

# Canaccord Genuity 1<sup>st</sup> Annual Silver Conference

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October 2025



NYSE: CDE

## > Cautionary Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of securities legislation in the United States and Canada, including statements involving strategic priorities and company strategies, growth, anticipated production, costs and expenses, exploration and development efforts, operations, expectations and initiatives at Las Chispas, Palmarejo, Rochester, Kensington, Wharf and Silvertip, corporate responsibility goals, efforts and achievements, expectations regarding the integration of Las Chispas, capital allocation and estimates, liquidity sources, free cash flow, and mineral reserve and resource estimates. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors which may cause Coeur's actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, the risk that anticipated production, cost and expense levels are not attained, the risks and hazards inherent in the mining business (including risks inherent in developing and expanding large-scale mining projects, environmental hazards, industrial accidents, weather or geologically-related conditions), changes in the market prices of gold and silver and a sustained lower price or higher treatment and refining charge environment, the uncertainties inherent in Coeur's production, exploration and development activities, including risks relating to permitting and regulatory delays, mining law changes, ground conditions, grade and recovery variability, any future labor disputes or work stoppages (involving the Company and its subsidiaries or third parties), the risk of adverse outcomes in litigation, the uncertainties inherent in the estimation of mineral reserves and resources, impacts from Coeur's future acquisition of new mining properties or businesses, the risks associated with the integration of Las Chispas, the loss of access or insolvency of any third-party refiner or smelter to whom Coeur markets its production, materials and equipment availability, inflationary pressures, continued access to financing sources, the effects of environmental and other governmental regulations and government shut-downs, the risks inherent in the ownership or operation of or investment in mining properties or businesses in foreign countries, implementation of tariffs or trade barriers, Coeur's ability to raise additional financing necessary to conduct its business, make payments or refinance its debt, as well as other uncertainties and risk factors set out in filings made from time to time with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, and the Canadian securities regulators, including, without limitation, Coeur's most recent reports on Form 10-K and Form 10-Q. Actual results, developments, and timetables could vary significantly from the estimates presented. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Coeur disclaims any intent or obligation to update publicly such forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. Additionally, Coeur undertakes no obligation to comment on analyses, expectations, or statements made by third parties in respect of Coeur, its financial or operating results or its securities.

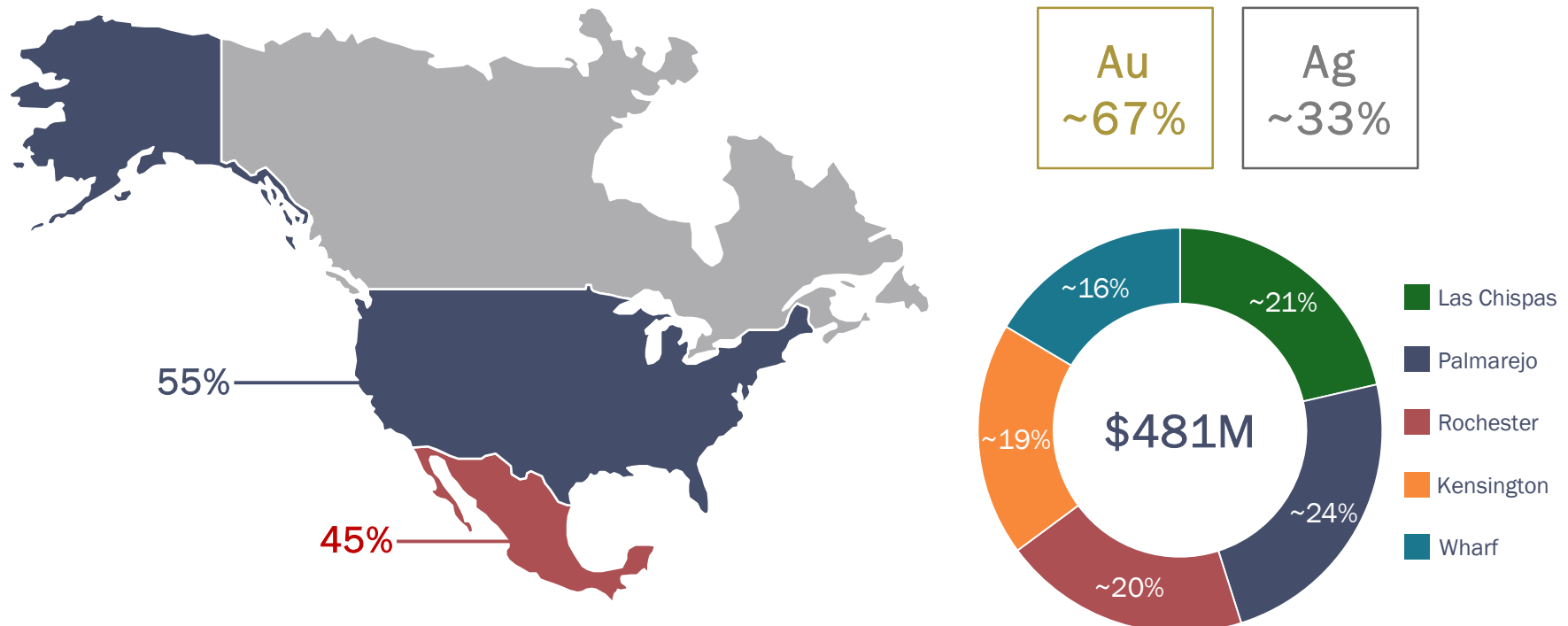
The scientific and technical information concerning Coeur's mineral projects in this presentation have been reviewed and approved by a "qualified person" under Item 1300 of SEC Regulation S-K, namely Coeur's Vice President, Technical Services, Christopher Pascoe. For a description of the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate mineral reserves and mineral resources included in this presentation that relate to Coeur's mineral projects, as well as data verification procedures and a general discussion of the extent to which the estimates may be affected by any known environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, sociopolitical, marketing or other relevant factors, please review the Technical Report Summaries for each of Coeur's material properties which are available at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). 2024, 2023, 2022, and 2021 reserves and resources were determined in accordance with Item 1300 of SEC Regulation S-K. Reserves and resources for certain prior periods, including 2019, were determined in accordance with Canadian National Instrument 43-101. Both sets of reporting standards have similar goals in terms of conveying an appropriate level of confidence in the disclosures being reported, but the standards embody slightly different approaches and definitions. The ranges of potential tonnage and grade (or quality) of the exploration results described in this presentation are conceptual in nature. There has been insufficient exploration work to estimate a mineral resource. It is uncertain if further exploration will result in the estimation of a mineral resource. The exploration results described in this presentation therefore do not represent, and should not be construed to be, an estimate of a mineral resource or mineral reserve.

Non-U.S. GAAP Measures - We supplement the reporting of our financial information determined under United States generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) with certain non-U.S. GAAP financial measures, including adjusted net income (loss), operating cash flow before changes in working capital, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, total leverage, net leverage, free cash flow, adjusted costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound and adjusted liquidity. We believe that these adjusted measures provide meaningful information to assist management, investors and analysts in understanding our financial results and assessing our prospects for future performance. We believe these adjusted financial measures are important indicators of our recurring operations because they exclude items that may not be indicative of, or are unrelated to our core operating results, and provide a better baseline for analyzing trends in our underlying businesses. We believe adjusted net income (loss), adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, total leverage, net leverage, free cash flow, adjusted costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound and adjusted liquidity are important measures in assessing the Company's overall financial performance. This presentation does not represent an offer of any securities for sale.

## > A Well-Balanced Precious Metals Mining Company

*With the completion of the Rochester expansion and the integration of Las Chispas, the Company's combined operations reflect a more balanced, U.S. centric portfolio*

Second Quarter 2025 Revenue Mix



## > Second Quarter 2025 Highlights



✓ Strong production and cost performance drove margin expansion



✓ Record quarterly net income, free cash flow and adjusted EBITDA<sup>1,2</sup>



✓ Remaining revolver balance repaid; net leverage ratio falls to 0.4x



✓ Initial share repurchases completed under \$75 million program



✓ Rochester crushed ore tons increased 24% versus prior quarter



✓ Full-year production and CAS<sup>1</sup> guidance reaffirmed

(1) See non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(2) Free cash flow is defined as cash flow from operating activities less capital expenditures. See reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

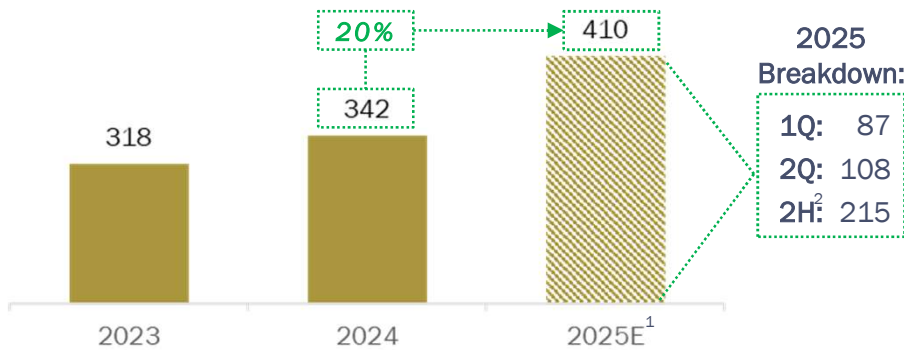
# > Expansions, Acquisition & Higher Prices Drive Strong Growth



*With the addition of Las Chispas, the expansion of Rochester, and the power of a well-balanced portfolio, coupled with higher metals prices, Coeur is undergoing a step-change in its production, cash flow and margin profile*

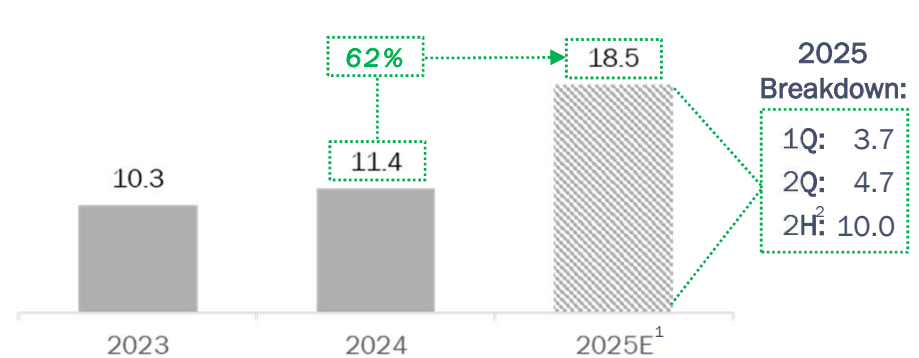
## Gold Production

(K oz)



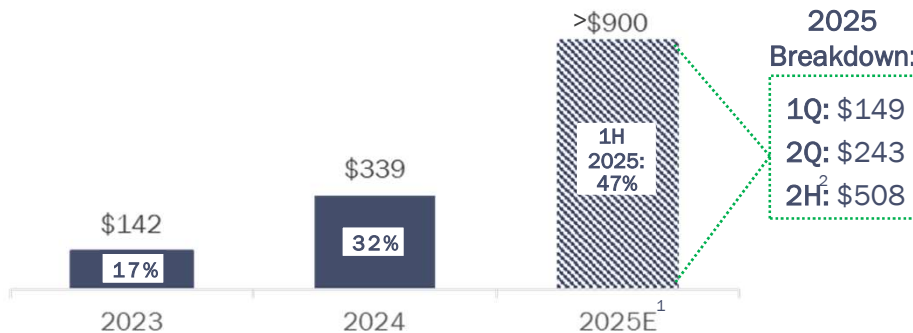
## Silver Production

(M oz)



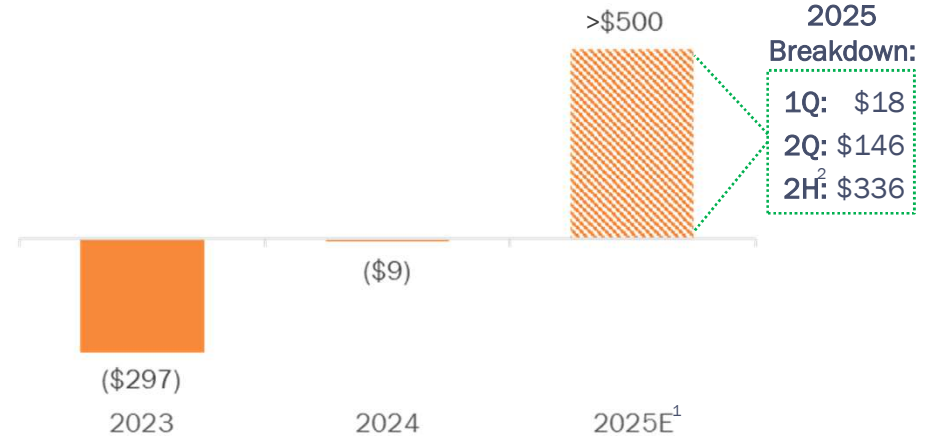
## Adj. EBITDA/Margin<sup>3</sup>

(\$M)



## Free Cash Flow

(\$M)



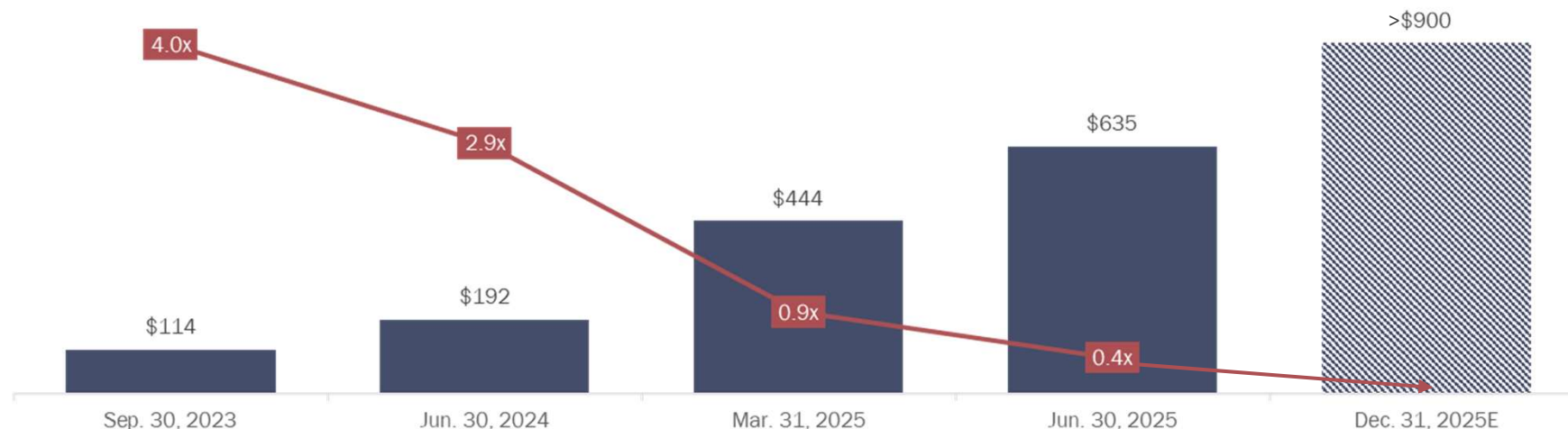
(1) Represents midpoint of 2025 guidance range.

(2) To achieve midpoint of 2025 guidance range.

(3) See non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

## > Balance Sheet Update

### LTM Adjusted EBITDA / Net Leverage Ratio<sup>1,2</sup> (\$M)



### Debt and Leverage Summary<sup>1,2</sup> (\$M)

	Mar. 31, 2025	Jun. 30, 2025
5.125% senior notes due 2029	290.2	290.4
Revolving credit facility	110.0	0.0
Capital lease obligations	98.0	90.3
<b>TOTAL DEBT</b>	<b>\$498.3</b>	<b>\$380.7</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$77.6	\$111.6
<b>LEVERAGE RATIOS</b>		
LTM adjusted EBITDA	\$443.7	\$634.8
Total debt / LTM adjusted EBITDA	1.1x	0.6x
Net debt / LTM adjusted EBITDA	0.9x	0.4x

### Recent Balance Sheet Highlights

- ✓ Revolving credit facility balance fully repaid
- ✓ Cash balance increased to \$112 million<sup>3</sup>
- ✓ Net leverage ratio decreased to 0.4x<sup>3</sup>
- ✓ Capital lease obligations decreased to \$90 million<sup>3</sup>
- ✓ \$7.3 million of shares repurchased<sup>4</sup>; program remains underway

(1) See non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

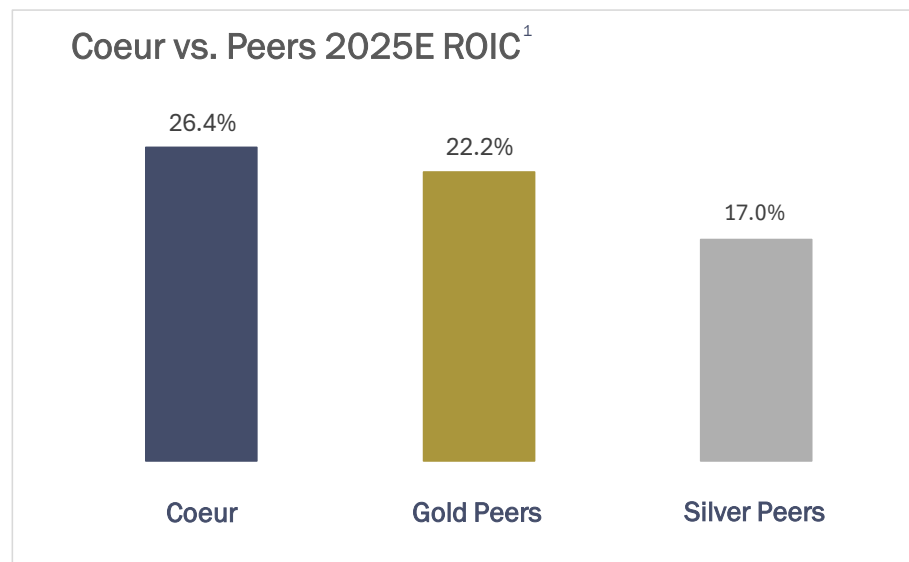
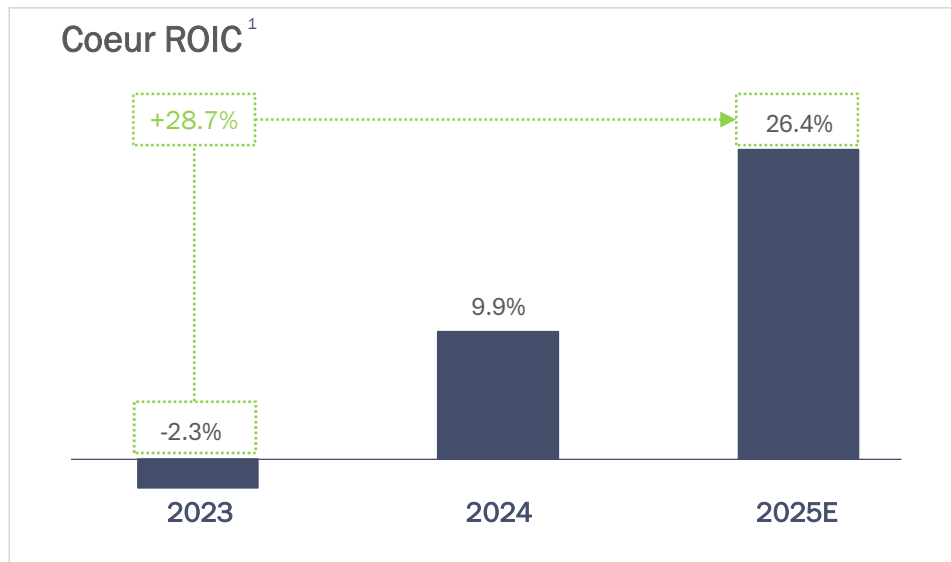
(2) Net debt equals total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

(3) As of June 30, 2025.

(4) As of August 31, 2025.

## > Significantly Improved Return on Invested Capital

*After multiple years of heavy investment, the Company is on-track to deliver peer-leading ROIC in 2025 driven by strong production growth from Rochester, the addition of Las Chispas, and consistent performance from our other operations amid a favorable metals price environment*

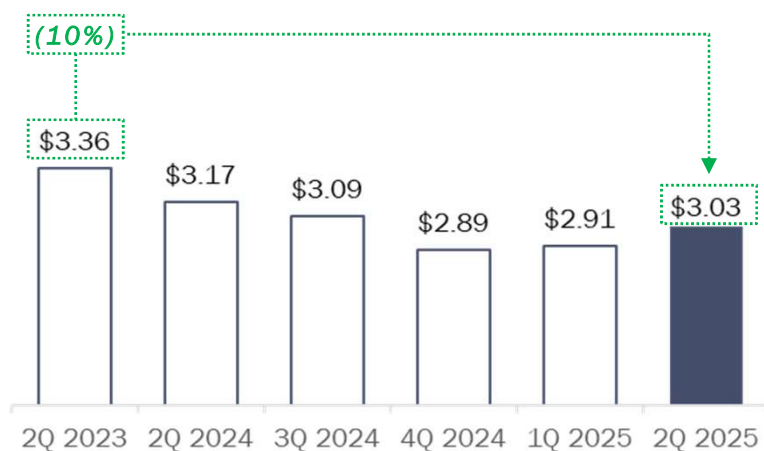


(1) Coeur and peer 2025E ROIC based on FactSet data and calculated using the Bloomberg Operating ROIC methodology.

