sales or foreign exchange hedges.

NYSE: CDE

20

⁽¹⁾ Guidance as published by Coeur on May 7, 2025. Las Chispas guidance reflects results from the February 14 closing of the acquisition.

⁽²⁾ See non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

⁽³⁾ Sustaining capital expenditures exclude capital leases.

⁽⁴⁾ Figures exclude \$17 - \$22 million associated with underground mine development and support costs at Silvertip.

> Production Summary



			T	 Full-Year		
	10 2025	Full-Year Guidance ¹	Progress ²	Guidance Profile by Quarter ³	Implied 2Q - 4Q 2025	Comments
Gold Production (oz)			I I			
Las Chispas	7,175	42,500 - 52,500	15%	14%	35,325 - 45,325	 Quarterly production reflects 1.5 months after the SilverCrest transaction closed on February 14, 2025
Palmarejo	23,032	95,000 - 105,000	23%	23%	71,968 - 81,968	Reflects higher throughput quarter-over- quarter
Rochester	13,353	60,000 - 75,000	20%	18%	46,647 - 61,647	See comments under Silver Production for additional details
Kensington	22,715	92,500 - 107,500	23%	23%	69,785 - 84,785	Production reflects lower average gold grade from timing of stopes due to sequencing
Wharf	20,491	90,000 - 100,000	22%	14%	69,509 - 79,509	Reflects timing of ounces placed on leach pads
Total Gold Production	86,766	380,000 - 440,000	21%	20%	293,234 - 353,234	
Silver Production (K oz)			 			
Las Chispas	714	4,250 - 5,250	15%	14%	3,536 - 4,536	See comments under Gold Production for additional details
Palmarejo	1,680	5,400 - 6,500	28%	25%	3,720 - 4,820	See comments under Gold Production for additional details
Rochester	1,284	7,000 - 8,300	17%	17%	5,716 - 7,016	 Ore tons placed decreased 15% quarter-over-quarter, placing 7.0 million tons on the Stage 6 leach pad Lower production primarily driven by more direct-to-pad material possessing a coarser overall crush size
Wharf	51	50 - 200	41%	19%	0 - 149	• NA
Total Silver Production	3,729	16,700 - 20,250	20%	19%	12,971 - 16,521	

Note: Percentages may differ due to rounding.

⁽¹⁾ Guidance as published by Coeur on May 7, 2025.

⁽²⁾ Percentage progress figures based on midpoint of guidance ranges.

⁽³⁾ Guidance as published by Coeur on February 20, 2025.



Corporate Responsibility



Our corporate responsibility strategy and priorities are rooted in long-term value creation and risk management, as exemplified by our recent accomplishments



Achieved more than 35% reduction in GHG emissions net intensity compared to the base year 1



Tied executive compensation and individual incentive programs to GHG goals



Sourced cost-effective renewable power for Las Chispas, Rochester and Wharf



Implementing Global Industry Standard on Tailings Management across all sites



As of 2022, Coeur received an MSCI **ESG Rating** of "A"²



Coeur is ranked *first* among U.S. peers with the *lowest Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate* in 2024³



Coeur Mexicana is a 13-time recipient of Empresa
Socialmente Responsable distinction



Adopted *biodiversity management standard* to
identify and mitigate impacts
throughout all mining phases



Active Board refreshment including four new directors in the last three years



ISS *QualityScore* of "1" for Governance (Highest Possible)



Mitch Krebs, Chairman,
President & CEO, served as
Chair of NMA ESG
Task Force and as
Chair of NMA



2024 *Winner*Best Compliance and Ethics
Program (small/mid-cap) and
Best Proxy statement
(mid-cap), Corporate Secretary

⁽¹⁾ Base year GHG Intensity is $14.21 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e}/\text{ton}$ processed. This value is calculated using an average of 2018 and 2019 emissions and production values.

 $^{(2) \ \ \}text{For more information on MSCI ESG Ratings, please visit } \underline{\text{https://msci.com/notice-and-disclaimer}}.$

⁽³⁾ Source(s): U.S. Department of Labor Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA): Metal Operators Mine Safety and Health Statistics.

> 2024 Responsibility Report



Coeur published its sixth annual Responsibility Report on May 8, 2025, highlighting its most recent health, safety, environmental and social performance along with increased disclosure on our approach to managing material¹ sustainability topics

Meeting sustainability goals during an inflection point for the Company

Rochester Ramp Up

2024 Production: ~341K Au & 11.4M Ag oz. Acquisition of SilverCrest Metals Reserve and Resource Growth

Key Highlights

Climate Resilience	The Company exceeded its goal of reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) net intensity emissions reduction goal of 35% compared to its base year ² by the end of 2024
Health and Safety	Coeur focused on the quality and analysis of leading indicators to reduce repeated exposure and long-term risk, contributing to Coeur ranking first among our peer group for employee TRIFR at U.S. mines according to MSHA data for the third year in a row
Tailings Management	Coeur completed 20% of the outstanding tasks related to the implementation of the Global Industry Standard on Tailings Management across all sites in 2024
Biodiversity	The Company furthered the implementation of its Biodiversity Management Standard which included completing a nature-related risk assessment at Kensington and planning to complete similar assessments at additional sites
Social Action	Coeur implemented actions in response to the outcomes of its 2023 company-wide culture survey, working to translate employee feedback into meaningful improvements
Strong Governance	Underpinning our sustainability strategy with strong governance, we refreshed our materiality ¹ assessment in 2024

Note: For more information on Coeur's Responsibility Report, please visit www.coeur.com/responsibility.

NYSE: CDE

Achieving the GHG Target



Since setting the first GHG net intensity reduction goal in 2021, Coeur reduced its net emissions intensity by 38% at the end of 2024 compared to our base $year^1 - surpassing$ the 35% target

The Role of Renewable Energy



In 2024, cost-effective renewable energy cut market-based Scope 2 emissions by **41**% and total GHG emissions by **15**% compared to a non-renewable scenario. In addition to implementing energy efficiency projects, renewable energy is a cost-effective lever to reduce our carbon footprint and maintain operational efficiency

As the Company looks ahead, it expects to set cost-effective, realistic and attainable pathways that align with the focus on business resilience and impactful change. Coeur intends to carefully develop an appropriate plan for the next phase of our GHG reduction initiatives

1

Integrate the newly acquired Las Chispas mine into Coeur's emissions inventory

2

Identify feasible energy efficiency opportunities that reduce operational and transitional risk

3

Review and enhance data tracking systems to monitor progress across sites

Strong Governance



Governance practices remain a cornerstone of Coeur's sustainability strategy to integrate responsible practices throughout all material¹ topics aiming to promote long-term value creation and accountability

Updated Materiality¹ Assessment

Aims to strengthen strategic decisionmaking by aligning responsibility priorities with stakeholder expectations

Limited Assurance Review of Energy and GHG Emissions Data

Aims to enhance data credibility and transparency for investors and other stakeholders

Coeur's strong corporate governance embeds accountability and transparency across its governance systems and business strategy

Governance

Enhanced Risk Management Programs Aims to improve oversight and resilience by proactively identifying and mitigating

enterprise and operational risks

Focused Cybersecurity Training

Aims to reduce organizational risk by reinforcing accountability and preparedness against cyber threats

Defined Tailings Governance Structure

Annual Review of Water Stewardship

Increases consistency in reporting to align

with external sustainability reporting

Reporting

frameworks

Formally communicates accountability and responsibility of roles

⁽¹⁾ References to "materiality" regarding sustainability in this presentation should not be construed as a characterization of the financial materiality or impact of that information with respect to the Company. References to materiality, and the inclusion of the information in this presentation, are not an indication that such information is material to investors or Coeur's business, operating results, strategy, or financial condition or for the purposes of applicable securities and other laws or regulations.

Industry-Leading Safety Performance

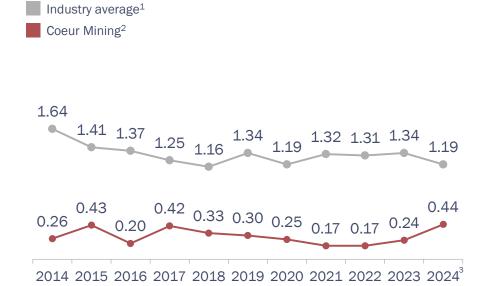


Coeur has been certified in the National Mining Association's CORESafety program since 2017 and completed its recertification in July 2021



Coeur's injury frequency rate remains significantly below industry averages, resulting in the lowest Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate and safest company according to MSHA among peers in 2024

Lost-Time Injury Frequency Rate



Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate



⁽¹⁾ Source(s): U.S. Department of Labor Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA): Metal Operators Mine Safety and Health Statistics. Injuries per 200,000 employee-hours worked. (2) Includes both Coeur employees and contract workers

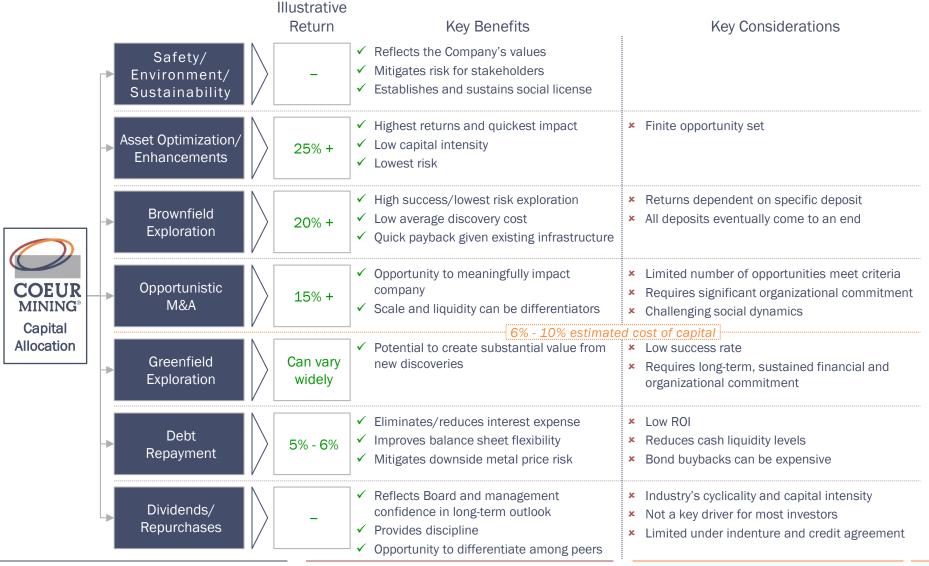
NYSE: CDE

Appendix

Coeur's Capital Allocation Framework



Mining is capital intensive and requires a disciplined approach to capital allocation with a view toward long-term reserve replacement and growth



Las Chispas



The Las Chispas silver-gold operation is located in the state of Sonora, Mexico, and is an underground mine with processing operations as well as several other deposits and exploration targets

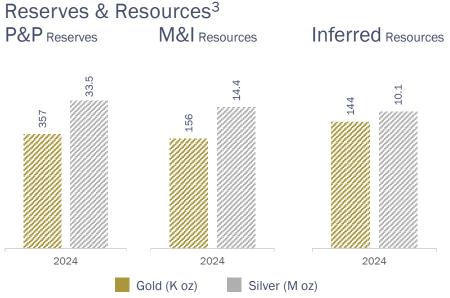
Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees ¹	314
Claims	3,462 net acres
Туре	Underground
Processing	Crushing, grinding, CIL, Merrill-Crowe precipitation, refining
Metals	Silver and gold doré
Mine life	~7 years

Share of Companywide 2025E² Production







⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2024.

