

# *Unleashing the Power of Tregs*

**COYA THERAPEUTICS, INC.**

NASDAQ: COYA | Investor Presentation

June 2023

[www.coyatherapeutics.com](http://www.coyatherapeutics.com)



# Cautionary Note of Forward-Looking Statements and Disclaimers

This presentation and the accompanying oral presentation contain “forward-looking” statements that are based on our management’s beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to management. Forward-looking statements include all statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this presentation, including information concerning our current and future financial performance, business plans and objectives, current and future clinical and preclinical development activities, timing and success of our ongoing and planned clinical trials and related data, the timing of announcements, updates and results of our clinical trials and related data, our ability to obtain and maintain regulatory approval, the potential therapeutic benefits and economic value of our product candidates, competitive position, industry environment and potential market opportunities. The words “believe,” “may,” “will,” “estimate,” “continue,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “expect,” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors including, but not limited to, those related to the success, cost and timing of our product candidate development activities and ongoing and planned clinical trials; our plans to develop and commercialize targeted therapeutics; the progress of patient enrollment and dosing in our clinical trials; the ability of our product candidates to achieve applicable endpoints in the clinical trials; the safety profile of our product candidates; the potential for data from our clinical trials to support a marketing application, as well as the timing of these events; our ability to obtain funding for our operations; development and commercialization of our product candidates; the timing of and our ability to obtain and maintain regulatory approvals; the rate and degree of market acceptance and clinical utility of our product candidates; the size and growth potential of the markets for our product candidates, and our ability to serve those markets; our commercialization, marketing and manufacturing capabilities and strategy; future agreements with third parties in connection with the commercialization of our product candidates; our expectations regarding our ability to obtain and maintain intellectual property protection; our dependence on third party manufacturers; the success of competing therapies or products that are or may become available; our ability to attract and retain key scientific or management personnel; our ability to identify additional product candidates with significant commercial potential consistent with our commercial objectives; and our estimates regarding expenses, future revenue, capital requirements and needs for additional financing.

We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our financial condition, results of operations, business strategy, short-term and long-term business operations and objectives, and financial needs. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment, and new risks may emerge from time to time. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements we may make. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events and circumstances discussed herein may not occur and actual results could differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements. Although our management believes that the expectations reflected in our forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee that the future results, levels of activity, performance or events and circumstances described in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

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We have filed a registration statement on Form S-1 (including a preliminary prospectus) with the SEC for the offering to which this presentation relates. The registration statement has not yet become effective. Before you invest, you should read the preliminary prospectus in the registration statement (including the risk factors described therein) and other documents we have filed with the SEC for more complete information about our company and the offering. You may get these documents for free by visiting EDGAR on the SEC web site at <http://www.sec.gov/>. The preliminary prospectus, as amended, is available on the SEC website at <http://www.sec.gov>. When available, electronic copies of the preliminary prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may also be obtained from the offices of Chardan Capital Markets at 17 State Street Suite 2130, New York, NY, 10004; by telephone at +1 646-465-9000; by email at [prospectus@chardan.com](mailto:prospectus@chardan.com).

# Coya Therapeutics' Highlights



## Focused on Regulatory T Cells (Tregs)

- **Most clinically-advanced company focused on Treg-modulating therapies**
- Multi-modality approach:
  - Biologics (COYA 300 series)
  - Exosomes (COYA 200 series)

**COYA 301= Proprietary Low Dose Interleukin-2 (IL-2)- (Licensed from ARScience Bio)**

**COYA 302 = COYA 301 + CTLA4 Ig (Licensed From Dr. Reddy's Laboratories)**



## Strong Early Clinical Data

- **COYA 301 completed PoC IIT study\*** in Alzheimer's Disease (AD)
- **COYA 302 completed PoC IIT study\*** in Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS)
- COYA 200 series for neurodegenerative diseases, autoimmune / inflammatory conditions, and metabolic diseases

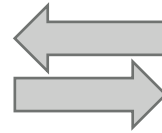


## Multiple Near-Term Catalysts (12-18 months)

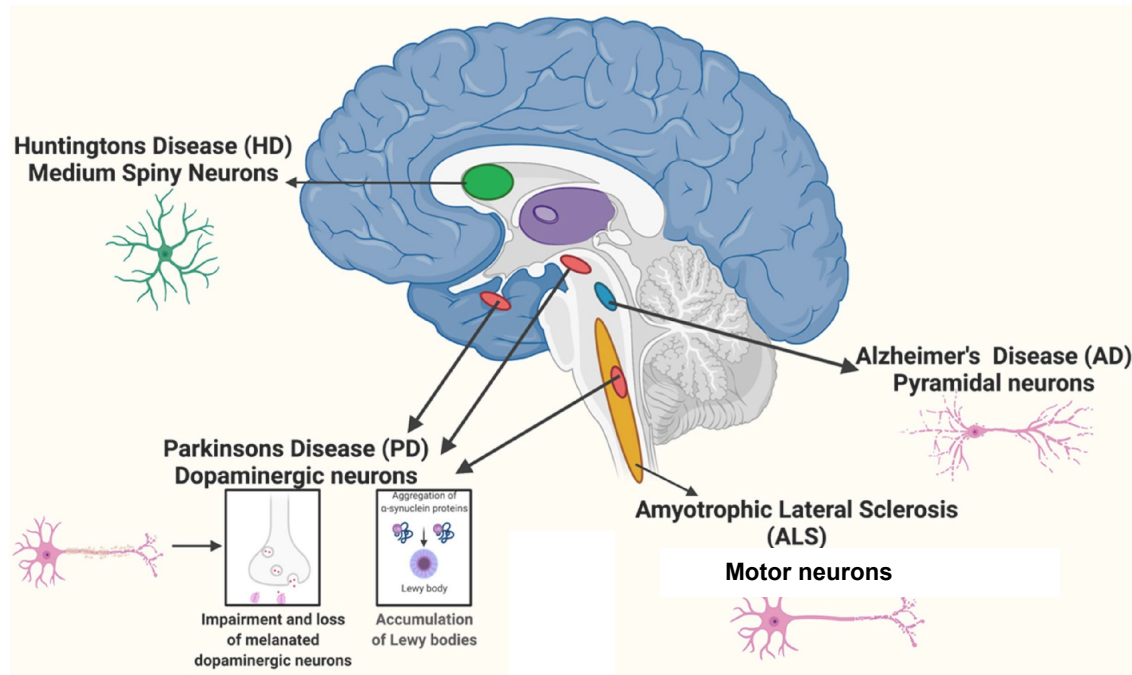
- **COYA 301** clinical Phase 1 PoC data in Alzheimer's Disease (AD): AAIC (July 2023), ANA (September 2023), Peer-Reviewed publication (2H 2023), Academic double-blind Phase 2 PoC top-line data (2H 2024)
- **COYA 302** PoC biomarker data release (2H 2023), IND filing and Phase 2 initiation in ALS (Q1 2024), Peer-Reviewed publication (2H 2023)
- **COYA 200** Platform Series animal model validation data/ out-license discussions
- **COYA 206** target validation & custom cargo validation (2H 2023)/ out-license discussions

# Inflammation Plays a Critical Role in Neurodegeneration

Neurodegeneration: Loss of Selective Population of Neurons



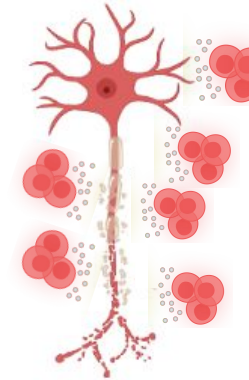
Inflammation in the Nervous System



Healthy Neuron



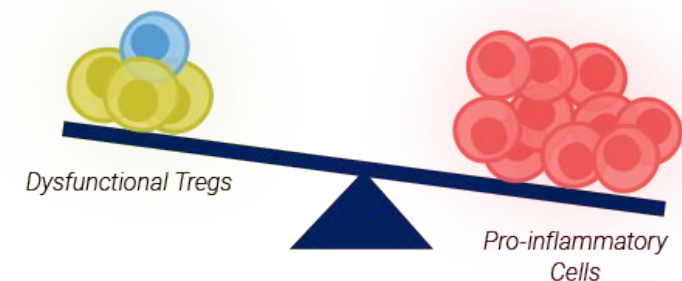
Sick Neuron



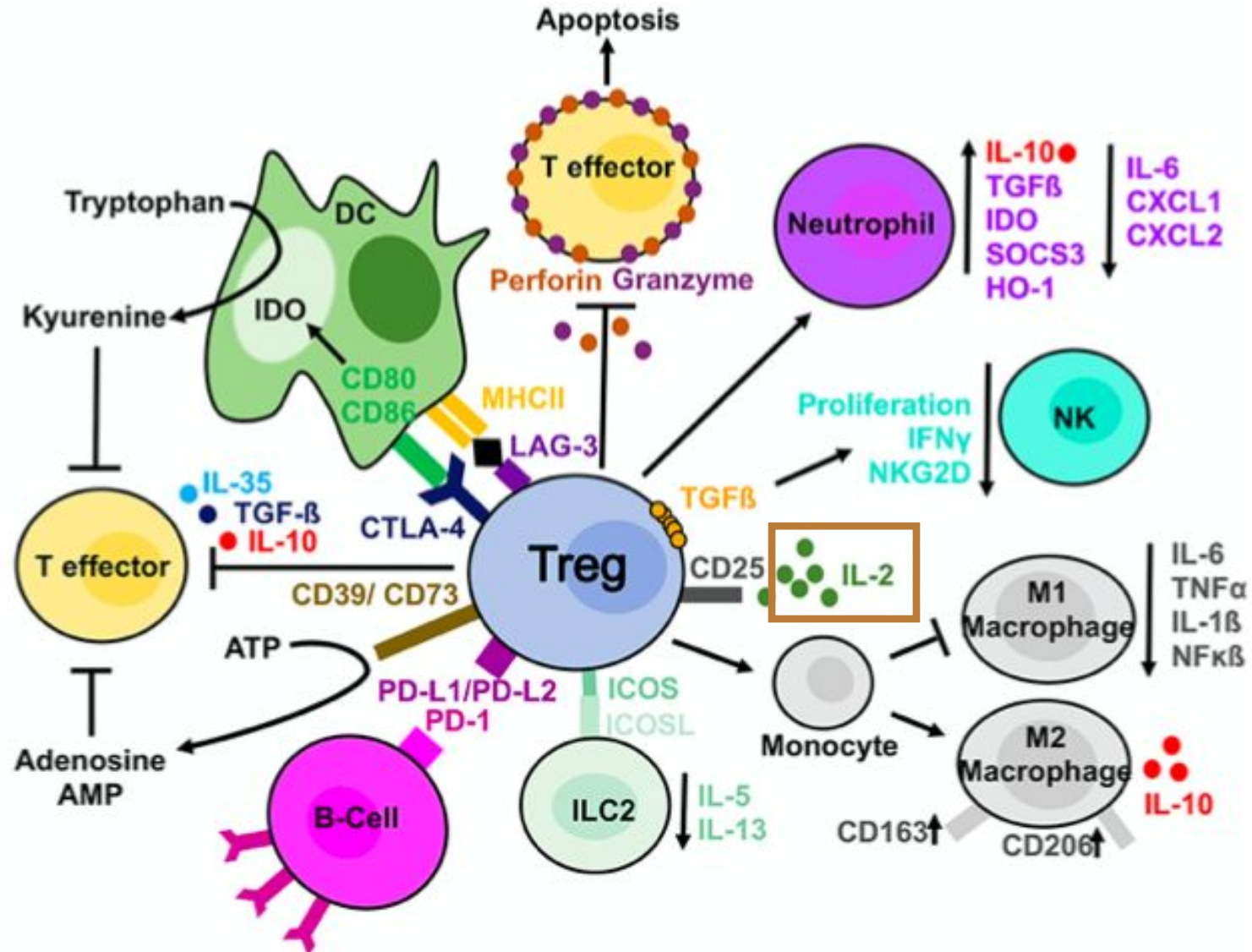
Dead Neuron



***Dysfunctional Tregs play central role in inflammation and progression of neurodegeneration***



# Treg regulate multiple downstream pathways to reduce inflammation

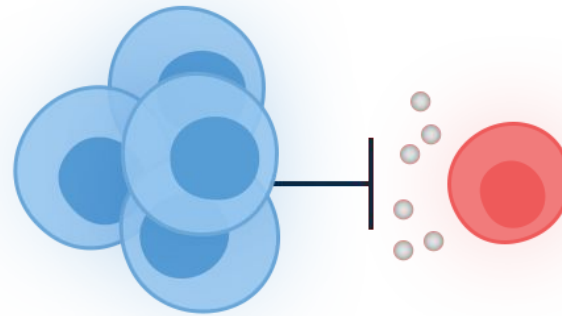


# What Are Tregs and How They Are Dysfunctional

Tregs are a type of lymphocyte that modulate the body's immune response

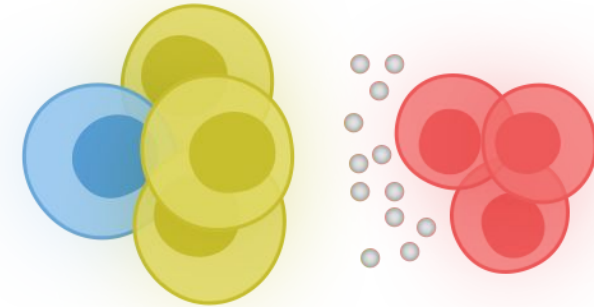
The main functions of Tregs are:

- *Ameliorate inflammatory mechanisms and reactions*
- *Inhibit the release of pro-inflammatory cytokines*
- *Maintain self-tolerance*



Anti-inflammatory  
Healthy Treg Cells

Pro-inflammatory Cells



Dysfunctional Tregs and lower  
healthy Tregs

Pro-inflammatory Cells

## Healthy Tregs

Tregs are important anti-inflammatory immune cells involved in homeostasis. Tregs act on multiple immune cells to down-regulate the release of pro-inflammatory cytokines.



Anti-inflammatory  
Healthy Treg Cells

Pro-inflammatory  
Cells

## Dysfunctional Tregs

When Tregs become dysfunctional, a cytokine-mediated inflammatory state can arise leading to neurodegenerative, autoimmune, and metabolic diseases.



Dysfunctional Tregs

Pro-inflammatory  
Cells

# Strong Proof-of-Concept Clinical Data

## COYA 302 for the Treatment of Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis\*

Restored peripheral Treg function and numbers, and lowered the levels of systemic pro-inflammatory chemokines and biomarkers

## Coya 301 for the Treatment of Alzheimer's disease\*

Open-label academic study in 8 mild-to-moderate AD patients, conducted at Houston Methodist





Results were presented at Keystone Conference in May 2023 and at Alzheimer's Association International Conference in July 2023

Statistically significant improvement in cognitive function, as measured by the Mini-Mental State Examination test (MMSE)

Restored peripheral Treg function and numbers, and lowered the levels of systemic pro-inflammatory chemokines and biomarkers

Safe and well tolerated

# Robust Treg-focused Pipeline

Product Type	Discovery	Preclinical	IND-Enabling	Phase 1	Phase 2a	Phase 2b/3	Partnerships / Collaborations	Upcoming Milestones
Treg-Enhancing / T Effector & Macrophage Depleting Biologics	<p><b>COYA 302 (Low Dose IL-2 + CTLA4 Ig)</b></p> <p><b>Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS)</b></p> <p>Completed POC IIT open label study in patients with ALS*</p>							<p><b>H2 2023:</b> PoC Biomarker data release:</p> <p><b>Q1 2024:</b> IND filing and Ph2 initiation</p> <p><b>H2 2023:</b> PoC Peer-Reviewed publication</p>
Treg-Enhancing Biologic	<p><b>COYA 301 (Low Dose IL-2)</b></p> <p><b>Alzheimer's Disease (AD)</b></p> <p>Completed POC IIT open label study in patients AD*</p> <p>Ongoing IIT double-blind study in patients with AD*</p>							<p><b>July 2023:</b> Report Ph1 POC data in AD (AAIC), (ANA)</p> <p><b>H2 2023:</b> Ph1 PoC Peer-Reviewed publication</p> <p><b>H2 2024:</b> Academic double blind Ph2 top-line data</p>
Allogeneic Treg-Derived Exosomes	<p><b>COYA 201</b></p> <p>Neurodegenerative, Autoimmune, and Metabolic Diseases</p>							<p><b>H1 2023:</b> Completion of Therapeutic Animal Model Studies</p>
Antigen-Directed Allogeneic Treg-Derived Exosomes	<p><b>COYA 206</b></p> <p>Undisclosed Indications</p>							<p><b>H1 2023:</b> Target &amp; Cargo Validation</p>

**Robust POC results warrant conducting a larger and well-controlled study for COYA 302 in ALS**

POC- Proof of Concept; IIT- Investigator Initiated Trial

\* Conducted using commercially available products

# Coya's Leadership Has Demonstrated Deep Expertise in Biotech

## Management Team



**Howard Berman, Ph.D.**  
Chief Executive Officer &  
Chairman of the Board



**Fred Grossman, D.O., FAPA**  
President & Chief Medical  
Officer



**David Snyder**  
Chief Financial Officer &  
Chief Operating Officer



**Arun Swaminathan, Ph.D.**  
Chief Business Development  
Officer



**Michelle Frazier**  
Senior Vice President  
of Regulatory Affairs



**John Centanni**  
Vice President  
of Regulatory Affairs

### Prior Experience\*



## Board of Directors



**Ann Lee, Ph.D.**  
Chief Technical Officer  
of Prime Medicine



**Anabella Villalobos, Ph.D.**  
Head of Biotherapeutics and  
Medicinal Sciences of Biogen

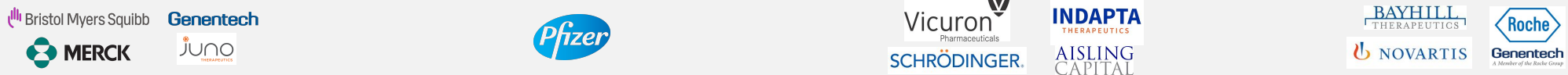


**Dov Goldstein, M.D., MBA**  
Chief Financial Officer  
of BioAge Labs



**Hideki Garren, M.D., Ph.D.**  
Chief Medical Officer  
of Prothena Biosciences

### Prior Experience\*



# SAB Comprised of Seminal Leadership in Tregs



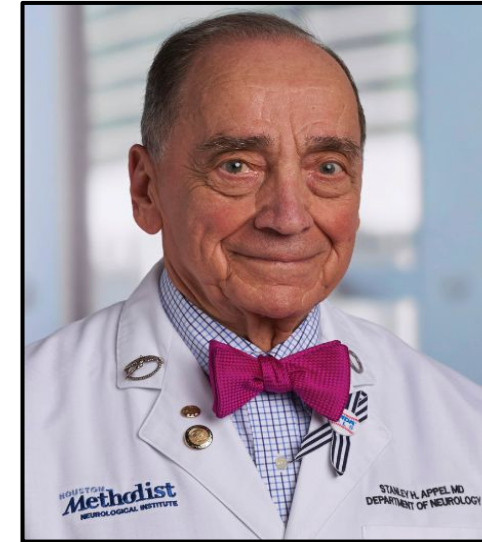
*Following the discoveries of Dr. Sakaguchi and Dr. Appel, Coya is developing multiple product modalities to enhance the therapeutic potential of Tregs for the treatment of disorders of high unmet need*



**Shimon Sakaguchi, MD, PhD**

*Distinguished Professor at the World Premier International Research Initiative (WPI)-Immunology Frontier Research Center (IFReC) at Osaka University*

**Discovered Tregs in 1995 and their role in inflammation and autoimmune conditions**



**Stanley Appel, MD**

*Former Chair of the Stanley H. Appel Department of Neurology  
Director of the Ann Kimball & John W. Johnson Center for Cellular Therapeutics  
Houston Methodist Hospital*

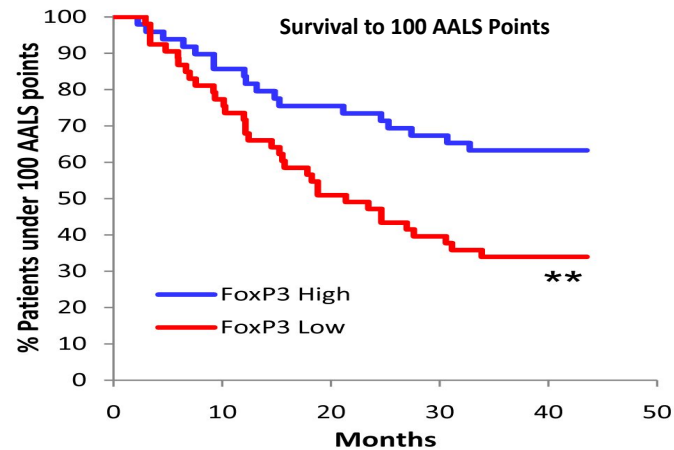
**Pioneered research in neuro-inflammation and the development of Treg targeted therapies**

# Treg Dysfunction Is a Core Driver of Neurodegeneration

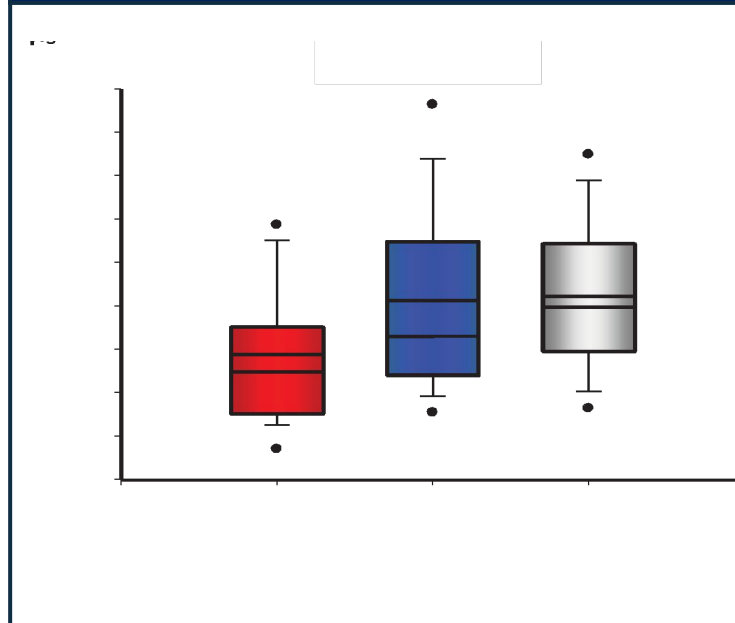
*Treg dysfunction is associated with ALS disease progression and burden of disease...*

*...and is similarly associated in other neurodegenerative diseases*

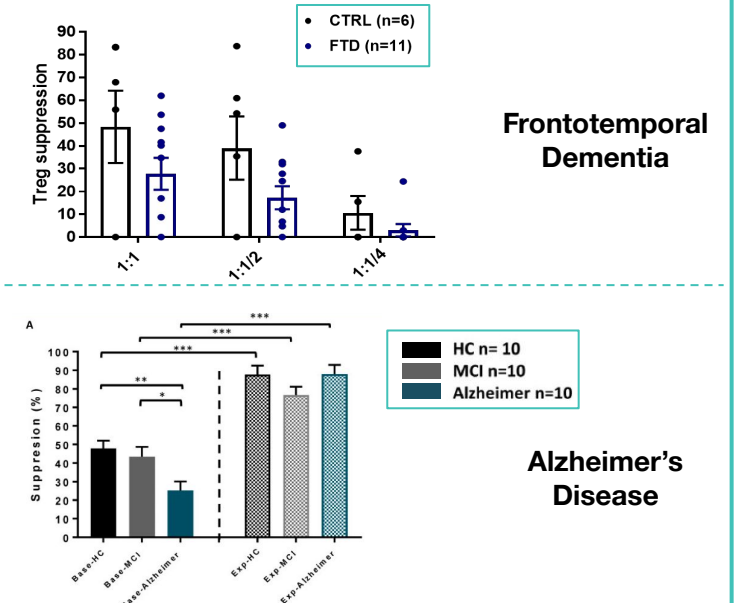
## Treg Dysfunction is Associated with ALS Survival



## Treg Dysfunction Plays a Role in the Rate of Decline in ALS



## Treg Dysfunction Is Implicated in FTD & AD



# Initial Findings □ Diverse Pipeline Addressing Treg Dysfunction

## Key Learnings From Two IIT Studies Conducted at Houston Methodist under Dr. Stanley Appel...

- **Treg Cell Therapy was well-tolerated** with no Serious Adverse Events (SAEs) reported across both studies
- **Discovery of Biomarkers:** High levels of proinflammatory (IL-17F, IL-17C, OLR-1) and oxidative stress (Ox-LDL, 4-HNE) biomarkers were associated to poor therapeutic response
- **Phase 1 Proof of Concept:** Three patients received 4 bi-weekly infusions over 8 weeks; 16 weeks later, patients received 4 monthly infusions. **Infusions halted ALS progression**
- **Phase 2a + Open-Label Extension:** 4/8 (50%) patients had a mean change in ALSFRS-R score of +0.2 points; 75% of patients (responders) showed a mean change in ALSFRS-R score of -2.7 points over 24 weeks, while 25% of patients did not respond to therapy.