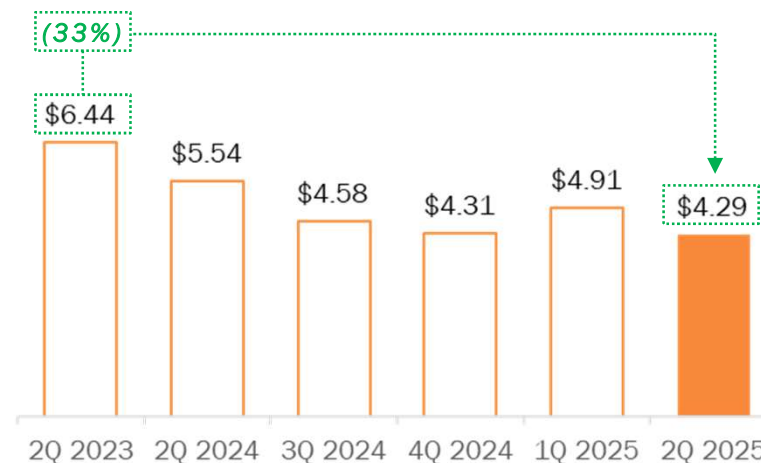
## > Inflationary Cost Pressures Subsiding

*Inflationary pressures have continued to subside in recent quarters, which is leading to strong margin expansion with higher gold and silver prices*

### Diesel Cost Per Gallon

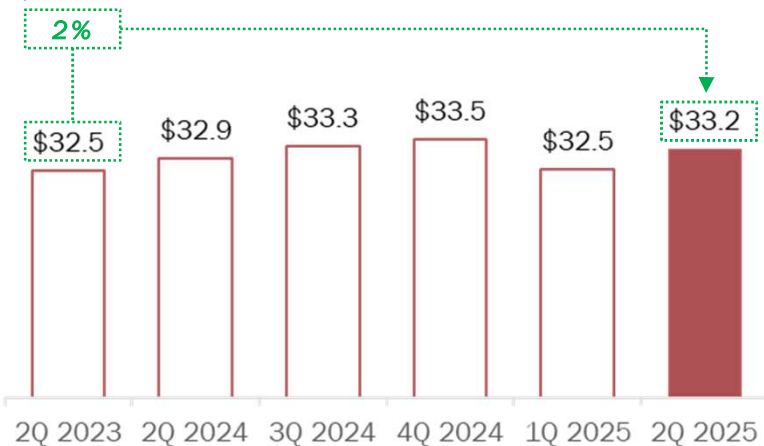


### Materials, Parts & Supplies Cost Per Ore Ton Mined

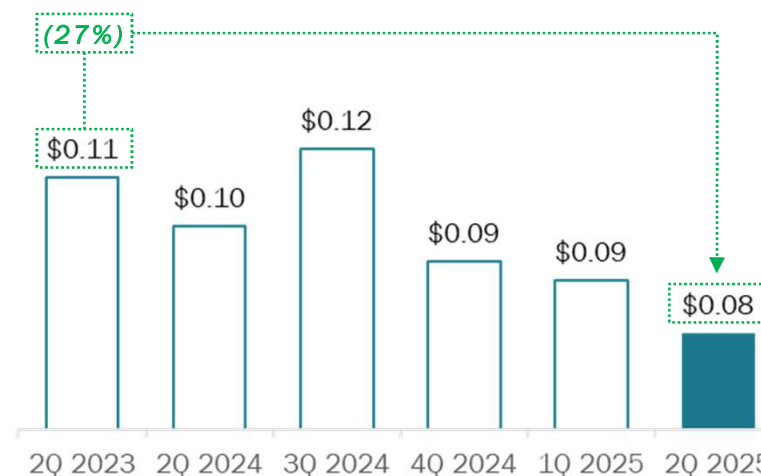


### Labor Cost Per Employee

(\$K)



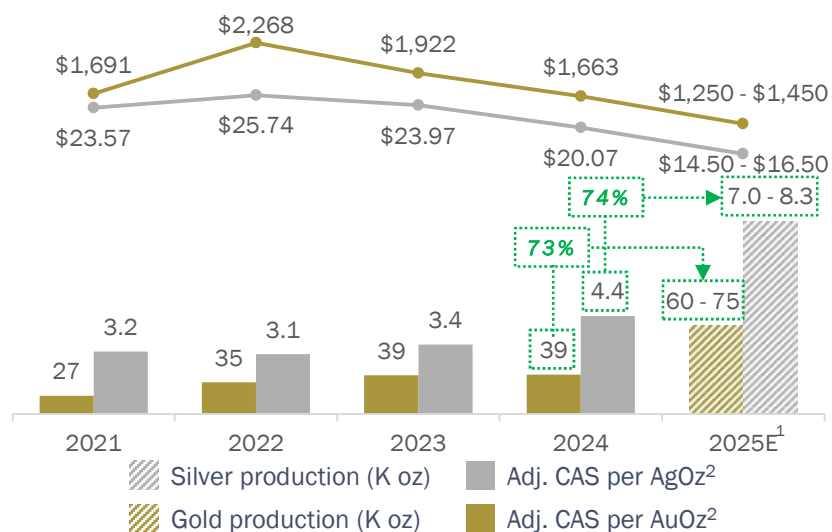
### Power Cost Per Kilowatt



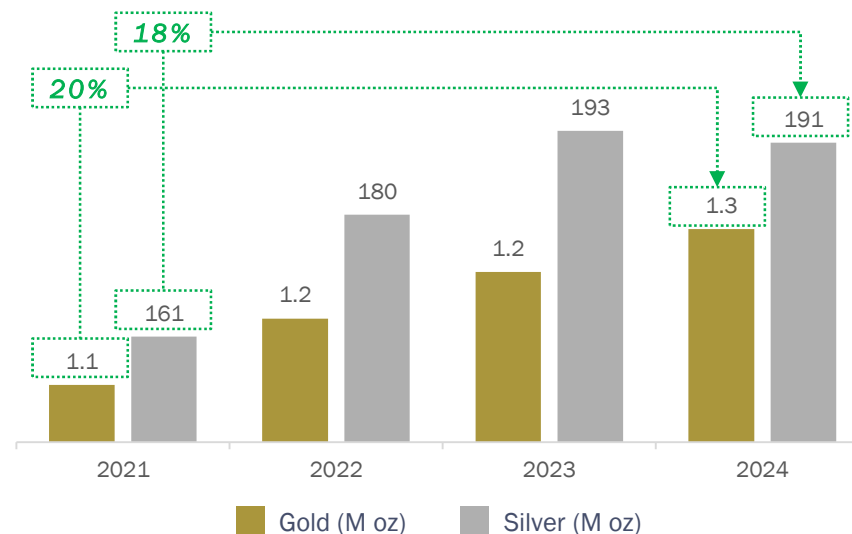
# > Rochester Expansion Overview

Rochester is one of the largest operations of its kind in the world and is America's largest source of domestically produced and refined silver. 2025 represents the first full year post-expansion with >70% expected production increases, >20% lower expected costs, and a substantially larger reserve base

### Production and Cost Profile



### Proven and Probable Reserves<sup>3</sup>



## Operating and Cash Flow Trends

	2Q 2024	3Q 2024	4Q 2025	1Q 2025	2Q 2025
Crushed ore tons placed	4.3M	6.4M	5.1M	5.5M	6.7M
Operating cash flow (\$M)	(\$5.9)	\$3.2	\$26.0	(\$7.0)	\$39.6
Free cash flow (\$M)	(\$33.4)	(\$6.9)	\$12.2	(\$21.8)	\$15.2

(1) Guidance as published by Coeur on August 6, 2025.

(2) See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(3) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

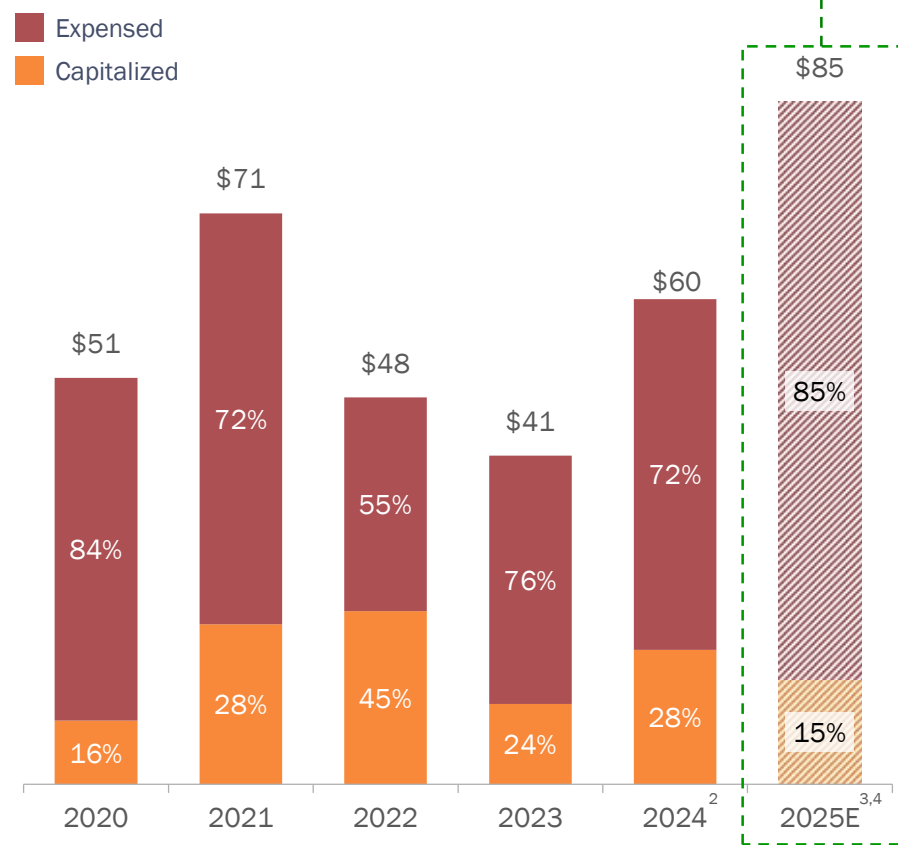
# > Rochester – Aerial View



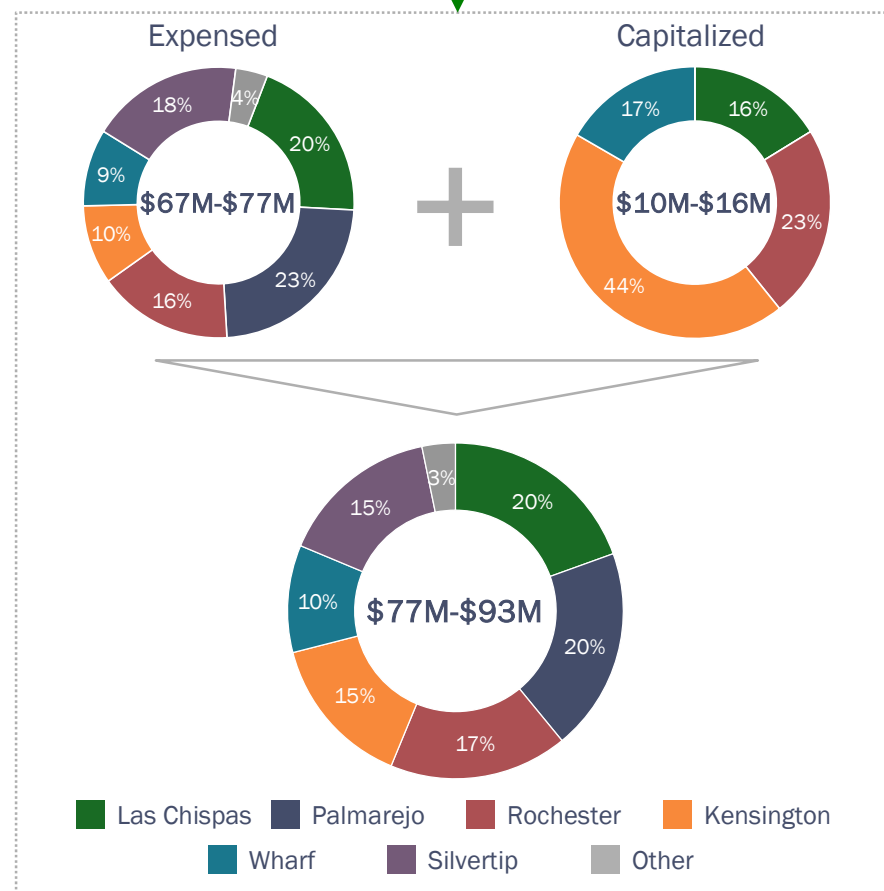
# > Sustaining a Higher Level of Exploration Investment

*The Company remains focused on generating high returns from exploration in 2025, with significant investments taking place at Palmarejo, Las Chispas and Silvertip targeting resource expansion and additional investment targeting reserve increases at Kensington and Wharf*

Total Exploration Investment (\$M)



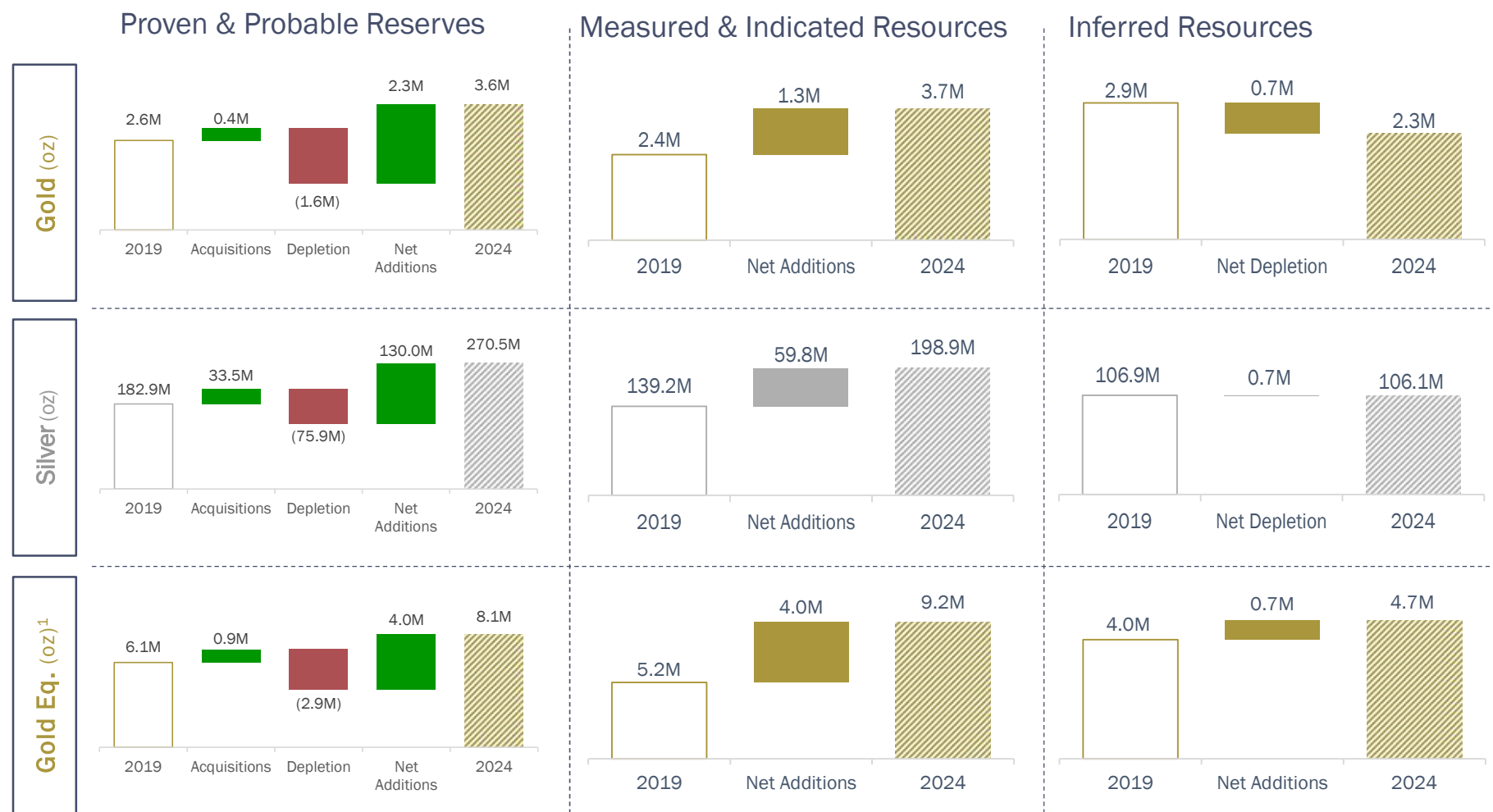
2025E Exploration Investment by Site<sup>1,2,3,4</sup>



(1) Guidance as published by Coeur on August 6, 2025.  
 (2) Actual figure excludes approximately \$16 million associated with underground mine development and support costs at Silvertip.  
 (3) Figures and percentages reflect midpoint of guidance as published by Coeur on August 6, 2025.  
 (4) Figures exclude \$17 - \$22 million associated with underground mine development and support costs at Silvertip.

## > Expanded Reserve and Resource Base

Coeur's 2024 exploration program was successful in growing resources via new discoveries. The Company has invested over \$285 million in exploration over the past five years, contributing to significant overall reserve and resource growth

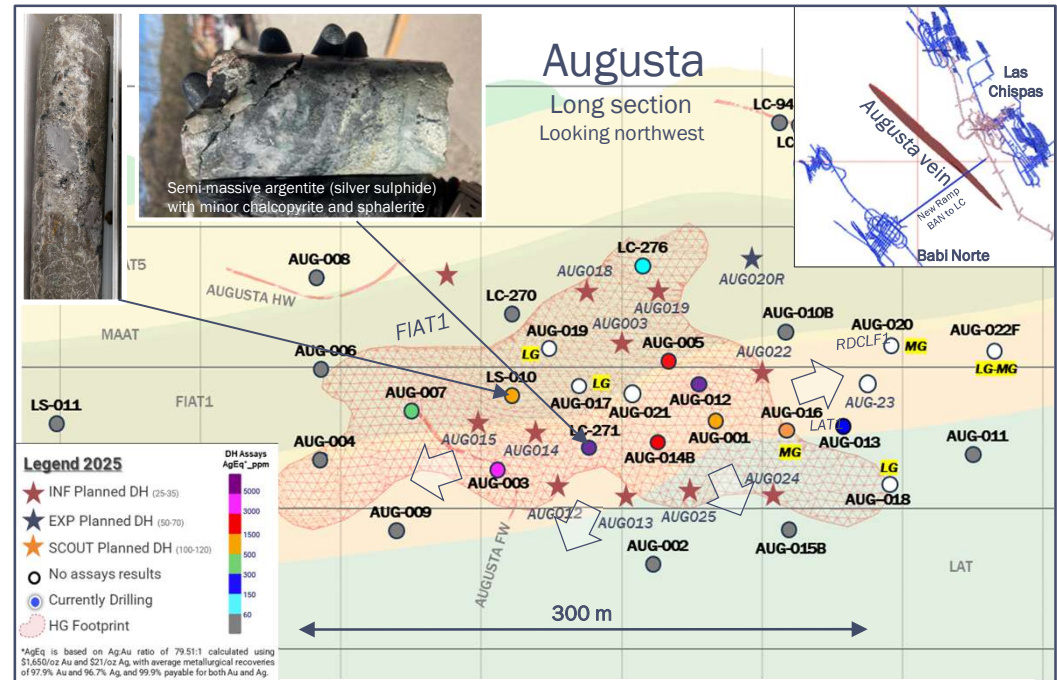
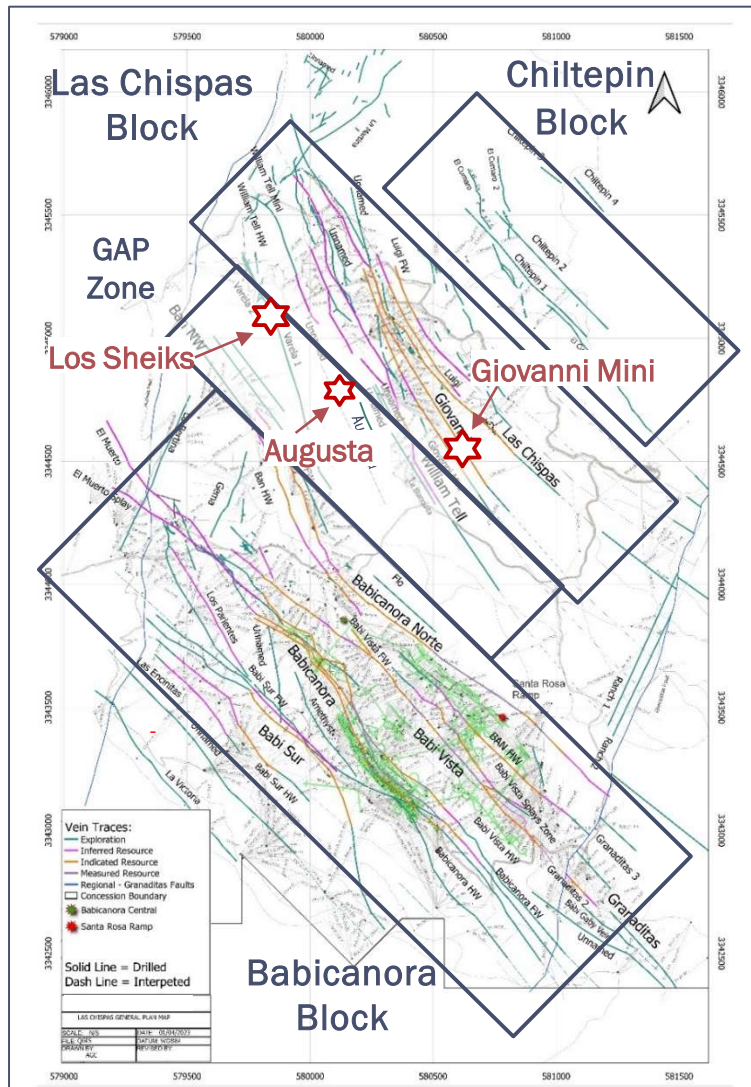


Note: See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

(1) Gold equivalence assumes gold-to-silver, -lead, -zinc ratios of 1:60, 1:1,200 and 1:1,000, respectively.

# > Las Chispas Exploration Success

Newly-released drill results show continued expansion at new Augusta discovery and at other key veins in the Gap Zone along planned underground development areas



- ✔ With team integration and revised 2025 drill plan now complete, the focus is on replacing depletion through: (i) conversion of 10 million ounces AgEQ<sup>1</sup> of existing inferred resources; and (ii) expansion and infill drilling to identify potential ore around current veins, but not currently in resources
- ✔ Other 2025 DH priorities include: (i) scout drilling to replenish inferred resources for conversion in 2026; (ii) development of a new regional exploration / target generation strategy; and (iii) undertaking a high-resolution drone magnetic survey and a structural study

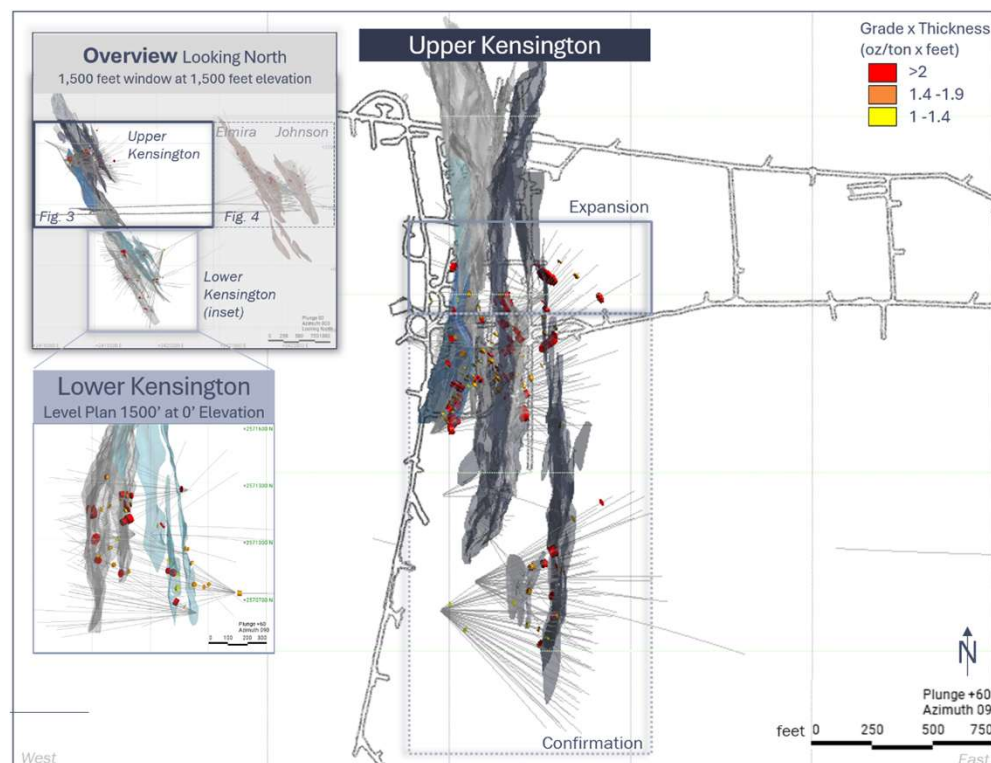
(1) Silver equivalent calculated based on longer term analyst consensus pricing of US\$2,022/oz Au and US\$25.98/oz Ag.