⁽²⁾ Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on May 7, 2025.

⁽³⁾ See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

Palmarejo



The Palmarejo gold-silver complex is located in the state of Chihuahua, Mexico, and is an underground mine with processing operations as well as several other deposits and exploration targets

Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees ¹	869
Claims	67,296 net acres
Туре	Underground
Processing	Crushing, grinding, flotation, CIL, Merrill- Crowe precipitation, refining
Metals	Silver and gold doré
Mine life	~6 years

Share of Companywide 2025E² Production







⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2024.

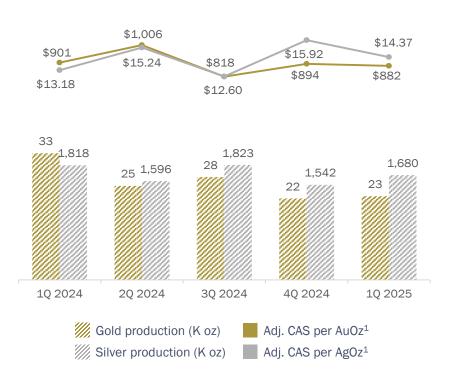
⁽²⁾ Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on May 7, 2025.

⁽³⁾ See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

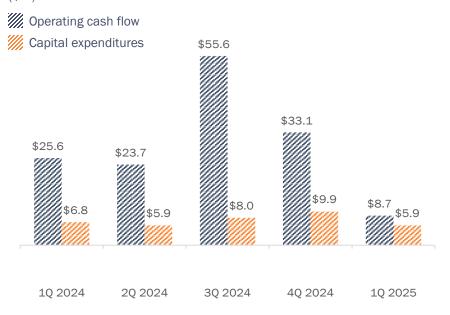
> Palmarejo (cont.)



Production and Cost Performance



Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures (\$M)



Costs Per Ton

(\$)

	1Q 2024	2Q 2024	3Q 2024	4Q 2024	1Q 2025
UG tons mined	494,835	426,997	412,201	416,977	444,025
UG mining costs per UG ton mined	\$58	\$63	\$64	\$61	\$54
Processing costs per ton processed ²	\$29	\$29	\$28	\$29	\$27
G&A per ton processed ³	\$15	\$17	\$14	\$17	\$13

⁽¹⁾ See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

⁽²⁾ Excludes third-party refining charges.

⁽³⁾ Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

> Rochester

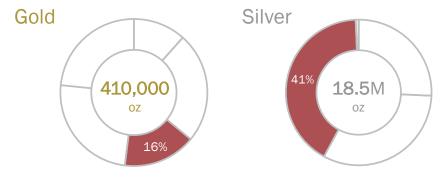


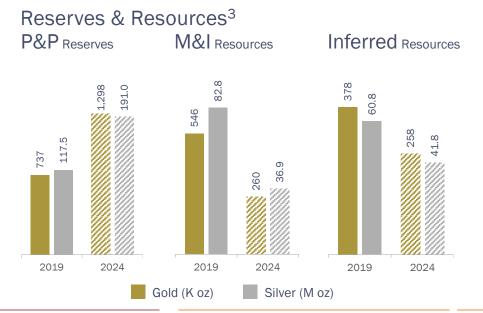
The Rochester mine is an open pit, heap leach silver-gold operation, located in northern Nevada, which completed a significant expansion that is driving a step-change in production and cash flow

Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees ¹	431
Claims	17,044 net acres
Туре	Open pit and heap leach
Processing	Crushing, dump heap leaching, Merrill-Crowe precipitation, refining
Metals	Silver and gold doré
Mine life	~16 years

Share of Companywide 2025E² Production





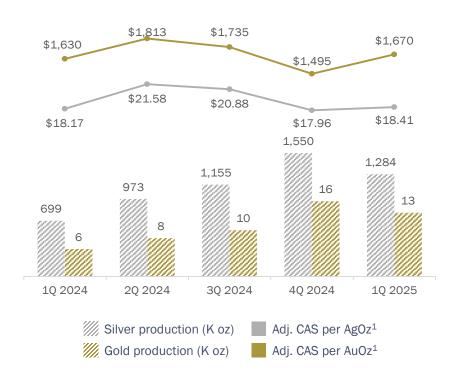
⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2024.

⁽²⁾ Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on February 19, 2025.

> Rochester (cont.)



Production and Cost Performance



Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures (\$M)

Operating cash flow

Capital expenditures



Costs Per Ton (\$)

	1Q 2024	2Q 2024	3Q 2024	4Q 2024	1Q 2025
Ore tons mined	2,930,964	4,372,787	6,523,611	8,124,737	6,745,667
Strip Ratio	0.5:1	0.5:1	0.3:1	0.1:1	0.2:1
Mining costs per ton mined	\$3.52	\$2.81	\$2.32	\$2.18	\$2.32
Processing costs per ton processed ²	\$5.11	\$4.27	\$3.71	\$3.14	\$3.81
G&A per ton processed ³	\$2.45	\$1.59	\$1.29	\$0.93	\$1.17

⁽¹⁾ See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

⁽²⁾ Excludes third-party refining charges.

⁽³⁾ Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

> Kensington

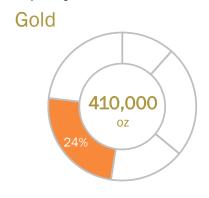


The Kensington mine is an underground gold operation located in southeast Alaska, consisting of the Kensington Main deposit, Raven deposit, Jualin deposit, as well as other nearby deposits and exploration targets

Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees ¹	374
Claims	12,336 net acres
Туре	Underground
Processing	Crushing, grinding, flotation processing
Metals	Gold concentrate
Mine life	~5 years

Share of Companywide 2025E² Production







⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2024.

⁽²⁾ Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on February 19, 2025.

⁽³⁾ See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

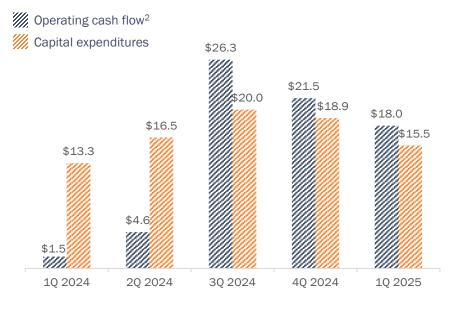
> Kensington (cont.)



Production and Cost Performance



Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures (\$M)



Costs Per Ton

(\$)

	1Q 2024	2Q 2024	3Q 2024	4Q 2024	1Q 2025
Ore tons mined	157,382	181,982	168,403	210,692	173,370
Mining costs per ton mined	\$76	\$67	\$62	\$64	\$76
Processing costs per ton processed ³	\$56	\$51	\$54	\$49	\$50
G&A per ton processed ⁴	\$51	\$46	\$49	\$51	\$50

⁽¹⁾ See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

⁽²⁾ Excludes impact of prepayments.

⁽³⁾ Excludes third-party smelting charges, which are reflected in average realized selling prices of concentrate production.

⁽⁴⁾ Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

Wharf



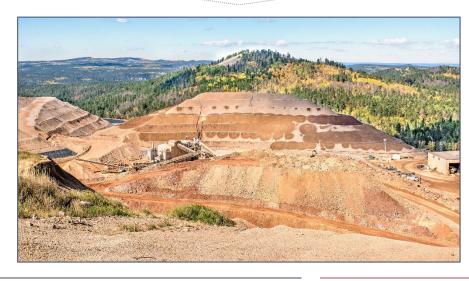
The Wharf mine is an open pit, heap leach gold operation located in western South Dakota. The property consists of several areas of adjoining gold mineralization, which have been mined as a series of open pits

Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees ¹	258
Claims	7,852 net acres
Туре	Open pit and heap leach
Processing	Crushing, "on-off" heap leaching, spent ore neutralization, carbon absorption/desorption
Metals	Electrolytic cathodic sludge
Mine life	~6 years



Share of Companywide 2025E² Production





⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2024.

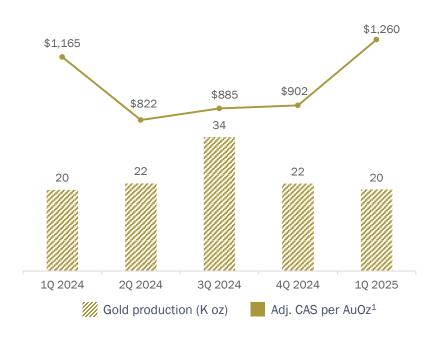
⁽²⁾ Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on February 19, 2025.

⁽³⁾ See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

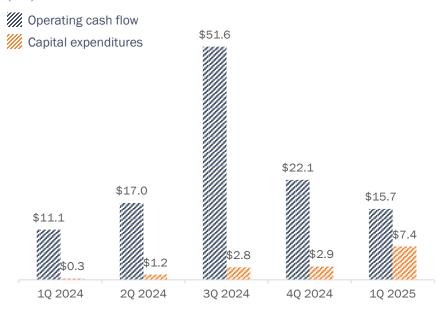
> Wharf (cont.)



Production and Cost Performance



Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures (\$M)



Costs Per Ton

(\$)

	1Q 2024	2Q 2024	3Q 2024	4Q 2024	10 2025
Ore tons mined	1,157,955	1,163,437	1,759,149	958,394	826,699
Strip Ratio	3.2:1	2.2:1	1.3:1	3.2:1	2.5:1
Mining costs per ton mined	\$2.99	\$3.52	\$3.49	\$3.47	\$4.72
Pad unload costs per ton mined	\$0.42	\$0.85	\$0.46	\$0.61	\$1.30
Total mining costs per ton mined (incl. pad unload)	\$3.40	\$4.36	\$3.94	\$4.07	\$6.01
Processing costs per ton processed ²	\$3.56	\$2.40	\$3.49	\$3.94	\$2.15
G&A per ton processed ³	\$2.73	\$3.22	\$2.70	\$3.70	\$3.59

⁽¹⁾ See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

⁽²⁾ Excludes third-party refining charges.

⁽³⁾ Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

> Silvertip



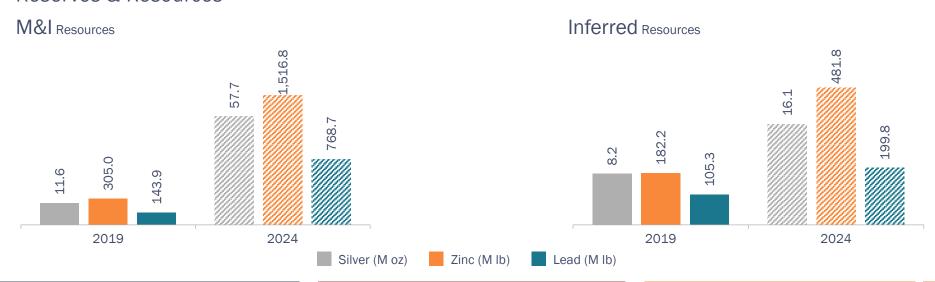
The Silvertip critical minerals exploration project is one of the highest-grade polymetallic projects in the world. The site is located in northern British Columbia, Canada and sits within a highly prospective land package

Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees ¹	71
Claims	98,834 net acres
Туре	Underground
Processing	Crushing, grinding, flotation processing, concentrate thickening
Metals	Lead concentrate, zinc concentrate



Reserves & Resources²



(1) As of December 31, 2024.



> Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation for Guidance



Unaudited

Costs Applicable to Sales Guidance for 2025

(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Las Chispas	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$144,729	\$245,767	\$275,743	\$222,569	\$130,856
Amortization	(45,992)	(38,779)	(75,033)	(43,903)	(7,105)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$98,737	\$206,988	\$200,710	\$178,666	\$123,751
By-product credit	-	-	-	-	(2,824)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$98,737	\$206,988	\$200,710	\$178,666	\$120,927
Metal Sales					
Gold ounces	52,000	100,018	68,000	104,271	95,454
Silver ounces	5,240,757	6,006,911	7,752,237		94,138
Revenue Split					
Gold	48%	50%	44%	100%	100%
Silver	52%	50%	56%		
Costs applicable to sales					
Gold (\$/oz)¹	\$850 - \$950	\$950 - \$1,150	\$1,250 - \$1,450	\$1,700 - \$1,900	\$1,250 - \$1,350
Silver (\$/oz) ¹	\$9.25 - \$10.25	\$17.00 - \$18.00	\$14.50 - \$16.50		



Costs Applicable to Sales

Unaudited 3 months ended March 31, 2025

(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Las Chispas	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$51,770	\$52,884	\$63,443	\$49,627	\$28,511	\$946	\$195,411
Amortization	(8,936)	(9,181)	(14,907)	(7,471)	(1,474)	(946)	(42,915)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$42,834	\$43,703	\$48,536	\$42,156	\$27,034	-	\$204,266
Inventory adjustments	(27,940)	(164)	(372)	(339)	(131)	-	(1,006)
By-product credit	-	-	-	(36)	(1,608)	-	(1,644)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$14,894	\$43,539	\$48,164	\$41,781	\$25,298	-	\$201,616
Metal Sales							
Gold ounces	9,607	22,713	14,713	22,205	20,078		89,316
Silver ounces	923,723	1,636,386	1,282,010		50,034	-	3,892,153
Revenue Split							
Gold	48%	46%	51%	100%	100%		
Silver	52%	54%	49%			-	
Adjusted costs applicable to sales							
Gold (\$/oz)	\$744	\$882	\$1,670	\$1,882	\$1,260		\$1,330
Silver (\$/oz)	\$8.38	\$14.37	\$18.41			-	\$14.28

Unaudited



Costs Applicable to Sales

12 months ended December 31, 2024

(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$240,473	\$195,904	\$185,958	\$104,853	\$3,235	\$730,387
Amortization	(44,979)	(41,293)	(28,201)	(6,487)	(3,235)	(124,195)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$195,458	\$154,611	\$157,757	\$98,366	-	\$606,192
Inventory adjustments	(1,365)	(2,746)	(361)	(126)	-	(4,598)
By-product credit	-	-	72	(6,405)	-	(6,333)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$194,093	\$151,865	\$157,468	\$91,835	-	\$595,261
Metal Sales	100 702	20.245	05 264	00 227		340,816
Gold ounces Silver ounces	108,783	38,345 4,389,378	95,361	98,327 232,728		11,418,821
	5,100,100					,,
Revenue Split						
Gold	50%	42%	100%	100%		
Silver	50%	58%			-	
Adjusted costs applicable to sales						
Gold (\$/oz)	\$892	\$1,663	\$1,651	\$934		\$1,203
Silver (\$/oz)	\$14.28	\$20.07			-	\$16.55



Costs Applicable to Sales

Unaudited 3 months ended December 31, 2024

(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$35,932	\$35,690	\$31,101	\$20,451	\$799	\$122,375
Amortization	(9,550)	(15,858)	(8,547)	(1,607)	(799)	(36)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$45,482	\$51,548	\$39,648	\$22,058	-	\$158,736
Inventory adjustments	(76)	(1,190)	(182)	(56)	-	(1,504)
By-product credit	-	-	43	(1,680)	-	(1,637)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$45,406	\$50,358	\$39,509	\$20,322	-	\$155,595
Metal Sales						
Gold ounces	22,353	14,824	25,839	22,539		85,555
Silver ounces	1,596,875	1,570,448		54,000	-	3,167,323
Revenue Split						
Gold	44%	44%	100%	100%		
Silver	56%	56%			-	
Adjusted costs applicable to sales						
Gold (\$/oz)	\$894	\$1,495	\$1,529	\$902		\$1,192
Silver (\$/oz)	\$15.92	\$17.96			-	\$16.93

Unaudited



Costs Applicable to Sales

3 months ended September 30, 2024

(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$59,439	\$49,640	\$45,711	\$34,198	\$794	\$189,782
Amortization	(11,984)	(10,231)	(7,612)	(2,419)	(794)	(33,040)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$47,455	\$39,409	\$38,099	\$31,779	-	\$156,742
Inventory adjustments	(572)	(536)	50	(119)	-	(1,177)
By-product credit	-	-	12	(1,332)	-	(1,320)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$46,883	\$38,873	\$38,161	\$30,328	-	\$154,245
Metal Sales						
Gold ounces	28,655	9,186	24,800	34,272		96,913
Silver ounces	1,860,976	1,098,407		45,118	-	3,004,501
Revenue Split						
Gold	50%	41%	100%	100%		
Silver	50%	59%			-	
Adjusted costs applicable to sales						
Gold (\$/oz)	\$818	\$1,735	\$1,539	\$885		\$1,113
Silver (\$/oz)	\$12.60	\$20.88			-	\$15.67



Costs Applicable to Sales

Unaudited 3 months ended June 30, 2024

(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$59,070	\$45,225	\$47,166	\$20,181	\$790	\$172,432
Amortization	(10,843)	(8,570)	(6,445)	(1,067)	(790)	(27,715)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$48,227	\$36,655	\$40,721	\$19,114	-	\$144,717
Inventory adjustments	(252)	(617)	55	(149)	-	(963)
By-product credit	-	-	50	(1,760)	-	(1,710)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$47,975	\$36,038	\$40,826	\$17,205	-	\$142,044
Metal Sales						
Gold ounces	24,313	8,150	23,539	20,930		76,932
Silver ounces	1,542,395	985,269		65,063	-	2,592,727
Revenue Split						
Gold	51%	41%	100%	100%		
Silver	49%	59%			-	
Adjusted costs applicable to sales						
Gold (\$/oz)	\$1,006	\$1,813	\$1,734	\$822		\$1,264
Silver (\$/oz)	\$15.24	\$21.58			-	\$17.71



Costs Applicable to Sales

Unaudited

3 months ended March 31, 2024

(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$66,896	\$33,632	\$44,885	\$26,808	\$852	\$173,073
Amortization	(12,602)	(6,633)	(5,596)	(1,393)	(852)	(27,076)
Reported costs applicable to sales	\$54,294	\$26,999	\$39,289	\$25,415	-	\$145,997
Inventory adjustments	(468)	(3,555)	(283)	198	-	(4,108)
By-product credit	-	-	(34)	(1,633)	-	(1,667)
Adjusted costs applicable to sales	\$53,826	\$23,444	\$38,972	\$23,980	-	\$140,222
Metal Sales						
Gold ounces	33,462	6,185	21,183	20,586		81,416
Silver ounces	1,796,468	735,254		68,713	-	2,600,435
Revenue Split						
Gold	56%	43%	100%	100%		
Silver	44%	57%			-	
Adjusted costs applicable to sales						
Gold (\$/oz)	\$901	\$1,630	\$1,840	\$1,165		\$1,267
Silver (\$/oz)	\$13.18	\$18.17			-	\$14.63

Unaudited

Acquired inventory purchase price



		`	,				
(\$ thousands)	1Q 2025	2024	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024	2023
Net income (loss)	\$33,353	\$58,900	\$37,853	\$48,739	\$1,426	(\$29,117)	(\$103,612)
Fair value adjustments, net	346	-	-	-	-	-	(3,384)
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	574	(4,448)	265	(2,247)	(2,950)	484	1,994
(Gain) loss on sale of assets and securities	186	4,250	(103)	176	640	3,536	25,197
RMC bankruptcy distribution	-	(1,294)	(95)	-	(1,199)	-	(1,516)
(Gain) loss on debt extinguishments	-	(417)	-	-	21	(438)	(3,437)
Transaction costs	8,887	8,517	7,541	976	-	-	-

Adjusted Net Income (Loss)

(270)Other Adjustments 5,429 (215)81 104 5,461 4,925 (10,230)1,785 Tax effect of adjustments (820)142 (568)(1,447)1,053 \$59,886 Adjusted net income (loss) \$70,117 \$45,388 \$47,157 (\$3,405) (\$19,021) (\$78,048) Adjusted net income (loss) per share - Basic 0.18 0.12 0.12 (0.01)(0.05)(0.23)0.12 Adjusted net income (loss) per share - Diluted 0.11 0.18 (0.23)0.11 0.12 (0.01)(0.05)

27,040



Unaudited	Ac	ljusted El	BITDA					
(\$ thousands)	1Q 2025	2024	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024	2023	2Q 2023
Net income (loss)	\$33,353	\$58,900	\$37,853	\$48,739	\$1,426	(\$29,117)	(\$103,612)	(\$32,412)
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	10,450	51,276	11,886	13,280	13,162	12,947	29,099	6,912
Income tax provision (benefit)	18,413	67,450	18,420	25,817	7,189	16,024	35,156	9,866
Amortization	43,093	124,974	36,533	33,216	27,928	27,297	99,822	19,595
EBITDA	105,309	302,600	104,692	121,052	49,705	27,151	60,465	3,961
Fair value adjustments, net	346	-	-	-	-	-	(3,384)	3,922
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	758	(4,753)	(1,321)	(1,708)	(2,089)	365	459	(627)
Asset retirement obligation accretion	4,732	16,778	4,314	4,233	4,154	4,076	16,405	4,073
Inventory adjustments and write-downs	1,928	8,042	1,552	1,231	1,071	4,188	43,188	1,603
(Gain) loss on sale of assets and securities	186	4,250	(103)	176	640	3,536	25,197	12,622
RMC bankruptcy distribution	-	(1,294)	(95)	-	(1,199)	-	(1,516)	(1,516)
(Gain) loss on debt extinguishment	-	(417)	-	-	21	(438)	(3,437)	(2,961)
Transaction costs	8,887	8,517	7,541	976	-	-	-	-
Acquired inventory purchase price	27,040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments	(270)	5,429	(215)	81	104	5,461	4,925	1,158
Adjusted EBITDA	\$148,916	\$339,152	\$116,365	\$126,041	\$52,407	\$44,339	\$142,302	\$22,235
Revenue	\$360,062	\$1,054,006	\$305,444	\$313,476	\$222,026	\$213,060	\$821,206	\$177,235
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	41%	32%	38%	40%	24%	21%	17%	13%

