FiscalNote (NOTE)
Management Presentation
Q2 2023

**FiscalNote** 



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Certain statements herein may be considered forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. Forward-looking statements generally relate to future events or FiscalNote's future financial or operating performance. Statements regarding FiscalNote's financial outlook for future periods, expectations regarding profitability, capital resources and anticipated growth in the industry in which FiscalNote operates are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "pro forma," "may," "should," "could," "might," "plan," "possible," "project," "strive," "budget," "forecast," "expect," "intend," "will," "estimate," "anticipate," "believe," "predict," "potential" or "continue," or the negatives of these terms or variations of them or similar terminology. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that may impact such forward-looking statements include: FiscalNote's ability to effectively manage its growth; FiscalNote's future capital requirements; demand for FiscalNote's services and the drivers of that demand; FiscalNote's ability to attract and retain customers, and expand its offerings with existing customers; FiscalNote's ability to successfully execute its acquisition strategy; FiscalNote's ability to develop, enhance, and integrate its existing platforms, products, and services; risks associated with international operations; potential technical disruptions, cyberattacks, security, privacy or data breaches or other technical or security incidents; competition and competitive pressures; FiscalNote's ability to adequately protect its intellectual property rights.

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## WHAT WE DO

Deliver a SaaS-based platform for critical political, legislative and regulatory data and insights

## **Clear Value Proposition**

Crucial technology and embedded workflows on the desks of the world's decision makers

#### FiscalNote Value

#### Select FiscalNote Customers

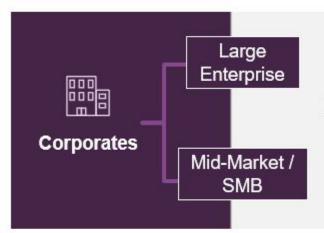


Secure government funding to support national security and engage in global diplomacy









Navigate increasingly complex regulatory, policy and geopolitical landscape and manage risk related to key issues such as ESG, data privacy and antitrust, supply chain management















Advocate to elected officials to ensure access to funding and protection of interests







## Why It Matters

Boards and CEOs Face Increasing Global Regulations and Uncertainty



- "Broadly speaking, I think, we as a sector need to do a better job clarifying with policymakers that, in order to invest in innovation...we need a pricing environment that rewards innovation, particularly when it improves outcomes for patients."
- CEO Vas Narasimhan Q4 2022 Earnings Call



"Higher interest rates lead to the economy running leaner, more geopolitical instability leads to more volatility, and increased regulation leads to slower growth and increased costs of innovation...given this outlook, we'll need to operate more efficiently than our previous headcount reduction to ensure success."

— CEO Mark Zuckerberg 2023 Memo to Employees



- "Political instability, changes to the regulatory environment or taxation, international trade disputes and barriers to free trade, international sanctions, expropriation or nationalization of property, civil strife, strikes, insurrections, acts of terrorism, acts of war and public health situations...may disrupt or curtail our operations or development activities."
- BP 2020 Annual Report

"We need governments to provide clear pathways and a consistent taxonomy for sustainability policy, regulation, and disclosure across markets."

— CEO Larry Fink
2022 Letter to CEOs

BlackRock.

#### More than half

of surveyed global CEOs reported that changes in

regulation will be the biggest impact to profitability in their industry in the next 10 years<sup>1</sup>

## FiscalNote Snapshot

Compounding Growth, Strong Retention, **High Gross Margins** 





\$120M ARR1

As of June 30, 2023



Y/Y GAAP Revenue Growth %



**60+** of the Fortune 100

Are FiscalNote customers



Adjusted Gross Margin<sup>2</sup>

Q2 2023



**16**%



Net Revenue Retention<sup>1</sup>

Q2 2023



Fast track to positive Adj. EBITDA<sup>2</sup>

Projected in Q3  $2023^{3}$ 



\$38M Cash<sup>4</sup>

Sufficiently capitalized to support growth



#### **Diverse Revenue Base**

Balanced across enterprise, government and mid-market accounts

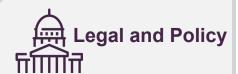
All Data presented is as of June 30, 2023

- (1) "Annual Recurring Revenue" or "ARR" and "Net Revenue Retention" or "NRR", are key performance indicators (KPIs).
- (2) Non-GAAP measure. Please see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for definitions and important disclosures regarding these financial measures, including reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure
- (3) Because of the variability of items impacting net income and unpredictability of future events, management is unable to reconcile without unreasonable effort the company's forecasted adjusted EBITDA to a comparable GAAP measure.
- (4) As of June, 2023
- (5) Customers refer to individual buyers within a parent organization.