## > Kensington: Blueprint for a Longer Mine Life

*Newly-released drill results have identified emerging areas of resource growth potential near existing mine infrastructure*

- ✓ Project success resulted in doubling the life of mine to 5 years, net of depletion, since the program began in mid-2022, resulting in three consecutive years of reserve growth
- ✓ Ongoing technical review and geologic modeling is enhancing the understanding of controls to mineralization with positive implications for near-mine targeting and resource growth
- ✓ Current program aims to replace depletion to maintain ~5 years of mine life while advancing potential higher-grade sources
- ✓ Drilling at the Upper and Lower Kensington zones continues to encounter multiple parallel veins returning high grades over mineable widths
- ✓ Discovery of Elmira Hanging Wall Mineralization provides another area for future expansion potential

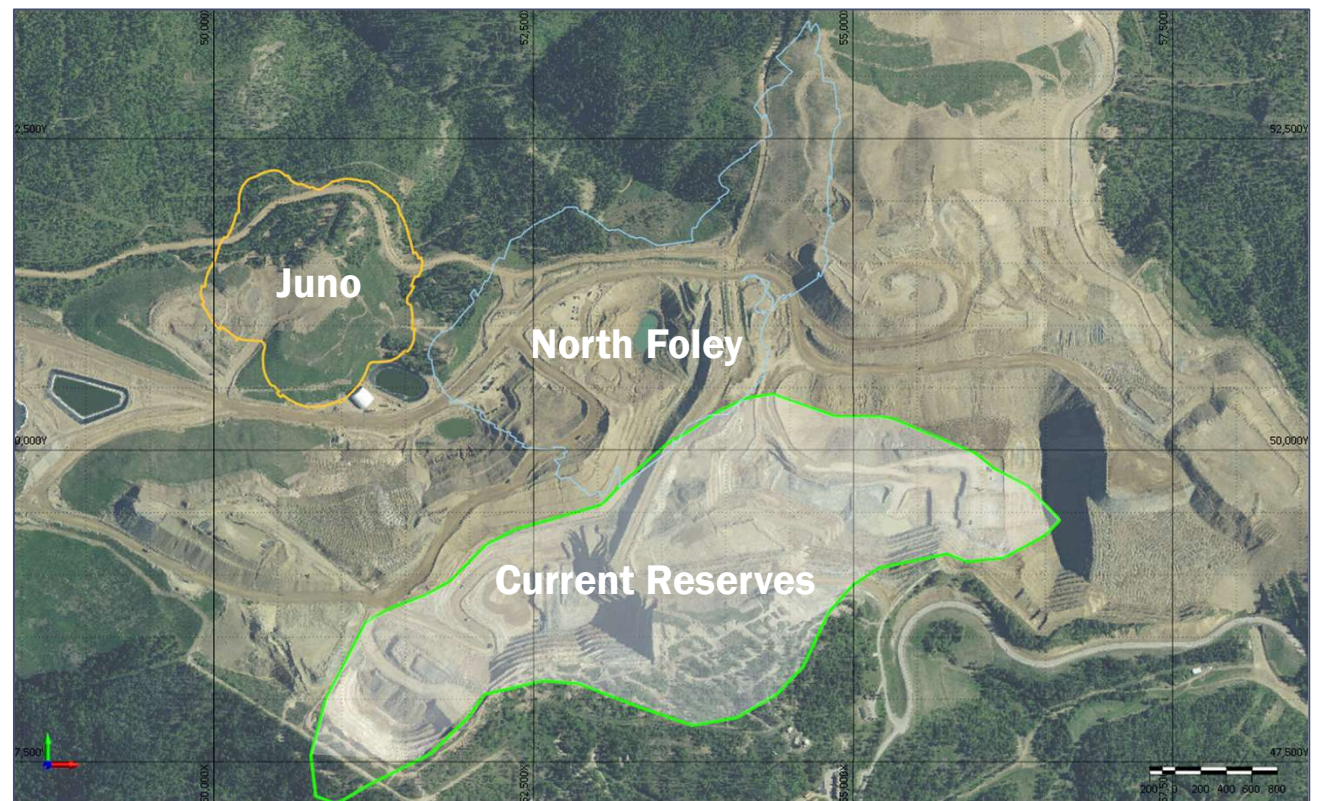


## > Wharf: Increased Investment to Extend Mine Life

*Two new opportunities continue to demonstrate potential to substantially extend Wharf's mine life near existing mining areas. The two targets, North Foley and Juno, are being further drill-tested in 2025 to identify the scope of the opportunity*

### Project Potential

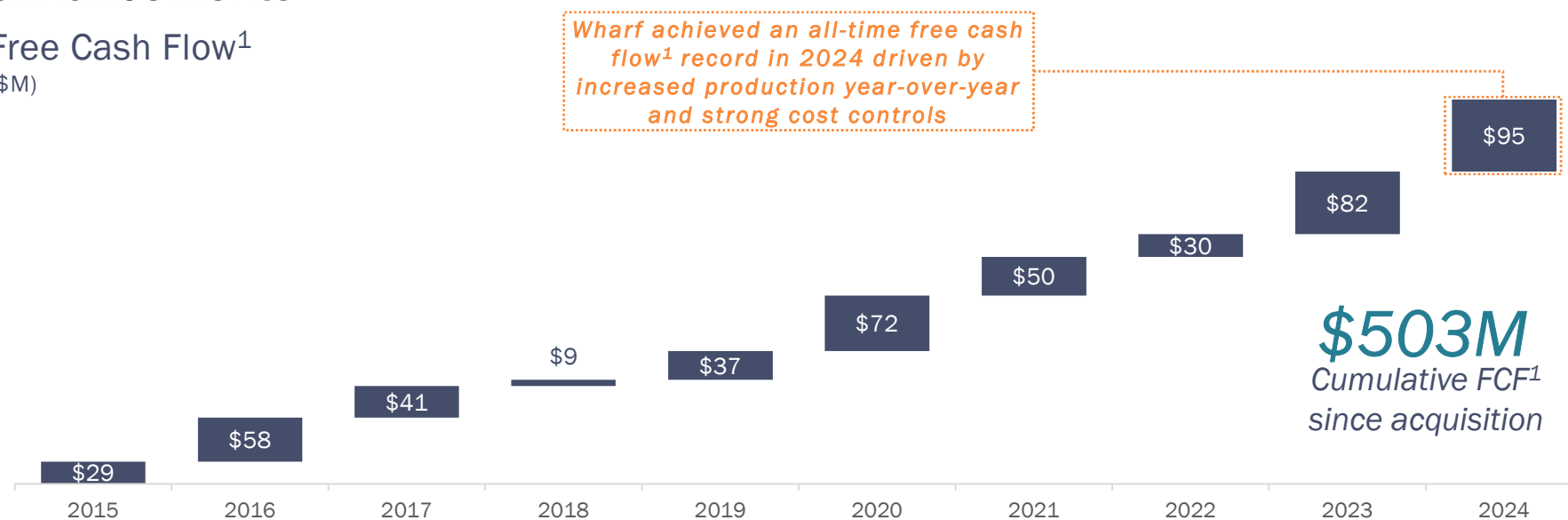
- ✓ Juno and North Foley drilling drove a doubling of M&I gold resources and tripling of inferred gold resources at year-end 2024
- ✓ Both Juno and North Foley are adjacent to or encompass historical pits
- ✓ Conversion of new resources in both areas remains a key focus of drilling in 2025 and beyond



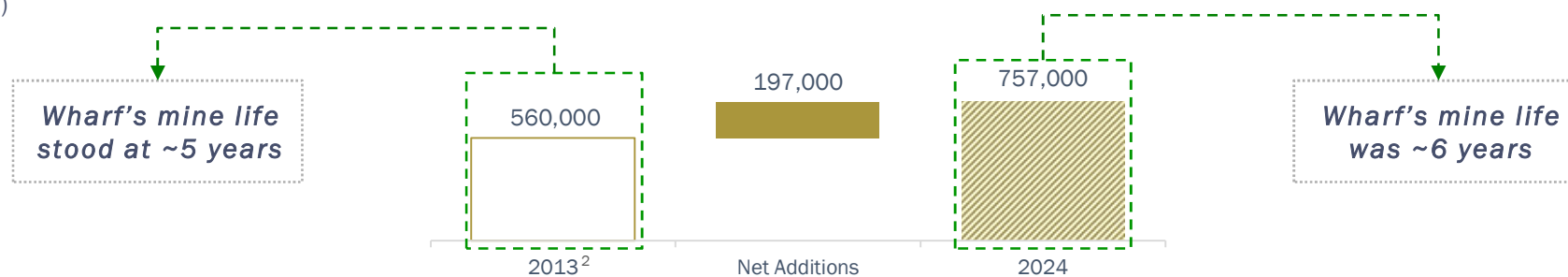
## > Wharf: A Case Study for Successful M&A

Acquired in early 2015 for \$99.5 million, Wharf has generated cumulative FCF<sup>1</sup> of more than 5x its original investment, driven by operational improvements, targeted investments in exploration, and several technical and modeling enhancements

Free Cash Flow<sup>1</sup>  
(\$M)



Gold Reserves and Mine Life  
(K oz)



Note: See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

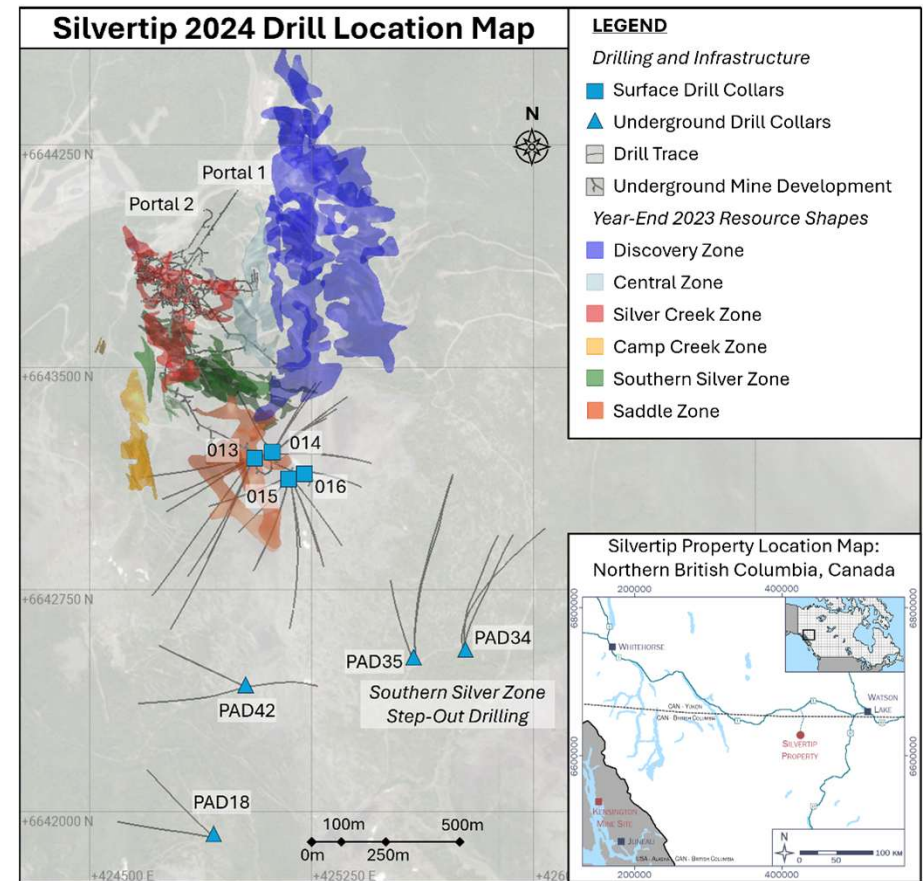
(1) Free cash flow is defined as cash flow from operating activities less capital expenditures. See applicable reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(2) Mineral reserves estimate for the year ended December 31, 2013 as reported by Goldcorp, Inc. Goldcorp, Inc. did not report year-end 2014 mineral reserve estimates for Wharf.

## > Silvertip: Large, High-Grade Polymetallic Deposit in BC

*Coeur continues to invest in exploration at one of the world's highest-grade deposits of its kind to expand and better understand the large system at Silvertip. The Company aims to advance Silvertip in coming years to be a future source of growth and become a long-life, high-margin operation with significant silver production*

- ✓ Successfully completed most extensive surface program since acquiring the asset in 2017
- ✓ 100% success rate on large, step-out drilling along the Southern Silver Zone doubled strike length and remains open
- ✓ Three Silvertip look-alikes identified from district-wide program
- ✓ Expect to invest approximately \$13 million<sup>1</sup> in exploration in 2025 along with 1,000 meters of underground development to support accelerated drilling in future years
- ✓ Initial Assessment commenced



(1) Guidance as published by Coeur on May 7, 2025. Figure exclude \$17 - \$22 million associated with underground mine development and support costs at Silvertip.

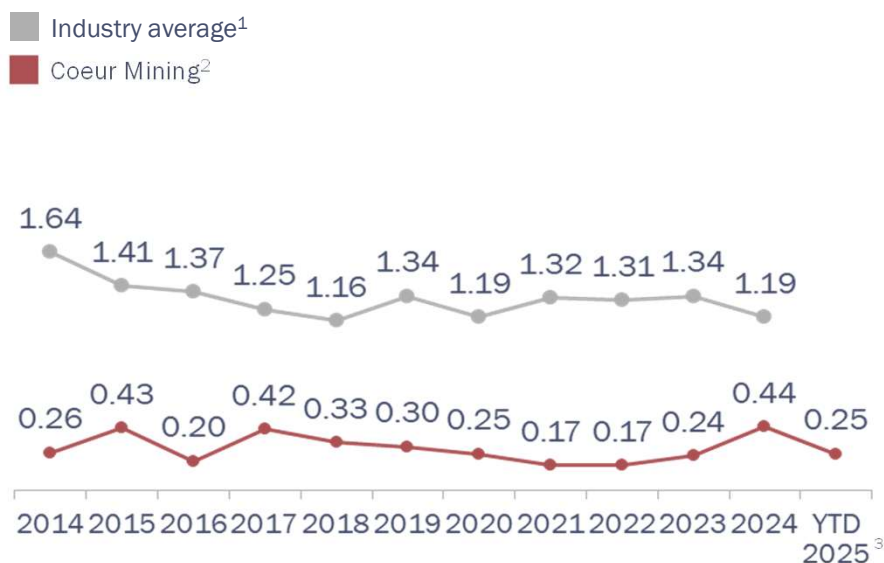
## > Industry-Leading Safety Performance

*Coeur has been certified in the National Mining Association's CORESafety program since 2017 and completed its recertification in July 2021*

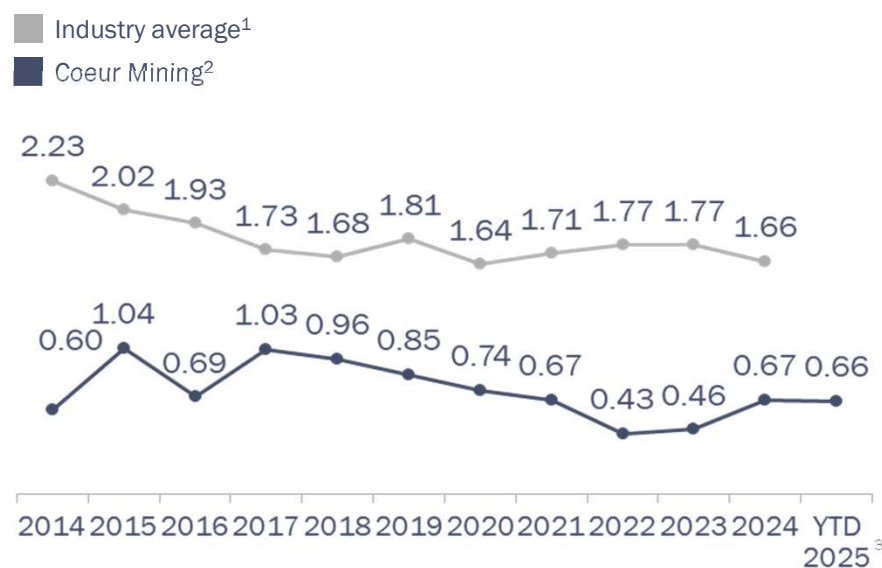


*Coeur's injury frequency rate remains significantly below industry averages, resulting in the lowest Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate and safest company according to MSHA among peers in 2024*

### Lost-Time Injury Frequency Rate



### Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate



(1) Source(s): U.S. Department of Labor Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA); Metal Operators Mine Safety and Health Statistics. Injuries per 200,000 employee-hours worked.

(2) Includes both Coeur employees and contract workers.

(3) MSHA data January to June 2025 (preliminary).

## > Looking Ahead: Key Deliverables for 2H 2025

- ✔ Continue delivering higher crushing rates at targeted particle size distribution at Rochester
- ✔ Maintain strong operational and financial performance at Las Chispas
- ✔ Build cash position and further strengthen the balance sheet
- ✔ Deliver results from high-return exploration investments
- ✔ Carry out exploration program at Silvertip to support Initial Assessment
- ✔ Repurchase shares under the \$75 million repurchase program

# > 2025 Production and CAS Guidance Unchanged<sup>1</sup>



## Production Outlook

	Gold (oz)	Silver (K oz)
Las Chispas	42,500 – 52,500	4,250 – 5,250
Palmarejo	95,000 – 105,000	5,400 – 6,500
Rochester	60,000 – 75,000	7,000 – 8,300
Kensington	92,500 – 107,500	-
Wharf	90,000 – 100,000	50 – 200
<b>Consolidated</b>	<b>380,000 – 440,000</b>	<b>16,700 – 20,250</b>

## CAS Outlook<sup>2</sup>

	Gold (\$/oz)	Silver (\$/oz)
Las Chispas (co-product)	\$850 - \$950	\$9.25 - \$10.25
Palmarejo (co-product)	\$950 - \$1,150	\$17.00 - \$18.00
Rochester (co-product)	\$1,250 - \$1,450	\$14.50 - \$16.50
Kensington	\$1,700 - \$1,900	-
Wharf (by-product)	\$1,250 - \$1,350	-

## Capital, Exploration and G&A

(\$M)	Previous <sup>3</sup>	Updated <sup>1</sup>	Comments
Capital Expenditures, Sustaining <sup>4</sup>	\$132 - \$156	\$142 - \$156	• Cash vs. capital leases
Capital Expenditures, Development	\$55 - \$69	\$55 - \$69	
Exploration, Expensed <sup>5</sup>	\$67 - \$77	\$67 - \$77	
Exploration, Capitalized	\$10 - \$16	\$10 - \$16	
General & Administrative Expenses	\$44 - \$48	\$48 - \$52	• Non-cash stock-based compensation

Note: The Company's guidance figures assume estimated prices of \$2,700/oz gold and \$30.00/oz silver as well as CAD of 1.425 and MXN of 20.50. Guidance figures exclude the impact of any metal sales or foreign exchange hedges.

(1) Guidance as published by Coeur on August 6, 2025. Las Chispas guidance reflects results from the February 14 closing of the acquisition.

(2) See non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(3) Guidance as published by Coeur on May 7, 2025.

(4) Sustaining capital excluding capital leases. The Company had elected to fund approximately \$10 million of 2025 sustaining capital with cash instead of capital leases as previously reflected in 2025 guidance.

(5) Figures exclude \$17 - \$22 million associated with underground mine development and support costs at Silvertip.

## > Production Trends on Track Toward 2025 Guidance



	2Q 2025	1H 2025	Full-Year Guidance <sup>1</sup>	Progress <sup>2</sup>	Implied 2H 2025	Comments
<b>Gold Production (oz)</b>						
Las Chispas	16,271	23,446	42,500 – 52,500	49%	19,054 – 29,054	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1H results reflect closing of SilverCrest transaction on February 14</li> </ul>
Palmarejo	27,272	50,304	95,000 – 105,000	50%	44,696 – 54,696	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reflects impact of new Hidalgo deposit</li> <li>Consistent grade profile</li> </ul>
Rochester	14,302	27,655	60,000 – 75,000	41%	32,345 – 47,345	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>See comments under Silver Production for additional details</li> </ul>
Kensington	26,555	49,270	92,500 – 107,500	49%	43,230 – 58,230	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Higher production driven by increased tons milled and higher average grade quarter-over-quarter</li> </ul>
Wharf	24,087	44,578	90,000 – 100,000	47%	45,422 – 55,422	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reflects timing of ounces placed on pads</li> </ul>
<b>Total Gold Production</b>	<b>108,487</b>	<b>195,253</b>	<b>380,000 – 440,000</b>	<b>48%</b>	<b>184,747 – 244,747</b>	
<b>Silver Production (K oz)</b>						
Las Chispas	1,489	2,203	4,250 – 5,250	46%	2,047 – 3,047	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>See comments under Gold Production for additional details</li> </ul>
Palmarejo	1,741	3,421	5,400 – 6,500	58%	1,979 – 3,079	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>See comments under Gold Production for additional details</li> </ul>
Rochester	1,456	2,740	7,000 – 8,300	36%	4,260 – 5,560	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Quarter over quarter increase driven by higher ore tons placed</li> <li>Strong 2H expected based on further anticipated increases in ore tons placed</li> </ul>
Wharf	36	87	50 - 200	70%	0 - 113	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Byproduct of gold production</li> </ul>
<b>Total Silver Production</b>	<b>4,722</b>	<b>8,451</b>	<b>16,700 – 20,250</b>	<b>44%</b>	<b>8,149 – 11,699</b>	

Note: Percentages may differ due to rounding.

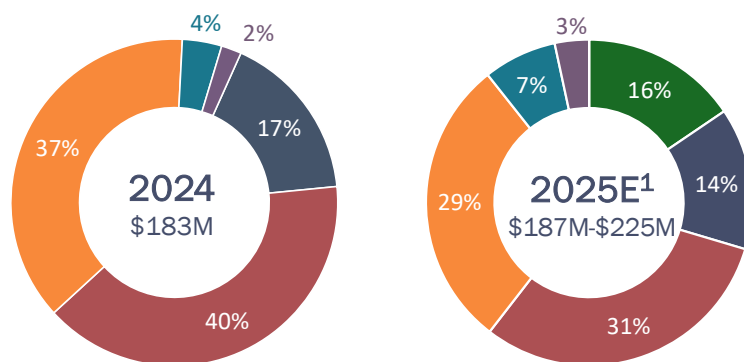
(1) Guidance as published by Coeur on August 6, 2025.

(2) Percentage progress figures based on midpoint of guidance ranges.