## ...Led to the Discovery and Advancement of COYA 300 Series

*Our initial learnings demonstrate targeting Tregs has a meaningful affect on ALS progression and other neurodegenerative diseases*

Biologic programs (COYA 300 series) represent:

- **Targeted pathway in Treg Dysfunction**
- **Multi-Pathway** approach to addressing Treg dysfunction in vivo
- **Cost-effective** clinical development and manufacturing
- **More scalable** approach for commercialization
- **Biomarker enrichment** for efficient clinical development
- **Defined and supportive regulatory** environment in ALS

# COYA 302 Addresses Dysfunctional Tregs and Pro-inflammatory Macrophages

## COYA 302 =

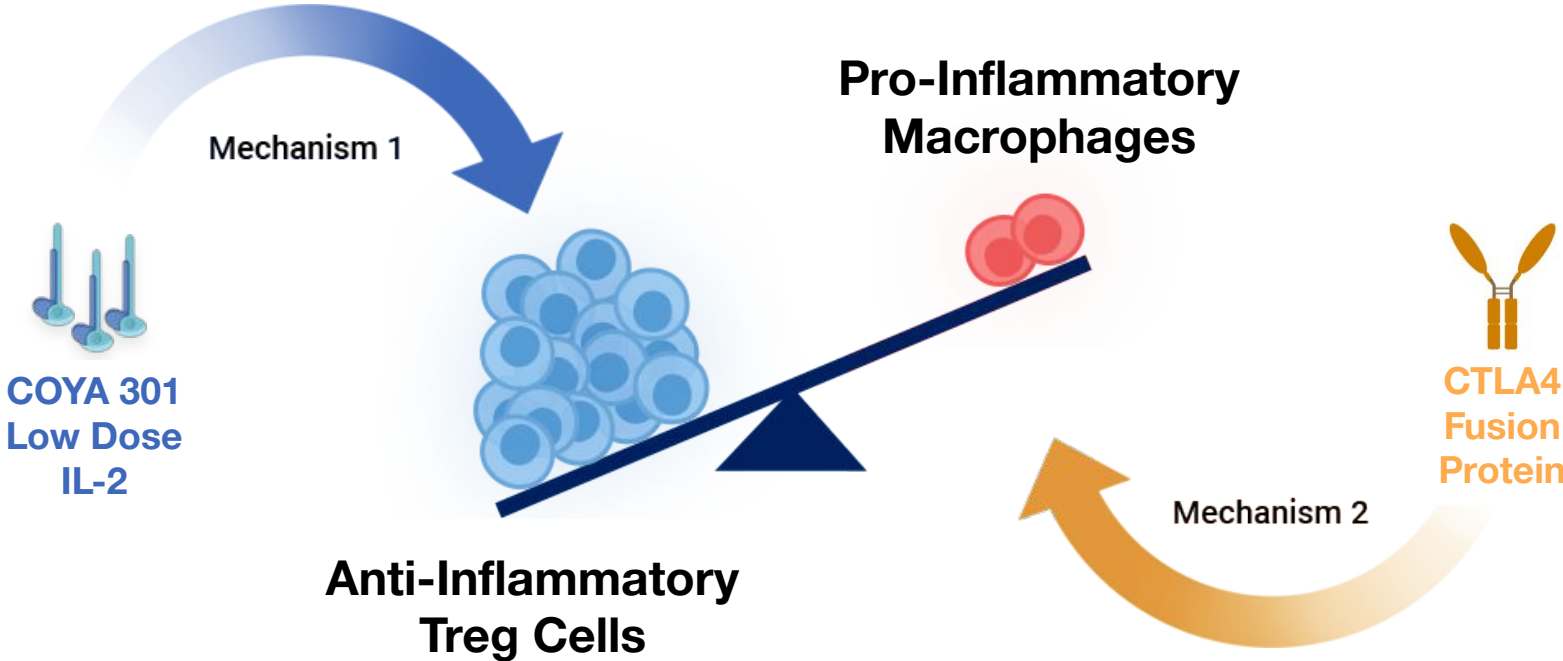
*(COYA 301) Low Dose IL-2*

*CTLA4-Ig*

↑ Treg Numbers & Suppressive Function  
↓ Dysfunctional Tregs

+

↓ Pro-Inflammatory Macrophages  
↑ Anti-Inflammatory Macrophages



# COYA 302: A Novel Approach to the Treatment of Neurodegenerative Diseases

Unique products compared to commercial IL-2 (High Dose Lyophilized Format) or CTLA4-Ig (Orencia)

New Indications including ALS, Alzheimer's, other ND diseases

Unique low dose strength and dosing regimen

Ready-to-administer stable subcutaneous formulation

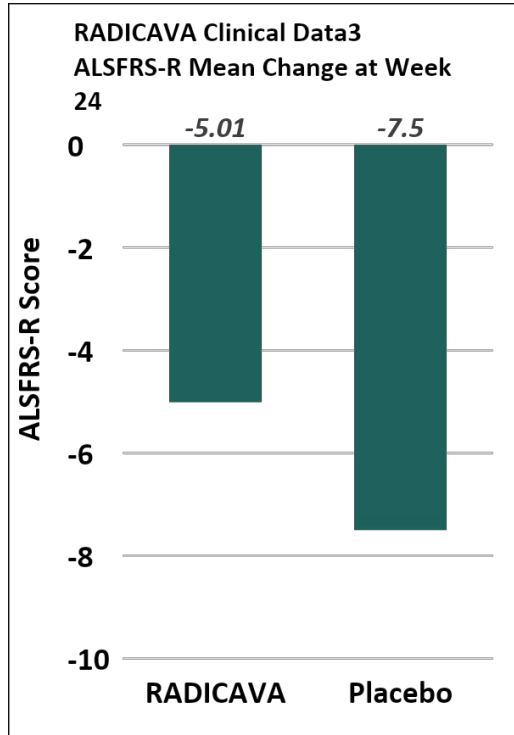
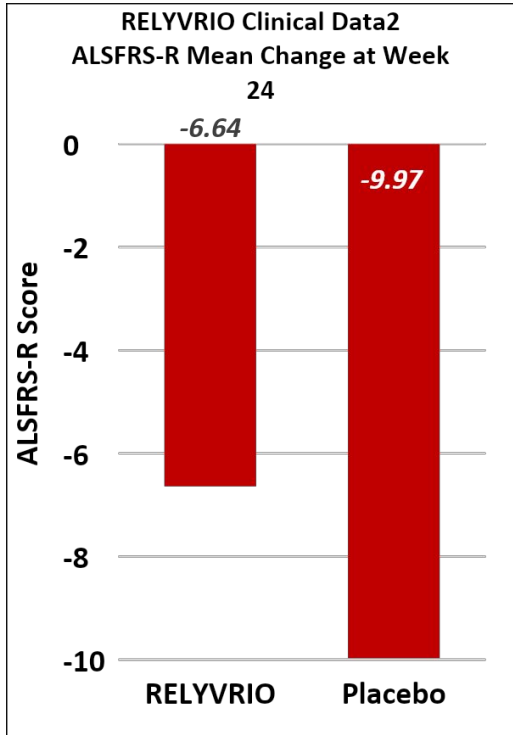
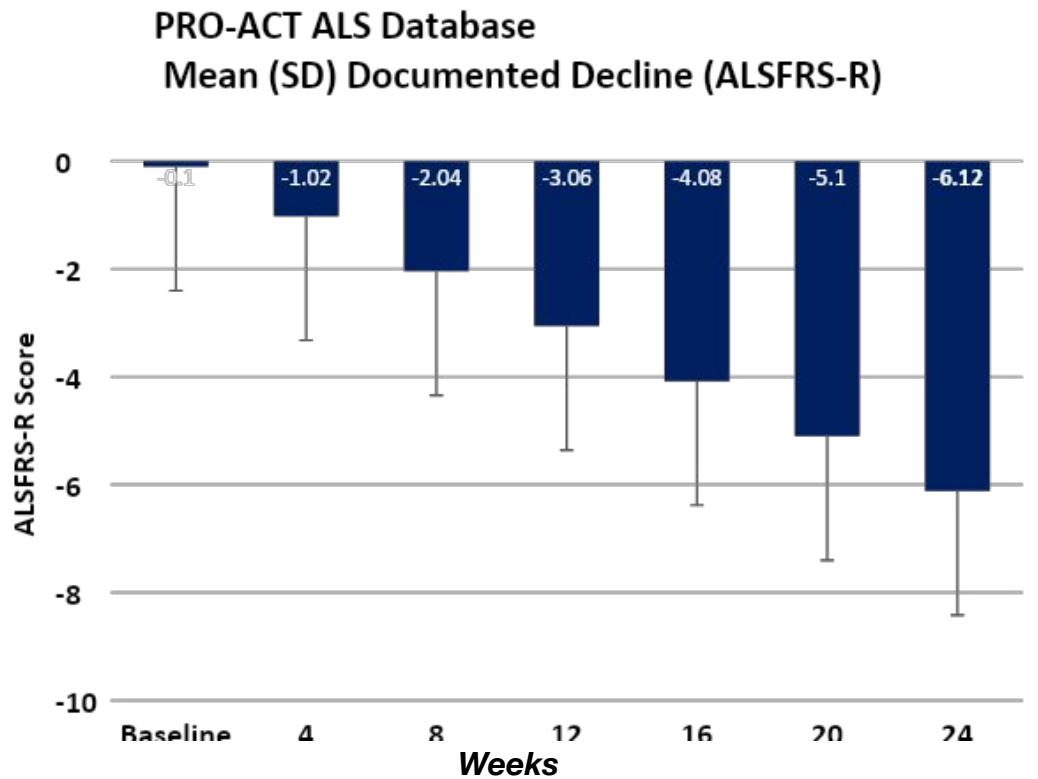
Well-established GMP manufacturing

Strong IP

*COYA 302 is an investigational product, not yet approved by the US Food and Drug Administration*

# Current Therapies for ALS Aim to Slow Disease Progression

Many companies have garnered significant value by demonstrating a *limited* benefit of slowing the rate of ALS progression



**Average rate of patient decline is 1.02 points/month in ALSFRS-R score<sup>1</sup>**

1. The PRO-ACT database is the largest ALS data repository (Atassi et al, 2014)  
2. Relyvrio US Prescribing Information (9/2022)  
3. Radicava US Prescribing Information (5/2022)

# COYA 302: Open-Label, Single-Arm PoC Clinical Study in ALS Patients (N=4)

## Screening

20 weeks

### Screening Assessments

- ✓ Clinical Labs
- ✓ ALSFRS-R Score
- ✓ Electrocardiogram (ECG)
- ✓ Physical & Neurological Exam

*Study patients had well-documented disease progression prior to treatment (-1.1 points/month prior to treatment with COYA 302)*

## Treatment Period

**COYA 302** was administered via subcutaneous injection over 48 weeks

### Treatment Period Assessments

- ✓ Safety and Tolerability
- ✓ Treg Function and Numbers
- ✓ Serum Biomarkers
- ✓ ALSFRS-R Score