## **Category Creator**

Crucial AI technology and embedded workflows on the desks of the world's decision makers



**Fiscal Note** 



S&P CAPITAL IQ

**Bloomberg** 



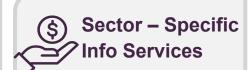
EV/23 Rev Multiple\*: 9.0x





PeopleSoft





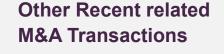


















EV/23 Rev Multiple\*: 6.7x

EV/23 Rev Multiple\*: 8.4x

\* Sourced from Factset and represents Average EV/23 Revenue Multiple for the public entities listed in each segment as of July 7,2023

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## FiscalNote Growth Opportunity Investment Highlights

Large, Growing Al and Data-Driven **Disciplined Market Opportunity** Workflow M&A **Multiple Avenues Diverse Blue Chip Customer Base** of Organic Growth



## Large and Expanding Market Opportunity

Info Solutions

TAM: \$314BN<sup>1</sup>

Proliferation of regulatory complexity

**Clear Market Tailwinds** 

Lack of systems to track, assess and report

Demand for workflow efficiency and automation

Increasing use of data and information in decision-making

Need for aggregation and standardization

Legal & Regulatory Info

Enterprise

**TAM: \$40BN**<sup>2</sup>

(1) Outsell: Market landscape (as of August 12, 2021), denotes estimated TAM in 2020.

(2) Outsell: Market landscape (as of April 24, 2023)