# > Investing in Organic Growth Opportunities

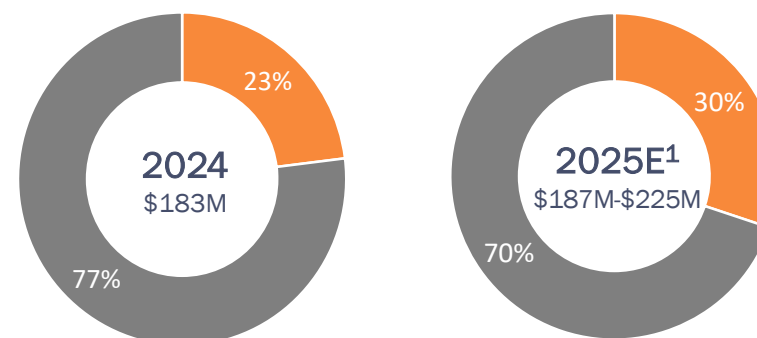
## Capital Expenditures by Mine

(% companywide total)



## Capital Expenditures Composition

(% companywide total)



	2Q 2025	Full-Year Guidance <sup>1</sup>	Progress <sup>1</sup>	Implied 2H 2025	2025 Key Capital Investments
Las Chispas	\$9M	\$30M - \$34M	45%	\$15M - \$19M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Underground development</li> </ul>
Palmarejo	\$6M	\$26M - \$32M	40%	\$15M - \$21M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Underground mine development in new mine areas driven by ongoing exploration success</li> </ul>
Rochester	\$24M	\$57M - \$70M	62%	\$18M - \$31M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Crusher optimization projects</li> <li>Stripping of legacy Stage 1 &amp; 2 leach pads</li> </ul>
Kensington	\$16M	\$55M - \$64M	53%	\$23M - \$32M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tailings dam lift to support extended mine life</li> </ul>
Wharf	\$4M	\$13M - \$17M	73%	\$2M - \$6M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Infrastructure investments to support anticipated material mine life extension</li> </ul>
Silvertip	\$2M	\$6M - \$8M	34%	\$4M - \$6M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Infrastructure investments to support exploration activities</li> </ul>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$61M</b>	<b>\$187M - \$225M</b>	<b>54%</b>	<b>\$77M - \$115M</b>	

Note: Capital expenditures includes capitalized exploration. Percentage may differ due to rounding.

(1) Guidance as published by Coeur on August 6, 2025. Percentages based on midpoint of 2025 guidance.

(2) Sustaining capital expenditures net of capital leases.

# Corporate Responsibility Highlights

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## > Tailings Governance and Management

*Conducted a gap assessment at Las Chispas' filtered tailings facility to inform an implementation plan aligned with GISTM<sup>1</sup> and executed key actions across all six topics at our other facilities—reinforcing our commitment to responsible tailings management and strengthening stakeholder confidence through improved safety, governance, and transparency*

TOPIC I: Affected Communities	Strengthened engagement with Indigenous Peoples and agencies, updated policies on human rights, and grievance mechanisms
TOPIC II: Integrated Knowledge Base	Established a centralized knowledge base to support informed, safe tailings management across the facility lifecycle
TOPIC III: Design, Construction, Operation and Monitoring	Advanced engineering controls with QA/QC plans, risk assessments, updated water balance models, and initiated design basis documentation
TOPIC IV: Management and Governance	Designated an Accountable Executive, formalized governance oversight, and expanded Independent Tailings Review Board and Engineer of Record coverage across facilities
TOPIC V: Emergency Response and Long-term Recovery	Initiated coordination with emergency response and recovery agencies to enhance readiness and resilience
TOPIC VI: Public Disclosure and Access to Information	Continued to expand transparency through annual public disclosures and detailed reporting in the Responsibility Report and supporting documents

(1) Global Industry Standard on Tailings Management.

## > Emergency Preparedness Through Competition

*As part of our ongoing commitment to safety and emergency preparedness, mine rescue teams from Rochester, Silvertip, and Kensington recently participated in mine rescue competitions*

### Rochester



Participated in the 38th Nevada Safety Olympiad in Winnemucca, Nevada competing in emergency medical services, firefighting, confined space, high angle rescue, hazmat, triage, and communications. The team raised \$2,800 at auction for a local high school student battling terminal cancer, demonstrating leadership and community spirit

### Silvertip



Competed in the 67th Annual Provincial Mine Rescue Competition in Squamish, BC. Seven team members and one coach represented the site in underground and first aid events. Silvertip's broader rescue team includes certified instructors for Red Cross First Aid and BC's Incident Command System, positioning the site as a regional leader in training and preparedness

### Kensington



Achieved outstanding success at the Central Mine Rescue competition in Kellogg, Idaho, placing 1st in First Aid, the underground scenario, and overall. Despite recent team turnover, new recruits have risen to the challenge with professionalism and strong performance. The site has 30 members that are mine rescue trained and ready for emergency deployment

*The discipline, training, and collaboration required for mine rescue readiness not only support the deployment of rapid and critical response in emergencies, they build resilient teams and reinforce our deep commitment to protecting people*

## > Sustainability Award to Las Chispas

*The Las Chispas operation has been recognized with the Distintivo ESR® in 2025. This designation is awarded to companies that demonstrate commitment to implementing continuous improvement management practices in sustainability after a rigorous validation process*

### Ethical Business Practices

Assessed on the implementation of transparent governance, compliance with legal and regulatory standards, anti-corruption measures, and the promotion of integrity

### Purpose Driven Initiatives

Evaluated on how the company's mission and values translate into social impact, community engagement, and alignment with broader societal goals beyond profitability

### Environmental Stewardship

Measured through actions taken to minimize environmental impacts, manage natural resources responsibly, and implement sustainability strategies

### Employee Wellbeing

Focus on policies and practices that support fair labor conditions, health and safety, employee wellbeing, professional development, and work-life balance









*This recognition, granted by CEMEFI<sup>1</sup>, reaffirms our dedication to our purpose statement to Pursue a Higher Standard*

Appendix

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# > Coeur's Capital Allocation Framework

*Mining is capital intensive and requires a disciplined approach to capital allocation with a view toward long-term reserve replacement and growth*

	Illustrative Return	Key Benefits	Key Considerations
 <b>COEUR MINING®</b> Capital Allocation	 -	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Reflects the Company's values</li> <li>✓ Mitigates risk for stakeholders</li> <li>✓ Establishes and sustains social license</li> </ul>	
	 25% +	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Highest returns and quickest impact</li> <li>✓ Low capital intensity</li> <li>✓ Lowest risk</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✗ Finite opportunity set</li> </ul>
	 20% +	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ High success/lowest risk exploration</li> <li>✓ Low average discovery cost</li> <li>✓ Quick payback given existing infrastructure</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✗ Returns dependent on specific deposit</li> <li>✗ All deposits eventually come to an end</li> </ul>
	 15% +	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Opportunity to meaningfully impact company</li> <li>✓ Scale and liquidity can be differentiators</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✗ Limited number of opportunities meet criteria</li> <li>✗ Requires significant organizational commitment</li> <li>✗ Challenging social dynamics</li> </ul>
	 Can vary widely	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Potential to create substantial value from new discoveries</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✗ Low success rate</li> <li>✗ Requires long-term, sustained financial and organizational commitment</li> </ul>
	 5% - 6%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Eliminates/reduces interest expense</li> <li>✓ Improves balance sheet flexibility</li> <li>✓ Mitigates downside metal price risk</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✗ Low ROI</li> <li>✗ Reduces cash liquidity levels</li> <li>✗ Bond buybacks can be expensive</li> </ul>
	 -	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Reflects Board and management confidence in long-term outlook</li> <li>✓ Provides discipline</li> <li>✓ Opportunity to differentiate among peers</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✗ Industry's cyclicality and capital intensity</li> <li>✗ Not a key driver for most investors</li> <li>✗ Limited under indenture and credit agreement</li> </ul>

6% - 10% estimated cost of capital

The Las Chispas silver-gold operation is located in the state of Sonora, Mexico, and is an underground mine with processing operations as well as several other deposits and exploration targets

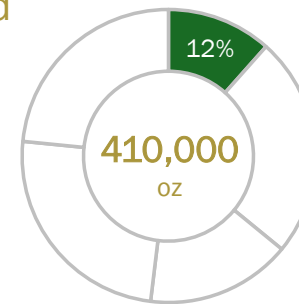
## Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees <sup>1</sup>	314
Claims	3,462 net acres
Type	Underground
Processing	Crushing, grinding, CIL, Merrill-Crowe precipitation, refining
Metals	Silver and gold doré
Mine life	~7 years

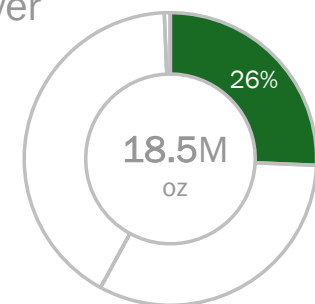


## Share of Companywide 2025E<sup>2</sup> Production

Gold



Silver

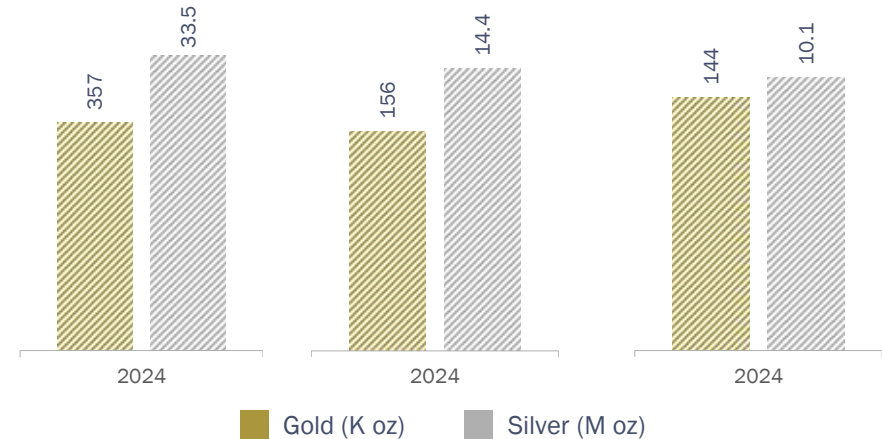


## Reserves & Resources<sup>3</sup>

P&P Reserves

M&I Resources

Inferred Resources

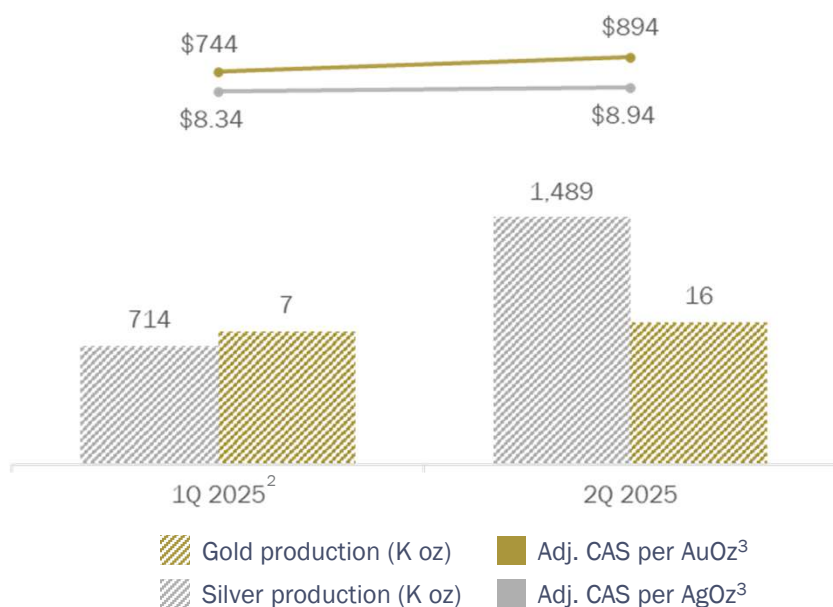


(1) As of December 31, 2024.

(2) Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on August 6, 2025.

(3) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

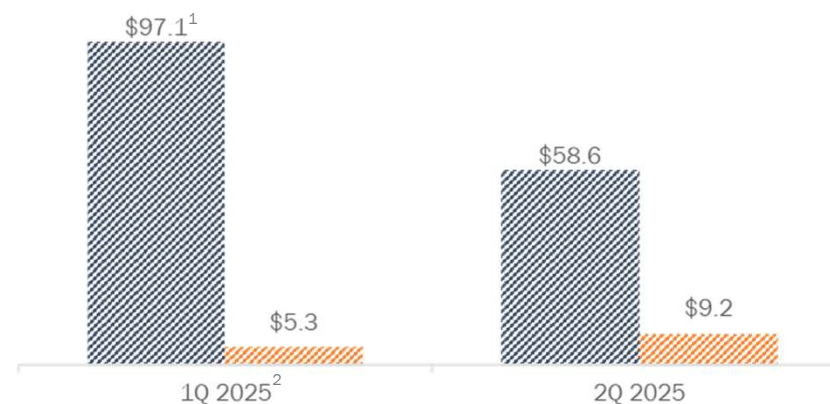
## Production and Cost Performance



## Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures

(\$M)

▨ Operating cash flow  
▨ Capital expenditures



## Costs Per Ton

(\$)

	1Q 2025 <sup>2</sup>	2Q 2025
UG tons mined	76,855	125,398
UG mining costs per UG ton mined	\$115	\$129
Processing costs per ton processed <sup>4</sup>	\$42	\$41
G&A per ton processed <sup>5</sup>	\$28	\$35

(1) 1Q25 operating cash flow includes \$72.0M of monetized finished goods following the SilverCrest acquisition on February 14.

(2) 1Q25 reflects six weeks of operations following the SilverCrest acquisition on February 14.

(3) See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(4) Excludes third-party refining charges.

(5) Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

*The Palmarejo gold-silver complex is located in the state of Chihuahua, Mexico, and is an underground mine with processing operations as well as several other deposits and exploration targets*

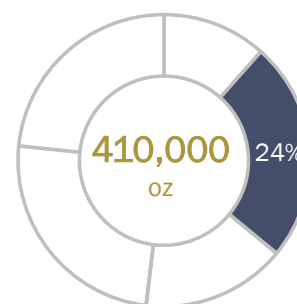
## Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees <sup>1</sup>	869
Claims	67,296 net acres
Type	Underground
Processing	Crushing, grinding, flotation, CIL, Merrill-Crowe precipitation, refining
Metals	Silver and gold doré
Mine life	~6 years

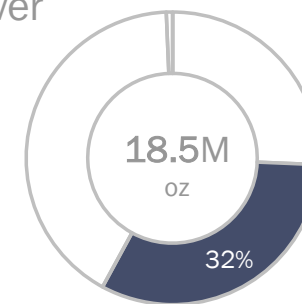


## Share of Companywide 2025E<sup>2</sup> Production

Gold



Silver

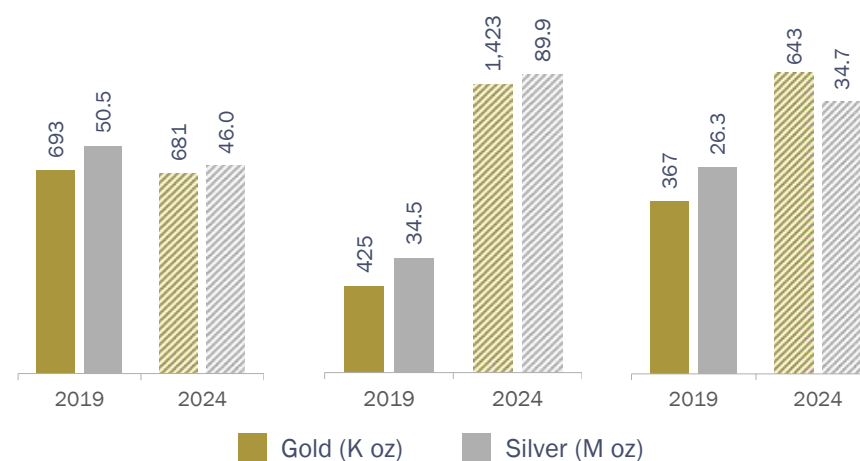


## Reserves & Resources<sup>3</sup>

P&P Reserves

M&I Resources

Inferred Resources

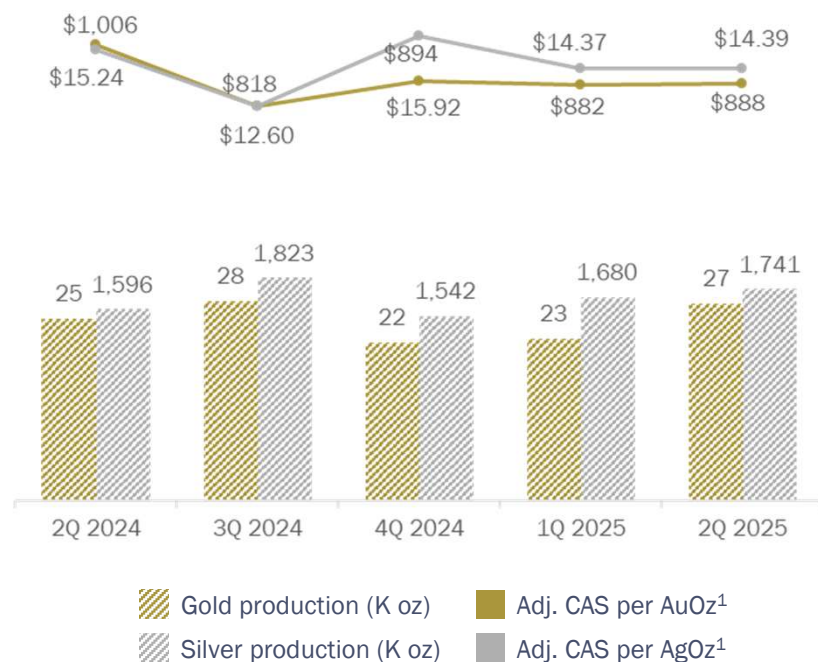


(1) As of December 31, 2024.

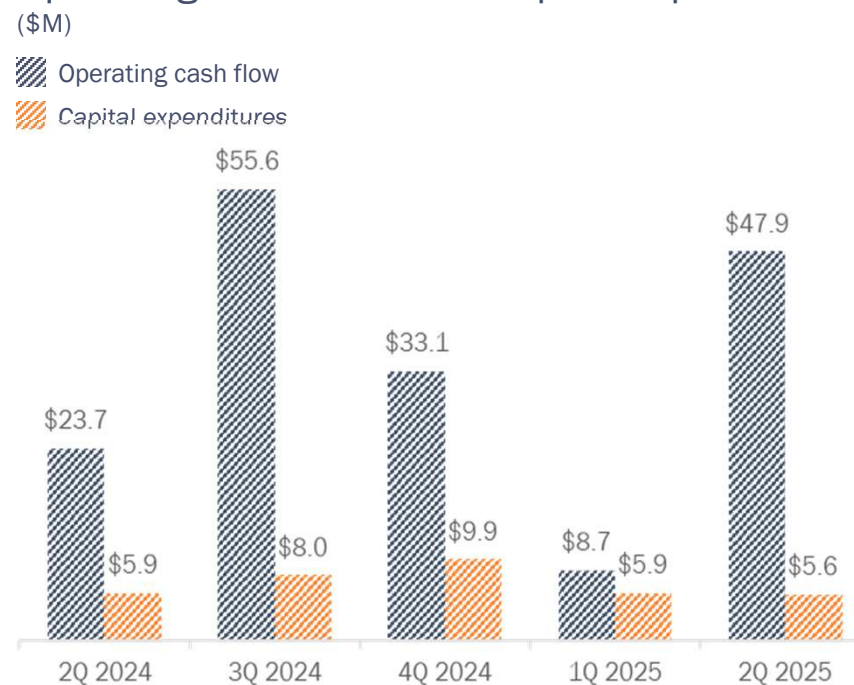
(2) Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on August 6, 2025.

(3) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

## Production and Cost Performance



## Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures



## Costs Per Ton

(\$)

	2Q 2024	3Q 2024	4Q 2024	1Q 2025	2Q 2025
UG tons mined	426,997	412,201	416,977	444,025	504,673
UG mining costs per UG ton mined	\$63	\$64	\$61	\$54	\$54
Processing costs per ton processed <sup>2</sup>	\$29	\$28	\$29	\$27	\$28
G&A per ton processed <sup>3</sup>	\$17	\$14	\$17	\$13	\$15

(1) See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(2) Excludes third-party refining charges.

(3) Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

*The Rochester mine is an open pit, heap leach silver-gold operation, located in northern Nevada, which completed a significant expansion that is driving a step-change in production and cash flow*

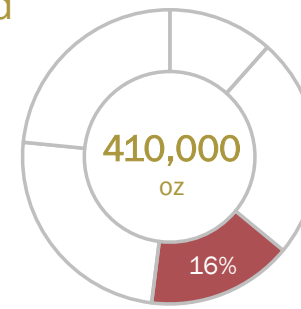
## Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees <sup>1</sup>	431
Claims	17,044 net acres
Type	Open pit and heap leach
Processing	Crushing, dump heap leaching, Merrill-Crowe precipitation, refining
Metals	Silver and gold doré
Mine life	~16 years

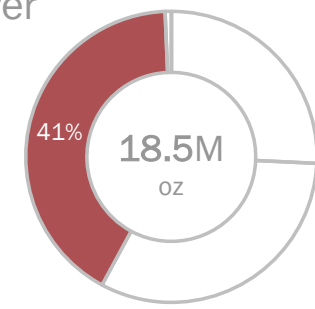


## Share of Companywide 2025E<sup>2</sup> Production

Gold



Silver

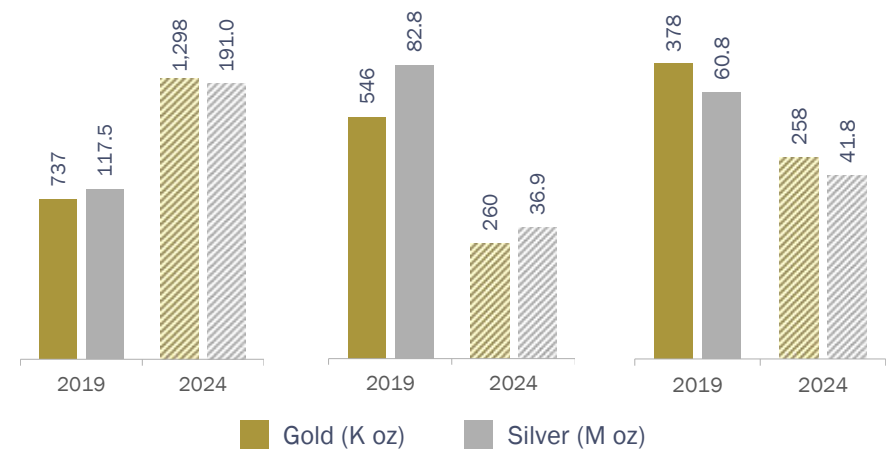


## Reserves & Resources<sup>3</sup>

P&P Reserves

M&I Resources

Inferred Resources

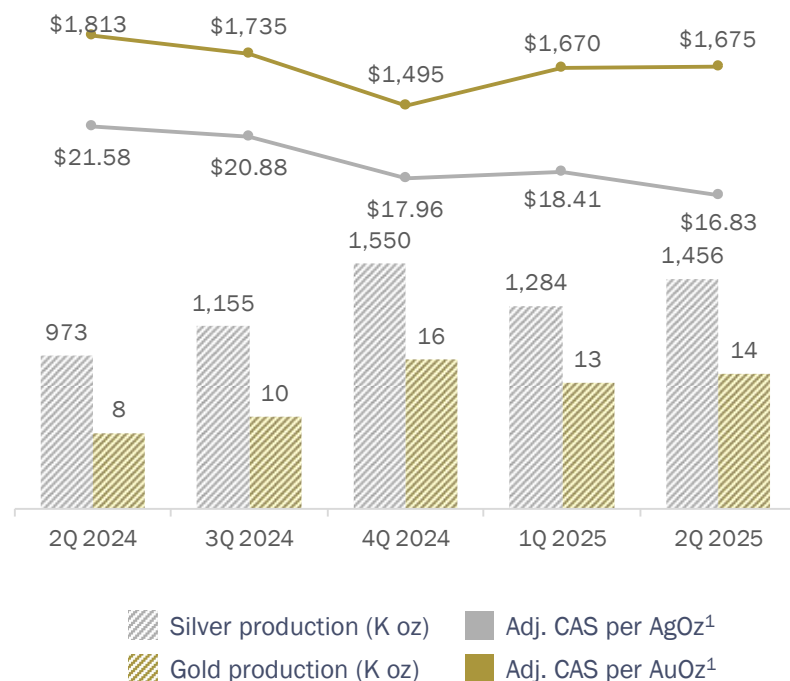


(1) As of December 31, 2024.