Unaudited



LTM Adjusted EBITDA

Officialities		<u> </u>				
(\$ thousands)	1Q 2025	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024	2Q 2023
Net income (loss)	\$121,370	\$58,900	(\$4,457)	(\$74,305)	(\$108,142)	(\$65,353)
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	48,779	51,276	46,785	40,907	34,656	28,424
Income tax provision (benefit)	69,839	67,450	57,515	37,795	40,472	22,036
Amortization	140,770	124,974	123,076	112,744	104,411	99,531
EBITDA	380,758	302,600	222,919	117,141	71,397	84,638
Fair value adjustments, net	346	-	1,245	3,255	7,177	7,824
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(4,360)	(4,753)	(3,079)	(1,792)	(330)	311
Asset retirement obligation accretion	17,434	16,778	16,649	16,569	16,488	15,306
Inventory adjustments and write-downs	5,782	8,042	24,954	32,657	33,189	46,520
(Gain) loss on sale of assets and securities	900	4,250	16,900	16,742	28,724	(49,346)
RMC bankruptcy distribution	(1,294)	(1,294)	(1,199)	(1,199)	(1,516)	(3,167)
(Gain) loss on debt extinguishment	21	(417)	(119)	(893)	(3,875)	-
Transaction costs	17,404	8,517	976	-	-	-
Acquired inventory purchase price	27,040	-	-	-	-	-
Other Adjustments	(302)	5,429	7,833	9,206	10,259	2,334
Adjusted EBITDA	\$443,728	\$339,152	\$287,079	\$191,686	\$161,513	\$101,459
Revenue	\$1,201,008	\$1,054,006	\$1,010,652	\$891,759	\$846,968	\$757,642
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	37%	32%	28%	21%	19%	13%
7.tajaotoa 251157.tmai6		02,0	20,0		20,0	



Unaudited	Free Cash						
(\$ thousands)	10 2025	2024	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	10 2024	2023
Cash flow from operating activities	\$67,635	\$174,234	\$63,793	\$111,063	\$15,249	(\$15,871)	\$67,288
Capital expenditures	(50,002)	(183,188)	(47,720)	(41,980)	(51,405)	(42,083)	(364,617)
Free cash flow	\$17,633	(\$8,954)	\$16,073	\$69,083	(\$36,156)	(\$57,954)	(\$297,329)

Unaudited	Cash Flow From Operatir	ng Activities	Before (<u>Changes i</u>	n Workin	g Capital		
(\$ thousands)		1Q 2025	2024	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024	2023
Cash flow from operat	ing activities	\$67,635	\$174,234	\$63,793	\$111,063	\$15,249	(\$15,871)	(\$67,288)
Changes in operating	assets and liabilities:							
Receivables		(3,945)	504	(16)	(1,616)	(3,180)	5,316	(933)
Prepaid expenses	s and other	(82,065)	(2,777)	408	352	(4,176)	639	461
Inventories		8,348	69,640	15,852	14,320	19,774	19,694	47,592
Accounts payable	and accrued liabilities	63,743	(79,242)	(1,485)	(37,187)	(185)	(40,385)	(55,581)
Cash flow from operat	ting activities (before changes in working capital)	\$53,716	\$162,359	\$78,552	\$86,932	\$27,482	(\$30,607)	\$58,827

Unaudited	Lev	erage Ratios				
(\$ thousands)	1Q 2025	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024	2Q 2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$77,574	\$55,087	\$76,916	\$74,136	\$67,489	\$56,845
Total debt	498,269	590,058	605,183	629,327	585,552	469,386
Net debt	420,695	534,971	528,267	555,191	518,063	412,541
LTM adjusted EBITDA	\$443,729	\$339,152	\$287,079	\$191,686	\$161,514	\$101,459
Total debt-to-LTM adjusted EBITDA	1.1x	1.7x	2.1x	3.3x	3.6x	4.6x
Net debt-to-LTM adjusted EBITDA	0.9x	1.6x	1.8x	2.9x	3.2x	4.1x

> Reserves and Resources



2024 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

		_	Grad	le	Containe	ed
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)
PROVEN RESERVES						
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	787,000	0.150	15.99	118,000	12,586,000
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	3,473,000	0.059	3.94	205,000	13,667,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	468,432,000	0.002	0.37	1,116,000	172,408,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,340,000	0.186	-	249,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	6,563,000	0.030	-	199,000	-
Total		480,595,000	0.004	0.41	1,887,000	198,660,000
PROBABLE RESERVES						
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	2,700,000	0.089	7.75	239,000	20,931,000
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	8,373,000	0.057	3.86	475,000	32,307,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	59,123,000	0.003	0.32	182,000	18,632,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,427,000	0.177	-	252,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	22,993,000	0.024	-	558,000	-
Total		94,615,000	0.018	0.76	1,706,000	71,870,000
PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES						
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	3,486,000	0.102	9.61	357,000	33,516,000
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	11,845,000	0.057	3.88	681,000	45,974,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	527,555,000	0.002	0.36	1,298,000	191,040,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,768,000	0.181	-	501,000	
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	29,556,000	0.026	-	757,000	-
Total Proven and Probable Reserves		575,211,000	0.006	0.47	3,593,000	270,530,000



2024 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

				Gra	de			Conta	ained	
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
MEASURED RESOURCES										
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	116,000	0.302	31.23			35,000	3,623,000		
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	6,996,000	0.068	4.59			474,000	32,138,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	82,371,000	0.002	0.28			144,000	23,383,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,150,000	0.254	-			546,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	10,180,000	0.017	-			175,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	734,000	-	10.56	9.93%	7.88%	-	7,749,000	145,703,000	115,648,000
Total		102,547,000	0.013	0.65			1,374,000	66,894,000	145,703,000	115,648,000
INDICATED RESOURCES										
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	1,094,000	0.110	9.87			120,000	10,798,000		
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	15,368,000	0.062	3.76			949,000	57,777,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	40,402,000	0.003	0.34			116,000	13,541,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,450,000	0.234	-			340,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	49,155,000	0.017	-			845,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	6,418,000	-	7.78	10.68%	5.09%	-	49,919,000	1,371,074,000	653,008,000
Total		113,887,000	0.021	1.16			2,370,000	132,035,000	1,371,074,000	653,008,000
MEASURED AND INDICATE										
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	1,211,000	0.129				156,000	14,421,000		
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	22,363,000	0.064				1,423,000	89,915,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	122,773,000	0.002				260,000	36,924,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	3,600,000	0.246	-			886,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	59,335,000	0.017	-			1,019,000			
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	7,152,000	-	8.06	10.60%	5.37%	-	57,668,000	1,516,777,000	768,657,000
Total Measured and Indica	ted Resources	216,434,000	0.017	0.92			3,744,000	198,929,000	1,516,777,000	768,657,000



2024 Inferred Mineral Resources

				Gra	de		Contained			
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
INFERRED RESOURCES										
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	1,276,000	0.113	7.91			144,000	10,088,000		
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	6,577,000	0.098	5.28			643,000	34,748,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	116,521,000	0.002	0.36			258,000	41,838,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	993,000	0.230	-			228,000	_		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	26,735,000	0.018	-			470,000	-		
	British Columbia,									
Silvertip	Canada	2,345,000	-	0.00	10.27%	4.26%	-	16,084,000	481,791,000	199,815,000
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000					531,000	3,346,000		
Total Inferred Resources		180,185,000	0.013	0.46			2,273,000	106,104,000	481,791,000	199,815,000



Notes to 2024 Mineral Reserves:

- (1) The Mineral Reserve estimates are current as of December 31, 2024 and are reported using the definitions in Item 1300 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR Part 229) (SK1300) and were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2024 Mineral Reserves were \$23.50 per ounce of silver, \$1,800 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound of zinc, \$0.95 per pound of lead, except for Kensington at \$2,000 per ounce of gold.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 2.13–2.45 g/t AuEq and an incremental development cut-off grade 1.05 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 92.0% for gold and 83.0% for silver; mining dilution assumes 0.3–1.5 meter of hanging/foot wall waste dilution; mining loss of 15% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$57.67–US\$74.45/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.29/tonne, process costs of US\$31.06/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$15.95/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$4.42/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Reserves. No assurances can be given that all mineral reserves will be mined, as mineralized material that may qualify as reserves under applicable standards by virtue of having positive economics may not generate attractive enough returns to be included in our mine plans, due to factors such as the impact of the gold stream at Palmarejo. As a result, we may elect not to mine portions of the mineralized material reported as reserves.
- Rochester Mineral Reserve estimates are tabulated within a confining pit design and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7–85.9% and Ag = 59.4-61.0%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2–77.7% and Ag = 0.0–59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.76/ton oxide and US\$3.86/ton sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.24/ton for oxide; Lincoln Hill oxide recovery Au = 63.9% and Ag = 39.5%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.53/ton for oxide where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * (silver price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 48° over the life-of-mine.
- (5) Kensington Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; gold price of \$2,000/oz; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.133 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 94.2%; gold payability of 97.5%; mining dilution of 15-20%; mining loss of 12% was applied; mining costs of US\$116.09/ton mined; process costs of US\$55.14/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$53.18/ton processed; sustaining capital US\$4.50/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$97.48/oz sold.
- (6) Wharf Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 78.0%; royalty burden of US\$140.40/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of US\$2.56/ton mined, and process costs of US\$12.02/ton processed (includes general & administrative and sustaining capital costs).
- (7) Las Chispas Mineral Reserve estimates uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; reported above a silver cut-off grade of 250 g / tonne silver equivalent and an incremental development cut-off grade of 63 g / tonne AgEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 97.5% for silver and 98.0% for gold; mining dilution assumes 5% for development, 1 meter to 1.5 meters of ELOS (0.5 m 1.0 m of hanging wall and 0.25 m 0.5 m of footwall dilution) depending on geotechnical conditions in each stoping location, 0.2 meter ELOS (0.1 m of hanging wall and 0.1 m of footwall dilution) for cut and fill, 0.4 meter ELOS (0.2 m of hanging wall and 0.2 m of footwall dilution), 0.25 m for each exposed backfill floor, and 0.5 m for each exposed backfill wall; mining loss of 2% for development and 5% for stoping was applied, additional losses have been included to account for the required pillars in uphole stopes that cannot be filled; variable production mining costs that range from US\$58.06–US\$239.51/tonne, development mining costs of US\$27.40/tonne, process costs of US\$45.72/tonne, site general and administrative costs of US\$20.70/tonne, underground general and administrative costs of US\$12.81/tonne, and sustaining capital costs of US\$7.64/tonne.
- (8) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.