## **Blue Chip Diverse Client Base**

Relied upon and recognized across major public and private sector customers









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## The FiscalNote Solution



#### Data

Unrivaled Information & Global Need-to-Know Policies



#### **Workflow**

Embedded Workflows to Manage Regulatory Risk



#### **Analytics**

Al-Powered Actionable Intelligence



#### Research

Differentiated & Mission-Critical Commentary on Policy

#### Combining Data, Analytics & Workflow to Drive Actionable Insights



Secure Government Funding



Generate Incremental Revenue



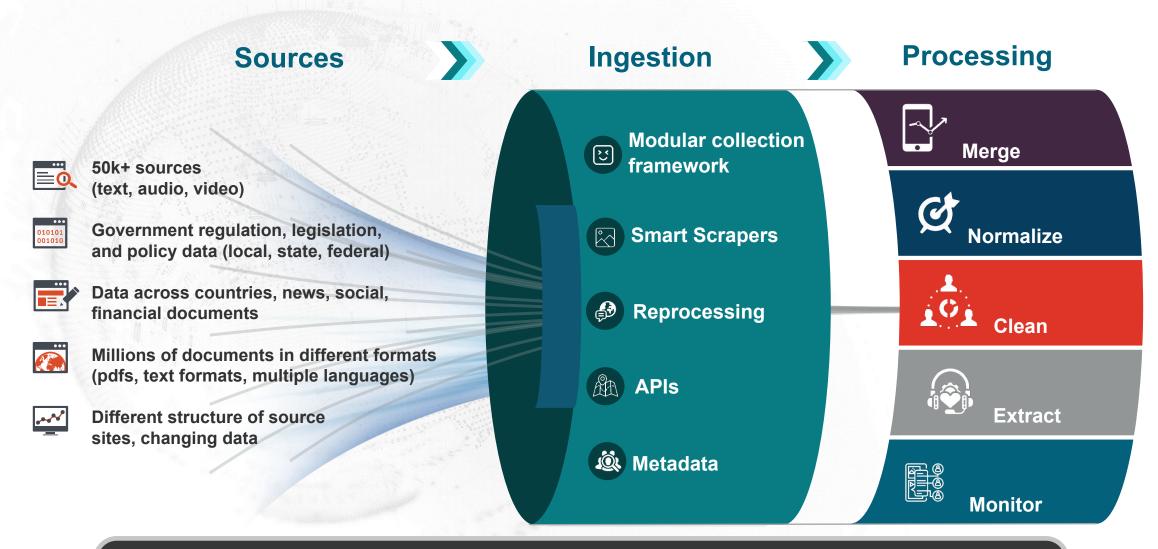
Minimize Costs



Mitigate Reputational Risk



## Proprietary Ingestion and Processing Infrastructure with AI at the Core

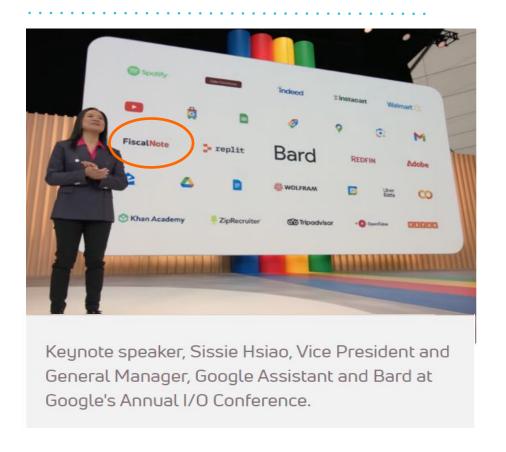


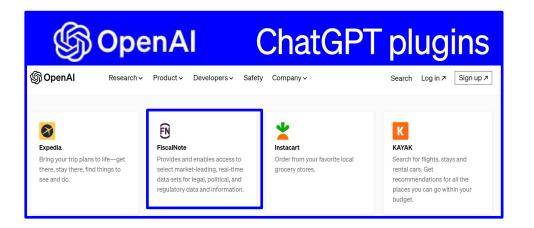
Human Augmentation layered in both ingestion and processing steps

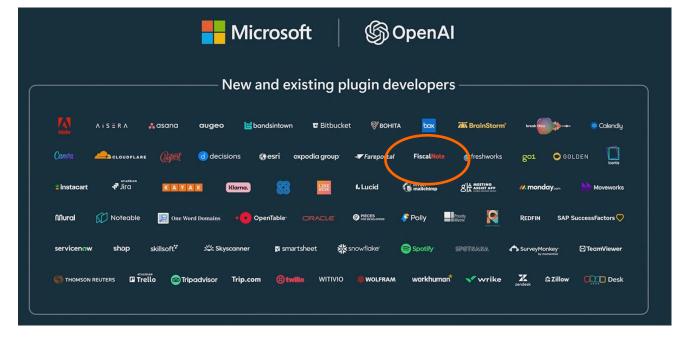


## FiscalNote Al Leadership

Recognition from the world's most prominent AI organizations







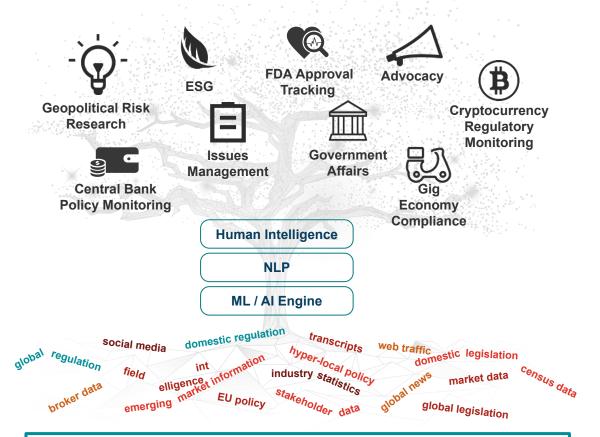


## Leveraging Core Technology for Organic Product Growth

#### **New Adjacent Market Opportunities**



#### **Regulated Sectors of the Future**



Potential for long term investment in commercialization of Al technology and alternative data







**Gig Economy** 

US-China Relations







Online Sports Betting

Cybersecurity



Diversity & Inclusion



Cannabis



Telehealth

Leverage strengths in scaling data and workflow to develop vertically integrated solutions for high growth regulated sectors of the future



## Building on our Track Record of Disciplined, Accretive M&A

#### **Proven Strategies**

- Playbook for acquisition and integration
- Track record of value creation through acquisition of datasets and cross / upselling key customer segments
- Dedicated team of M&A professionals
- Well-supported by CFO, GC and internal stakeholders

#### **Key Winning Factors**

- Transaction structure
- Alignment of interests
- Scale and platform benefits
- Culture
- Non-competitive situations (i.e. not auctions)

#### Criteria

- Deeply embedded customers
- Large market share
- Limited strategic options
- High subscription revenue streams
- Ability to cross-sell / up-sell
- Sub-sectors with competitive fragmentation

#### **Key Statistics**

17

Acquisitions since 2015<sup>1</sup>

#### ~\$37MM

Incremental M&A run-rate revenue<sup>2</sup> in 2021

3

New international operational footprints in 2021 (UK, AU, SG)

#### **Selected M&A Integrations**

#### **Fact**Squared

- Reduced cost + incremental capability
- Millions of dollars of future outsourced vendor expenses expected to be saved through Al-powered transcription
- Core technology contributes to other R&D initiatives



- Broader data coverage to key local data sets
- Cross Sell within two days of close
- Clients facing increasing exposure to local legislation and regulation