(2) Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on August 6, 2025.

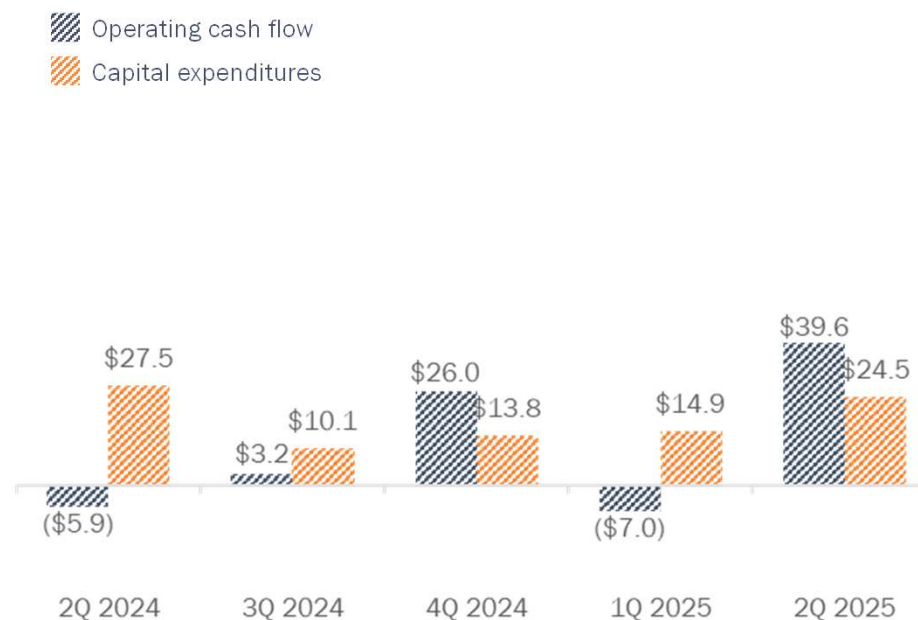
(3) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

## Production and Cost Performance



## Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures

(\$M)



## Costs Per Ton

(\$)

	2Q 2024	3Q 2024	4Q 2024	1Q 2025	2Q 2025
Ore tons mined	4,372,787	6,523,611	8,124,737	6,745,667	7,545,264
Strip Ratio	0.5:1	0.3:1	0.1:1	0.2:1	0.1:1
Mining costs per ton mined	\$2.81	\$2.32	\$2.18	\$2.32	\$2.22
Processing costs per ton processed <sup>2</sup>	\$4.27	\$3.71	\$3.14	\$3.81	\$3.58
G&A per ton processed <sup>3</sup>	\$1.59	\$1.29	\$0.93	\$1.17	\$1.07

(1) See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(2) Excludes third-party refining charges.

(3) Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

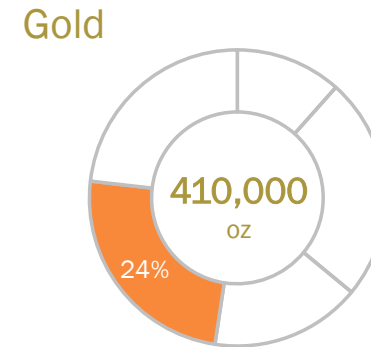
*The Kensington mine is an underground gold operation located in southeast Alaska, consisting of the Kensington Main deposit and Elmira deposit, as well as other nearby deposits and exploration targets*

## Asset Overview

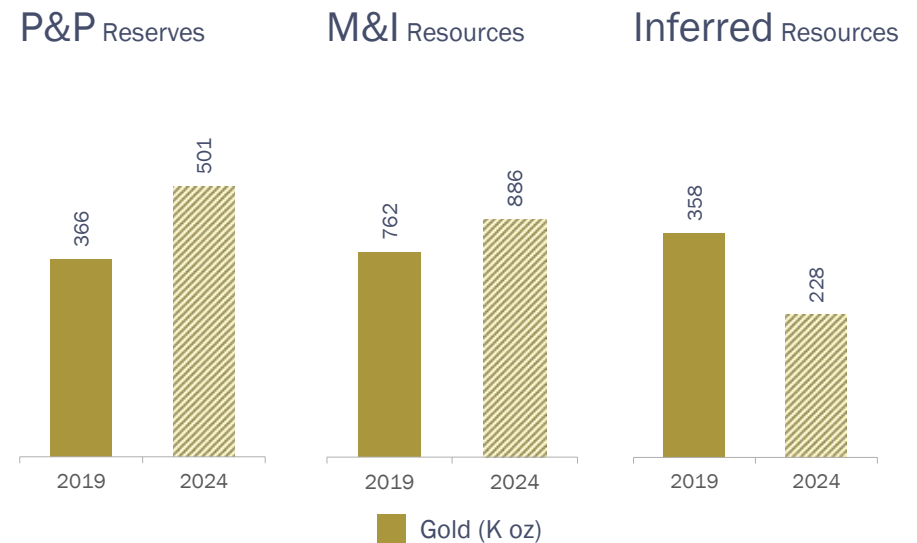
Ownership	100%
Employees <sup>1</sup>	374
Claims	12,336 net acres
Type	Underground
Processing	Crushing, grinding, flotation processing
Metals	Gold concentrate
Mine life	~5 years



## Share of Companywide 2025E<sup>2</sup> Production



## Reserves & Resources<sup>3</sup>

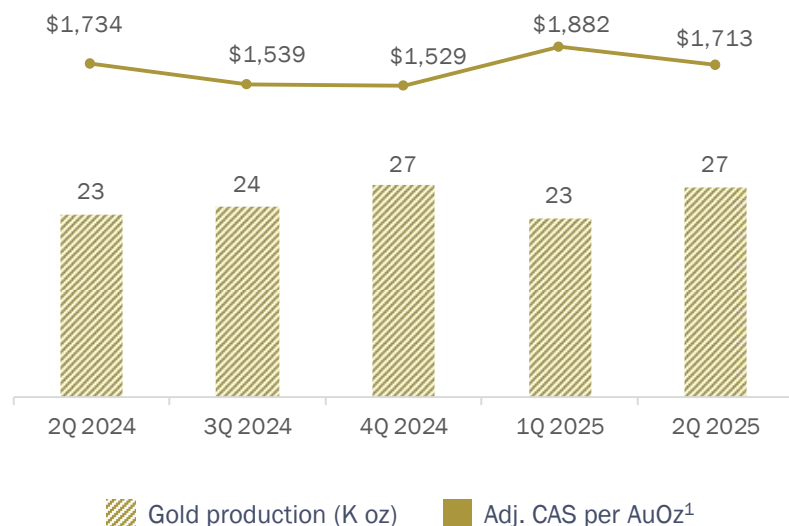


(1) As of December 31, 2024.

(2) Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on August 6, 2025.

(3) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

## Production and Cost Performance

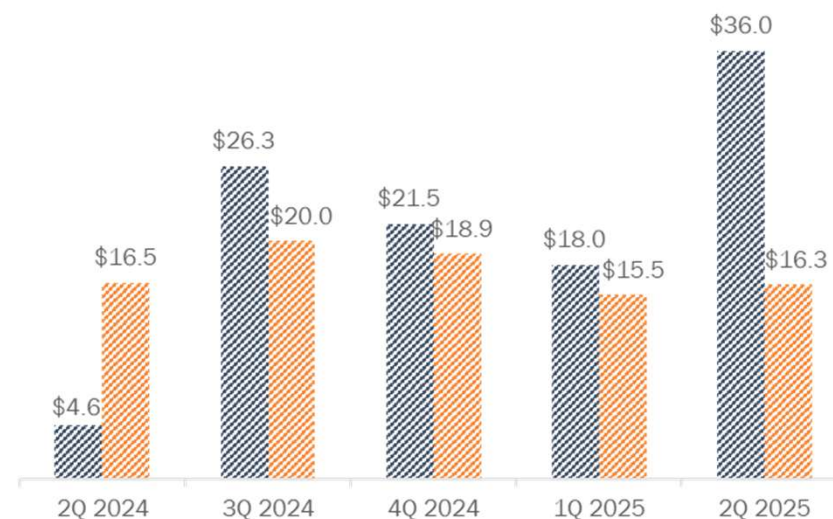


## Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures

(\$M)

▨ Operating cash flow<sup>2</sup>

▨ Capital expenditures



## Costs Per Ton

(\$)

	2Q 2024	3Q 2024	4Q 2024	1Q 2025	2Q 2025
Ore tons mined	181,982	168,403	210,692	173,370	197,710
Mining costs per ton mined	\$111	\$109	\$100	\$133	\$124
Processing costs per ton processed <sup>3</sup>	\$51	\$54	\$49	\$50	\$48
G&A per ton processed <sup>4</sup>	\$46	\$49	\$51	\$50	\$48

(1) See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(2) Excludes impact of prepayments.

(3) Excludes third-party smelting charges, which are reflected in average realized selling prices of concentrate production.

(4) Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

The Wharf mine is an open pit, heap leach gold operation located in western South Dakota. The property consists of several areas of adjoining gold mineralization, which have been mined as a series of open pits

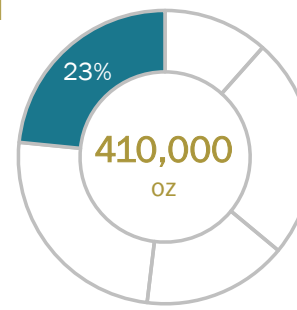
## Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees <sup>1</sup>	258
Claims	7,852 net acres
Type	Open pit and heap leach
Processing	Crushing, “on-off” heap leaching, spent ore neutralization, carbon absorption/desorption
Metals	Electrolytic cathodic sludge
Mine life	~6 years

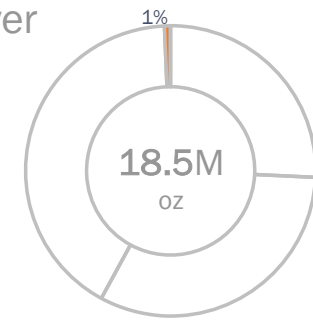


## Share of Companywide 2025E<sup>2</sup> Production

Gold



Silver

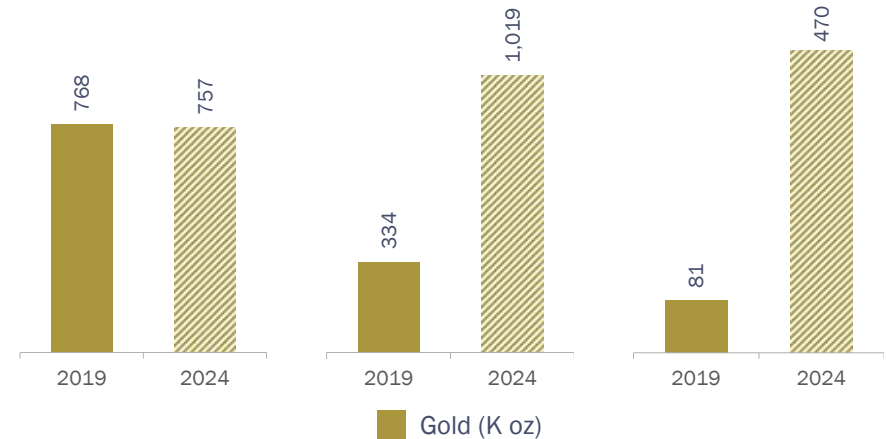


## Reserves & Resources<sup>3</sup>

P&P Reserves

M&I Resources

Inferred Resources

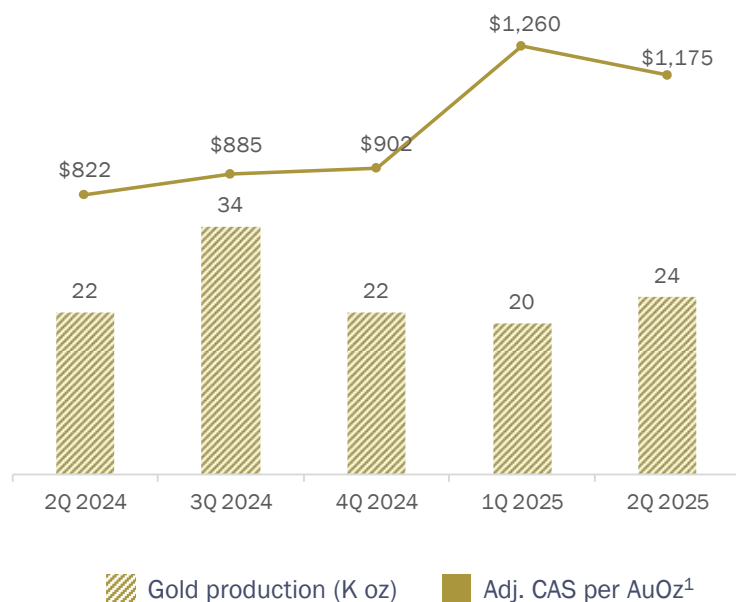


(1) As of December 31, 2024.

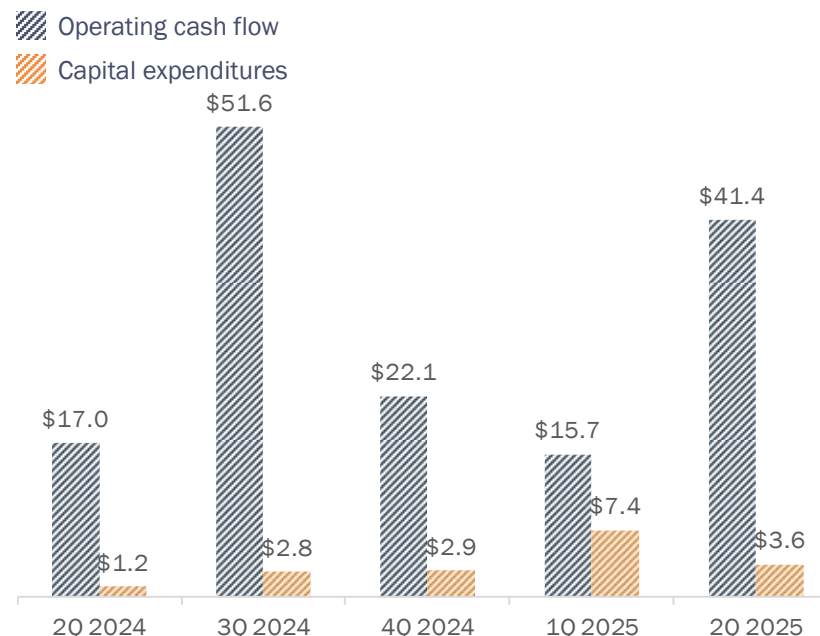
(2) Guidance (or with respect to percentages, midpoint of guidance) as published by Coeur on August 6, 2025.

(3) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

## Production and Cost Performance



## Operating Cash Flow and Capital Expenditures (\$M)



## Costs Per Ton

(\$)

	2Q 2024	3Q 2024	4Q 2024	1Q 2025	2Q 2025
Ore tons mined	1,163,437	1,759,149	958,394	826,699	1,103,605
Strip Ratio	2.2:1	1.3:1	3.2:1	2.5:1	1.4:1
Mining costs per ton mined	\$2.68	\$3.04	\$2.87	\$3.43	\$3.88
Pad unload costs per ton mined	\$0.85	\$0.46	\$0.61	\$1.30	\$0.92
Total mining costs per ton mined (incl. pad unload)	\$3.52	\$3.49	\$3.47	\$4.72	\$4.79
Processing costs per ton processed <sup>2</sup>	\$5.10	\$4.76	\$6.01	\$5.81	\$5.12
G&A per ton processed <sup>3</sup>	\$3.22	\$2.70	\$3.70	\$3.59	\$3.88

(1) See applicable non-GAAP reconciliation tables in the appendix to this presentation.

(2) Excludes third-party refining charges.

(3) Excludes management fee allocated from corporate.

*The Silvertip critical minerals exploration project is one of the highest-grade polymetallic projects in the world. The site is located in northern British Columbia, Canada and sits within a highly prospective land package*

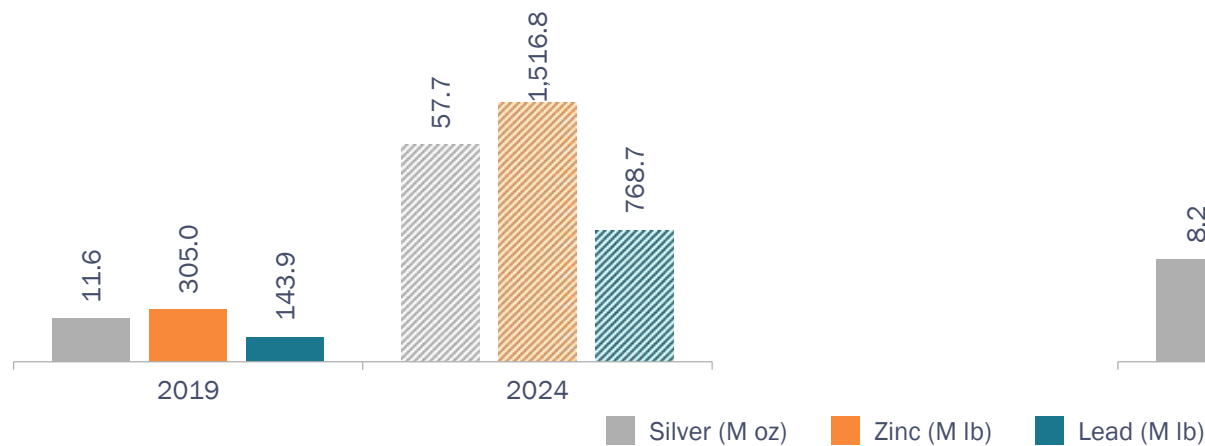
## Asset Overview

Ownership	100%
Employees <sup>1</sup>	71
Claims	313,555 net acres
Type	Underground
Processing	Crushing, grinding, flotation processing, concentrate thickening
Metals	Lead concentrate, zinc concentrate

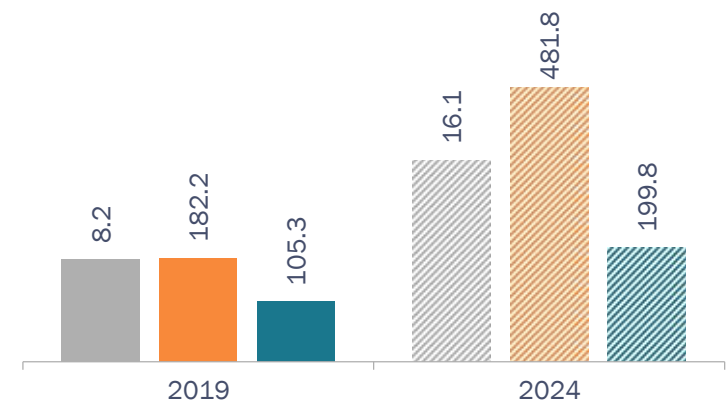


## Reserves & Resources<sup>2</sup>

### M&I Resources



### Inferred Resources



(1) As of December 31, 2024.

(2) See slides in appendix for additional information related to mineral reserves and resources.

# Non-GAAP Reconciliations

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## > Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation for Guidance



### Costs Applicable to Sales Guidance for 2025

Unaudited	Las Chispas	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)					
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$144,729	\$245,767	\$275,743	\$222,569	\$130,856
Amortization	(45,992)	(38,779)	(75,033)	(43,903)	(7,105)
<b>Reported costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$98,737</b>	<b>\$206,988</b>	<b>\$200,710</b>	<b>\$178,666</b>	<b>\$123,751</b>
By-product credit	-	-	-	-	(2,824)
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$98,737</b>	<b>\$206,988</b>	<b>\$200,710</b>	<b>\$178,666</b>	<b>\$120,927</b>
<b>Metal Sales</b>					
Gold ounces	52,000	100,018	68,000	104,271	95,454
Silver ounces	5,240,757	6,006,911	7,752,237		94,138
<b>Revenue Split</b>					
Gold	48%	50%	44%	100%	100%
Silver	52%	50%	56%		
<b>Costs applicable to sales</b>					
Gold (\$/oz) <sup>1</sup>	\$850 - \$950	\$950 - \$1,150	\$1,250 - \$1,450	\$1,700 - \$1,900	\$1,250 - \$1,350
Silver (\$/oz) <sup>1</sup>	\$9.25 - \$10.25	\$17.00 - \$18.00	\$14.50 - \$16.50		

(1) Cost guidance for Rochester reflects the second half of 2024.

## > Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation



### Costs Applicable to Sales

3 months ended June 30, 2025

Unaudited	Las Chispas	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)							
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$80,122	\$58,109	\$64,676	\$56,304	\$30,542	\$928	\$290,681
Amortization	(22,375)	(9,406)	(16,748)	(10,221)	(1,549)	(928)	(61,227)
<b>Reported costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$57,747</b>	<b>\$48,703</b>	<b>\$47,928</b>	<b>\$46,083</b>	<b>\$28,993</b>	-	<b>\$229,454</b>
Inventory adjustments	(523)	(147)	(489)	(222)	(191)	-	(1,572)
Acquired inventory purchase price allocation	(29,681)	-	-	-	-	-	(29,681)
By-product credit	-	-	-	(41)	(1,188)	-	(1,229)
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$27,543</b>	<b>\$48,556</b>	<b>\$47,439</b>	<b>\$45,820</b>	<b>\$27,614</b>	-	<b>\$196,972</b>
<b>Metal Sales</b>							
Gold ounces	16,025	26,782	13,881	26,751	23,509		106,948
Silver ounces	1,479,410	1,720,383	1,437,811		34,916	-	4,672,520
<b>Revenue Split</b>							
Gold	52%	49%	49%	100%	100%		
Silver	48%	51%	51%			-	
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>							
Gold (\$/oz)	\$894	\$888	\$1,675	\$1,713	\$1,175		\$1,260
Silver (\$/oz)	\$8.94	\$14.40	\$16.83			-	\$13.41

## > Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)



### Costs Applicable to Sales

3 months ended March 31, 2025

Unaudited	Las Chispas	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)							
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$51,770	\$52,884	\$63,443	\$49,627	\$28,511	\$946	\$247,181
Amortization	(8,936)	(9,181)	(14,907)	(7,471)	(1,474)	(946)	(42,915)
<b>Reported costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$42,834</b>	<b>\$43,703</b>	<b>\$48,536</b>	<b>\$42,156</b>	<b>\$27,034</b>	-	<b>\$204,266</b>
Inventory adjustments	(900)	(164)	(372)	(339)	(131)	-	(1,906)
Acquired inventory purchase price allocation	(27,040)	-	-	-	-	-	(27,040)
By-product credit	-	-	-	(36)	(1,608)	-	(1,644)
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$14,894</b>	<b>\$43,539</b>	<b>\$48,164</b>	<b>\$41,781</b>	<b>\$25,298</b>	-	<b>\$173,676</b>
<b>Metal Sales</b>							
Gold ounces	9,607	22,713	14,713	22,205	20,078	-	89,316
Silver ounces	923,723	1,636,386	1,282,010	-	50,034	-	3,892,153
<b>Revenue Split</b>							
Gold	48%	46%	51%	100%	100%	-	
Silver	52%	54%	49%	-	-	-	
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>							
Gold (\$/oz)	\$744	\$882	\$1,670	\$1,882	\$1,260	-	\$1,330
Silver (\$/oz)	\$8.38	\$14.37	\$18.41	-	-	-	\$14.28

## > Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)



### Costs Applicable to Sales 12 months ended December 31, 2024

Unaudited	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)						
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$240,473	\$195,904	\$185,958	\$104,853	\$3,235	\$730,387
Amortization	(44,979)	(41,293)	(28,201)	(6,487)	(3,235)	(124,195)
<b>Reported costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$195,458</b>	<b>\$154,611</b>	<b>\$157,757</b>	<b>\$98,366</b>	-	<b>\$606,192</b>
Inventory adjustments	(1,365)	(2,746)	(361)	(126)	-	(4,598)
By-product credit	-	-	72	(6,405)	-	(6,333)
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$194,093</b>	<b>\$151,865</b>	<b>\$157,468</b>	<b>\$91,835</b>	-	<b>\$595,261</b>
<b>Metal Sales</b>						
Gold ounces	108,783	38,345	95,361	98,327		340,816
Silver ounces	6,796,715	4,389,378		232,728	-	11,418,821
<b>Revenue Split</b>						
Gold	50%	42%	100%	100%		
Silver	50%	58%			-	
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>						
Gold (\$/oz)	\$892	\$1,663	\$1,651	\$934		\$1,203
Silver (\$/oz)	\$14.28	\$20.07			-	\$16.55

## > Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)



### Costs Applicable to Sales 3 months ended December 31, 2024

Unaudited	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)						
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$35,932	\$35,690	\$31,101	\$20,451	\$799	\$122,375
Amortization	(9,550)	(15,858)	(8,547)	(1,607)	(799)	(36)
<b>Reported costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$45,482</b>	<b>\$51,548</b>	<b>\$39,648</b>	<b>\$22,058</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>\$158,736</b>
Inventory adjustments	(76)	(1,190)	(182)	(56)	-	(1,504)
By-product credit	-	-	43	(1,680)	-	(1,637)
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$45,406</b>	<b>\$50,358</b>	<b>\$39,509</b>	<b>\$20,322</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>\$155,595</b>
<b>Metal Sales</b>						
Gold ounces	22,353	14,824	25,839	22,539		85,555
Silver ounces	1,596,875	1,570,448		54,000	-	3,167,323
<b>Revenue Split</b>						
Gold	44%	44%	100%	100%		
Silver	56%	56%			-	
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>						
Gold (\$/oz)	\$894	\$1,495	\$1,529	\$902		\$1,192
Silver (\$/oz)	\$15.92	\$17.96			-	\$16.93

## > Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)



### Costs Applicable to Sales 3 months ended September 30, 2024

Unaudited	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)						
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$59,439	\$49,640	\$45,711	\$34,198	\$794	\$189,782
Amortization	(11,984)	(10,231)	(7,612)	(2,419)	(794)	(33,040)
<b>Reported costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$47,455</b>	<b>\$39,409</b>	<b>\$38,099</b>	<b>\$31,779</b>	-	<b>\$156,742</b>
Inventory adjustments	(572)	(536)	50	(119)	-	(1,177)
By-product credit	-	-	12	(1,332)	-	(1,320)
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$46,883</b>	<b>\$38,873</b>	<b>\$38,161</b>	<b>\$30,328</b>	-	<b>\$154,245</b>
<b>Metal Sales</b>						
Gold ounces	28,655	9,186	24,800	34,272		96,913
Silver ounces	1,860,976	1,098,407		45,118	-	3,004,501
<b>Revenue Split</b>						
Gold	50%	41%	100%	100%		
Silver	50%	59%			-	
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>						
Gold (\$/oz)	\$818	\$1,735	\$1,539	\$885		\$1,113
Silver (\$/oz)	\$12.60	\$20.88			-	\$15.67

## > Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)



### Costs Applicable to Sales

3 months ended June 30, 2024

Unaudited	Palmarejo	Rochester	Kensington	Wharf	Silvertip	Total
(\$ thousands, except metal sales and per ounce amounts)						
Costs applicable to sales, including amortization (U.S. GAAP)	\$59,070	\$45,225	\$47,166	\$20,181	\$790	\$172,432
Amortization	(10,843)	(8,570)	(6,445)	(1,067)	(790)	(27,715)
<b>Reported costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$48,227</b>	<b>\$36,655</b>	<b>\$40,721</b>	<b>\$19,114</b>	-	<b>\$144,717</b>
Inventory adjustments	(252)	(617)	55	(149)	-	(963)
By-product credit	-	-	50	(1,760)	-	(1,710)
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>	<b>\$47,975</b>	<b>\$36,038</b>	<b>\$40,826</b>	<b>\$17,205</b>	-	<b>\$142,044</b>
<b>Metal Sales</b>						
Gold ounces	24,313	8,150	23,539	20,930		76,932
Silver ounces	1,542,395	985,269		65,063	-	2,592,727
<b>Revenue Split</b>						
Gold	51%	41%	100%	100%		
Silver	49%	59%			-	
<b>Adjusted costs applicable to sales</b>						
Gold (\$/oz)	\$1,006	\$1,813	\$1,734	\$822		\$1,264
Silver (\$/oz)	\$15.24	\$21.58			-	\$17.71

## > Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)



Unaudited (\$ thousands)	Adjusted Net Income (Loss)							
	2Q 2025	1Q 2025	2024	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024	2023
Net income (loss)	\$70,726	\$33,353	\$58,900	\$37,853	\$48,739	\$1,426	(\$29,117)	(\$103,612)
Fair value adjustments, net	(4)	346	-	-	-	-	-	(3,384)
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	28,072	574	(4,448)	265	(2,247)	(2,950)	484	1,994
(Gain) loss on sale of assets and securities	117	186	4,250	(103)	176	640	3,536	25,197
RMC bankruptcy distribution	(37)	-	(1,294)	(95)	-	(1,199)	-	(1,516)
(Gain) loss on debt extinguishments	-	-	(417)	-	-	21	(438)	(3,437)
Transaction costs	2,823	8,887	8,517	7,541	976	-	-	-
Acquired inventory purchase price	29,681	27,040	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Adjustments	1,656	(270)	5,429	(215)	81	104	5,461	4,925
Tax effect of adjustments	(5,633)	(10,230)	(820)	142	(568)	(1,447)	1,053	1,785
<b>Adjusted net income (loss)</b>	<b>\$127,401</b>	<b>\$59,886</b>	<b>\$70,117</b>	<b>\$45,388</b>	<b>\$47,157</b>	<b>(\$3,405)</b>	<b>(\$19,021)</b>	<b>(\$78,048)</b>
Adjusted net income (loss) per share - Basic	0.20	0.12	0.18	0.12	0.12	(0.01)	(0.05)	(0.23)
Adjusted net income (loss) per share - Diluted	0.20	0.11	0.18	0.11	0.12	(0.01)	(0.05)	(0.23)

## > Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)



Unaudited (\$ thousands)	Adjusted EBITDA							
	2Q 2025	1Q 2025	2024	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024	2023
Net income (loss)	\$70,726	\$33,353	\$58,900	\$37,853	\$48,739	\$1,426	(\$29,117)	(\$103,612)
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	8,251	10,450	51,276	11,886	13,280	13,162	12,947	29,099
Income tax provision (benefit)	62,595	18,413	67,450	18,420	25,817	7,189	16,024	35,156
Amortization	61,421	43,093	124,974	36,533	33,216	27,928	27,297	99,822
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>202,993</b>	<b>105,309</b>	<b>302,600</b>	<b>104,692</b>	<b>121,052</b>	<b>49,705</b>	<b>27,151</b>	<b>60,465</b>
Fair value adjustments, net	(4)	346	-	-	-	-	-	(3,384)
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(246)	758	(4,753)	(1,321)	(1,708)	(2,089)	365	459
Asset retirement obligation accretion	4,900	4,732	16,778	4,314	4,233	4,154	4,076	16,405
Inventory adjustments and write-downs	1,598	1,928	8,042	1,552	1,231	1,071	4,188	43,188
(Gain) loss on sale of assets and securities	117	186	4,250	(103)	176	640	3,536	25,197
RMC bankruptcy distribution	(37)	-	(1,294)	(95)	-	(1,199)	-	(1,516)
(Gain) loss on debt extinguishment	-	-	(417)	-	-	21	(438)	(3,437)
Transaction costs	2,823	8,887	8,517	7,541	976	-	-	-
Acquired inventory purchase price	29,681	27,040	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments	1,656	(270)	5,429	(215)	81	104	5,461	4,925
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$243,481</b>	<b>\$148,916</b>	<b>\$339,152</b>	<b>\$116,365</b>	<b>\$126,041</b>	<b>\$52,407</b>	<b>\$44,339</b>	<b>\$142,302</b>
Revenue	\$480,650	\$360,062	\$1,054,006	\$305,444	\$313,476	\$222,026	\$213,060	\$821,206
<b>Adjusted EBITDA Margin</b>	<b>51%</b>	<b>41%</b>	<b>32%</b>	<b>38%</b>	<b>40%</b>	<b>24%</b>	<b>21%</b>	<b>17%</b>

## > Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)



Unaudited (\$ thousands)	LTM Adjusted EBITDA						
	2Q 2025	1Q 2025	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024	2Q 2023
Net income (loss)	\$190,670	\$121,370	\$58,900	(\$4,457)	(\$74,305)	(\$108,142)	(\$65,353)
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	43,868	48,779	51,276	46,785	40,907	34,656	28,424
Income tax provision (benefit)	125,245	69,839	67,450	57,515	37,795	40,472	22,036
Amortization	174,263	140,770	124,974	123,076	112,744	104,411	99,531
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>534,046</b>	<b>380,758</b>	<b>302,600</b>	<b>222,919</b>	<b>117,141</b>	<b>71,397</b>	<b>84,638</b>
Fair value adjustments, net	342	346	-	1,245	3,255	7,177	7,824
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(2,517)	(4,360)	(4,753)	(3,079)	(1,792)	(330)	311
Asset retirement obligation accretion	18,180	17,434	16,778	16,649	16,569	16,488	15,306
Inventory adjustments and write-downs	6,309	5,782	8,042	24,954	32,657	33,189	46,520
(Gain) loss on sale of assets and securities	377	900	4,250	16,900	16,742	28,724	(49,346)
RMC bankruptcy distribution	(132)	(1,294)	(1,294)	(1,199)	(1,199)	(1,516)	(3,167)
(Gain) loss on debt extinguishment	-	21	(417)	(119)	(893)	(3,875)	-
Transaction costs	20,227	17,404	8,517	976	-	-	-
Acquired inventory purchase price	56,721	27,040	-	-	-	-	-
Other Adjustments	1,250	(302)	5,429	7,833	9,206	10,259	2,334
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$634,803</b>	<b>\$443,728</b>	<b>\$339,152</b>	<b>\$287,079</b>	<b>\$191,686</b>	<b>\$161,513</b>	<b>\$101,459</b>
Revenue	\$1,459,632	\$1,201,008	\$1,054,006	\$1,010,652	\$891,759	\$846,968	\$757,642
<b>Adjusted EBITDA Margin</b>	<b>43%</b>	<b>37%</b>	<b>32%</b>	<b>28%</b>	<b>21%</b>	<b>19%</b>	<b>13%</b>

## > Non-GAAP to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (cont.)



Unaudited		Free Cash Flow						
(\$ thousands)	2Q 2025	1Q 2025	2024	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024	2023
Cash flow from operating activities	\$206,951	\$67,635	\$174,234	\$63,793	\$111,063	\$15,249	(\$15,871)	\$67,288
Capital expenditures	(60,807)	(50,002)	(183,188)	(47,720)	(41,980)	(51,405)	(42,083)	(364,617)
<b>Free cash flow</b>	<b>\$146,144</b>	<b>\$17,633</b>	<b>(\$8,954)</b>	<b>\$16,073</b>	<b>\$69,083</b>	<b>(\$36,156)</b>	<b>(\$57,954)</b>	<b>(\$297,329)</b>

Unaudited		Cash Flow From Operating Activities Before Changes in Working Capital						
(\$ thousands)	2Q 2025	1Q 2025	2024	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024	2023
Cash flow from operating activities	\$206,951	\$67,635	\$174,234	\$63,793	\$111,063	\$15,249	(\$15,871)	(\$67,288)
<i>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</i>								
Receivables	4,766	(3,945)	504	(16)	(1,616)	(3,180)	5,316	(933)
Prepaid expenses and other	(2,424)	(82,065)	(2,777)	408	352	(4,176)	639	461
Inventories	14,125	8,348	69,640	15,852	14,320	19,774	19,694	47,592
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(61,845)	63,743	(79,242)	(1,485)	(37,187)	(185)	(40,385)	(55,581)
<b>Cash flow from operating activities (before changes in working capital)</b>	<b>\$161,573</b>	<b>\$53,716</b>	<b>\$162,359</b>	<b>\$78,552</b>	<b>\$86,932</b>	<b>\$27,482</b>	<b>(\$30,607)</b>	<b>\$58,827</b>

Unaudited		Leverage Ratios					
(\$ thousands)	2Q 2025	1Q 2025	4Q 2024	3Q 2024	2Q 2024	1Q 2024	2Q 2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$111,646	\$77,574	\$55,087	\$76,916	\$74,136	\$67,489	\$56,845
Total debt	380,722	498,269	590,058	605,183	629,327	585,552	469,386
Net debt	269,076	420,695	534,971	528,267	555,191	518,063	412,541
LTM adjusted EBITDA	\$634,803	\$443,729	\$339,152	\$287,079	\$191,686	\$161,514	\$101,459
Total debt-to-LTM adjusted EBITDA	0.6x	1.1x	1.7x	2.1x	3.3x	3.6x	4.6x
Net debt-to-LTM adjusted EBITDA	0.4x	0.9x	1.6x	1.8x	2.9x	3.2x	4.1x

## 2024 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

Location	Short tons	Grade		Contained		
		Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	
<b>PROVEN RESERVES</b>						
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	787,000	0.150	15.99	118,000	12,586,000
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	3,473,000	0.059	3.94	205,000	13,667,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	468,432,000	0.002	0.37	1,116,000	172,408,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,340,000	0.186	-	249,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	6,563,000	0.030	-	199,000	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>480,595,000</b>	<b>0.004</b>	<b>0.41</b>	<b>1,887,000</b>	<b>198,660,000</b>
<b>PROBABLE RESERVES</b>						
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	2,700,000	0.089	7.75	239,000	20,931,000
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	8,373,000	0.057	3.86	475,000	32,307,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	59,123,000	0.003	0.32	182,000	18,632,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,427,000	0.177	-	252,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	22,993,000	0.024	-	558,000	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>94,615,000</b>	<b>0.018</b>	<b>0.76</b>	<b>1,706,000</b>	<b>71,870,000</b>
<b>PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES</b>						
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	3,486,000	0.102	9.61	357,000	33,516,000
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	11,845,000	0.057	3.88	681,000	45,974,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	527,555,000	0.002	0.36	1,298,000	191,040,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,768,000	0.181	-	501,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	29,556,000	0.026	-	757,000	-
<b>Total Proven and Probable Reserves</b>		<b>575,211,000</b>	<b>0.006</b>	<b>0.47</b>	<b>3,593,000</b>	<b>270,530,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### 2024 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained				
		Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)	
<b>MEASURED RESOURCES</b>										
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	116,000	0.302	31.23			35,000	3,623,000		
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	6,996,000	0.068	4.59			474,000	32,138,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	82,371,000	0.002	0.28			144,000	23,383,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,150,000	0.254	-			546,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	10,180,000	0.017	-			175,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	734,000	-	10.56	9.93%	7.88%	-	7,749,000	145,703,000	115,648,000
<b>Total</b>		<b>102,547,000</b>	<b>0.013</b>	<b>0.65</b>			<b>1,374,000</b>	<b>66,894,000</b>	<b>145,703,000</b>	<b>115,648,000</b>
<b>INDICATED RESOURCES</b>										
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	1,094,000	0.110	9.87			120,000	10,798,000		
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	15,368,000	0.062	3.76			949,000	57,777,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	40,402,000	0.003	0.34			116,000	13,541,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,450,000	0.234	-			340,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	49,155,000	0.017	-			845,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	6,418,000	-	7.78	10.68%	5.09%	-	49,919,000	1,371,074,000	653,008,000
<b>Total</b>		<b>113,887,000</b>	<b>0.021</b>	<b>1.16</b>			<b>2,370,000</b>	<b>132,035,000</b>	<b>1,371,074,000</b>	<b>653,008,000</b>
<b>MEASURED AND INDICATED RESOURCES</b>										
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	1,211,000	0.129	11.91			156,000	14,421,000		
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	22,363,000	0.064	4.02			1,423,000	89,915,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	122,773,000	0.002	0.30			260,000	36,924,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	3,600,000	0.246	-			886,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	59,335,000	0.017	-			1,019,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	7,152,000	-	8.06	10.60%	5.37%	-	57,668,000	1,516,777,000	768,657,000
<b>Total Measured and Indicated Resources</b>		<b>216,434,000</b>	<b>0.017</b>	<b>0.92</b>			<b>3,744,000</b>	<b>198,929,000</b>	<b>1,516,777,000</b>	<b>768,657,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### 2024 Inferred Mineral Resources

Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained				
		Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)	
<b>INFERRED RESOURCES</b>										
Las Chispas	Sonora, Mexico	1,276,000	0.113	7.91			144,000	10,088,000		
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	6,577,000	0.098	5.28			643,000	34,748,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	116,521,000	0.002	0.36			258,000	41,838,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	993,000	0.230	-			228,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	26,735,000	0.018	-			470,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,345,000	-	6.86	10.27%	4.26%	-	16,084,000	481,791,000	199,815,000
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
<b>Total Inferred Resources</b>		<b>180,185,000</b>	<b>0.013</b>	<b>0.46</b>			<b>2,273,000</b>	<b>106,104,000</b>	<b>481,791,000</b>	<b>199,815,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### Notes to 2024 Mineral Reserves:

- (1) The Mineral Reserve estimates are current as of December 31, 2024 and are reported using the definitions in Item 1300 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR Part 229) (SK1300) and were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2024 Mineral Reserves were \$23.50 per ounce of silver, \$1,800 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound of zinc, \$0.95 per pound of lead, except for Kensington at \$2,000 per ounce of gold.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 2.13–2.45 g/t AuEq and an incremental development cut-off grade 1.05 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 92.0% for gold and 83.0% for silver; mining dilution assumes 0.3–1.5 meter of hanging/foot wall waste dilution; mining loss of 15% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$57.67–US\$74.45/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.29/tonne, process costs of US\$31.06/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$15.95/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$4.42/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Reserves. No assurances can be given that all mineral reserves will be mined, as mineralized material that may qualify as reserves under applicable standards by virtue of having positive economics may not generate attractive enough returns to be included in our mine plans, due to factors such as the impact of the gold stream at Palmarejo. As a result, we may elect not to mine portions of the mineralized material reported as reserves.
- (4) Rochester Mineral Reserve estimates are tabulated within a confining pit design and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7–85.9% and Ag = 59.4–61.0%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2–77.7% and Ag = 0.0–59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.76/ton oxide and US\$3.86/ton sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.24/ton for oxide; Lincoln Hill oxide recovery Au = 63.9% and Ag = 39.5%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.53/ton for oxide where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) \* silver recovery (%) \* (silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) \* gold recovery (%) \* (gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 48° over the life-of-mine.
- (5) Kensington Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; gold price of \$2,000/oz; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.133 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 94.2%; gold payability of 97.5%; mining dilution of 15–20%; mining loss of 12% was applied; mining costs of US\$116.09/ton mined; process costs of US\$55.14/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$53.18/ton processed; sustaining capital US\$4.50/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$97.48/oz sold.
- (6) Wharf Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 78.0%; royalty burden of US\$140.40/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of US\$2.56/ton mined, and process costs of US\$12.02/ton processed (includes general & administrative and sustaining capital costs).
- (7) Las Chispas Mineral Reserve estimates uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; reported above a silver cut-off grade of 250 g / tonne silver equivalent and an incremental development cut-off grade of 63 g / tonne AgEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 97.5% for silver and 98.0% for gold; mining dilution assumes 5% for development, 1 meter to 1.5 meters of ELOS (0.5 m – 1.0 m of hanging wall and 0.25 m – 0.5 m of footwall dilution) depending on geotechnical conditions in each stoping location, 0.2 meter ELOS (0.1 m of hanging wall and 0.1 m of footwall dilution) for cut and fill, 0.4 meter ELOS (0.2 m of hanging wall and 0.2 m of footwall dilution), 0.25 m for each exposed backfill floor, and 0.5 m for each exposed backfill wall; mining loss of 2% for development and 5% for stoping was applied, additional losses have been included to account for the required pillars in uphole stopes that cannot be filled; variable production mining costs that range from US\$58.06–US\$239.51/tonne, development mining costs of US\$27.40/tonne, process costs of US\$45.72/tonne, site general and administrative costs of US\$20.70/tonne, underground general and administrative costs of US\$12.81/tonne, and sustaining capital costs of US\$7.64/tonne.
- (8) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### Notes to 2024 Mineral Resources:

- (1) Mineral Resource estimates are reported exclusive of Mineral Reserves, are current as of December 31, 2024, and are reported using definitions in SK1300 on a 100% ownership basis. Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2024 estimated Mineral Resources were \$27.00 per ounce of silver, \$2,100 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead, unless otherwise noted.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.83–2.10 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 92.0% for gold and 83.0% for silver; variable mining costs that range from US\$57.67–US\$74.45/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.29/tonne, process costs of US\$31.06/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$15.95/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$4.42/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Resources.
- (4) Kensington Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: metal price of \$2,300 per ounce gold, assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold cut-off grade of 0.115 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 94.2%; gold payability of 97.5%, mining costs of US\$116.09/ton mined; process costs of US\$55.14/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$53.18/ton processed; sustaining capital US\$4.50/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$97.48/oz sold.
- (5) Wharf Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.008 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 78.0% across all rock types; royalty burden of US\$140.40/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of \$2.56/ton mined, and process costs of US\$12.02/ton processed (includes general & administrative and sustaining capital costs).
- (6) Rochester Mineral Resource estimates are tabulated within a confining pit shell and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7–85.9% and Ag = 59.4%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2–77.7% and Ag = 0.0–59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.76/ton oxide and US\$3.86/ton sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.24/ton for oxide; Lincoln Hill oxide recovery Au = 63.9% and Ag = 39.5%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.53/ton for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) \* silver recovery (%) \* (silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) \* gold recovery (%) \* (gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 48° over the life-of-mine.
- (7) Silvertip Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimates use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 89-90%, zinc recovery of 82-83% and silver recovery of 83-84%. Lead concentrate grade of 53-54%; zinc concentrate grade of 56-57%; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries – royalties – TCRCs – transport costs over the life of the mine. 2023 metal prices were used to determine the mineral resource which were \$25.00 per ounce of silver, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead.
- (8) Wilco Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported using an equivalent gold cutoff of 0.20 ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1. Resources are reported in-situ and contained within a conceptual measured, indicated and inferred optimized pit shell. Silver price of US\$20/oz, gold price of US\$1,400/oz. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 70%, average carbonaceous gold recovery is 50%. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 60%. Average carbonaceous silver recovery is 50%. Open pit mining cost is US\$1.50/ton, processing and processing and G&A cost is US\$5.46/ton; average pit slope angles of 50°. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the mineral resources if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource report is considered current and is presented unchanged.