*Safety and tolerability assessments included reported adverse events, periodic physical and neurological exams, clinical labs, and ECGs*

## Follow-Up

8 weeks

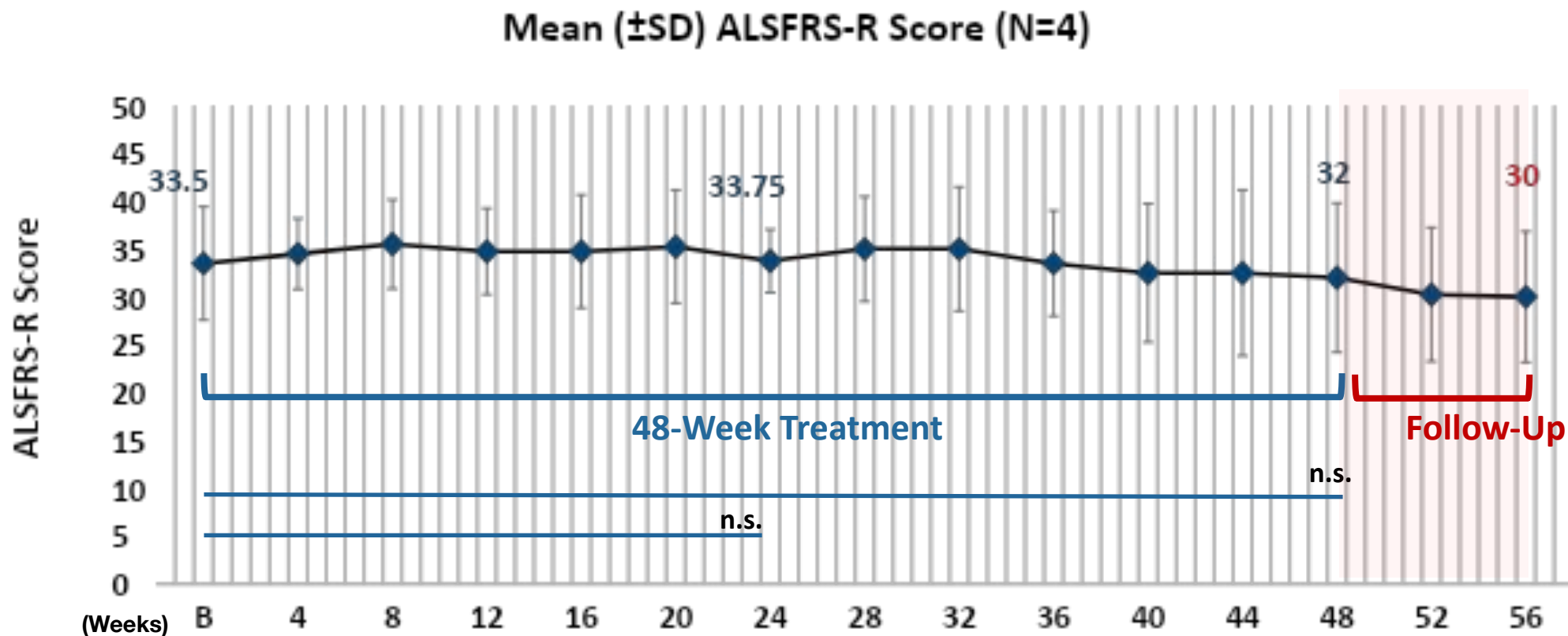
### Post-Treatment Assessments

- ✓ Safety and Tolerability
- ✓ Treg Function & Numbers
- ✓ Serum Biomarkers
- ✓ ALSFRS-R Score

# COYA 302: Patients' Demographics and Baseline Characteristics

	Age (years)	Sex	Type	Onset	ALS Progression Prior to Baseline (ALSF <sub>RS</sub> -R score)	Respiratory Status	Respiratory Support
<b>Patient 1</b>	47	Female	Familial	Limb	-1.6 points / month	No Respiratory Insufficiency	None
<b>Patient 2</b>	54	Male	Sporadic	Limb	-1 points / month	Respiratory Insufficiency	Non-invasive Ventilation
<b>Patient 3</b>	57	Female	Sporadic	Bulbar	-1 point / month	Respiratory Insufficiency	Non-invasive Ventilation
<b>Patient 4</b>	84	Female	Sporadic	Bulbar	-0.7 points / month	Respiratory Insufficiency	None

# COYA 302: Appears to Ameliorate ALS Progression Over 48-weeks

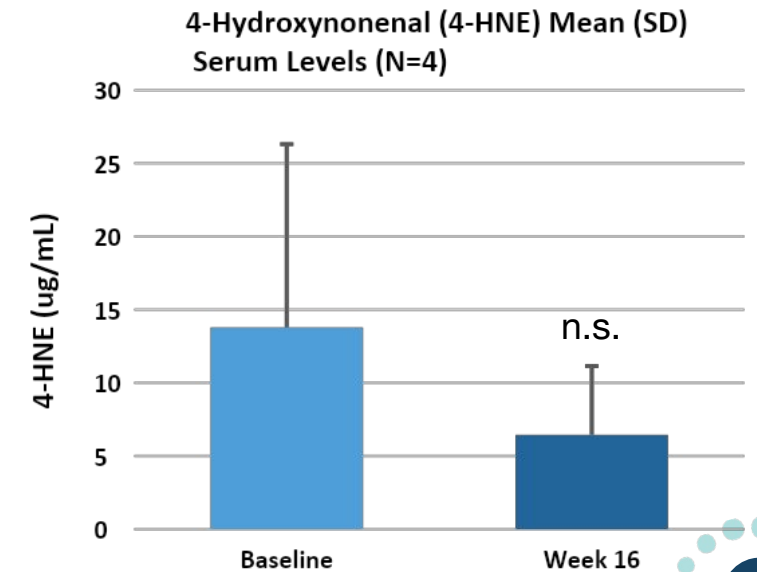
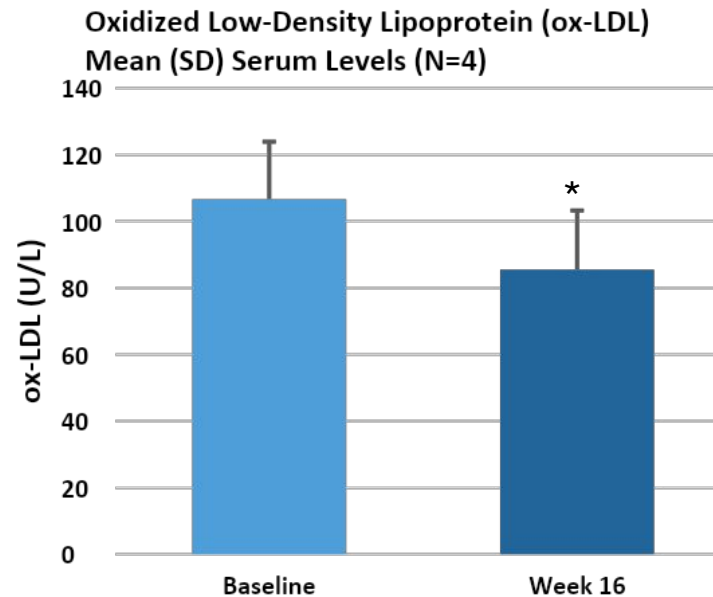
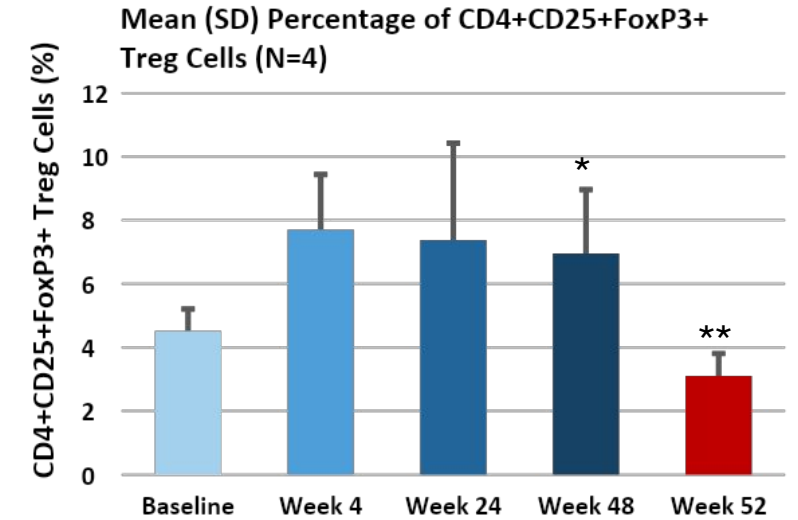
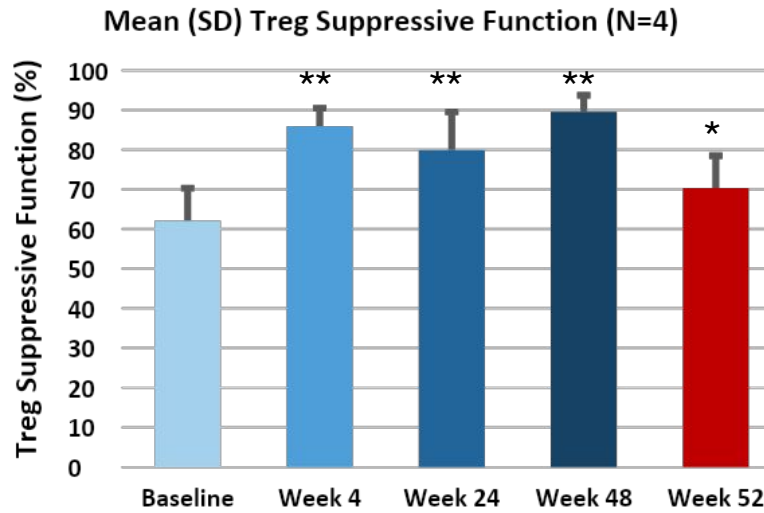


**COYA 302** was well tolerated over 48 weeks; the most common AE was mild injection site reaction. All patients completed the study; no death or serious AEs (SAEs) occurred over the course of the study.

# COYA 302: Enhanced Biologic Activity

## Key Takeaways

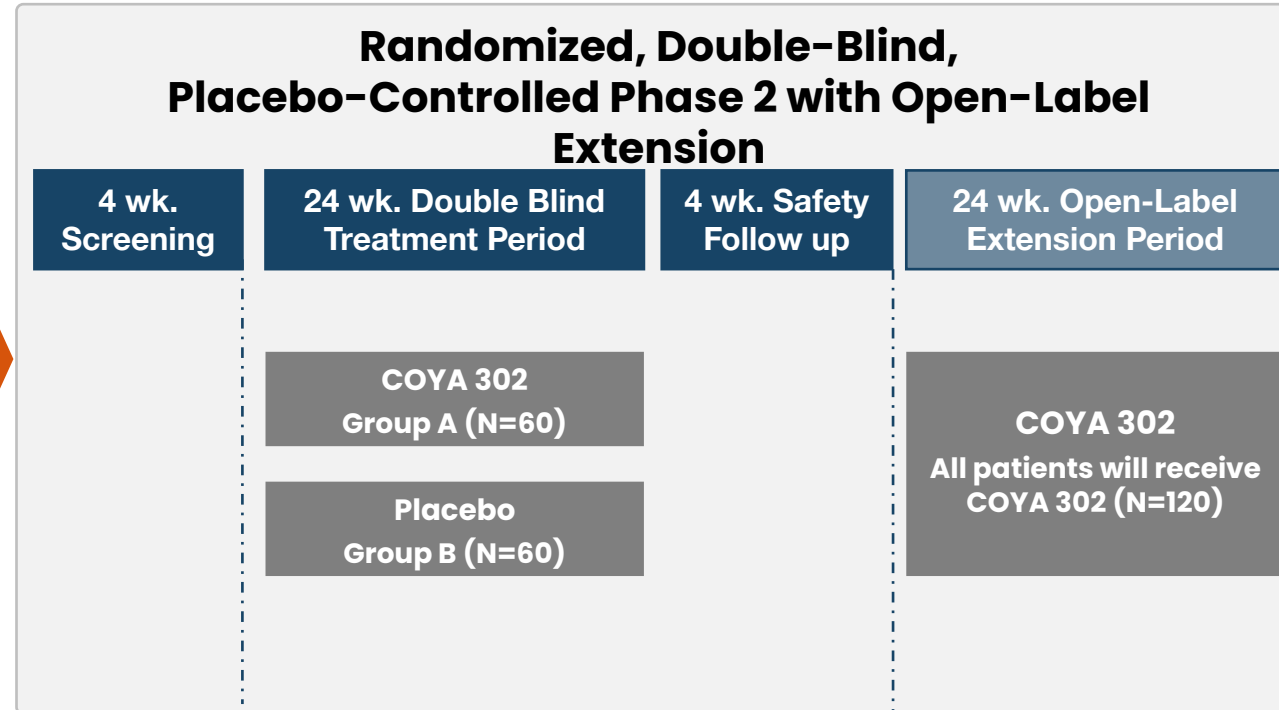
- ✓ **COYA 302 significantly expands Treg suppressive function** as early as 4 weeks after initiation of treatment and maintained a significantly increased Treg function.
- ✓ **COYA 302 increased Treg numbers as early as 4 weeks** after initiation of treatment and maintained a higher number over the course of treatment.
- ✓ **COYA 302 enhanced suppression of macrophage-mediated oxidative stress and proinflammatory cytokine biomarkers over 48 weeks**