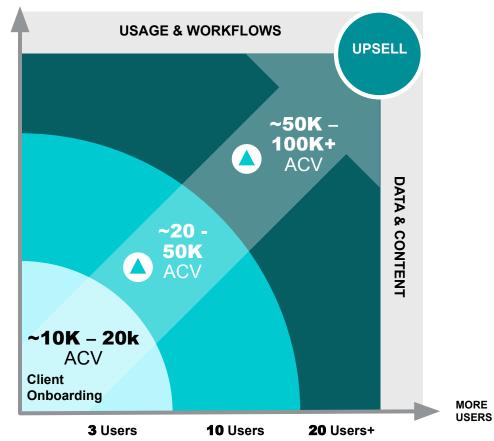


## Fueling our "Land and Expand" Strategy Via Cross & Upsell

Relied upon and recognized across major public and private sector customers



ADDITIONAL DATA SETS ISSUES GEOGRAPHIES PRODUCTS









## **Enterprise Customer Journey: Case Study**

## Large Energy Company



#### FiscalNote Value:

- Centralize efforts of disparate teams across government, corporate, legislative and regulatory affairs
- Manage and track policy and regulatory across all 50 states



#### **Buyers:**

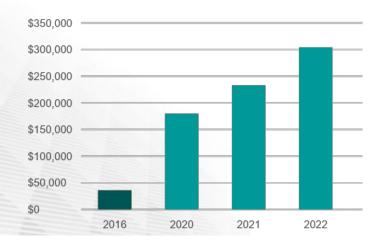
Operations manager, Corporate Affairs; VP & GM Government Affairs



#### **Initial business challenge / solution:**

- Frequent reorgs made continuity and communications across teams challenging.
- Selected FiscalNote products to centralize efforts of several disparate teams that sit under the Strategy, Policy & Development department which oversees government affairs, corporate affairs and legislative & regulatory affairs

ACCOUNT ARR GROWTH



#### **EXPANSION JOURNEY**

- 2016 Initial user of congressional data
- FiscalNote sales team introduced our core FiscalNote product and regulatory data to centralize efforts of disparate teams across government, corporate, legislative and regulatory affairs
- 2020 Expanded to include European data (EUIT)
- Expanded US Policy analysis to include 14 additional policy issues. Allows company to visualize their policy and tracking efforts across all 50 states and provide reports for senior leaders to share across teams.
- Expanded number of users within the organization

#### Potential growth opportunities:

Expanding policy coverage to International Government Affairs and Corporate Affairs team to additional priority global markets





## **Enterprise Customer Journey: Case Study**

## Global eCommerce Company



#### FiscalNote Value:

- Modernized process for tracking global policy
- A more proactive policy engagement program for multiple business units across dozens of countries and issues



#### **Buyers:**

EU Policy Manager within the EU Public Policy department Legal department

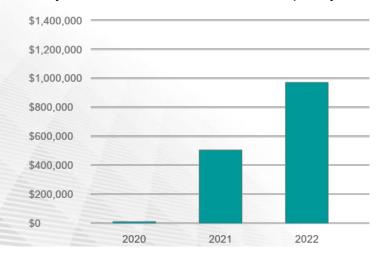
Multiple divisions and departments



#### Initial business challenge / solution:

- Faced regulatory pressures and fines from the EU.
- Selected FiscalNote to monitor and analyze EU policies and regulations and engage proactively to understand and influence policymaking





#### **EXPANSION JOURNEY**

- 2019 Initial user of EU data
- FiscalNote selected to modernize the customer's legal process for tracking global policy intelligence, to monitor three key issue areas across 40 countries and provide detailed dashboards to track sanctions
- Expanded to new division, five additional users for FiscalNote US local, state, federal policy data
- Expanded to another division, 10 additional users for FiscalNote state and medical board monitoring
- Selected by another division for policy monitoring across five issue areas, 16 countries and two multi-national bodies
- Client added additional countries for policy monitoring of two new issue areas

#### Potential growth opportunities:

Additional countries, issue area coverage and other business units





## **Enterprise Customer Journey: Case Study**

## Global Technology Company



#### FiscalNote Value:

- Centralized, integrated processes for tracking global policy
- Comprehensive intelligence about key policies impacting the customer, including monitoring specific policy elements (i.e. public consultations, multilateral negotiations).
- A dashboard of key regulatory issues, and valuable intelligence (likelihood of passage, products impacted) across 13+ issues across 35 countries



#### **Buyers:**

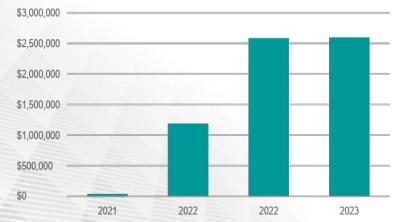
Global Affairs and Public Policy Manager



#### **Initial business challenge / solution:**

- Inefficient and ineffective manual process for global policy monitoring
- Selected FiscalNote global policy for 13 issues across 20 countries.