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2024 Mineral Resources (cont.):

- (9) Las Chispas Mineral Resource estimates uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; reported above a silver cut-off grade of 205 g / tonne silver equivalent and an incremental development cut-off grade of 54 g / tonne AgEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 97.5% for silver and 98.0% for gold; mining loss of 2% for development and 5% for stoping was applied, additional losses have been included to account for the required pillars in uphole stopes that cannot be filled; variable production mining costs that range from US\$58.06–US\$239.51/t, development mining costs of US\$27.40/t, process costs of US\$45.72/t, site general and administrative costs of US\$20.70/t, underground general and administrative costs of US\$12.81/t, and sustaining capital costs of US\$7.64/t.
- (10) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### 2023 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

	Location	Short tons	Grade		Contained	
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)
<b>PROVEN RESERVES</b>						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,203,000	0.060	4.21	252,000	17,698,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	465,919,000	0.002	0.38	1,135,000	177,472,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,009,000	0.186	-	188,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	5,931,000	0.032	-	188,000	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>477,062,000</b>	<b>0.004</b>	<b>0.41</b>	<b>1,763,000</b>	<b>195,170,000</b>
<b>PROBABLE RESERVES</b>						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	8,580,000	0.060	3.88	517,000	33,283,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	44,524,000	0.002	0.35	104,000	15,413,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,109,000	0.201	-	223,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	21,318,000	0.027	-	575,000	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>75,531,000</b>	<b>0.019</b>	<b>0.64</b>	<b>1,418,000</b>	<b>48,695,000</b>
<b>PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES</b>						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	12,783,000	0.060	3.99	769,000	50,981,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	510,443,000	0.002	0.38	1,238,000	192,885,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,119,000	0.194	-	411,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	27,249,000	0.028	-	764,000	-
<b>Total Proven and Probable Reserves</b>		<b>552,594,000</b>	<b>0.006</b>	<b>0.44</b>	<b>3,182,000</b>	<b>243,865,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### 2023 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
<b>MEASURED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	5,674,000	0.070	4.56			396,000	25,875,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	110,460,000	0.002	0.29			200,000	31,587,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,653,000	0.286	-			477,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	1,666,000	0.024	-			40,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	734,000	-	10.56	9.93%	7.88%	-	7,749,000	145,703,000	115,648,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	4,642,000	0.012	0.34			58,000	1,592,000		
<b>Total</b>		<b>124,828,000</b>	<b>0.009</b>	<b>0.54</b>			<b>1,171,000</b>	<b>66,803,000</b>	<b>145,703,000</b>	<b>115,648,000</b>
<b>INDICATED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	15,500,000	0.060	3.85			926,000	59,701,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	27,170,000	0.002	0.41			47,000	11,237,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,278,000	0.268	-			342,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	22,150,000	0.021	-			458,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	6,418,000	-	7.78	10.68%	5.09%	-	49,919,000	1,371,074,000	653,008,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	27,668,000	0.011	0.31			306,000	8,655,000		
<b>Total</b>		<b>100,184,000</b>	<b>0.021</b>	<b>1.29</b>			<b>2,078,000</b>	<b>129,512,000</b>	<b>1,371,074,000</b>	<b>653,008,000</b>
<b>MEASURED AND INDICATED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	21,174,000	0.062	4.04			1,321,000	85,576,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	137,630,000	0.002	0.31			247,000	42,824,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,931,000	0.279	-			819,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	23,816,000	0.021	-			498,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	7,152,000	-	8.06	10.60%	5.37%	-	57,668,000	1,516,777,000	768,657,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	32,310,000	0.011	0.32			364,000	10,247,000		
<b>Total Measured and Indicated Resources</b>		<b>225,012,000</b>	<b>0.014</b>	<b>0.87</b>			<b>3,249,000</b>	<b>196,315,000</b>	<b>1,516,777,000</b>	<b>768,657,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### 2023 Inferred Mineral Resources

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
<b>INFERRED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,207,000	0.091	4.50			381,000	18,933,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	135,104,000	0.002	0.34			267,000	45,959,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,567,000	0.248	-			388,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	7,125,000	0.021	-			149,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,345,000	-	6.86	10.27%	4.26%	-	16,084,000	481,791,000	199,815,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	22,952,000	0.011	0.36			255,000	8,163,000		
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
<b>Total Inferred Resources</b>		<b>199,037,000</b>	<b>0.010</b>	<b>0.46</b>			<b>1,971,000</b>	<b>92,485,000</b>	<b>481,791,000</b>	<b>199,815,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### Notes to 2023 Mineral Reserves:

- (1) The Mineral Reserve estimates are current as of December 31, 2023 and are reported using the definitions in Item 1300 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR Part 229) (SK1300) and were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2023 Mineral Reserves were \$21.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,600 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound of zinc, \$0.95 per pound of lead, except for Kensington at \$1,850 per ounce of gold.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 2.11–2.97 g/t AuEq and an incremental development cut-off grade ranging from 1.16–1.55 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 92.0% for gold and 83.0% for silver; mining dilution assumes 0.4–1.1 meter of hanging/foot wall waste dilution; mining loss of 15% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$44.72–US\$85.71/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.92/tonne, process costs of US\$32.70/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$14.06/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.18/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Reserves. No assurances can be given that all mineral reserves will be mined, as mineralized material that may qualify as reserves under applicable standards by virtue of having positive economics may not generate attractive enough returns to be included in our mine plans, due to factors such as the impact of the gold stream at Palmarejo. As a result, we may elect not to mine portions of the mineralized material reported as reserves.
- (4) Rochester Mineral Reserve estimates are tabulated within a confining pit design and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7–85.9% and Ag = 59.4–61.0%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2–77.7% and Ag = 0.0–59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.01/st oxide and US\$3.11/st sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$5.51/st for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) \* silver recovery (%) \* (silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) \* gold recovery (%) \* (gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 48° over the life-of-mine.
- (5) Kensington Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; gold price of \$1,850/oz; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.135 oz/st Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 93.5%; gold payability of 97.5%; mining dilution of 20%; mining loss of 12% was applied; mining costs of US\$103.67/ton mined; process costs of US\$55.06/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$55.37/ton processed; sustaining capital US\$4.50/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$108.67/oz sold.
- (6) Wharf Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 79.0%; royalty burden of US\$64/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of US\$2.44/ton mined, process costs of US\$11.71/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- (7) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### Notes to 2023 Mineral Resources:

- (1) Mineral Resource estimates are reported exclusive of Mineral Reserves, are current as of December 31, 2023, and are reported using definitions in SK1300 on a 100% ownership basis. Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2023 estimated Mineral Resources were \$25.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,800 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead, unless otherwise noted.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.87–2.64 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 92.0% for gold and 83.0% for silver; variable mining costs that range from US\$44.72–US\$85.71/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.92/tonne, process costs of US\$32.70/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$14.06/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.18/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Resources.
- (4) Kensington Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: metal price of \$2,000 per ounce gold, assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold cut-off grade of 0.124 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 93.5%; gold payability of 97.5%, mining costs of US\$103.67/ton mined; process costs of US\$55.06/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$55.37/ton processed; sustaining capital US\$4.50/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$108.67/oz sold.
- (5) Wharf Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 79.0% across all rock types; royalty burden of US\$72/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of \$2.44/ton mined, process costs of US\$11.71/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- (6) Rochester Mineral Resource estimates are tabulated within a confining pit shell and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7–85.9% and Ag = 59.4%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2–77.7% and Ag = 0.0–59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.01/st oxide and US\$3.11/st sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$5.51/st for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) \* silver recovery (%) \* (silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) \* gold recovery (%) \* (gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 48° over the life-of-mine.
- (7) Silvertip Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimate use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 89-90%, zinc recovery of 82-83% and silver recovery of 83-84%. Lead concentrate grade of 53-54%; zinc concentrate grade of 56-57%; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries - royalties - TCRCs - transport costs over the life of the mine.
- (8) Lincoln Hill Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported in-situ and are contained within a confining pit shell and use the following key input parameters: reported above an oxide gold equivalent cutoff of 0.15 ounces per ton and 0.20 oz ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1; gold recoveries of 64%; silver recoveries of 59%; mining costs of US\$3.10/ton; process costs of US\$3.60/ton; general and administrative costs of \$1.50/ton processed; average pit slope angles of 45° over the life-of-mine. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the Mineral Resource if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource is considered current and is presented unchanged.

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

Notes to 2023 Mineral Resources (cont.):

- (9) Wilco Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported using an equivalent gold cutoff of 0.20 ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1. Resources are reported in-situ and contained within a conceptual measured, indicated and inferred optimized pit shell. Silver price of US\$20/oz, gold price of US\$1,400/oz. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 70%, average carbonaceous gold recovery is 50%. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 60%. Average carbonaceous silver recovery is 50%. Open pit mining cost is US\$1.50/ton, processing and processing and G&A cost is US\$5.46/ton; average pit slope angles of 50°. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the mineral resources if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource report is considered current and is presented unchanged.
- (10) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### 2022 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

	Location	Short tons	Grade		Contained	
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)
<b>PROVEN RESERVES</b>						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,081,000	0.059	4.21	241,000	17,172,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	425,748,000	0.003	0.39	1,079,000	166,172,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	939,000	0.180	-	169,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	6,379,000	0.031	-	199,000	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>437,148,000</b>	<b>0.004</b>	<b>0.42</b>	<b>1,688,000</b>	<b>183,343,000</b>
<b>PROBABLE RESERVES</b>						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	14,119,000	0.050	3.44	712,000	48,565,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	38,001,000	0.002	0.36	93,000	13,803,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,273,000	0.189	-	240,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	27,328,000	0.026	-	709,000	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>80,721,000</b>	<b>0.022</b>	<b>0.77</b>	<b>1,754,000</b>	<b>62,367,000</b>
<b>PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES</b>						
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	18,201,000	0.052	3.61	953,000	65,736,000
Rochester	Nevada, USA	463,749,000	0.003	0.39	1,173,000	179,975,000
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,212,000	0.184	-	408,000	-
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	33,707,000	0.027	-	908,000	-
<b>Total Proven and Probable Reserves</b>		<b>517,868,000</b>	<b>0.007</b>	<b>0.47</b>	<b>3,443,000</b>	<b>245,711,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### 2022 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
<b>MEASURED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,030,000	0.066	4.39			267,000	17,689,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	94,296,000	0.002	0.33			187,000	31,452,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,412,000	0.276	-			665,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	1,166,000	0.022	-			26,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	680,000	-	11.47	9.88%	7.71%	-	7,798,000	134,462,000	104,870,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	4,642,000	0.012	0.34			58,000	1,592,000		
<b>Total</b>		<b>107,226,000</b>	<b>0.011</b>	<b>0.55</b>			<b>1,203,000</b>	<b>58,531,000</b>	<b>134,462,000</b>	<b>104,870,000</b>
<b>INDICATED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	16,704,000	0.054	3.42			907,000	57,062,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	15,507,000	0.002	0.34			27,000	5,332,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,309,000	0.293	-			384,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	13,303,000	0.020	-			267,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	6,375,000	-	8.21	9.65%	4.84%	-	52,317,000	1,230,898,000	617,279,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	27,668,000	0.011	0.31			306,000	8,655,000		
<b>Total</b>		<b>80,866,000</b>	<b>0.023</b>	<b>1.53</b>			<b>1,891,000</b>	<b>123,367,000</b>	<b>1,230,898,000</b>	<b>617,279,000</b>
<b>MEASURED AND INDICATED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	20,734,000	0.057	3.61			1,174,000	74,751,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	109,803,000	0.002	0.33			214,000	36,784,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	3,722,000	0.282	-			1,049,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	14,468,000	0.020	-			293,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	7,056,000	-	8.52	9.68%	5.12%	-	60,115,000	1,365,360,000	722,150,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	32,310,000	0.011	0.32			364,000	10,247,000		
<b>Total Measured and Indicated Resources</b>		<b>188,092,000</b>	<b>0.016</b>	<b>0.97</b>			<b>3,094,000</b>	<b>181,897,000</b>	<b>1,365,360,000</b>	<b>722,150,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### 2022 Inferred Mineral Resources

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
<b>INFERRED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	5,633,000	0.067	3.19			380,000	17,948,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	77,001,000	0.002	0.34			148,000	26,151,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,246,000	0.282	-			351,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	3,149,000	0.020	-			63,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,873,000	-	7.70	10.09%	4.43%	-	14,414,000	378,088,000	165,985,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	22,952,000	0.011	0.36			255,000	8,163,000		
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
<b>Total Inferred Resources</b>		<b>137,590,000</b>	<b>0.013</b>	<b>0.51</b>			<b>1,728,000</b>	<b>70,021,000</b>	<b>378,088,000</b>	<b>165,985,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### Notes to 2022 Mineral Reserves:

- (1) The Mineral Reserve estimates are current as of December 31, 2022 and are reported using the definitions in Item 1300 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR Part 229) (SK1300) and were prepared by the company's technical staff.
- (2) 3Assumed metal prices for 2022 Mineral Reserves were \$21.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,600 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound of zinc, \$0.95 per pound of lead, except for Kensington at \$1,700 per ounce of gold.
- (3) Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 2.02–2.07 g/t AuEq and an incremental development cut-off grade of 1.05 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 90.5% for gold and 82.5% for silver; mining dilution assumes 0.4-1.0 meter of hanging wall waste dilution; mining loss of 20% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$44.74–US\$47.13/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.01/tonne, process costs of US\$29.17/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$12.56/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.24/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Reserves.
- (4) Mineral Reserve estimates are tabulated within a confining pit design and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7-93.7% and Ag = 59.4%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2-77.7% and Ag = 0.0-59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.25/st oxide and US\$3.35/st sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.40/st for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) \* silver recovery (%) \* (silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) \* gold recovery (%) \* (gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 43° over the life-of-mine.
- (5) Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; gold price of \$1700/oz; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.133-0.135 oz/st Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 94%; gold payability of 97.5%; mining dilution varies from 15-23%; mining loss of 5% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$87.13–90.00/ton mined; process costs of US\$54.38/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$54.76/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$88.39/oz sold.
- (6) Mineral Reserve estimate uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 79.1%; royalty burden of US\$64/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of US\$2.39/ton mined, process costs of US\$11.91/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs)..
- (7) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### Notes to 2022 Mineral Resources:

- (1) Mineral Resource estimates are reported exclusive of Mineral Reserves, are current as of December 31, 2022, and are reported using definitions in SK1300 on a 100% ownership basis. Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2022 estimated Mineral Resources were \$25.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,800 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead, unless otherwise noted.
- (3) Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.75-1.84 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 90.5% for gold and 82.5% for silver; variable mining costs that range from US\$42.50-US\$47.13/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$4.01/tonne, process costs of US\$29.17/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$12.56/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.24/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Resources.
- (4) Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold cut-off grade that ranges from 0.125-0.191 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 94%; gold payability of 97.5%, variable mining costs that range from US\$87.13-175.48/ton mined; process costs of US\$54.38/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$54.76/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$88.39/oz sold.
- (5) Mineral Resource estimate uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; average metallurgical recovery assumption of 78.7% across all rock types; royalty burden of US\$64/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34-50°; mining costs of \$2.39/ton mined, process costs of US\$11.91/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- (6) Mineral Resource estimates are tabulated within a confining pit shell and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide variable recovery Au = 77.7-93.7% and Ag = 59.4%; Rochester sulfide variable recovery Au = 15.2-77.7% and Ag = 0.0-59.4%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$3.25/st oxide and US\$3.35/st sulfide; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 92.0% and Ag = 61.0%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$4.40/st for oxide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) \* silver recovery (%) \* (silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)) + gold grade (oz/ton) \* gold recovery (%) \* (gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz)); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 43° over the life-of-mine.
- (7) Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimate use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 89-90%, zinc recovery of 82-83% and silver recovery of 83-84%. Lead concentrate grade of 53-54%; zinc concentrate grade of 56-57%; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries - royalties - TCRCs - transport costs over the life of the mine.
- (8) Open Pit Mineral Resource estimate is reported in-situ and are contained within a confining pit shell and use the following key input parameters: reported above an oxide gold equivalent cutoff of 0.15 ounces per ton and 0.20 oz ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1; gold recoveries of 64%; silver recoveries of 59%; mining costs of US\$3.10/ton; process costs of US\$3.60/ton; general and administrative costs of \$1.50/ton processed; average pit slope angles of 45° over the life-of-mine. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the Mineral Resource if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource is considered current and is presented unchanged.

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### Notes to 2022 Mineral Resources (cont.):

- (9) Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported using an equivalent gold cutoff of 0.20 ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1. Resources are reported in-situ and contained within a conceptual measured, indicated and inferred optimized pit shell. Silver price of US\$20/oz, gold price of US\$1,400/oz. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 70%, average carbonaceous gold recovery is 50%. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 60%. Average carbonaceous silver recovery is 50%. Open pit mining cost is US\$1.50/ton, processing and processing and G&A cost is US\$5.46/ton; average pit slope angles of 50°. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2017 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the mineral resources if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource report is considered current and is presented unchanged.
- (10) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)



### 2021 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained				
		Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)	
<b>PROVEN RESERVES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	3,754,000	0.066	4.39			247,000	16,480,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	386,008,000	0.003	0.39			998,000	149,652,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	656,000	0.191	-			125,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	27,976,000	0.022	-			621,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	186,000	-	12.01	10.14%	8.53%	-	2,233,000	37,647,000	31,656,000
<b>Total</b>		<b>418,580,000</b>	<b>0.005</b>	<b>0.40</b>			<b>1,991,000</b>	<b>168,365,000</b>	<b>37,647,000</b>	<b>31,656,000</b>
<b>PROBABLE RESERVES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	12,139,000	0.052	3.78			637,000	45,875,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	31,769,000	0.003	0.36			82,000	11,593,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	690,000	0.197	-			136,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	8,306,000	0.028	-			231,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,618,000	-	7.67	7.98%	4.99%	-	12,403,000	258,418,000	161,569,000
<b>Total</b>		<b>54,522,000</b>	<b>0.020</b>	<b>1.28</b>			<b>1,086,000</b>	<b>69,871,000</b>	<b>258,418,000</b>	<b>161,569,000</b>
<b>PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	15,893,000	0.056	3.92			884,000	62,355,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	417,777,000	0.003	0.39			1,080,000	161,245,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,346,000	0.194	-			261,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	36,283,000	0.023	-			852,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,804,000	-	8.11	8.21%	5.36%	-	14,636,000	296,065,000	193,225,000
<b>Total Proven and Probable Reserves</b>		<b>473,103,000</b>	<b>0.007</b>	<b>0.50</b>			<b>3,077,000</b>	<b>238,236,000</b>	<b>296,065,000</b>	<b>193,225,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### 2021 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
<b>MEASURED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	3,696,000	0.053	3.89			195,000	14,373,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	191,889,000	0.002	0.29			372,000	56,573,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,860,000	0.231	-			660,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	13,947,000	0.020	-			273,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	319,000	-	10.33	9.41%	6.57%	-	3,296,000	60,029,000	41,939,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	4,642,000	0.012	0.34			58,000	1,592,000		
<b>Total</b>		<b>217,353,000</b>	<b>0.007</b>	<b>0.35</b>			<b>1,558,000</b>	<b>75,834,000</b>	<b>60,029,000</b>	<b>41,939,000</b>
<b>INDICATED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	17,377,000	0.049	3.41			852,000	59,340,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	39,565,000	0.002	0.33			74,000	12,932,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,263,000	0.256	-			323,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	6,379,000	0.022	-			139,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,498,000	-	9.23	10.59%	5.42%	-	23,048,000	529,353,000	270,643,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	27,668,000	0.011	0.31			306,000	8,655,000		
<b>Total</b>		<b>94,750,000</b>	<b>0.018</b>	<b>1.10</b>			<b>1,694,000</b>	<b>103,975,000</b>	<b>529,353,000</b>	<b>270,643,000</b>
<b>MEASURED AND INDICATED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	21,073,000	0.050	3.50			1,047,000	73,712,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	231,454,000	0.002	0.30			446,000	69,505,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	4,124,000	0.238	-			983,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	20,326,000	0.020	-			412,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,817,000	-	9.35	10.46%	5.55%	-	26,344,000	589,382,000	312,582,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	32,310,000	0.011	0.32			364,000	10,247,000		
<b>Total Measured and Indicated Resources</b>		<b>312,104,000</b>	<b>0.010</b>	<b>0.58</b>			<b>3,252,000</b>	<b>179,808,000</b>	<b>589,382,000</b>	<b>312,582,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### 2021 Inferred Mineral Resources

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
<b>INFERRED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	4,713,000	0.052	3.70			246,000	17,453,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	128,410,000	0.002	0.30			243,000	38,626,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,915,000	0.238	-			455,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	3,724,000	0.024	-			90,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	2,350,000	-	7.57	8.98%	4.27%	-	17,787,000	422,335,000	200,725,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	22,952,000	0.011	0.36			255,000	8,163,000		
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
<b>Total Inferred Resources</b>		<b>189,800,000</b>	<b>0.010</b>	<b>0.45</b>			<b>1,820,000</b>	<b>85,375,000</b>	<b>422,335,000</b>	<b>200,725,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### Notes to 2021 Mineral Reserves:

- (1) The Mineral Reserve estimates are current as of December 31, 2021 and are reported using the definitions in Item 1300 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR Part 229) (SK1300) and were prepared by the company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2021 Mineral Reserves were \$20.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,400 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound of zinc, \$0.95 per pound of lead.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.94–2.51 g/t AuEq and an incremental development cut-off grade of 1.08 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 93.1% for gold and 81.9% for silver; mining dilution assumes 1 meter of hanging wall waste dilution; mining loss of 5% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$36.01–US\$41.75/tonne, surface haulage costs of US\$3.52/t, process costs of US\$27.29/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$11.00/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.19/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Reserves.
- (4) Rochester Mineral Reserve estimates are tabulated within a confining pit shell and use the following input parameters: Rochester oxide recovery Au = 85% and Ag = 59%; Nevada Packard oxide recovery Au = 95% and Ag = 61%; with a net smelter return cutoff of \$2.55/st oxide and US\$2.65/st sulfide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) \* silver recovery (%) \* silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz) + gold grade (oz/ton) \* gold recovery (%) \* gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz); variable pit slope angles that approximately average 43° over the life-of-mine.
- (5) Kensington Mineral Reserve estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional underground mining; gold price of \$1400/oz; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.143-0.201 oz/st Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 95%; gold payability of 97.5%; mining dilution varies from 15-23%; mining loss of 5% was applied; variable mining costs that range from US\$90.91–150.73/ton mined; process costs of US\$46.93/ton processed; general and administrative costs of US\$38.83/ton processed; and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$60.00/oz sold.
- (6) Wharf Mineral Reserve estimate uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 80%; royalty burden of US\$56/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34–50°; mining costs of US\$2.15/ton mined, rehandle costs of US\$1.65/ton rehandled, process costs of US\$10.34/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- (7) Silvertip Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return (“NSR”) cutoff of US\$130-160/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported insitu using the following assumptions: The estimate use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 87-88%, zinc recovery of 81-82% and silver recovery of 88-89 %. Lead concentrate grade of 51-53%; zinc concentrate grade of 48-50%; mining dilution varies from 5-25%; mining loss of 5% was applied; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries – royalties – TCRCs – transport costs over the life of the mine.
- (8) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### Notes to 2021 Mineral Resources:

- (1) Mineral Resource estimates are reported exclusive of Mineral Reserves, are current as of December 31, 2021, and are reported using definitions in SK1300 on a 100% ownership basis. Mineral Resource estimates were prepared by the Company's technical staff.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for 2021 estimated Mineral Resources were \$22.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,700 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound of zinc, \$1.00 per pound of lead, unless otherwise noted.
- (3) Palmarejo Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: Assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold equivalent cut-off grade that ranges from 1.59-2.21 g/t AuEq; metallurgical recovery assumption of 93.1% for gold and 81.9% for silver; variable mining costs that range from US\$36.01-US\$41.75/t, surface haulage costs of US\$3.52/tonne, process costs of US\$27.29/tonne, general and administrative costs of US\$11.00/tonne, and surface/auxiliary support costs of US\$3.19/tonne. Excludes the impact of the Franco-Nevada gold stream agreement at Palmarejo in calculation of Mineral Resources.
- (4) Kensington Mineral Resource estimates use the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional longhole underground mining; reported above a variable gold cut-off grade that ranges from 0.116-0.164 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 95%; gold payability of 97.5%, variable mining costs that range from US\$90.91-150.73/ton mined, process costs of US\$46.93/ton processed, general and administrative costs of US\$38.83/ton processed. and concentrate refining and shipping costs of US\$60.00/oz sold.
- (5) Wharf Mineral Resource estimate uses the following key input parameters: assumption of conventional open pit mining; reported above a gold cut-off grade of 0.010 oz/ton Au; metallurgical recovery assumption of 78.7% across all rock types; royalty burden of US\$56/oz Au; pit slope angles that vary from 34-50°; mining costs of \$2.15/ton mined, rehandle costs of US\$1.65/ton rehandled, process costs of US\$10.34/ton processed (includes general and administrative costs).
- (6) Rochester Mineral Resource estimates are tabulated within confining pit shells that uses the following input parameters: oxide gold recovery of 77.7%-93.7% and silver recovery with range of 59%-61%; sulfide gold recovery range of 15.2%-77.7% and silver recovery with range of 0.0%-59% with a net smelter return cutoff of US\$2.55-US\$3.70/ton oxide and US\$2.65/ton sulfide, where the NSR is calculated as resource net smelter return (NSR) = silver grade (oz/ton) \* silver recovery (%) \* silver price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz) + gold grade (oz/ton) \* gold recovery (%) \* gold price (\$/oz) - refining cost (\$/oz); and variable pit slope angles that approximately average 43° over the life-of-mine.
- (7) Silvertip Underground Mineral Resource estimates are reported using a net smelter return ("NSR") cutoff of US\$130/tonne. Mineral Resources are reported in-situ using the following assumptions: The estimate use the following key input parameters: lead recovery of 87-88%, zinc recovery of 81-82% and silver recovery of 88-89%. Lead concentrate grade of 51-53%; zinc concentrate grade of 48-50%; mining costs of US\$68.77/tonne; processing costs of US\$58.20/tonne and US\$46.49/tonne, where the NSR (\$/tonne) = tonnes x grade x metal prices x metallurgical recoveries - royalties - TCRCs - transport costs over the life of the mine.
- (8) Lincoln Hill Open Pit Mineral Resource estimate is reported in-situ and are contained within a confining pit shell and use the following key input parameters: reported above an oxide gold equivalent cutoff of 0.15 ounces per ton and 0.20 oz ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1; gold recoveries of 64%; silver recoveries of 59%; mining costs of US\$3.10/ton; process costs of US\$3.60/ton; general and administrative costs of \$1.50/ton processed; average pit slope angles of 45° over the life-of-mine. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the Mineral Resource if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource is considered current and is presented unchanged.