# COYA 302: Overview of Phase 2 Study Design in ALS

## Key Inclusion Criteria

- Diagnosis of sporadic or familial ALS
- Time since onset of ALS symptoms  $\leq$  24 months from Screening
- ALSFRS-R score  $\geq$  35 at Screening
- A score of at least 2 points in each ALSFRS-R item
- Forced vital capacity (FVC)  $\geq$  70% of predicted capacity for age, height, and gender at Screening
- Documented disease progression (by ALSFRS-R score) for at least 16 weeks prior to Screening



## Primary Endpoint

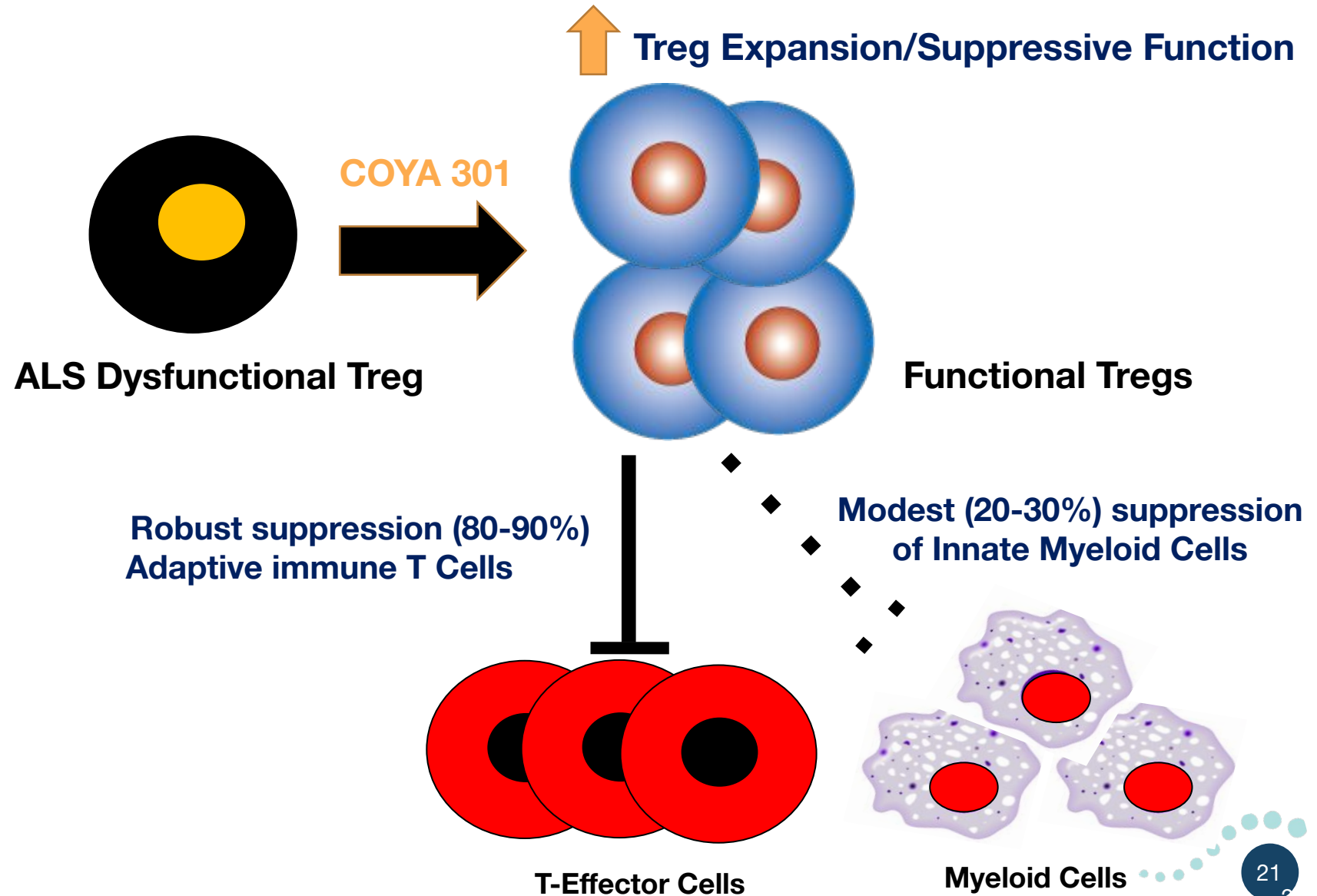
Combined Assessment of Function (ALSFRS-R) and Survival (CAFS)

## Study Objectives

1. Efficacy
2. Safety and Tolerability
3. Biological Activity
4. Biomarker levels

# COYA 301: Proprietary Treg Enhancing Low-Dose Il-2 Suppresses Adaptive Immunity - Robustly - and Innate Immunity - Modestly

Dysfunctional Tregs are associated with neuroinflammation promoted by activated T effector cells and activated innate myeloid cells

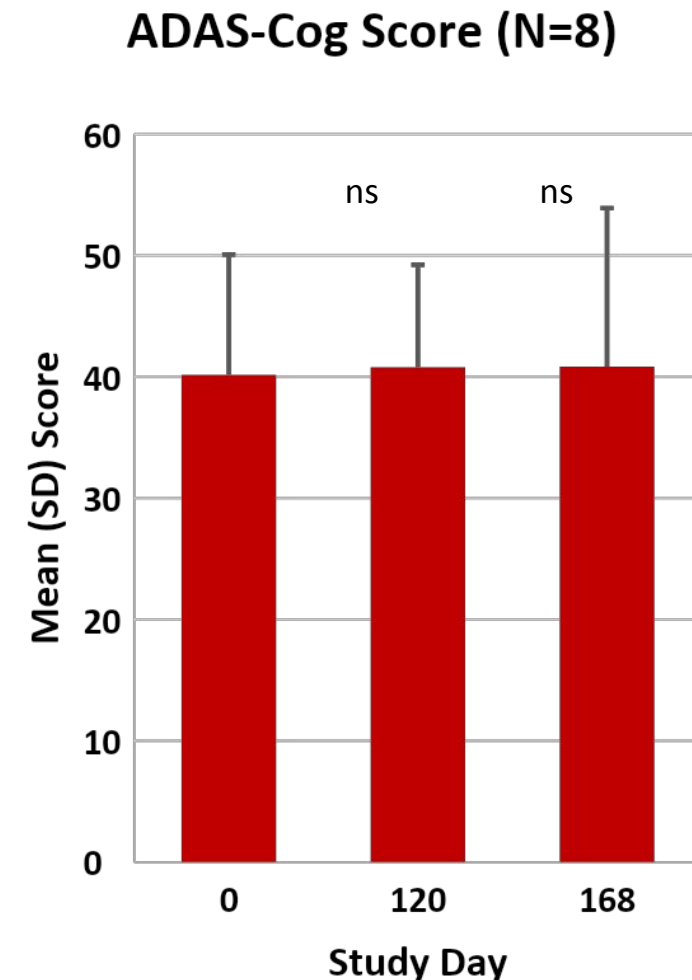
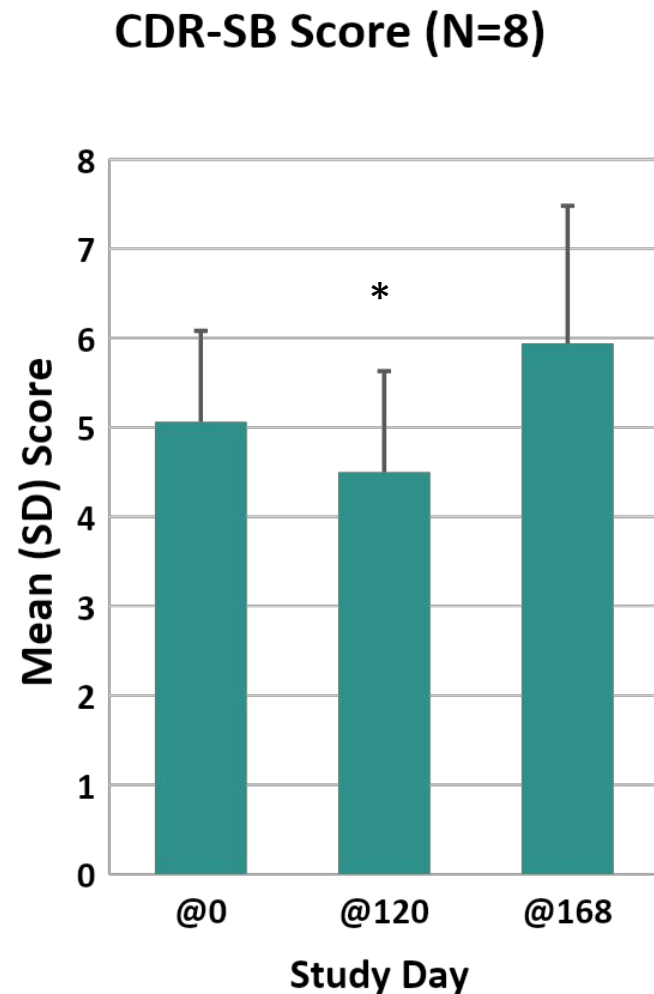
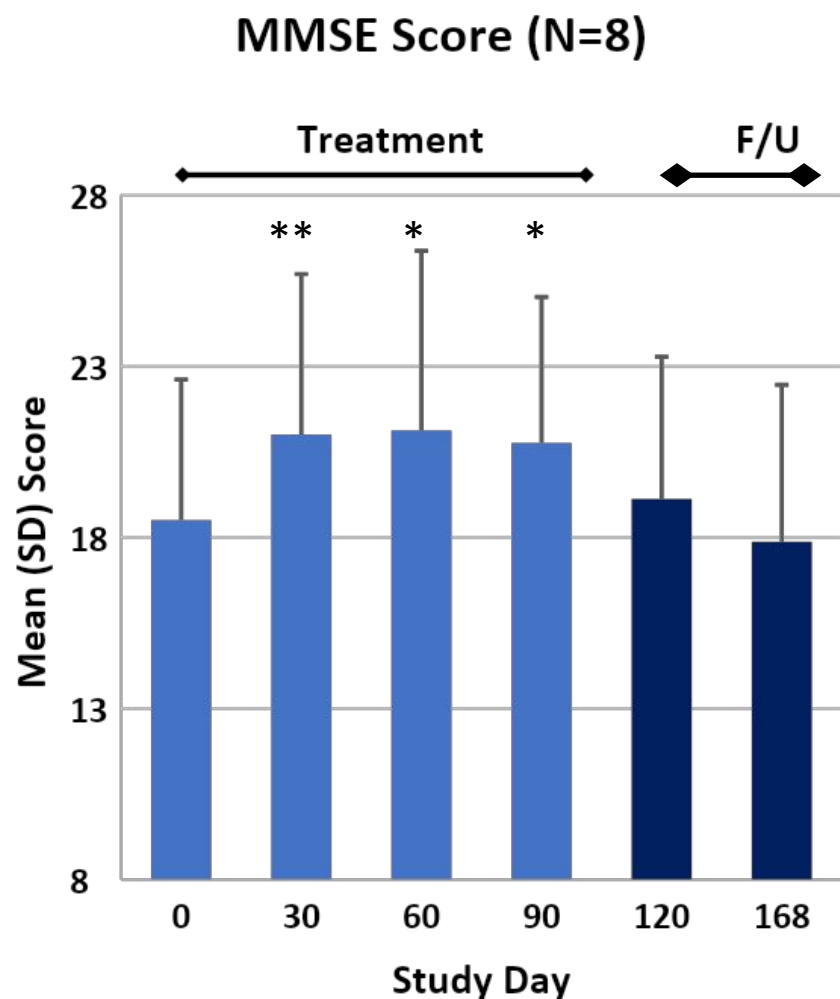