Notes to 2024 Mineral Resources:

- (1) Mineral Resource estimates are reported exclusive of Mineral Reserves, are current as of December 31, 2024, and are reported using definitions in SK1300 on a 100% ownership basis. Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2024 estimated Mineral Resources were \$27.00 per ounce of silver, \$2,100 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead, unless otherwise noted.
- Palmarejo Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.83–2.10 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 92.0% for gold and 83.0% for silver; variable mining costs that range from US\$57.67–US\$74.45/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.29/tonne, process costs of US\$31.06/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$15.95/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$4.42/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Resources.
- (4) Kensington Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: metal price of \$2,300 per ounce gold, assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold cut-off grade of 0.115 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 94.2%; gold payability of 97.5%, mining costs of US\$116.09/ton mined; process costs of US\$55.14/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$53.18/ton processed; sustaining capital US\$4.50/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$97.48/oz sold.
- Wharf Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.008 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 78.0% across all rock types; royalty burden of US\$140.40/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of \$2.56/ton mined, and process costs of US\$12.02/ton processed (includes general & administrative and sustaining capital costs).
- Rochester Mineral Resource estimates are tabulated within a confining pit shell and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7–85.9% and Ag = 59.4%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2–77.7% and Ag = 0.0–59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.76/ton oxide and US\$3.86/ton sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.24/ton for oxide; Lincoln Hill oxide recovery Au = 63.9% and Ag = 39.5%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.53/ton for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * (silver price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * (gold price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 48° over the life-of-mine.
- (7) Silvertip Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimates use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 89-90%, zinc recovery of 82-83% and silver recovery of 83-84%. Lead concentrate grade of 53-54%; zinc concentrate grade of 56-57%; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries royalties TCRCs transport costs over the life of the mine. 2023 metal prices were used to determine the mineral resource which were \$25.00 per ounce of silver, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead.
- Wilco Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported using an equivalent gold cutoff of 0.20 ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1. Resources are reported in-situ and contained withed a conceptual measured, indicated and inferred optimized pit shell. Silver price of US\$20/oz, gold price of US\$1,400/oz. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 70%, average carbonaceous gold recovery is 50%. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 60%. Average carbonaceous silver recovery is 50%. Open pit mining cost is US\$1.50/ton, processing and processing and G&A cost is US\$5.46/ton; average pit slope angles of 50°. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the mineral resources if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource report is considered current and is presented unchanged.



Notes to 2024 Mineral Resources (cont.):

- (9) Las Chispas Mineral Resource estimates uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; reported above a silver cut-off grade of 205 g / tonne silver equivalent and an incremental development cut-off grade of 54 g / tonne AgEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 97.5% for silver and 98.0% for gold; mining loss of 2% for development and 5% for stoping was applied, additional losses have been included to account for the required pillars in uphole stopes that cannot be filled; variable production mining costs that range from US\$58.06–US\$239.51/t, development mining costs of US\$27.40/t, process costs of US\$45.72/t, site general and administrative costs of US\$20.70/t, underground general and administrative costs of US\$12.81/t, and sustaining capital costs of US\$7.64/t.
- (10) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.



2023 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

		_	Grad	de	Containe	ed
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)
PROVEN RESERVES						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,203,000	0.060	4.21	252,000	17,698,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	465,919,000	0.002	0.38	1,135,000	177,472,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,009,000	0.186	-	188,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	5,931,000	0.032	-	188,000	-
Total		477,062,000	0.004	0.41	1,763,000	195,170,000
PROBABLE RESERVES						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	8,580,000	0.060	3.88	517,000	33,283,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	44,524,000	0.002	0.35	104,000	15,413,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,109,000	0.201	-	223,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	21,318,000	0.027	-	575,000	-
Total		75,531,000	0.019	0.64	1,418,000	48,695,000
PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	12,783,000	0.060	3.99	769,000	50,981,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	510,443,000	0.002	0.38	1,238,000	192,885,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,119,000	0.194	-	411,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	27,249,000	0.028	-	764,000	-
Total Proven and Probable Reserves		552,594,000	0.006	0.44	3,182,000	243,865,000



2023 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

				Gra	de			Conta	nined	
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
MEASURED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	5,674,000	0.070	4.56			396,000	25,875,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	110,460,000	0.002	0.29			200,000	31,587,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,653,000	0.286	-			477,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	1,666,000	0.024	-			40,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	734,000	-	10.56	9.93%	7.88%	-	7,749,000	145,703,000	115,648,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	4,642,000	0.012	0.34			58,000	1,592,000		
Total		124,828,000	0.009	0.54			1,171,000	66,803,000	145,703,000	115,648,000
INDICATED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	15,500,000	0.060	3.85			926,000	59,701,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	27,170,000	0.002	0.41			47,000	11,237,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,278,000	0.268	-			342,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	22,150,000	0.021	-			458,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	6,418,000	-	7.78	10.68%	5.09%	-	49,919,000	1,371,074,000	653,008,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	27,668,000	0.011	0.31			306,000	8,655,000		
Total		100,184,000	0.021	1.29			2,078,000	129,512,000	1,371,074,000	653,008,000
MEASURED AND INDICATE	D RESOURCES									
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	21,174,000	0.062	4.04			1,321,000	85,576,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	137,630,000	0.002	0.31			247,000	42,824,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,931,000	0.279	-			819,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	23,816,000	0.021	-			498,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	7,152,000	-	8.06	10.60%	5.37%	-	57,668,000	1,516,777,000	768,657,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	32,310,000	0.011	0.32			364,000	10,247,000		
Total Measured and Indica	nted Resources	225,012,000	0.014	0.87			3,249,000	196,315,000	1,516,777,000	768,657,000



2023 Inferred Mineral Resources

				Gra	de		Contained				
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)	
INFERRED RESOURCES											
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,207,000	0.091	4.50			381,000	18,933,000			
Rochester	Nevada, USA	135,104,000	0.002	0.34			267,000	45,959,000			
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,567,000	0.248	-			388,000	-			
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	7,125,000	0.021	-			149,000	-			
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,345,000	-	6.86	10.27%	4.26%	-	16,084,000	481,791,000	199,815,000	
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	22,952,000	0.011	0.36			255,000	8,163,000			
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000			
Total Inferred Resources		199,037,000	0.010	0.46			1,971,000	92,485,000	481,791,000	199,815,000	



Notes to 2023 Mineral Reserves:

- (1) The Mineral Reserve estimates are current as of December 31, 2023 and are reported using the definitions in Item 1300 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR Part 229) (SK1300) and were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2023 Mineral Reserves were \$21.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,600 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound of zinc, \$0.95 per pound of lead, except for Kensington at \$1,850 per ounce of gold.
- Palmarejo Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 2.11–2.97 g/t AuEq and an incremental development cut-off grade ranging from 1.16–1.55 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 92.0% for gold and 83.0% for silver; mining dilution assumes 0.4–1.1 meter of hanging/foot wall waste dilution; mining loss of 15% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$44.72–US\$85.71/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.92/tonne, process costs of US\$32.70/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$14.06/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.18/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Reserves. No assurances can be given that all mineral reserves will be mined, as mineralized material that may qualify as reserves under applicable standards by virtue of having positive economics may not generate attractive enough returns to be included in our mine plans, due to factors such as the impact of the gold stream at Palmarejo. As a result, we may elect not to mine portions of the mineralized material reported as reserves.
- Rochester Mineral Reserve estimates are tabulated within a confining pit design and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7–85.9% and Ag = 59.4-61.0%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2–77.7% and Ag = 0.0–59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.01/st oxide and US\$3.11/st sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$5.51/st for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * (silver price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * (gold price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 48° over the life-of-mine.
- (5) Kensington Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; gold price of \$1,850/oz; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.135 oz/st Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 93.5%; gold payability of 97.5%; mining dilution of 20%; mining loss of 12% was applied; mining costs of US\$103.67/ton mined; process costs of US\$55.06/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$55.37/ton processed; sustaining capital US\$4.50/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$108.67/oz sold.
- Wharf Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 79.0%; royalty burden of US\$64/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of US\$2.44/ton mined, process costs of US\$11.71/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- (7) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.



Notes to 2023 Mineral Resources:

- (1) Mineral Resource estimates are reported exclusive of Mineral Reserves, are current as of December 31, 2023, and are reported using definitions in SK1300 on a 100% ownership basis. Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2023 estimated Mineral Resources were \$25.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,800 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead, unless otherwise noted.
- Palmarejo Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.87–2.64 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 92.0% for gold and 83.0% for silver; variable mining costs that range from US\$44.72–US\$85.71/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.92/tonne, process costs of US\$32.70/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$14.06/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.18/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Resources.
- (4) Kensington Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: metal price of \$2,000 per ounce gold, assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold cut-off grade of 0.124 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 93.5%; gold payability of 97.5%, mining costs of US\$103.67/ton mined; process costs of US\$55.06/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$55.37/ton processed; sustaining capital US\$4.50/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$108.67/oz sold.
- Wharf Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 79.0% across all rock types; royalty burden of US\$72/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of \$2.44/ton mined, process costs of US\$11.71/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- Rochester Mineral Resource estimates are tabulated within a confining pit shell and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7-85.9% and Ag = 59.4%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2-77.7% and Ag = 0.0-59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.01/st oxide and US\$3.11/st sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$5.51/st for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * (silver price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * (gold price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 48° over the life-of-mine.
- (7) Silvertip Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimate use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 89-90%, zinc recovery of 82-83% and silver recovery of 83-84%. Lead concentrate grade of 53-54%; zinc concentrate grade of 56-57%; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries royalties TCRCs transport costs over the life of the mine.
- Lincoln Hill Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported in-situ and are contained within a confining pit shell and use the following key input parameters: reported above an oxide gold equivalent cutoff of 0.15 ounces per ton and 0.20 oz ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1; gold recoveries of 64%; silver recoveries of 59%; mining costs of US\$3.10/ton; process costs of US\$3.60/ton; general and administrative costs of \$1.50/ton processed; average pit slope angles of 45° over the life-of-mine. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the Mineral Resource if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource is considered current and is presented unchanged.



Notes to 2023 Mineral Resources (cont.):

- (9) Wilco Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported using an equivalent gold cutoff of 0.20 ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1. Resources are reported in-situ and contained within a conceptual measured, indicated and inferred optimized pit shell. Silver price of US\$20/oz, gold price of US\$1,400/oz. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 70%, average carbonaceous gold recovery is 50%. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 60%. Average carbonaceous silver recovery is 50%. Open pit mining cost is US\$1.50/ton, processing and processing and G&A cost is US\$5.46/ton; average pit slope angles of 50°. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the mineral resources if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource report is considered current and is presented unchanged.
- (10) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.