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### Notes to 2021 Mineral Resources (cont.):

- (9) Wilco Open Pit Mineral Resource estimates are reported using an equivalent gold cutoff of 0.20 ounces per ton assuming a silver to gold ratio of 60:1. Resources are reported in-situ and contained within a conceptual measured, indicated and inferred optimized pit shell. Silver price of US\$20/oz, gold price of US\$1,400/oz. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 70%, average carbonaceous gold recovery is 50%. Average oxide and sulfide gold recovery is 60%. Average carbonaceous silver recovery is 50%. Open pit mining cost is US\$1.50/ton, processing and processing and G&A cost is US\$5.46/ton; average pit slope angles of 50°. The technical and economic parameters are those that were used in the 2018 Resource Estimation. Based on the QPs review of the estimate, there would be no material change to the Mineral Resource if a gold price of US\$1,700/oz, a silver price of US\$22/oz or economic parameters were updated. Therefore the 2018 Mineral Resource report is considered current and is presented unchanged.
- (10) Rounding of short tons, grades, and troy ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grades, and contained metal contents.

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### 2019 Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves

Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained				
		Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)	
<b>PROVEN RESERVES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	1,093,000	0.093	5.17			102,000	5,649,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	249,815,000	0.003	0.45			710,000	112,286,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	898,000	0.200	-			180,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	23,436,000	0.024	-			571,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	176,000	-	11.31	9.84%	8.07%	-	1,990,000	34,577,000	28,366,000
<b>Total</b>		<b>275,418,000</b>	<b>0.006</b>	<b>0.44</b>			<b>1,563,000</b>	<b>119,925,000</b>	<b>34,577,000</b>	<b>28,366,000</b>
<b>PROBABLE RESERVES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	10,576,000	0.056	4.24			591,000	44,843,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	13,577,000	0.002	0.38			27,000	5,187,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	779,000	0.239	-			186,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	7,530,000	0.026	-			197,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,636,000	-	7.94	7.97%	5.14%	-	12,986,000	260,847,000	168,096,000
<b>Total</b>		<b>34,097,000</b>	<b>0.029</b>	<b>1.85</b>			<b>1,001,000</b>	<b>63,016,000</b>	<b>260,847,000</b>	<b>168,096,000</b>
<b>PROVEN AND PROBABLE RESERVES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	11,669,000	0.059	4.33			693,000	50,492,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	263,392,000	0.003	0.45			737,000	117,473,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,677,000	0.218	-			366,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	30,965,000	0.025	-			768,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,812,000	-	8.26	8.15%	5.42%	-	14,976,000	295,424,000	196,463,000
<b>Total Proven and Probable Reserves</b>		<b>309,515,000</b>	<b>0.008</b>	<b>0.59</b>			<b>2,564,000</b>	<b>182,941,000</b>	<b>295,424,000</b>	<b>196,463,000</b>

## > Reserves and Resources (cont.)

### 2019 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (excluding Reserves)

Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained				
		Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)	
<b>MEASURED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	870,000	0.055	3.69		48,000	3,210,000			
Rochester	Nevada, USA	194,330,000	0.002	0.35		450,000	67,602,000			
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,062,000	0.239	-		493,000	-			
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	6,631,000	0.027	-		178,000	-			
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	138,000	-	10.85	9.79%	7.70%	-	1,497,000	26,924,000	21,183,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	4,642,000	0.012	0.34		58,000	1,592,000			
La Preciosa	Durango, Mexico	9,536,000	0.005	3.04		45,000	29,001,000			
<b>Total</b>		<b>218,209,000</b>	<b>0.006</b>	<b>0.47</b>		<b>1,272,000</b>	<b>102,902,000</b>	<b>26,924,000</b>	<b>21,183,000</b>	
<b>INDICATED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	7,894,000	0.048	3.97		377,000	31,313,000			
Rochester	Nevada, USA	42,015,000	0.002	0.36		96,000	15,195,000			
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,164,000	0.231	-		269,000	-			
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	4,926,000	0.032	-		156,000	-			
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,579,000	-	6.39	8.81%	3.89%	-	10,091,000	278,081,000	122,734,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	27,668,000	0.011	0.31		306,000	8,655,000			
La Preciosa	Durango, Mexico	19,141,000	0.006	3.98		118,000	76,185,000			
<b>Total</b>		<b>104,385,000</b>	<b>0.013</b>	<b>1.35</b>		<b>1,323,000</b>	<b>141,438,000</b>	<b>278,081,000</b>	<b>122,734,000</b>	
<b>MEASURED AND INDICATED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	8,764,000	0.048	3.94		425,000	34,522,000			
Rochester	Nevada, USA	236,345,000	0.002	0.35		546,000	82,797,000			
Kensington	Alaska, USA	3,226,000	0.236	-		762,000	-			
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	11,557,000	0.029	-		334,000	-			
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	1,716,000	-	6.75	8.89%	4.19%	-	11,588,000	305,005,000	143,917,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	32,310,000	0.011	0.32		364,000	10,247,000			
La Preciosa	Durango, Mexico	28,677,000	0.006	3.67		163,000	105,186,000			
<b>Total Measured and Indicated Resources</b>		<b>322,594,000</b>	<b>0.008</b>	<b>0.76</b>		<b>2,594,000</b>	<b>244,340,000</b>	<b>305,005,000</b>	<b>143,917,000</b>	

## 2019 Inferred Mineral Resources

	Location	Short tons	Grade				Contained			
			Gold (oz/t)	Silver (oz/t)	Zinc (%)	Lead (%)	Gold (oz)	Silver (oz)	Zinc (lbs)	Lead (lbs)
<b>INFERRED RESOURCES</b>										
Palmarejo	Chihuahua, Mexico	6,469,000	0.057	4.07			367,000	26,341,000		
Rochester	Nevada, USA	171,042,000	0.002	0.36			378,000	60,803,000		
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,562,000	0.229	-			358,000	-		
Wharf	South Dakota, USA	2,483,000	0.033	-			81,000	-		
Silvertip	British Columbia, Canada	976,000	-	8.40	9.34%	5.39%	-	8,199,000	182,181,000	105,267,000
Lincoln Hill	Nevada, USA	22,952,000	0.011	0.36			255,000	8,163,000		
Sterling	Nevada, USA	32,013,000	0.030	-			960,000	-		
Wilco	Nevada, USA	25,736,000	0.021	0.13			531,000	3,346,000		
La Preciosa	Durango, Mexico	1,761,000	0.003	3.31			6,000	5,835,000		
<b>Total Inferred Resources</b>		<b>264,996,000</b>	<b>0.011</b>	<b>0.43</b>			<b>2,936,000</b>	<b>112,687,000</b>	<b>182,181,000</b>	<b>105,267,000</b>

Notes to 2019 mineral reserves and resources:

- (1) Effective December 31, 2019.
- (2) Assumed metal prices for Mineral Reserves were \$17.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,350 per ounce of gold, \$1.15 per pound zinc, \$0.95 per pound lead.
- (3) Assumed metal prices for estimated Mineral Resources were \$20.00 per ounce of silver, \$1,500 per ounce of gold, \$1.30 per pound zinc, \$1.05 per pound lead, except Lincoln Hill and Wilco at \$1,350 per ounce gold and \$22.00 per ounce silver, and Sterling at \$1,200 per ounce of gold.
- (4) Mineral Resources are in addition to Mineral Reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. Inferred Mineral Resources are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be considered for estimation of Mineral Reserves, and there is no certainty that the Inferred Mineral Resources will be realized. The preliminary economic assessment for the re-scoped mine plan at Kensington is preliminary in nature and includes Inferred Mineral Resources, and does not have as high a level of certainty as a plan that was based solely on proven and probable reserves and there is no certainty that the results from the preliminary economic assessment will be realized.
- (5) Rounding of tons and ounces, as required by reporting guidelines, may result in apparent differences between tons, grade, and contained metal content.
- (6) For details on the estimation of mineral resources and reserves, including the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate the Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, Canadian investors should refer to the NI 43-101 Technical Reports for Coeur's properties on file at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

**Mitchell J. Krebs** – Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. During his twenty-year tenure with Coeur, Mr. Krebs has led nearly \$2 billion in capital raising and debt restructuring activities and has facilitated over \$4 billion of acquisitions and divestitures. Mr. Krebs was previously Coeur's Chief Financial Officer from March 2008 to July 2011 and held various positions in the corporate development department, including Senior Vice President of Corporate Development. Mr. Krebs previously served as the Chairman of The National Mining Association from September 2022 to September 2024 and as the former Chair of the ESG Task Force. Mr. Krebs previously served as a Director of Kansas City Southern Railway Company from May 2017 to April 2023 and is a past President of The Silver Institute.

**Thomas S. Whelan** – Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. Prior to joining Coeur, Mr. Whelan served as CFO of Arizona Mining Inc. from September 2017 to August 2018, when the company was acquired from South32 Limited. Previously, Mr. Whelan served as CFO for Nevsun Resources Ltd. from January 2014 to August 2017. He is a chartered professional accountant and was previously a partner with the international accounting firm Ernst & Young (“EY”) LLP where he was the EY Global Mining & Metals Assurance sector leader, the leader of the EY Assurance practice in Vancouver and previously EY's Canadian Mining & Metals sector leader. Mr. Whelan graduated with a Bachelor of Commerce from Queen's University. Mr. Whelan has served as a member of the board of directors of Highlander Silver Corp., a precious metals exploration company, since October 2024.

**Michael “Mick” Routledge** – Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer. Mr. Routledge has over 25 years' experience with Rio Tinto in various roles beginning in 1987, including as the Chief Operating Officer (2011-2012) and Vice President HSE, Projects & Operational Value (2012-2014) of the Kennecott Utah Copper mine business and served as the Chief Operating Officer of Asahi Refining from 2015 to 2017. He served as Senior Director of Operational Excellence at Anagold Madencilik, a subsidiary of Alacer Gold Corp., a gold producer which merged with SSR Mining Inc. in the fall of 2020. Most recently, Mr. Routledge served as the Vice President of Major Projects and Studies of Alacer Gold Corp. from February 2020 until May 2020. Mr. Routledge currently chairs the Health & Safety Division Executive Committee for the Society for Mining, Metallurgy & Exploration board. He received an undergraduate degree from the University of Sunderland, England in Electrical and Control Engineering and received his MBA with a focus on business and strategic transformation from Henley Management College in England.

**Casey M. Nault** – Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary. Mr. Nault has over 25 years of experience as a corporate and securities lawyer, including prior in-house positions with Starbucks Corporation and Washington Mutual, Inc. and law firm experience with Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher. His legal experience includes securities compliance and SEC reporting, corporate governance and compliance, mergers and acquisitions, public and private securities offerings, other strategic transactions, general regulatory compliance, cross-border issues, land use and environmental issues, and overseeing complex litigation. In addition to leading the legal function, Mr. Nault also has executive responsibility for several other corporate functions including compliance, corporate responsibility, internal audit, cybersecurity and IT infrastructure, government affairs, communications and land management.

**Aoife M. McGrath** – Senior Vice President, Exploration. Ms. McGrath has over 20 years of mining industry experience, spanning all stages of exploration from greenfield works to continental-scale exploration programs. Most recently, Ms. McGrath served as Vice President Exploration, Africa and Middle East at Barrick Gold Corp. Prior to that time, she served as head of Exploration and Geology for Beadell Resources Limited as well as serving in various roles at Alamos Gold Inc., including Director, Exploration and Corporate Development and Vice President, Exploration. She holds a Master of Science in Mineral Exploration from the University of Leicester as well as a Master of Science in Engineering Geology from the Imperial College London.

**Emilie C. Schouten** – Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer. Ms. Schouten has over 20 years of experience in Human Resources, starting her career at General Electric, where she graduated from GE's Human Resources Leadership Program. After 6 years as an HR Manager with GE, her division was acquired by the world's largest electrical distribution company, Rexel, and Ms. Schouten went on to become the Director of Training and Development. Ms. Schouten has a B.A. in Sociology from Michigan State University and a M.S. in Industrial Labor Relations from University of Wisconsin-Madison.

**Mitchell J. Krebs** – Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. See prior slide.

**J. Kenneth Thompson** – Independent Lead Director. Former Chairman of the board of directors of Pioneer Natural Resources Company (oil and gas), former member of the board of directors of Alaska Air Group, Inc. (parent company of Alaska Airlines, Hawaiian Airlines and Horizon Air), and former Lead Independent Director of Tetra Tech, Inc. (engineering consulting). President and Chief Executive Officer of Pacific Star Energy LLC (private energy investment firm in Alaska) from September 2000 to present, with a principal holding in Alaska Venture Capital Group LLC (private oil and gas exploration company) from December 2004 to present; Executive Vice President of ARCO's Asia Pacific oil and gas operating companies in Alaska, California, Indonesia, China, and Singapore from 1998 to 2000. Mr. Thompson was a National Association of Corporate Directors Directorship 100 honoree in 2019.

**Linda L. Adamany** – Independent Lead Director and Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee of Jefferies Financial Group (formerly known as Leucadia National Corporation), a diversified holding company engaged in a variety of businesses, since March 2022, and Board member since March 2014, and an Independent Member of the board of directors and chair of the Remuneration Committee of Jefferies International Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Jefferies Financial Group Inc., since March 2021; non-executive director of BlackRock Institutional Trust Company since March 2018; non-executive director and chair of the Compensation Committee of Vitesse Energy, Inc. since January 2023; non-executive director of the Wood plc from October 2017 to May 2019; non-executive director of Amec Foster Wheeler plc, an engineering, project management, and consultancy company, from October 2012 until the Company was acquired by Wood plc in October 2017; member of the board of directors of National Grid plc, an electricity and gas generation, transmission, and distribution company, from November 2006 to November 2012. Served at BP plc in several capacities from July 1980 until her retirement in August 2007, most recently from April 2005 to August 2007 as a member of the five-person Refining & Marketing Executive Committee responsible for overseeing the day-to-day operations and human resource management of BP plc's Refining & Marketing segment, a \$45 billion business at the time. She was selected as one of Women Inc. Magazine's 2018 Most Influential Corporate Directors.

**Pierre Beaudoin** – Chairman of the board of directors of Radisson Mining Resources, Inc. (gold exploration company in Canada) since July 2024 and a member of the board since September 2021. Mr. Beaudoin is a mineral processing professional with over 40 years of international operating and project development experience. Mr. Beaudoin joined the board of directors of SilverCrest Metals, Inc. in June 2018 and subsequently became its Chief Operating Officer in November 2018, until Coeur's acquisition of SilverCrest in February 2025. During his five years in the role, he successfully led the technical studies, build and ramp-up of the Las Chispas operation. Mr. Beaudoin previously worked as both Chief Operating Officer and Senior Vice President of Capital Projects with Detour Gold Corporation (gold mining company) from January 2013 to July 2017 and January 2010 to December 2012, respectively. Served in various roles over a 16-year career with Barrick Gold Corporation, including in capital projects and management roles from September 2004 to January 2010.

**Paramita Das** – Serves as Chief Strategy Officer and Senior Advisor to the Chief Executive Officer of Stardust Power Inc. (manufacturer of battery-grade lithium products) since September 2024. Previously, Ms. Das served as the Global Head of Marketing, Development and ESG (Chief Marketing Officer) Metals and Minerals at Rio Tinto from June 2022 to February 2024; President of Rio Tinto Nickle Inc., President and CEO of Alcan Primary Products Company, LLC and a member of the Board of Directors of Rio Tinto Services Inc. from July 2019 to September 2023 and General Manager, Marketing and Development, Metals, and Head of the Chicago Commercial Office, Rio Tinto from 2018 to 2021. Ms. Das served as Chief of Staff/Group Business Executive to the Rio Tinto Group CEO from 2016 – 2017. Ms. Das is a member of the board of directors of Genco Shipping & Trading Limited, a drybulk shipowner focused on global transportation of commodities, since March 2024 and a member of the board of directors of Toromont Industries, Ltd., a specialized equipment company, since November 2024. Ms. Das is a former Board member of World Business Chicago from 2020 – 2022; Chicago Children's Museum from 2019 – 2021 and UN Woman – USNC from 2014 to 2017. Ms. Das received a bachelor's degree in Architectural Engineering in 2001, and MBA in 2004 and additional post-graduate studies in Strategy and Finance in 2014.

## > Board of Directors (cont.)

**N. Eric Fier** – Mr. Fier is a Certified Professional Geologist (USA) and Engineer (Canada) with over 35 years of experience in the international mining industry, including exploration, acquisition, development and production of numerous mining projects in the U.S., Guyana, Chile, Brazil, Central America, Mexico, Peru, Africa and Asia. He has in-depth knowledge of project evaluation and management, reserve estimation and economic analysis, construction, and operations management. Mr. Fier served as Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Director of SilverCrest Metals, Inc. until Coeur's acquisition of SilverCrest in February 2025. He previously worked as Senior Engineer and Chief Geologist with Pegasus Gold Corp., from June 1985 to May 1995, Senior Engineer & Manager with Newmont Mining Corp. from June 1995 to August 1996 and from 1999 to 2000, and Project Manager with Eldorado Gold Corp. from September 1996 to May 1998. He is currently the Non-Executive Chairman of Mako Mining Corp. (gold mining company) since July 2024, and previously served as Executive Chairman of Goldsource Mines, Inc. (gold mining company) from January 2018 until the company's acquisition by Mako Mining Corp.

**Jeane L. Hull** – Ms. Hull has over 35 years of mining operational leadership and engineering experience, most notably holding the positions of Chief Operating Officer for Rio Tinto plc at the Kennecott Utah Copper Mine and Executive Vice President and Chief Technical Officer of Peabody Energy Corporation. She also held numerous management engineering and operations positions with Rio Tinto affiliates. Prior to joining Rio Tinto, she held positions with Mobil Mining and Minerals and has additional environmental engineering and regulatory affairs experience in the public and private sectors. Ms. Hull currently serves as a member of the Board of Directors of Epiroc AB since January 2018, Hudbay Minerals since June 2023, and Wheaton Precious Metals Corporation since May 2023. She previously served on the boards of Copper Mountain Mining Corp., Trevali Mining Corporation, Pretium Resources Inc., Interfor Corporation and Cloud Peak Energy Inc. Ms. Hull also served on the Advisory Board for South Dakota School of Mines and Technology for over ten years.

**Eduardo Luna** – Non-Executive Chairman of the Board of Rochester Resources Ltd. (junior natural resources company with assets in Mexico) since March 2018 and member of the board of directors of Vizsla Silver Corp. (junior natural resources company) since November 2023. Mr. Luna has spent over forty years in the precious metals mining industry and has held prior senior executive and board positions at several companies including Industrial Peñoles, Goldcorp Inc., Luismin SA de CV, Wheaton River Minerals Ltd., Alamos Gold Inc., Dyna Resource, Inc. and Primero Mining Corp. He is also a former member of the Board of Directors of Wheaton Precious Metals Corp. Mr. Luna is the former President of the Mexican Mining Chamber and a former President of the Silver Institute. He was inducted into the Mexico Mining Hall of Fame and serves as Chairman of the Advisory Board of the Faculty of Mines at the University of Guanajuato where he received a degree in Mining Engineering.

**Robert E. Mellor** – Independent Chairman of the board of Monro, Inc. (auto service provider) since June 2017, and appointed Interim Chief Executive Officer from August 2020 to April 2021. Previously Mr. Mellor was lead independent director from April 2011 to June 2017 and a member of the board of directors since August 2010; Former Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President of Building Materials Holding Corporation (distribution, manufacturing and sales of building materials and component products) from 1997 to January 2010, director from 1991 to January 2010; former member of the board of directors of CalAtlantic Group, Inc. (national residential home builder) from October 2015 to February 2018, when CalAtlantic was acquired by Lennar Corporation; former member of the board of directors of the Ryland Group (national home builder, merged with another builder to form CalAtlantic) from 1999 to October 2015; and former member of the board of directors of Stock Building Supply Holdings, Inc. (lumber and building materials distributor) from March 2010 until December 2015 when it merged with another company. He was named a 2020 National Association of Corporate Directors Directorship 100 honoree.

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