# COYA 301: Investigator-Initiated Study in Alzheimer's Disease (AD)

## Overall Study Design

- Proof-of-Concept open-label study, conducted at Houston Methodist Hospital
- Population: 8 patients with mild-to-moderate AD
- Treatment: 4 monthly COYA 301 cycles administered subcutaneously, followed by 2-month post-treatment observation. The study was conducted with commercially available product.
- Assessments:
  - Treg suppressive function and Treg numbers
  - Peripheral proinflammatory biomarkers
  - Cognitive status
  - Safety and tolerability

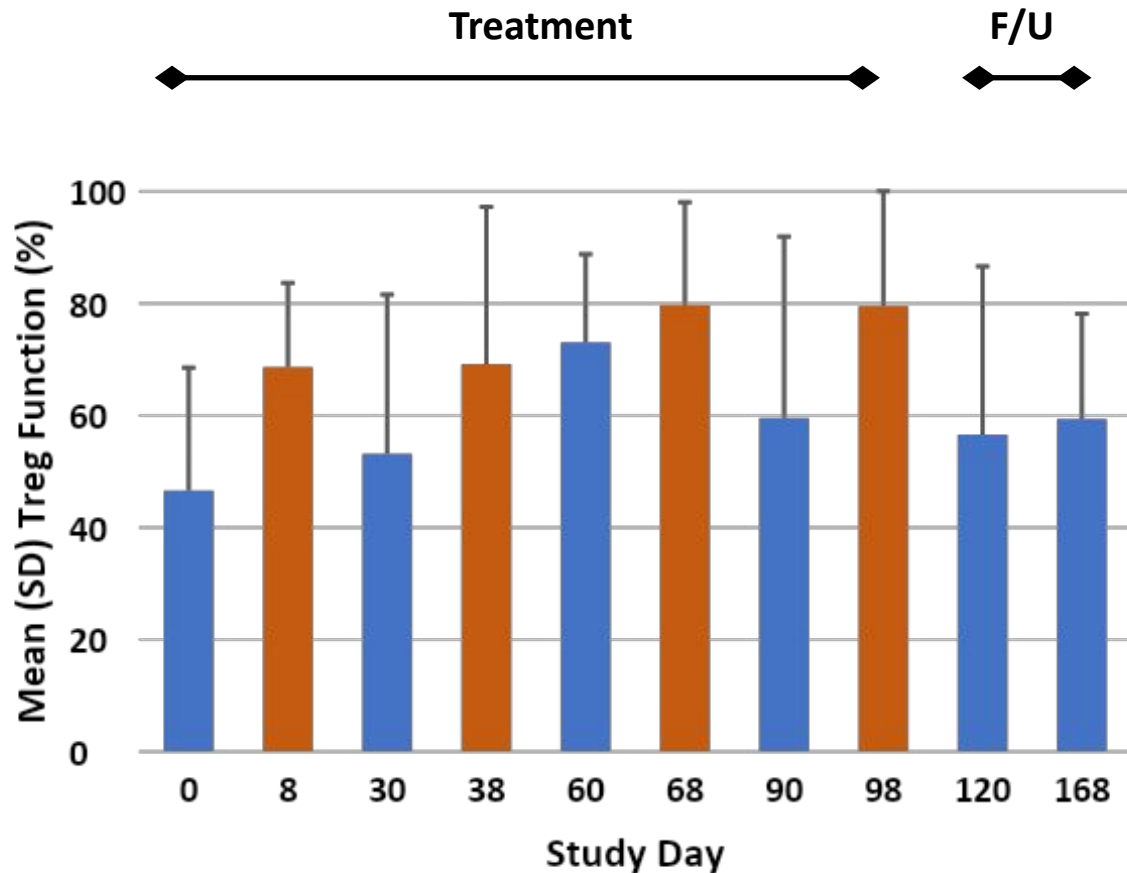
# COYA 301 Improved or Halted Cognitive Decline in AD Patients



\*p<0.05, \*\*p<0.01 ns: not significant

# COYA 301 Enhances Treg Function and Numbers *in vivo* in AD Patients (N=8)

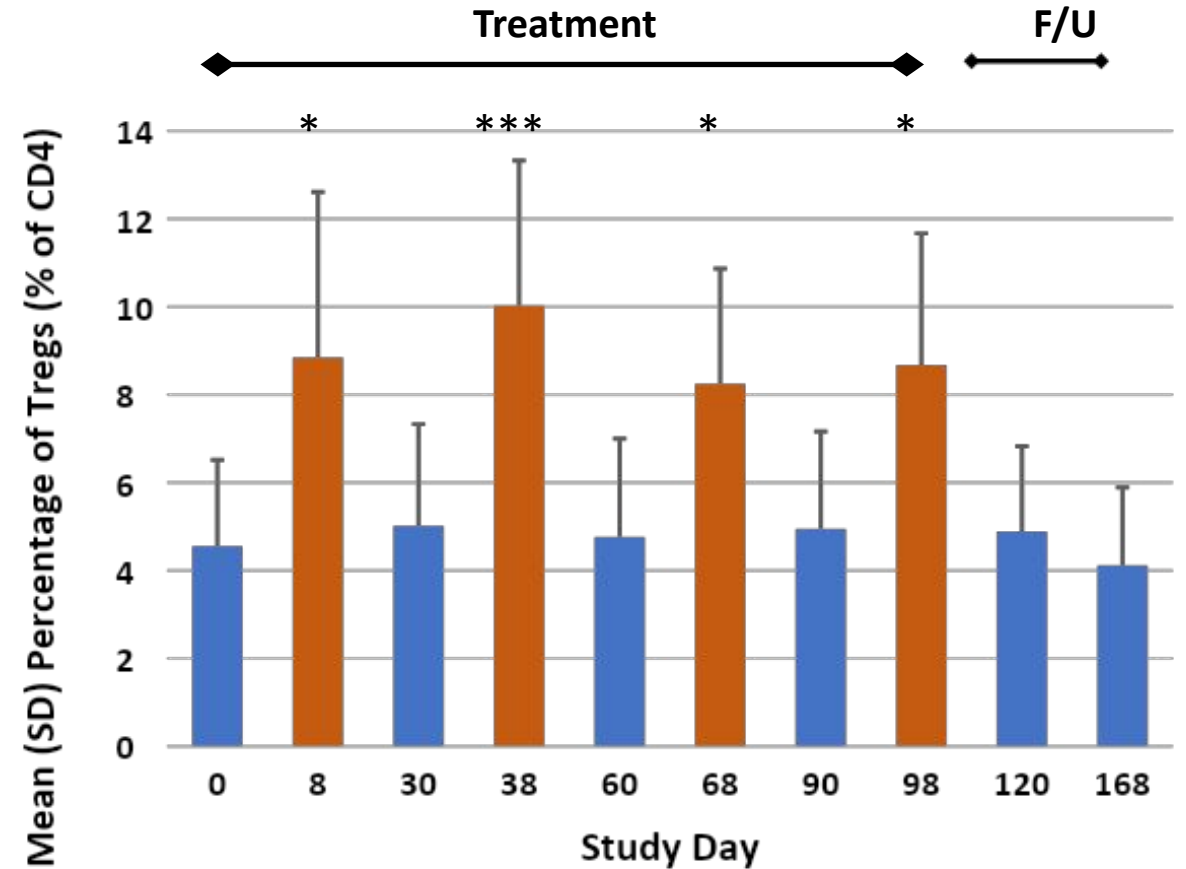
## Statistically Significant Enhancement of Treg Suppressive Function