2022 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

		_	Grad	le	Containe	ed
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)
PROVEN RESERVES						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,081,000	0.059	4.21	241,000	17,172,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	425,748,000	0.003	0.39	1,079,000	166,172,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	939,000	0.180	-	169,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	6,379,000	0.031	-	199,000	-
Total		437,148,000	0.004	0.42	1,688,000	183,343,000
PROBABLE RESERVES						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	14,119,000	0.050	3.44	712,000	48,565,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	38,001,000	0.002	0.36	93,000	13,803,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,273,000	0.189	_	240,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	27,328,000	0.026	-	709,000	-
Total		80,721,000	0.022	0.77	1,754,000	62,367,000
PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	18,201,000	0.052	3.61	953,000	65,736,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	463,749,000	0.003	0.39	1,173,000	179,975,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,212,000	0.184	-	408,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	33,707,000	0.027	-	908,000	-
Total Proven and Probable Reserves		517,868,000	0.007	0.47	3,443,000	245,711,000



2022 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

				Gra	de			Conta	nined	
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
MEASURED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,030,000	0.066	4.39			267,000	17,689,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	94,296,000	0.002	0.33			187,000	31,452,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,412,000	0.276	-			665,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	1,166,000	0.022	-			26,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	680,000	-	11.47	9.88%	7.71%		7,798,000	134,462,000	104,870,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	4,642,000	0.012	0.34			58,000	1,592,000		
Total		107,226,000	0.011	0.55			1,203,000	58,531,000	134,462,000	104,870,000
INDICATED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	16,704,000	0.054	3.42			907,000	57,062,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	15,507,000	0.002	0.34			27,000	5,332,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,309,000	0.293	-			384,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	13,303,000	0.020	-			267,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	6,375,000	-	8.21	9.65%	4.84%	<u>-</u>	52,317,000	1,230,898,000	617,279,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	27,668,000	0.011	0.31			306,000	8,655,000		
Total		80,866,000	0.023	1.53			1,891,000	123,367,000	1,230,898,000	617,279,000
MEASURED AND INDICATE	D RESOURCES									
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	20,734,000	0.057	3.61			1,174,000	74,751,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	109,803,000	0.002	0.33			214,000	36,784,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	3,722,000	0.282	-			1,049,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	14,468,000	0.020	-			293,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	7,056,000	-	8.52	9.68%	5.12%	_	60,115,000	1,365,360,000	722,150,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	32,310,000	0.011	0.32			364,000	10,247,000		
Total Measured and Indica	ted Resources	188,092,000	0.016	0.97			3,094,000	181,897,000	1,365,360,000	722,150,000



2022 Inferred Mineral Resources

				Gra	de		Contained			
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
INFERRED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	5,633,000	0.067				380,000	17,948,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	77,001,000	0.002				148,000	26,151,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,246,000	0.282	-			351,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	3,149,000	0.020	-			63,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,873,000	-	1.10	10.09%	4.43%	-	14,414,000	378,088,000	165,985,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	22,952,000	0.011				255,000	8,163,000		
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
Total Inferred Resources		137,590,000	0.013	0.51			1,728,000	70,021,000	378,088,000	165,985,000



Notes to 2022 Mineral Reserves:

- (1) The Mineral Reserve estimates are current as of December 31, 2022 and are reported using the definitions in Item 1300 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR Part 229) (SK1300) and were prepared by the company's technical staff.
- 3Assumed metal prices for 2022 Mineral Reserves were \$21.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,600 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound of zinc, \$0.95 per pound of lead, except for Kensington at \$1,700 per ounce of gold.
- (3) Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 2.02–2.07 g/t AuEq and an incremental development cut-off grade of 1.05 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 90.5% for gold and 82.5% for silver; mining dilution assumes 0.4-1.0 meter of hanging wall waste dilution; mining loss of 20% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$44.74–US\$47.13/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.01/tonne, process costs of US\$29.17/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$12.56/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.24/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Reserves.
- (4) Mineral Reserve estimates are tabulated within a confining pit design and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7-93.7% and Ag = 59.4%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2-77.7% and Ag = 0.0-59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.25/st oxide and US\$3.35/st sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.40/st for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * (silver price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * (gold price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 43° over the life-of-mine.
- (5) Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; gold price of \$1700/oz; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.133-0.135 oz/st Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 94%; gold payability of 97.5%; mining dilution varies from 15-23%; mining loss of 5% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$87.13-90.00/ton mined; process costs of US\$54.38/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$54.76/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$88.39/oz sold.
- (6) Mineral Reserve estimate uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 79.1%; royalty burden of US\$64/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of US\$2.39/ton mined, process costs of US\$11.91/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs)..
- (7) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.



Notes to 2022 Mineral Resources:

- (1) Mineral Resource estimates are reported exclusive of Mineral Reserves, are current as of December 31, 2022, and are reported using definitions in SK1300 on a 100% ownership basis. Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2022 estimated Mineral Resources were \$25.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,800 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead, unless otherwise noted.
- (3) Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.75-1.84 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 90.5% for gold and 82.5% for silver; variable mining costs that range from US\$42.50-US\$47.13/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.01/tonne, process costs of US\$29.17/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$12.56/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.24/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Resources.
- (4) Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold cutoff grade that ranges from 0.125–0.191 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 94%; gold payability of 97.5%, variable mining costs that range from
 US\$87.13–175.48/ton mined; process costs of US\$54.38/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$54.76/ton processed; and concentrate refining
 and shipping costs of US\$88.39/oz sold.
- (5) Mineral Resource estimate uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 78.7% across all rock types; royalty burden of US\$64/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of \$2.39/ton mined, process costs of US\$11.91/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- Mineral Resource estimates are tabulated within a confining pit shell and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7-93.7% and Ag = 59.4%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2-77.7% and Ag = 0.0-59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.25/st oxide and US\$3.35/st sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.40/st for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * (silver price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * (gold price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 43° over the life-of-mine.
- Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimate use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 89-90%, zinc recovery of 82-83% and silver recovery of 83-84%. Lead concentrate grade of 53-54%; zinc concentrate grade of 56-57%; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries royalties TCRCs transport costs over the life of the mine.
- (8) Open Pit Mineral Resource estimate is reported in-situ and are contained within a confining pit shell and use the following key input parameters: reported above an oxide gold equivalent cutoff of 0.15 ounces per ton and 0.20 oz ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1; gold recoveries of 64%; silver recoveries of 59%; mining costs of US\$3.10/ton; process costs of US\$3.60/ton; general and administrative costs of \$1.50/ton processed; average pit slope angles of 45° over the life-of-mine. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the Mineral Resource if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource is considered current and is presented unchanged.



Notes to 2022 Mineral Resources (cont.):

- (9) Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported using an equivalent gold cutoff of 0.20 ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1. Resources are reported in-situ and contained withed a conceptual measured, indicated and inferred optimized pit shell. Silver price of US\$20/oz, gold price of US\$1,400/oz. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 70%, average carbonaceous gold recovery is 50%. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 60%. Average carbonaceous silver recovery is 50%. Open pit mining cost is US\$1.50/ton, processing and processing and G&A cost is US\$5.46/ton; average pit slope angles of 50°. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2017 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the mineral resources if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource report is considered current and is presented unchanged.
- (10) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.



2021 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

				Gra	de		Contained				
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)	
PROVEN RESERVES											
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	3,754,000	0.066	4.39			247,000	16,480,000			
Rochester	Nevada, USA	386,008,000	0.003	0.39			998,000	149,652,000			
Kensington	Alaska, USA	656,000	0.191	-			125,000	-			
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	27,976,000	0.022	-			621,000	_			
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	186,000	-	12.01	10.14%	8.53%	-	2,233,000	37,647,000	31,656,000	
Total		418,580,000	0.005	0.40			1,991,000	168,365,000	37,647,000	31,656,000	
PROBABLE RESERVES											
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	12,139,000	0.052	3.78			637,000	45,875,000			
Rochester	Nevada, USA	31,769,000	0.003	0.36			82,000	11,593,000			
Kensington	Alaska, USA	690,000	0.197	-			136,000	-			
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	8,306,000	0.028	-			231,000	-			
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,618,000	-	7.67	7.98%	4.99%	-	12,403,000	258,418,000	161,569,000	
Total		54,522,000	0.020	1.28			1,086,000	69,871,000	258,418,000	161,569,000	
PROVEN AND PROBABLE F	RESERVES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	15,893,000	0.056	3.92			884,000	62,355,000			
Rochester	Nevada, USA	417,777,000	0.003	0.39			1,080,000	161,245,000			
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,346,000	0.194	-			261,000	-			
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	36,283,000	0.023	-			852,000	-			
	British Columbia,										
Silvertip	Canada	1,804,000	-	8.11	8.21%	5.36%	-	14,636,000	296,065,000	193,225,000	
Total Proven and Probable Reserves		473,103,000	0.007	0.50			3,077,000	238,236,000	296,065,000	193,225,000	



2021 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

				Gra	de	Contained				
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
MEASURED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	3,696,000	0.053	3.89			195,000	14,373,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	191,889,000	0.002	0.29			372,000	56,573,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,860,000	0.231	-			660,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	13,947,000	0.020	-			273,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	319,000	-	10.33	9.41%	6.57%	-	3,296,000	60,029,000	41,939,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	4,642,000	0.012	0.34			58,000	1,592,000		
Total		217,353,000	0.007	0.35			1,558,000	75,834,000	60,029,000	41,939,000
INDICATED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	17,377,000	0.049	3.41			852,000	59,340,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	39,565,000	0.002	0.33			74,000	12,932,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,263,000	0.256	-			323,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	6,379,000	0.022	-			139,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,498,000	-	9.23	10.59%	5.42%	-	23,048,000	529,353,000	270,643,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	27,668,000	0.011	0.31			306,000	8,655,000		
Total		94,750,000	0.018	1.10			1,694,000	103,975,000	529,353,000	270,643,000
MEASURED AND INDICATE	D RESOURCES									
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	21,073,000	0.050	3.50			1,047,000	73,712,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	231,454,000	0.002	0.30			446,000	69,505,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	4,124,000	0.238	-			983,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	20,326,000	0.020	-			412,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,817,000	-	9.35	10.46%	5.55%	_	26,344,000	589,382,000	312,582,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	32,310,000	0.011	0.32			364,000	10,247,000		
Total Measured and Indica	ted Resources	312,104,000	0.010	0.58			3,252,000	179,808,000	589,382,000	312,582,000



2021 Inferred Mineral Resources

				Gra	de		Contained			
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
INFERRED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,713,000	0.052				246,000	17,453,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	128,410,000	0.002				243,000	38,626,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,915,000	0.238	-			455,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	3,724,000	0.024	-			90,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,350,000	-	1.51	8.98%	,	-	17,787,000	422,335,000	200,725,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	22,952,000	0.011				255,000	8,163,000		
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
Total Inferred Resources		189,800,000	0.010	0.45			1,820,000	85,375,000	422,335,000	200,725,000



Notes to 2021 Mineral Reserves:

- (1) The Mineral Reserve estimates are current as of December 31, 2021 and are reported using the definitions in Item 1300 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR Part 229) (SK1300) and were prepared by the company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2021 Mineral Reserves were \$20.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,400 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound of zinc, \$0.95 per pound of lead.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.94–2.51 g/t AuEq and an incremental development cut-off grade of 1.08 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 93.1% for gold and 81.9% for silver; mining dilution assumes 1 meter of hanging wall waste dilution; mining loss of 5% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$36.01–US\$41.75/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$3.52/t, process costs of US\$27.29/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$11.00/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.19/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Reserves.
- (4) Rochester Mineral Reserve estimates are tabulated within a confining pit shell and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide recovery Au = 85% and Ag = 59%; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 95% and Ag = 61%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$2.55/st oxide and US\$2.65/st sulfide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * silver price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * gold price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 43° over the life-of-mine.
- (5) Kensington Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; gold price of \$1400/oz; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.143-0.201 oz/st Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 95%; gold payability of 97.5%; mining dilution varies from 15-23%; mining loss of 5% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$90.91-150.73/ton mined; process costs of US\$46.93/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$38.83/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$60.00/oz sold.
- (6) Wharf Mineral Reserve estimate uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 80%; royalty burden of US\$56/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of US\$2.15/ton mined, rehandle costs of US\$1.65/ton rehandled, process costs of US\$10.34/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- (7) Silvertip Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130-160/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimate use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 87-88%, zinc recovery of 81-82% and silver recovery of 88-89 %. Lead concentrate grade of 51-53%; zinc concentrate grade of 48-50%; mining dilution varies from 5-25%; mining loss of 5% was applied; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries royalties TCRCs transport costs over the life of the mine.
- (8) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.