#### **EXPANSION JOURNEY**

- Small user of FiscalNote congressional information
- FiscalNote selected by public policy team to implement a global policy monitoring solution across 20 countries (trial solution)
- Expanded the types of policies monitored, categories of information and jurisdictions and other relevant elements (e.g. likelihood of passage, products impacted)
- Expanded attribute list for 13 issues across 35 countries (a 15 country upsell). Customized reporting and dashboards to meet demands of various stakeholders

#### Potential growth opportunities:

Additional countries, issue area coverage and attribute coverage (i.e. judicial enforcement)



## Managed by a Visionary, Founder-led Team with Strong Track Record





















Josh Resnik President & COO **Chief Operating Officer** 













Co-Founder, Chief Strategy Officer, Global Head of ESG,



Scale

**Businesses at** 

**Operating** 

**Public Company Experience** 

**Executing** M&A Deals

Silicon Valley **Experience** 

Inside DC Experience



**Krystal Putman-**Garcia **Chief Marketing Officer** 





















**GANNETT** 

**Fiscal Note** fiscalnote.com

## **Experienced Leadership Guiding the Organization at the Board-level**



TIM HWANG Co-Founder, Chairman & Chief Executive Officer, FiscalNote



GERALD YAO
Co-Founder, Chief Strategy Officer, & Global Head of ESG,
FiscalNote



MIKE CALLAHAN
General Counsel of Rivian; former General Counsel of Yahoo, LinkedIn, and Auction.Com



**KEY COMPTON**Co-Founder And Managing Director, GPO Fund



MANOJ JAIN
Co-Chief Investment Officer And Co-Founder Of Maso
Capital



**GEN. STANLEY MCCHRYSTAL (RET.)** Former U.S. Four-Star General



KEITH NILSSON
Co-Founder And Managing Partner, Xplorer Capital



ANNA SEDGLEY
Chief Financial Officer, Bauer Media Group and Former
CFO/COO, Dow Jones & Co.



BRANDON SWEENEY Chief Revenue Officer, Hashicorp And Former SVP, Worldwide Sales At Vmware

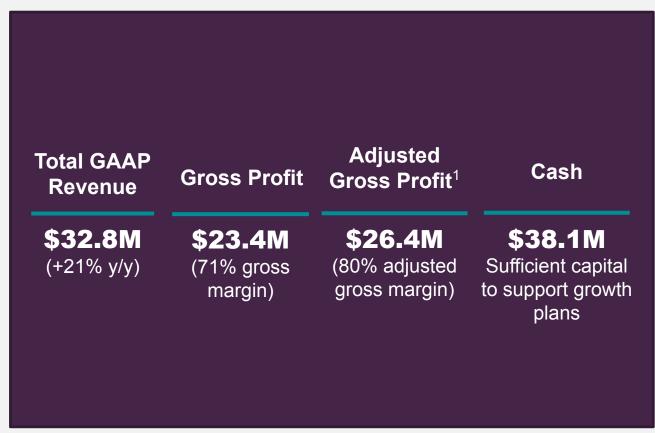


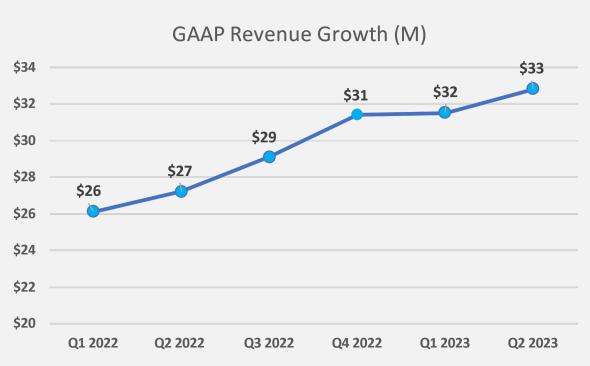
CONRAD YIU
Co-Founder and Partner, AS1 Growth Partners

# Q2 2023 Summary FY 2023 Guidance

**FiscalNote** 

## **2Q 2023 Financial Summary**







<sup>(1)</sup> Non-GAAP measure. Please see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for definitions and important disclosures regarding these financial measures, including reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

## FY 2023 Guidance:

- GAAP revenue of \$136 to \$138 million, representing 20% to 21% year over year growth inclusive of the Company's recent acquisition of Dragonfly Eye, Ltd.
- Total run-rate revenue<sup>(1)(2)</sup> of \$143 million to \$150 million representing growth of 13% to 18% over the prior year inclusive of the Company's recent acquisition of Dragonfly Eye, Ltd.
- An **adjusted EBITDA**<sup>(3)</sup> loss of \$8 million to \$6 million for the year<sup>(4)</sup>, marking an improvement of approximately 71% year-over-year at the midpoint.
- Pulled forward its expectation to achieve positive Adjusted EBITDA. Now expects to achieve the inflection point of Adjusted EBITDA profitability in the third quarter of 2023<sup>(4)</sup> and ongoing positive adjusted EBITDA beyond this milestone.
- Full year guidance indicates the Company will achieve a fourth quarter 2023 adjusted EBITDA<sup>(3)(4)</sup> margin of 7% to 12%.