pre-dose post-dose

\*p<0.05, \*\*p<0.01, \*\*\*p<0.001

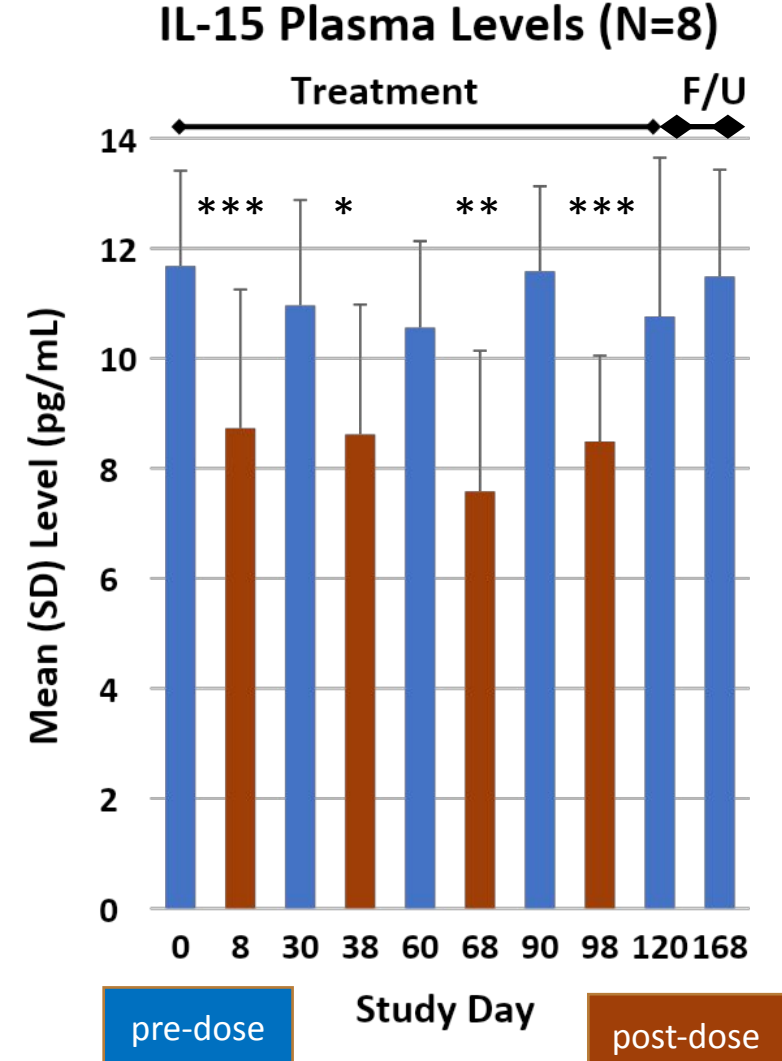
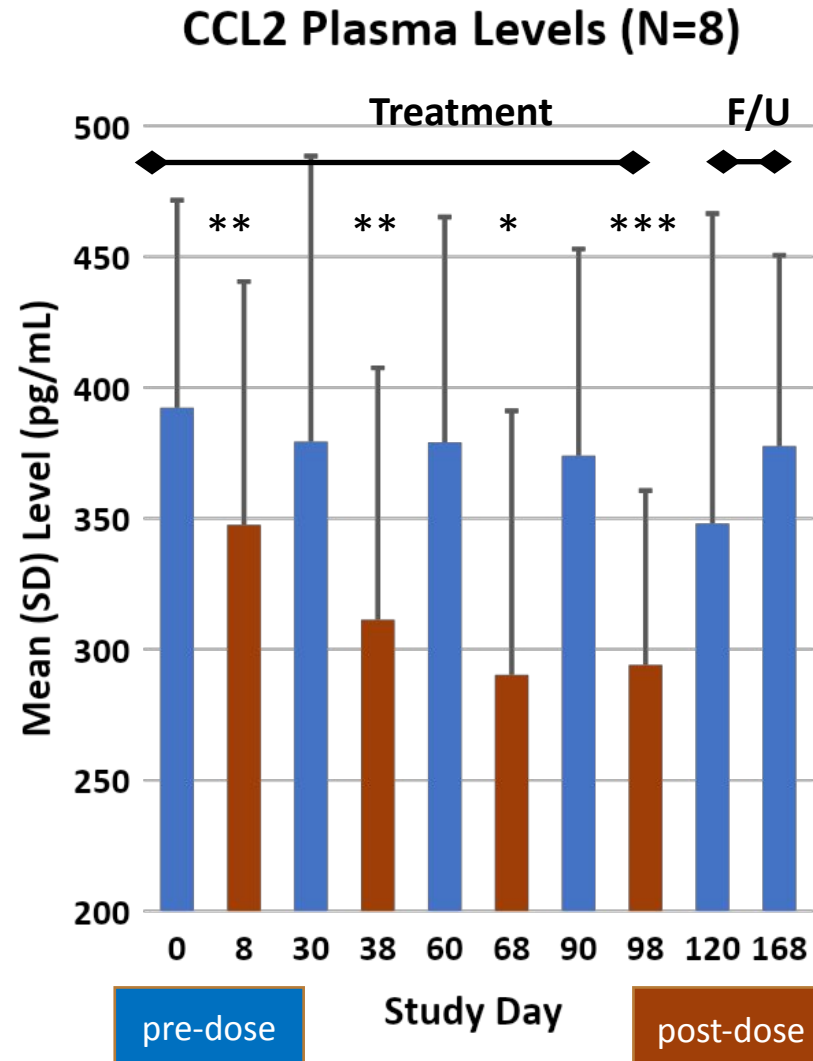
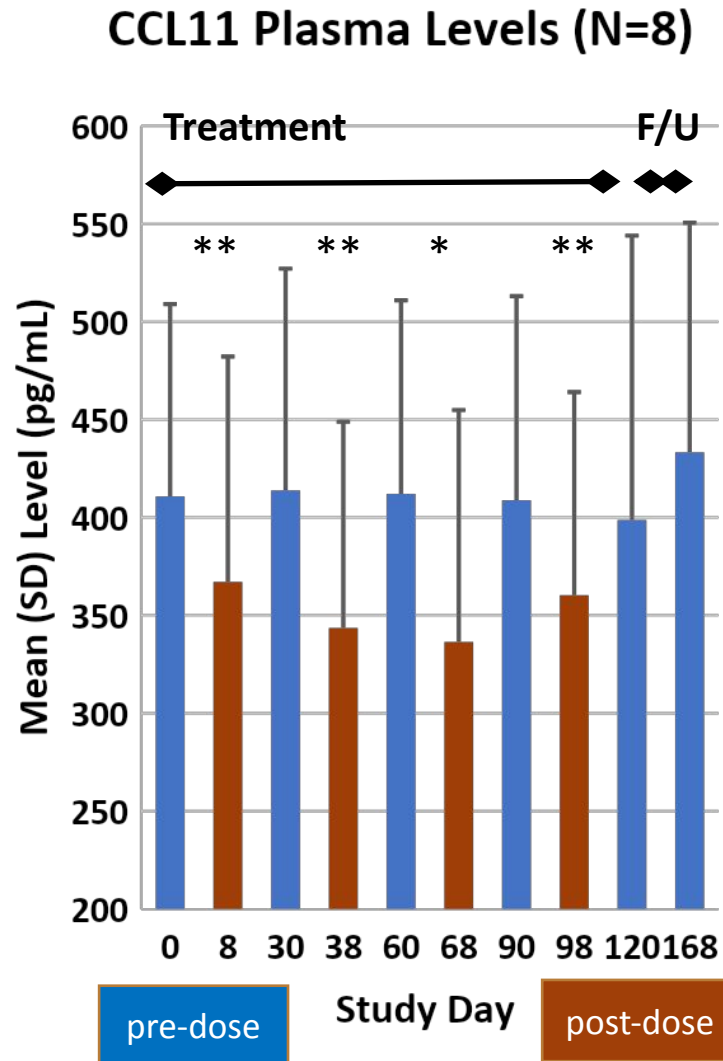
## Statistically Significant Enhancement of Treg Numbers



pre-dose post-dose

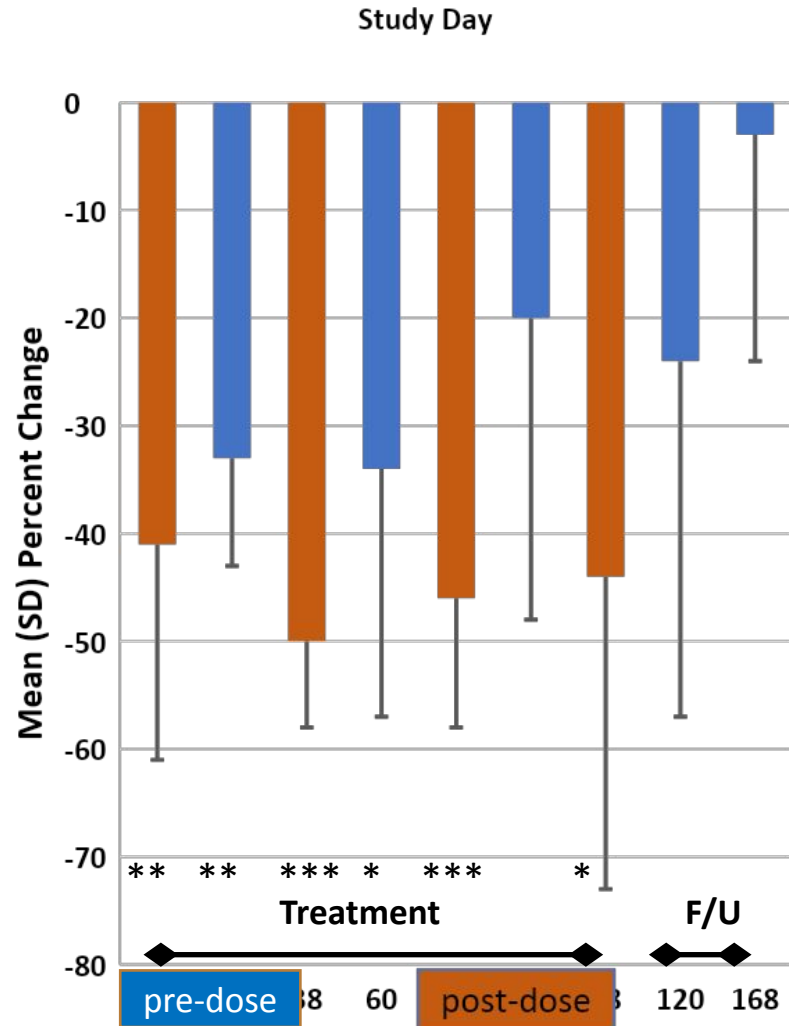
\*p<0.05, \*\*\*p<0.001

# COYA 301 Significantly Lowers Plasma Proinflammatory Chemokines and Cytokines in AD Patients

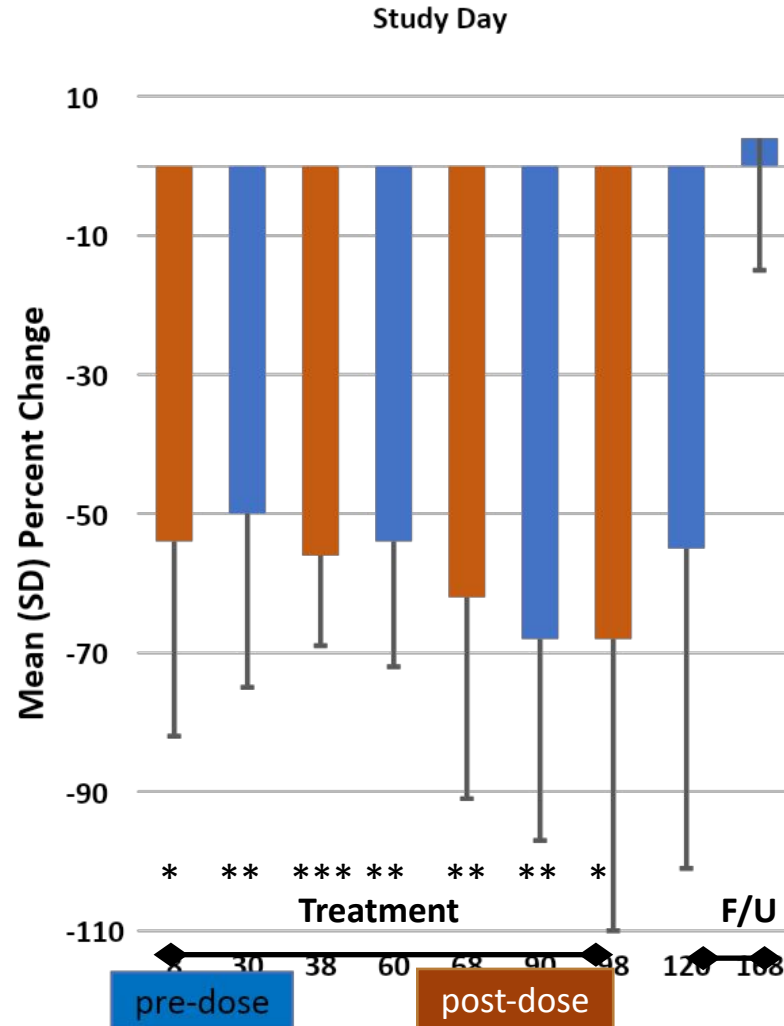


# COYA 301 Significantly Lowers Expression of Proinflammatory Cytokines in AD Patients

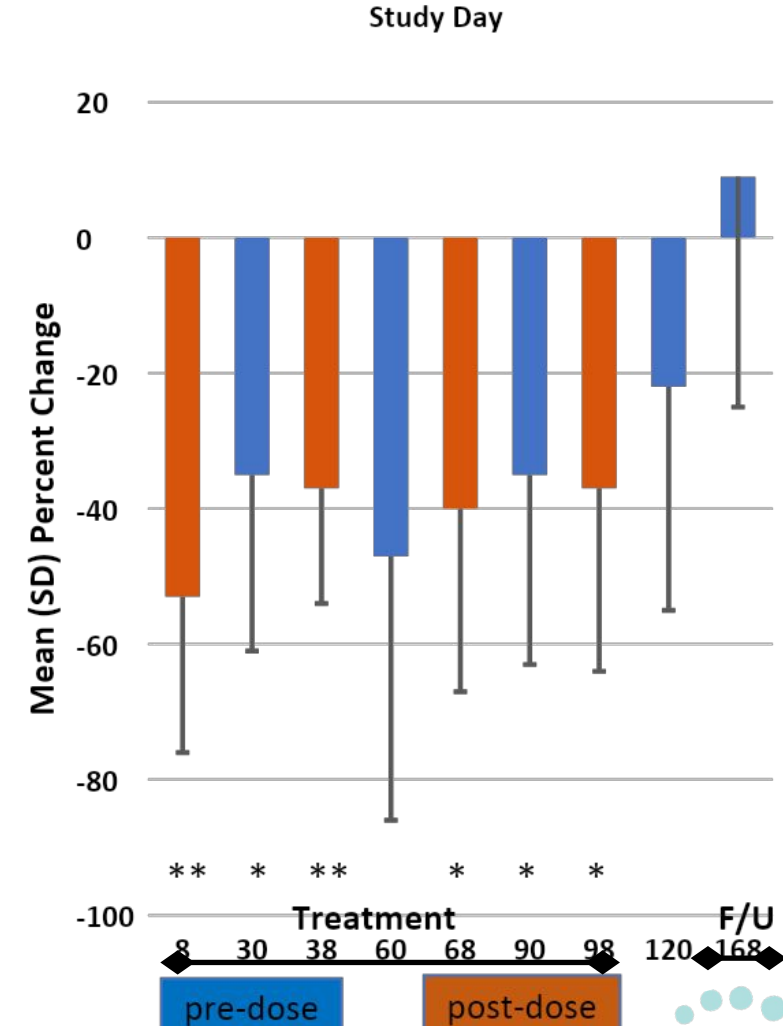
**TNF $\alpha$  Monocyte Expression**  
Percent Change from Baseline (N=5)