Notes to 2021 Mineral Resources:

- (1) Mineral Resource estimates are reported exclusive of Mineral Reserves, are current as of December 31, 2021, and are reported using definitions in SK1300 on a 100% ownership basis. Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2021 estimated Mineral Resources were \$22.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,700 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead, unless otherwise noted.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.59-2.21 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 93.1% for gold and 81.9% for silver; variable mining costs that range from US\$36.01-US\$41.75/t, surface haulage costs of US\$3.52/tonne, process costs of US\$27.29/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$11.00/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.19/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Resources.
- (4) Kensington Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold cut-off grade that ranges from 0.116–0.164 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 95%; gold payability of 97.5%, variable mining costs that range from US\$90.91–150.73/ton mined, process costs of US\$46.93/ton processed, general and administrative costs of US\$38.83/ton processed. and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$60.00/oz sold.
- Wharf Mineral Resource estimate uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 78.7% across all rock types; royalty burden of US\$56/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of \$2.15/ton mined, rehandle costs of US\$1.65/ton rehandled, process costs of US\$10.34/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- Rochester Mineral Resource estimates are tabulated within confining pit shells that uses the following input parameters: oxide gold recovery of 77.7%-93.7% and silver recovery with range of 59%-61%; sulfide gold recovery range of 15.2%-77.7% and silver recovery with range of 0.0%-59% with a net smelter return cutoff of US\$2.55-US\$3.70/ton oxide and US\$2.65/ton sulfide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) * silver recovery (%) * silver price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz) + gold grade (oz/ton) * gold recovery (%) * gold price (\$/oz) refining cost (\$/oz); and variable pit slope angles that approximately average 43° over the life-of-mine.
- (7) Silvertip Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimate use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 87-88%, zinc recovery of 81-82% and silver recovery of 88-89 %. Lead concentrate grade of 51-53%; zinc concentrate grade of 48-50%; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries royalties TCRCs transport costs over the life of the mine.
- (8) Lincoln Hill Open Pit Mineral Resource estimate is reported in-situ and are contained within a confining pit shell and use the following key input parameters: reported above an oxide gold equivalent cutoff of 0.15 ounces per ton and 0.20 oz ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1; gold recoveries of 64%; silver recoveries of 59%; mining costs of US\$3.10/ton; process costs of US\$3.60/ton; general and administrative costs of \$1.50/ton processed; average pit slope angles of 45° over the life-of-mine. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the Mineral Resource if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource is considered current and is presented unchanged.



Notes to 2021 Mineral Resources (cont.):

- (9) Wilco Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported using an equivalent gold cutoff of 0.20 ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1. Resources are reported in-situ and contained withed a conceptual measured, indicated and inferred optimized pit shell. Silver price of US\$20/oz, gold price of US\$1,400/oz. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 70%, average carbonaceous gold recovery is 50%. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 60%. Average carbonaceous silver recovery is 50%. Open pit mining cost is US\$1.50/ton, processing and processing and G&A cost is US\$5.46/ton; average pit slope angles of 50°. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the Mineral Resource if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource report is considered current and is presented unchanged.
- (10) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.



2019 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

				Gra	de		Contained				
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)	
PROVEN RESERVES											
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	1,093,000	0.093	5.17			102,000	5,649,000			
Rochester	Nevada, USA	249,815,000	0.003	0.45			710,000	112,286,000			
Kensington	Alaska, USA	898,000	0.200	-			180,000	-			
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	23,436,000	0.024	-			571,000	-			
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	176,000	-	11.31	9.84%	8.07%	-	1,990,000	34,577,000	28,366,000	
Total		275,418,000	0.006	0.44			1,563,000	119,925,000	34,577,000	28,366,000	
PROBABLE RESERVES											
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	10,576,000	0.056	4.24			591,000	44,843,000			
Rochester	Nevada, USA	13,577,000	0.002	0.38			27,000	5,187,000			
Kensington	Alaska, USA	779,000	0.239	-			186,000	-			
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	7,530,000	0.026	-			197,000	-			
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,636,000	-	7.94	7.97%	5.14%	-	12,986,000	260,847,000	168,096,000	
Total		34,097,000	0.029	1.85			1,001,000	63,016,000	260,847,000	168,096,000	
PROVEN AND PROBABLE I	RESERVES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	11,669,000	0.059	4.33			693,000	50,492,000			
Rochester	Nevada, USA	263,392,000	0.003	0.45			737,000	117,473,000			
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,677,000	0.218	-			366,000	-			
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	30,965,000	0.025	-			768,000	-			
	British Columbia,										
Silvertip	Canada	1,812,000	-	8.26	8.15%	5.42%	-	14,976,000	295,424,000	196,463,000	
Total Proven and Probable	Reserves	309,515,000	0.008	0.59			2,564,000	182,941,000	295,424,000	196,463,000	



2019 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

		_		Grad	de		Contained			
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
MEASURED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	870,000	0.055	3.69			48,000	3,210,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	194,330,000	0.002	0.35			450,000	67,602,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,062,000	0.239	-			493,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	6,631,000	0.027	-			178,000	-		
	British Columbia,									
Silvertip	Canada	138,000	-	10.85	9.79%	7.70%	-	1,497,000	26,924,000	21,183,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	4,642,000	0.012	0.34			58,000	1,592,000		
La Preciosa	Durango, Mexico	9,536,000	0.005	3.04			45,000	29,001,000		
Total		218,209,000	0.006	0.47			1,272,000	102,902,000	26,924,000	21,183,000
INDICATED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	7,894,000	0.048	3.97			377,000	31,313,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	42,015,000	0.002	0.36			96,000	15,195,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,164,000	0.231	-			269,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	4,926,000	0.032	-			156,000			
	British Columbia,									
Silvertip	Canada	1,579,000	-	6.39	8.81%	3.89%	-	10,091,000	278,081,000	122,734,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	27,668,000	0.011	0.31			306,000	8,655,000		
La Preciosa	Durango, Mexico	19,141,000	0.006	3.98			118,000	76,185,000		
Total		104,385,000	0.013	1.35			1,323,000	141,438,000	278,081,000	122,734,000
MEASURED AND INDICATED I	RESOURCES									
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	8,764,000	0.048	3.94			425,000	34,522,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	236,345,000	0.002	0.35			546,000	82,797,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	3,226,000	0.236	-			762,000			
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	11,557,000	0.029	-			334,000			
	British Columbia,									
Silvertip	Canada	1,716,000	-	6.75	8.89%	4.19%	-	11,588,000	305,005,000	143,917,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	32,310,000	0.011	0.32			364,000	10,247,000		
La Preciosa	Durango, Mexico	28,677,000	0.006	3.67			163,000	105,186,000		
Total Measured and Indicate	d Resources	322,594,000	0.008	0.76			2,594,000	244,340,000	305,005,000	143,917,000



2019 Inferred Mineral Resources

				Gra	de		Contained			
	Location	Short tons	Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
INFERRED RESOURCES										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	6,469,000	0.057	4.07			367,000	26,341,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	171,042,000	0.002	0.36			378,000	60,803,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,562,000	0.229				358,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	2,483,000	0.033	-			81,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	976,000	-	8.40	9.34%	5.39%	-	8,199,000	182,181,000	105,267,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	22,952,000	0.011	0.36			255,000	8,163,000		
Sterling	Nevada, USA	32,013,000	0.030	-			960,000	-		
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
La Preciosa	Durango, Mexico	1,761,000	0.003	3.31			6,000	5,835,000		
Total Inferred Resources		264,996,000	0.011	0.43			2,936,000	112,687,000	182,181,000	105,267,000

Notes to 2019 mineral reserves and resources:

- (1) Effective December 31, 2019.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for Mineral Reserves were \$17.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,350 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound zinc, \$0.95 per pound lead.
- (3) Assumed metal prices for estimated Mineral Resources were \$20.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,500 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound zinc, \$1.05 per pound lead, except Lincoln Hill and Wilco at \$1,350 per ounce gold and \$22.00 per ounce silver, and Sterling at \$1,200 per ounce of gold.
- (4) Mineral Resources are in addition to Mineral Reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. Inferred Mineral Resources are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be considered for estimation of Mineral Reserves, and there is no certainty that the Inferred Mineral Resources will be realized. The preliminary economic assessment for the re-scoped mine plan at Kensington is preliminary in nature and includes Inferred Mineral Resources, and does not have as high a level of certainty as a plan that was based solely on proven and probable reserves and there is no certainty that the results from the preliminary economic assessment will be realized.
- (5) Rounding of tons and ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grade, and contained metal content.
- (6) For details on the estimation of mineral resources and reserves, including the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate the Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, Canadian investors should refer to the NI 43-101 Technical Reports for Coeur's properties on file at www.sedar.com.

Executive Leadership



Mitchell J. Krebs – Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. During his twenty-year tenure with Coeur, Mr. Krebs has led nearly \$2 billion in capital raising and debt restructuring activities and has facilitated over \$4 billion of acquisitions and divestitures. Mr. Krebs was previously Coeur's Chief Financial Officer from March 2008 to July 2011 and held various positions in the corporate development department, including Senior Vice President of Corporate Development. Mr. Krebs previously served as the Chairman of The National Mining Association from September 2022 to September 2024 and as the former Chair of the ESG Task Force. Mr. Krebs previously served as a Director of Kansas City Southern Railway Company from May 2017 to April 2023 and is a past President of The Silver Institute.

Thomas S. Whelan – Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. Prior to joining Coeur, Mr. Whelan served as CFO of Arizona Mining Inc. from September 2017 to August 2018, when the company was acquired from South32 Limited. Previously, Mr. Whelan served as CFO for Nevsun Resources Ltd. from January 2014 to August 2017. He is a chartered professional accountant and was previously a partner with the international accounting firm Ernst & Young ("EY") LLP where he was the EY Global Mining & Metals Assurance sector leader, the leader of the EY Assurance practice in Vancouver and previously EY's Canadian Mining & Metals sector leader. Mr. Whelan graduated with a Bachelor of Commerce from Queen's University. Mr. Whelan has served as a member of the board of directors of Highlander Silver Corp., a precious metals exploration company, since October 2024.