(2) Total run rate revenue includes completed acquisitions but does not include any future acquisitions under consideration.

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<sup>(1) &</sup>quot;Run-Rate Revenue," is a key performance indicator (KPIs). Please see "Key Performance Indicators" in our earnings release for the definitions and important disclosures regarding these measures.

<sup>(3)</sup> Non-GAAP measure. Please see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" in this presentation for definitions and important disclosures regarding these financial measures, including reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

<sup>(4)</sup> Because of the variability of items impacting net income and unpredictability of future events, management is unable to reconcile without unreasonable effort the Company's forecasted adjusted EBITDA to a comparable GAAP measure.

## Summary

## Why FiscalNote

- Large, growing market with tailwinds from increasing regulatory and geopolitical complexities
- Diverse, blue chip customer base providing a durable asset for upsells and cross-sells
- All and data-driven workflows differentiate FiscalNote and help customers turn insights into action
- Multiple avenues of growth across adjacent verticals, geographies & regulated industries
- M&A track record, and opportunities for market consolidation
- On path for Adjusted EBITDA profitability in Q3 of 2023, a quarter earlier than expected.

## Addendum

**FiscalNote** 

#### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

#### **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

In addition to financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, we use certain non-GAAP financial measures to clarify and enhance our understanding, and aid in the period-to-period comparison, of our performance. Where applicable, we provide reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures to the corresponding most closely related GAAP measure. Investors are encouraged to review the reconciliation of each of these non-GAAP financial measures to its most comparable GAAP financial measures. While we believe that these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful supplemental information, non-GAAP financial measures have limitations and should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, their most comparable GAAP measures. These non-GAAP financial measures are not prepared in accordance with GAAP, do not reflect a comprehensive system of accounting and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies due to potential differences in their financing and accounting methods, the book value of their assets, their capital structures, the method by which their assets were acquired and the manner in which they define non-GAAP measures.

#### **Adjusted Revenue**

Adjusted revenue represents revenue adjusted to include amounts that would have been recognized if deferred revenue was not adjusted to fair value in connection with acquisition accounting. Adjusted revenue is presented because we use this measure to evaluate performance of our business against prior periods and believe it is useful for investors as an indicator of the underlying performance of our business. Adjusted revenue is not a recognized term under U.S. GAAP. Adjusted revenue does not represent revenues, as that term is defined under GAAP, and should not be considered as an alternative to revenues as an indicator of our operating performance. Adjusted revenue as presented herein is not necessarily comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies.

#### **Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Margin**

We define Adjusted Gross Profit as Adjusted Revenue minus cost of revenues, before amortization of intangible assets that are included in costs of revenues. We define Adjusted Gross Profit Margin as Adjusted Gross Profit divided by Adjusted Revenue. We use Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Margin to understand and evaluate our core operating performance and trends. We believe these metrics are useful measures to us and to our investors to assist in evaluating our core operating performance because they provide consistency and direct comparability with our past financial performance and between fiscal periods, as the metrics eliminate the non-cash effects of amortization of intangible assets and deferred revenue, which are non-cash impacts that may fluctuate for reasons unrelated to overall operating performance. Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Margin have limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. They should not be considered as replacements for gross profit and gross profit margin, as determined by GAAP, or as measures of our profitability. We compensate for these limitations by relying primarily on our GAAP results and using non-GAAP measures only for supplemental purposes. Adjusted Gross Profit Margin as presented herein are not necessarily comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies.

#### EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are non-GAAP financial measures. EBITDA represents earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA financial measures are not indicative of ongoing operations. We define Adjusted EBITDA Margin as Adjusted EBITDA divided by Adjusted Revenue. We disclose EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin herein because these non-GAAP measures are key measures used by management to evaluate our business, measure our operating performance and make strategic decisions. We believe that EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are useful for investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results in the same manner as management. EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin are not financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as substitutes for net loss, net loss before income taxes, or any other operating performance measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Using these non-GAAP financial measures to analyze our business would have material limitations because the calculations are based on the subjective determination of management regarding the nature and classification of events and circumstances that investors may find significant. In addition, although other companies in our industry may report measures titled EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin or similar measures, such non-GAAP financial measures may be calculated differently from how we calculate non-GAAP financial measures, which reduces their comparability. Because of these limitations, you should consider EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin alongside other financial performance measures, including net income and our other financial results presented in accordance with GAAP.