**IL-6 Monocyte Expression**  
Mean Change from Baseline (N=5)

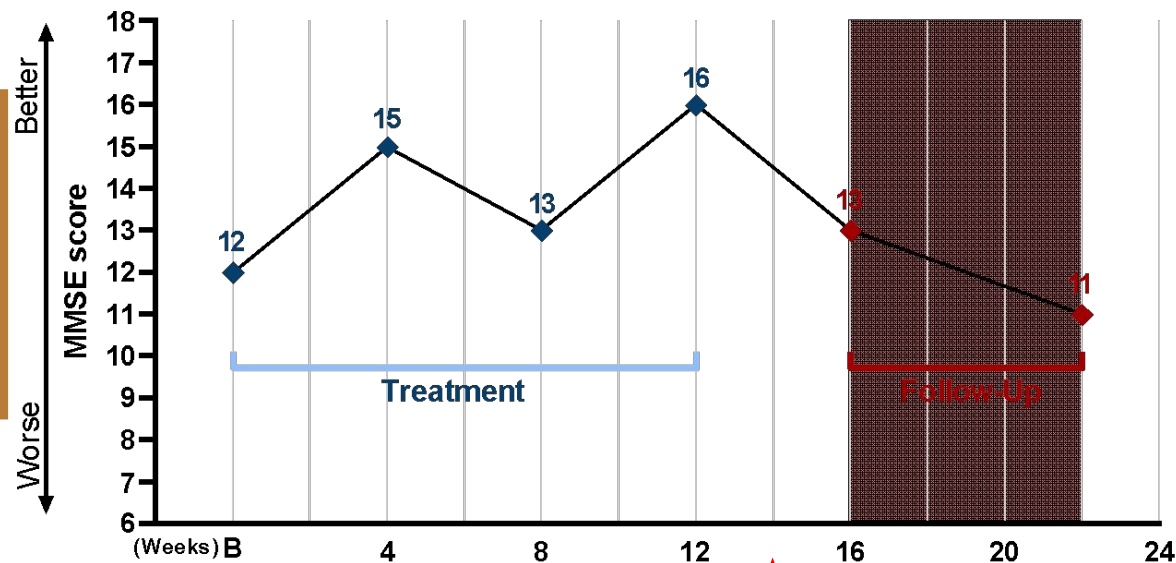


**IL-1 $\beta$  Monocyte Expression**  
Mean Change from Baseline (N=5)



# Case Study of Brain Imaging of AD Patient before and after COYA 301 treatment

### Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE)



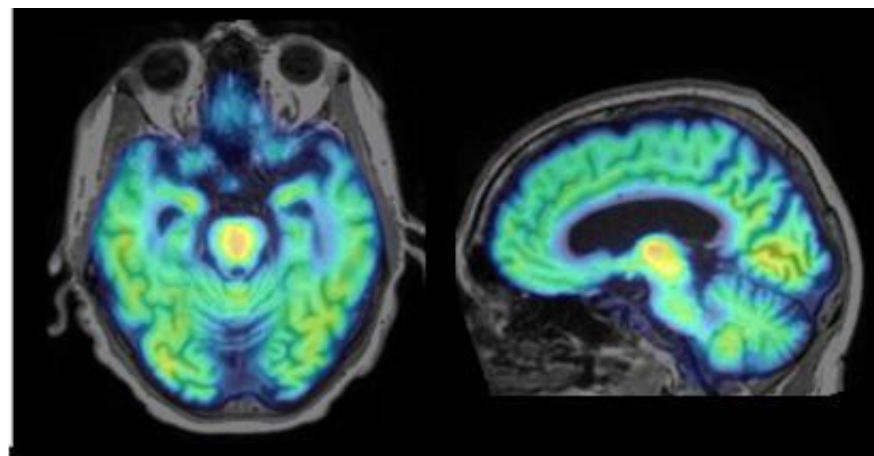
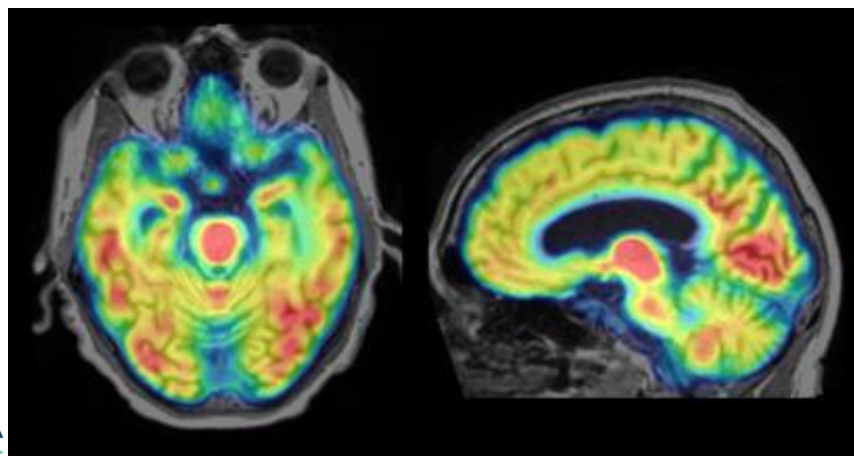
Neuroinflammation (TSPO) (<sup>11</sup>C) ER-176 PET Scan at baseline and after 4-monthly cycles of low dose IL-2.

The second PET scan was done 2 weeks after last dose.

PET: Positron Emission Tomography  
TSPO: translocator protein

PET Scan (Baseline)

PET Scan (2 weeks after last dose)



# COYA 301 Safety & Tolerability

- Overall, COYA 301 was well tolerated in patients with AD.
- Most common adverse events (AEs) were mild injection site reactions and mild leukopenia.
- All patients completed the study.
- No death or other serious AE occurred over the course of the study.

# COYA 301 as a Backbone for Combination Immunotherapy

↓ Activated T effector Cells

↓ Activated Macrophages/Microglia

↑ Treg Function  
and numbers

**COYA 301**

Subcutaneous  
Low-Dose  
Interleukin-2

**Backbone  
Therapy**

+

CTLA4 Ig

**COYA  
302**

Shown therapeutic  
benefit in ALS  
patients

Cytokine  
Inhibition

**COYA  
303\***

Neurodegenerative  
Autoimmune  
Metabolic

Ferroptosis  
Inhibitor

**COYA  
304\***

Neurodegenerative  
Autoimmune  
Metabolic

**Multifactorial inflammatory pathways may require synergistic combination therapies**

\* Opportunities for additional indications and partnerships

# Total Addressable Market Exceeding \$7B

## In the United States Alone:

ALS

Estimated 30k people in the US; The global market size is **\$673mm** in 2022<sup>1</sup>

FTD

Estimated 60k people in the US; US market size extrapolated to be **\$600mm**<sup>2,6</sup>

SLE

Estimated 1.5 million Americans and at least 5 million people worldwide have a form of lupus; Currently the US market is **\$2.8b**<sup>3</sup>

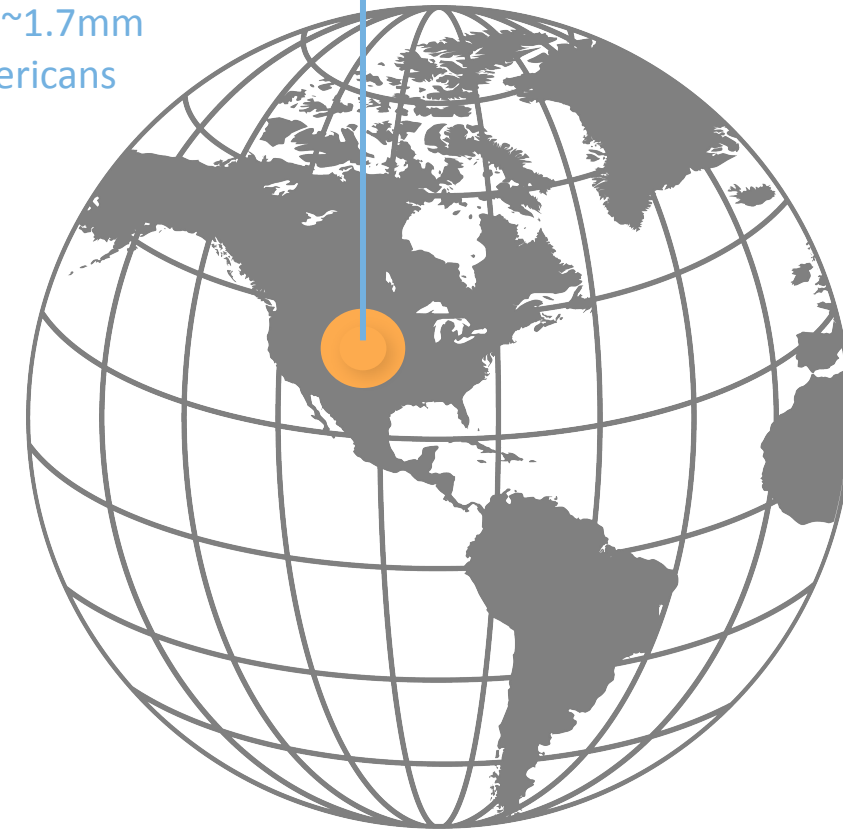
SSc

Estimated 125k cases in the US and perhaps 2.5 million worldwide; US market alone is **\$1.4b**<sup>4</sup>

HI&F

Estimated Liver Inflammation & Fibrosis' global market was **\$1.6b** in 2021, increasing to **\$24b** by 2028<sup>5</sup>

**US MARKET**  
Coya is looking to treat ~1.7mm Americans



# Multiple Near-Term Preclinical and Clinical Catalysts

	H1 2023	H2 2023	2024
<b>COYA 302</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis PoC IIT data presented (MDA Conference, March 2023)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis PoC IIT data publication in peer reviewed journal</li> <li>Biomarker data release for PoC study</li> <li>Pre-IND meeting with FDA</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IND Filing (Q1 2024)</li> <li>Initiate Phase 2 trial in Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (Q1 2024)</li> </ul>
<b>COYA 301</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alzheimer's Disease PoC IIT data presented (Keystone Conference, May 2023)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alzheimer's Disease PoC IIT data presentation (AAIC, July 2023), (ANA, September 2023)</li> <li>Alzheimer's Disease PoC IIT data publication in peer reviewed journal</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Topline data of academic investigator Initiated Phase 2 double blind trial in Alzheimer's Disease (1H 2024)</li> </ul>
<b>COYA 201</b> (Neurodegenerative, Autoimmune, Metabolic Diseases)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Preclinical in-vivo efficacy data</li> <li>Disease-specific Animal Model Validation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Completion of pharmacology in multiple models</li> </ul>
<b>COYA 206</b> (Undisclosed)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Target validation</li> <li>Customized cargo validation</li> <li>Data presentation at scientific symposia</li> </ul>	

# Coya Therapeutics' Highlights



## Focused on Regulatory T Cells (Tregs)

- **Most clinically-advanced company focused on Treg-modulating therapies**
- Multi-modality approach:
  - Biologics (COYA 300 series)
  - Exosomes (COYA 200 series)



## Strong Early Clinical Data

- **COYA 301 completed PoC IIT study\*** in Alzheimer's Disease (AD)
- **COYA 302 completed PoC IIT study\*** in Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS)
- COYA 200 series for neurodegenerative diseases, autoimmune / inflammatory conditions, and metabolic diseases



## Multiple Near-Term Catalysts (12-18 months)

- **COYA 301** clinical Phase 1 PoC data in Alzheimer's Disease (AD): AAIC (July 2023), ANA (September 2023), Peer-Reviewed publication (2H 2023), Academic double-blind Phase 2 PoC top-line data (2H 2024)
- **COYA 302** PoC biomarker data release (2H 2023), IND filing and Phase 2 initiation in ALS (Q1 2024), Peer-Reviewed publication (2H 2023)
- **COYA 200** Platform Series animal model validation data/ out-license discussions
- **COYA 206** target validation & custom cargo validation (2H 2023)/ out-license discussions