Michael "Mick" Routledge – Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer. Mr. Routledge has over 25 years' experience with Rio Tinto in various roles beginning in 1987, including as the Chief Operating Officer (2011-2012) and Vice President HSE, Projects & Operational Value (2012-2014) of the Kennecott Utah Copper mine business and served as the Chief Operating Officer of Asahi Refining from 2015 to 2017. He served as Senior Director of Operational Excellence at Anagold Madencilik, a subsidiary of Alacer Gold Corp., a gold producer which merged with SSR Mining Inc. in the fall of 2020. Most recently, Mr. Routledge served as the Vice President of Major Projects and Studies of Alacer Gold Corp. from February 2020 until May 2020. Mr. Routledge currently chairs the Health & Safety Division Executive Committee for the Society for Mining, Metallurgy & Exploration board. He received an undergraduate degree from the University of Sunderland, England in Electrical and Control Engineering and received his MBA with a focus on business and strategic transformation from Henley Management College in England.

Casey M. Nault – Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary. Mr. Nault has over 25 years of experience as a corporate and securities lawyer, including prior inhouse positions with Starbucks Corporation and Washington Mutual, Inc. and law firm experience with Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher. His legal experience includes securities compliance and SEC reporting, corporate governance and compliance, mergers and acquisitions, public and private securities offerings, other strategic transactions, general regulatory compliance, cross-border issues, land use and environmental issues, and overseeing complex litigation. In addition to leading the legal function, Mr. Nault also has executive responsibility for several other corporate functions including compliance, corporate responsibility, internal audit, cybersecurity and IT infrastructure, government affairs, communications and land management.

Aoife M. McGrath – Senior Vice President, Exploration. Ms. McGrath has over 20 years of mining industry experience, spanning all stages of exploration from greenfield works to continental-scale exploration programs. Most recently, Ms. McGrath served as Vice President Exploration, Africa and Middle East at Barrick Gold Corp. Prior to that time, she served as head of Exploration and Geology for Beadell Resources Limited as well as serving in various roles at Alamos Gold Inc., including Director, Exploration and Corporate Development and Vice President, Exploration. She holds a Master of Science in Mineral Exploration from the University of Leicester as well as a Master of Science in Engineering Geology from the Imperial College London.

Emilie C. Schouten – Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer. Ms. Schouten has over 20 years of experience in Human Resources, starting her career at General Electric, where she graduated from GE's Human Resources Leadership Program. After 6 years as an HR Manager with GE, her division was acquired by the world's largest electrical distribution company, Rexel, and Ms. Schouten went on to become the Director of Training and Development. Ms. Schouten has a B.A. in Sociology from Michigan State University and a M.S. in Industrial Labor Relations from University of Wisconsin-Madison.

Board of Directors



Mitchell J. Krebs - Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. See prior slide.

J. Kenneth Thompson – Independent Lead Director. Former Chairman of the board of directors of Pioneer Natural Resources Company (oil and gas), former member of the board of directors of Alaska Air Group, Inc. (parent company of Alaska Airlines, Hawaiian Airlines and Horizon Air), and former Lead Independent Director of Tetra Tech, Inc. (engineering consulting). President and Chief Executive Officer of Pacific Star Energy LLC (private energy investment firm in Alaska) from September 2000 to present, with a principal holding in Alaska Venture Capital Group LLC (private oil and gas exploration company) from December 2004 to present; Executive Vice President of ARCO's Asia Pacific oil and gas operating companies in Alaska, California, Indonesia, China, and Singapore from 1998 to 2000. Mr. Thompson was a National Association of Corporate Directors Directorship 100 honoree in 2019.

Linda L. Adamany – Independent Lead Director and Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee of Jefferies Financial Group (formerly known as Leucadia National Corporation), a diversified holding company engaged in a variety of businesses, since March 2022, and Board member since March 2014, and an Independent Member of the board of directors and chair of the Remuneration Committee of Jefferies International Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Jefferies Financial Group Inc., since March 2021; non-executive director of BlackRock Institutional Trust Company since March 2018; non-executive director and chair of the Compensation Committee of Vitesse Energy, Inc. since January 2023; non-executive director of the Wood plc from October 2017 to May 2019; non-executive director of Amec Foster Wheeler plc, an engineering, project management, and consultancy company, from October 2012 until the Company was acquired by Wood plc in October 2017; member of the board of directors of National Grid plc, an electricity and gas generation, transmission, and distribution company, from November 2006 to November 2012. Served at BP plc in several capacities from July 1980 until her retirement in August 2007, most recently from April 2005 to August 2007 as a member of the five-person Refining & Marketing Executive Committee responsible for overseeing the day-to-day operations and human resource management of BP plc's Refining & Marketing segment, a \$45 billion business at the time. She was selected as one of Women Inc. Magazine's 2018 Most Influential Corporate Directors.

Pierre Beaudoin – Chairman of the board of directors of Radisson Mining Resources, Inc. (gold exploration company in Canada) since July 2024 and a member of the board since September 2021. Mr. Beaudoin is a mineral processing professional with over 40 years of international operating and project development experience. Mr. Beaudoin joined the board of directors of SilverCrest Metals, Inc. in June 2018 and subsequently became its Chief Operating Officer in November 2018, until Coeur's acquisition of SilverCrest in February 2025. During his five years in the role, he successfully led the technical studies, build and ramp-up of the Las Chispas operation. Mr. Beaudoin previously worked as both Chief Operating Officer and Senior Vice President of Capital Projects with Detour Gold Corporation (gold mining company) from January 2013 to July 2017 and January 2010 to December 2012, respectively, Served in various roles over a 16-year career with Barrick Gold Corporation, including in capital projects and management roles from September 2004 to January 2010.

Paramita Das – Serves as Chief Strategy Officer and Senior Advisor to the Chief Executive Officer of Stardust Power Inc. (manufacturer of battery-grade lithium products) since September 2024. Previously, Ms. Das served as the Global Head of Marketing, Development and ESG (Chief Marketing Officer) Metals and Minerals at Rio Tinto from June 2022 to February 2024; President of Rio Tinto Nickle Inc., President and CEO of Alcan Primary Products Company, LLC and a member of the Board of Directors of Rio Tinto Services Inc. from July 2019 to September 2023 and General Manager, Marketing and Development, Metals, and Head of the Chicago Commercial Office, Rio Tinto from 2018 to 2021. Ms. Das served as Chief of Staff/Group Business Executive to the Rio Tinto Group CEO from 2016 – 2017. Ms. Das is a member of the board of directors of Genco Shipping & Trading Limited, a drybulk shipowner focused on global transportation of commodities, since March 2024 and a member of the board of directors of Toromont Industries, Ltd., a specialized equipment company, since November 2024. Ms. Das is a former Board member of World Business Chicago from 2020 – 2022; Chicago Children's Museum from 2019 – 2021 and UN Woman – USNC from 2014 to 2017. Ms. Das received a bachelor's degree in Architectural Engineering in 2001, and MBA in 2004 and additional post-graduate studies in Strategy and Finance in 2014.

Board of Directors (cont.)



N. Eric Fier - Mr. Fier is a Certified Professional Geologist (USA) and Engineer (Canada) with over 35 years of experience in the international mining industry, including exploration, acquisition, development and production of numerous mining projects in the U.S., Guyana, Chile, Brazil, Central America, Mexico, Peru, Africa and Asia. He has in-depth knowledge of project evaluation and management, reserve estimation and economic analysis, construction, and operations management. Mr. Fier served as Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Director of SilverCrest Metals, Inc. until Coeur's acquisition of SilverCrest in February 2025. He previously worked as Senior Engineer and Chief Geologist with Pegasus Gold Corp., from June 1985 to May 1995, Senior Engineer & Manager with Newmont Mining Corp. from June 1995 to August 1996 and from 1999 to 2000, and Project Manager with Eldorado Gold Corp. from September 1996 to May 1998. He is currently the Non-Executive Chairman of Mako Mining Corp. (gold mining company) since July 2024, and previously served as Executive Chairman of Goldsource Mines, Inc. (gold mining company) from January 2018 until the company's acquisition by Mako Mining Corp.

Jeane L. Hull – Ms. Hull has over 35 years of mining operational leadership and engineering experience, most notably holding the positions of Chief Operating Officer for Rio Tinto plc at the Kennecott Utah Copper Mine and Executive Vice President and Chief Technical Officer of Peabody Energy Corporation. She also held numerous management engineering and operations positions with Rio Tinto affiliates. Prior to joining Rio Tinto, she held positions with Mobil Mining and Minerals and has additional environmental engineering and regulatory affairs experience in the public and private sectors. Ms. Hull currently serves as a member of the Board of Directors of Eprioc AB since January 2018, Hudbay Minerals since June 2023, and Wheaton Precious Metals Corporation since May 2023. She previously served on the boards of Copper Mountain Mining Corp., Trevali Mining Corporation, Pretium Resources Inc., Interfor Corporation and Cloud Peak Energy Inc. Ms. Hull also served on the Advisory Board for South Dakota School of Mines and Technology for over ten years.

Eduardo Luna – Non-Executive Chairman of the Board of Rochester Resources Ltd. (junior natural resources company with assets in Mexico) since March 2018 and member of the board of directors of Vizsla Silver Corp. (junior natural resources company) since November 2023. Mr. Luna has spent over forty years in the precious metals mining industry and has held prior senior executive and board positions at several companies including Industrial Peñoles, Goldcorp Inc., Luismin SA de CV, Wheaton River Minerals Ltd., Alamos Gold Inc., Dyna Resource, Inc. and Primero Mining Corp. He is also a former member of the Board of Directors of Wheaton Precious Metals Corp. Mr. Luna is the former President of the Mexican Mining Chamber and a former President of the Silver Institute. He was inducted into the Mexico Mining Hall of Fame and serves as Chairman of the Advisory Board of the Faculty of Mines at the University of Guanajuato where he received a degree in Mining Engineering.

Robert E. Mellor – Independent Chairman of the board of Monro, Inc. (auto service provider) since June 2017, and appointed Interim Chief Executive Officer from August 2020 to April 2021. Previously Mr. Mellor was lead independent director from April 2011 to June 2017 and a member of the board of directors since August 2010; Former Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President of Building Materials Holding Corporation (distribution, manufacturing and sales of building materials and component products) from 1997 to January 2010, director from 1991 to January 2010; former member of the board of directors of CalAtlantic Group, Inc. (national residential home builder) from October 2015 to February 2018, when CalAtlantic was acquired by Lennar Corporation; former member of the board of directors of the Ryland Group (national home builder, merged with another builder to form CalAtlantic) from 1999 to October 2015; and former member of the board of directors of Stock Building Supply Holdings, Inc. (lumber and building materials distributor) from March 2010 until December 2015 when it merged with another company. He was named a 2020 National Association of Corporate Directors Directorship 100 honoree.

Contact Information



Corporate Office	Coeur Mining, Inc. 200 S. Wacker Dr., Suite 2100 Chicago, IL 60606
Main Telephone	+1 (312) 489-5800
Stock Ticker	NYSE: CDE
Website	www.coeur.com
Contact	Jeff Wilhoit Senior Director, Investor Relations investors@coeur.com