## **Q2 2023 Summary - Reconciliation to non-GAAP measures**

#### **Adjusted Revenues**

The following table presents our calculation of Adjusted Revenues for the periods presented, and a reconciliation of this measure to our GAAP revenues for the same periods:

	Three Months Er	nded June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(in thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Subscription revenue	\$ 29,462	\$ 24,332	\$ 57,929	\$ 47,111	
Deferred revenue adjustment	-	737	-	1,730	
Adjusted subscription revenue	29,462	25,069	57,929	48,841	
Advisory, advertising, and other revenue	3,380	2,842	6,442	6,134	
Adjusted revenues	\$ 32,842	\$ 27,911	\$ 64,371	\$ 54,975	

#### **Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Margin**

The following table presents our calculation of Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Margin for the periods presented

	Three Months Er	nded June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(in thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Adjusted Revenues	\$ 32,842	\$ 27,911	\$ 64,371	\$ 54,975	
Costs of revenue	(9,485)	(7,712)	(18,422)	(14,882)	
Amortization of intangible assets	3,061	2,009	5,658	3,832	
Adjusted Gross Profit	\$ 26,418	\$ 22,208	\$ 51,607	\$ 43,925	
Adjusted Gross Margin	80%	80%	80%	80%	



## Q2 2023 Summary - Reconciliation to non-GAAP measures

#### EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

	Three Months E	Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(in thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Net loss	\$ (30,973)	\$ (38,360)	\$ (50,246)	\$ (66,711)	
Income tax provision / (benefit)	213	(176)	243	(550)	
Depreciation and amortization	6,297	4,914	12,044	9,631	
Interest expense, net	7,154	24,255	13,835	46,778	
EBITDA	(17,309)	(9,367)	(24,124)	(10,852)	
Deferred revenue adjustment (a)	-	737	-	1,730	
Stock-based compensation	5,482	565	11,988	825	
Change in fair value of financial instruments (b)	2,987	2,048	(11,693)	3,386	
Other non-cash (gains) charges (c)	58	271	5,931	(8,338)	
Acquisition related costs (d)	157	500	1,379	572	
Employee severance costs (e)	381	-	750	-	
Non-capitalizable debt raising costs	110	-	316	403	
Other infrequent costs (f)	-	-	-	20	
Costs incurred related to the transaction (g)	150	256	334	459	
Loss contingency (h)	3,722	-	3,890	-	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (4,262)	\$ (4,990)	\$ (11,229)	\$ (11,795)	
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	(13.0)%	(17.9)%	(17.4)%	(21.5)%	

- (a) Reflects deferred revenue fair value adjustments arising from the purchase price allocation in connection with the 2021 Acquisitions.
- Reflects the non-cash impact from the mark to market adjustments on our financial instruments.
- (c) Reflects the non-cash impact of the following:
  - (i) impairment of goodwill of \$5,837 in the first quarter of 2023.
  - loss from equity method investment of \$34 in the first quarter of 2023 and \$56 in the second quarter of 2023,
  - (iii) charge of \$2 in the first quarter of 2023 and \$2 in the second quarter of 2023 from the change in fair value related to the contingent consideration and contingent compensation related to the 2021, 2022, and 2023 Acquisitions;
  - (iv) gain of \$1,320 in the first quarter of 2022 and a charge of \$271 in the second quarter of 2022 from the change in fair value related to the contingent consideration and contingent compensation related to the 2021 Acquisitions,
  - (v) gain of \$7,667 related to the partial forgiveness of our PPP Loan during the first guarter of 2022; and
  - (vi) \$378 impairment charge recognized in the first quarter of 2022 related to the abandonment of one of our leases upon adoption of ASC 842 on January 1, 2022..
- (d) Reflects the costs incurred to identify, consider, and complete business combination transactions consisting of advisory, legal, and other professional and consulting costs.
- Severance costs associated with workforce changes related to business realignment actions.
- (f) Costs incurred related to litigation we believe to be outside of our normal course of business totaling \$20 in the first quarter of 2022.
- (g) Includes non-capitalizable transaction costs associated with the Business Combination.
- Reflects: (i) \$3,474 non-cash loss contingency charge related to the settlement with GPO FN Noteholder LLC; and (ii) accounting and legal costs incurred associated with the settlement with GPO FN Noteholder LLC totaling \$168 in the first quarter of 2023 and \$248 in the second quarter of 2023.



## **Equity Capital - Fully Diluted Shares**

Represents shares and dilutive securities outstanding at various price per share levels, in millions

	Common Stock	\$3.62	\$5.50	\$7.50	\$10.50	\$12.50	\$15.00	\$20.00	\$25.00
Public Class A	Shares held by Affiliates	46.64	46.64	46.64	46.64	46.64	46.64	46.64	46.64
Fublic Class A	Shares held by Other Shareholders	73.64	73.64	73.64	73.64	73.64	73.64	73.64	73.64
Class B - Co-Founders Only		8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29
	Subtotal	128.58	128.58	128.58	128.58	128.58	128.58	128.58	128.58
	Potentially Dilutive								
de	SPAC Earnout Shares (i)	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.84	7.68	11.52	15.36	19.20
Outs	standing Seller Earnout (ii)	1.93	1.4	1.13	0.92	0.84	0.76	0.67	0.61
Emplo	oyee RSUs and Options (iii)	8.06	10.16	11.91	13.28	13.83	14.31	14.91	15.27
	Subtotal	9.99	11.57	13.04	18.04	22.34	26.59	30.93	35.08
<u>C</u>	onvertible Instruments								
	Public Warrants (iv)	0.0	0.0	0.32	3.98	4.74	4.74	4.74	4.74
	Private Warrants (iv)	0.0	0.0	0.26	3.33	4.56	5.63	6.97	7.78
	Convertible Notes (v)	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26
	New GPO Note (vi)	5.65	5.65	5.65	5.65	5.65	5.65	5.65	5.65
	Subtotal	7.91	7.91	8.49	15.22	17.21	18.28	19.62	20.43
	TOTAL AS OF 3/31/2023	146.48	148.05	150.11	161.84	168.13	173.44	179.13	184.08

Note: All dilutive shares outstanding are prepared on the treasury stock method based on the Company's closing stock price and shares outstanding at June 30, 2023.

<sup>(</sup>i) A total of 19.2mm deSPAC earnout shares are issuable to eligible FiscalNote affiliate and non-affiliate equity holders in five equal tranches of 3.8mm if the Company's stock trades at \$10.50/\$12.50/\$15.00/\$20.00/\$25.00 (subject to VWAP requirements)

<sup>(</sup>ii) Represent potentially issuable Class A shares in the event certain acquired businesses meet agreed upon revenue targets

<sup>(</sup>iii) Represent outstanding RSUs and Options exercisable into Class A shares as of June 30, 2023. RSUs generally vest over three years and Options generally vest over four years. Options calculated utilizing weighted average strike price pursuant to the treasury stock method.

<sup>(</sup>iv) Represent shares issuable upon the exercise of the public and private warrants issued by DSAC and assumed by FiscalNote upon the closing of the Business Combination. The effective per share strike price is \$7.32. The public warrants can be redeemed for \$.01 if the Company's stock price is greater than \$11.45. The private warrants cannot be redeemed for cash.

<sup>(</sup>v) Represent shares issuable upon conversion of \$12.2mm legacy convertible notes that did not convert as part of the Business Combination. These convertible notes mature in 2025 and accrue interest at 15% annually.

<sup>(</sup>vi) Represent shares issuable upon conversion of the New GPO Note pursuant to the Exchange and Settlement Agreement dated June 30, 2023. The New GPO Note has an initial principal value of \$46.8mm, accrues PIK interest for the first four quarters at 7.50% and is convertible by the holder at any time at a conversion price of \$8.28. **Fiscal Note** 

## **Glossary**

Al	Artificial intelligence (AI) refers to the simulation of human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think like humans and mimic their actions
ARR	Annual Recurring Revenue (ARR) is the value of the contracted recurring revenue components of term subscriptions normalized to a one-year period
NRR	Net Revenue Retention ("NRR") is calculated as ARR at the end of the period minus ARR contracted from new clients for which there is no historical revenue booked during the period, divided by the beginning ARR for the period. We calculate NRR at a parent account level. Customers from acquisitions are not included in NRR until they have been part of our consolidated results for 12 months.
Customers	Individual buyers within a parent organization
LTM	Referring to period consisting of the previous twelve (12) months
ML	Machine learning (ML) is a branch of artificial intelligence and computer science which focuses on the use of data and algorithms to imitate the way that humans learn, gradually improving its accuracy
Run-rate revenue	ARR (as defined above) plus non-subscription revenue earned during the last twelve months
<b>YTD</b>	Year to date (YTD) refers to the period of time beginning the first day of the current calendar year or fiscal year up to the current date

## Contact

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