

Q1 FY20

CARDINAL HEALTH, INC.
EARNINGS CALL

NOVEMBER 7, 2019

Forward-looking statements and GAAP reconciliation

Cautions Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements addressing expectations, prospects, estimates and other matters that are dependent upon future events or developments. These statements may be identified by words such as "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "believe," "will," "should," "could," "would," "project," "continue," "likely," and similar expressions, and include statements reflecting future results or guidance, statements of outlook and various accruals and estimates. These matters are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected, anticipated or implied. These risks and uncertainties include competitive pressures in Cardinal Health's various lines of business; the amount or rate of generic deflation and our ability to offset generic deflation and maintain other financial and strategic benefits through our generic sourcing venture with CVS Health and other components of our generics pharmaceutical program; risks associated with the distribution of opioids, including potential financial impact associated with the outcome of the ongoing lawsuits and investigations by certain governmental and regulatory authorities and the risks associated with the ongoing global settlement framework discussions, including the risk that we may fail to reach a settlement agreement or that a final settlement could require us to pay more than we currently anticipate; our ability to manage uncertainties associated with the pricing of branded pharmaceuticals, including decreased branded inflation and possible branded price reductions; risks associated with our ability to improve the performance of our Medical segment's Cardinal Health Brand Products business; uncertainties due to government health care reform; and risks associated with our cost savings initiatives, including the possibility that they could result in greater charges or expenses than we anticipate, could fail to achieve the desired efficiencies or strategic outcomes and could have unintended consequences, such as business disruption. Cardinal Health is subject to additional risks and uncertainties described in Cardinal Health's Form 10-K, Form 10-Q and Form 8-K reports and exhibits to those reports. This presentation reflects management's views as of November 7, 2019. Except to the extent required by applicable law, Cardinal Health undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement. In addition, this presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures. Cardinal Health provides definitions and reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures and their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures in the Financial Appendix at the end of this presentation and at ir.cardinalhealth.com.

Q1 results

An abstract graphic consisting of several thick, white, curved lines that sweep across the right side of the slide. The lines are of varying lengths and curves, creating a sense of motion and energy against the solid red background.

Q1 FY20 financial summary

	GAAP Basis (\$M) Q1 FY20	Non-GAAP Basis (\$M) Q1 FY20
Revenue % change	\$37,341 6%	N/A
Gross Margin % change	\$1,679 1%	N/A
SG&A % change	\$1,107 (4)%	\$1,102 (2)%
Operating Earnings/(Loss)¹ % change	\$(5,264) N.M.	\$577 6%
Interest & Other² % change	\$80 0%	N/A
Net Earnings/Loss^{1, 3} % change	\$(4,922) N.M.	\$378 (4)%
Diluted EPS^{1, 3} % change	\$(16.65)⁴ N.M.	\$1.27 (2)%

¹ GAAP results include a pre-tax charge of \$5.63 billion (\$5.14 billion after tax) for the estimated liability associated with lawsuits and claims brought against us by states and political subdivisions relating to the distribution of prescription opioid pain medications.

² The sum of other (income)/expense, net and interest expense, net.

³ Attributable to Cardinal Health, Inc.

⁴ Due to the net loss during the first quarter of fiscal 2020, potentially dilutive common shares have not been included in the denominator of the dilutive per share computation due to their anti-dilutive effect.

Please see appendix for GAAP to Non-GAAP reconciliations.

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Q1 FY20 Pharmaceutical segment results

	Q1 FY20 (\$M)	Q1 FY19 (\$M)	YoY change
Revenue	\$33,428	\$31,416	6%
Segment profit	\$398	\$409	-3%
Segment profit margin	1.19%	1.30%	-11 bps

Drivers:

Revenue

- + Pharmaceutical Distribution
- + Specialty Solutions

Segment profit

- Pharmaceutical Distribution customer contract renewals
- + Cost savings initiatives
- + Specialty Solutions

Q1 FY20 Medical segment results

	Q1 FY20 (\$M)	Q1 FY19 (\$M)	YoY change
Revenue	\$3,917	\$3,801	3%
Segment profit	\$170	\$135	26%
Segment profit margin	4.33%	3.55%	78 bps

Drivers:

Revenue

- + Products and distribution
- + Cardinal Health at Home
- Divestiture of the naviHealth business

Segment profit

- + Cost savings initiatives
- + Products and distribution
- + Services
- + Cardinal Health at Home
- Divestiture of the naviHealth business

FY20 outlook

FY20 financial expectations

	FY20 outlook	FY19 actual
Non-GAAP EPS	\$4.85 - \$5.10	\$5.28
Interest and other	\$295M - \$315M	\$309M
Non-GAAP ETR	24.0% - 26.0%	22.1%
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	292M - 297M	301M
Incremental cost savings	>\$130M	\$133M
Capital expenditures	\$320M - \$360M	\$328M

FY20 segment outlook

Segment	Revenue	Profit
Pharmaceutical	Mid-single digit percentage growth	High-single to low-double digit percentage decline
Medical	Low-single digit percentage growth	Low-double digit percentage growth



Q1 FY20

GAAP TO NON-GAAP RECONCILIATION
STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Cardinal Health, Inc. and Subsidiaries
GAAP / Non-GAAP Reconciliation¹

	SG&A ²	SG&A ² Growth Rate	Operating Earnings/ (Loss)	Operating Earnings/ Growth Rate	Earnings/ (Loss) Before Income Taxes	Provision for/ (Benefit from) Income Taxes	Net Earnings/ (Loss) ³	Net Earnings/ (Loss) ³ Growth Rate	Effective Tax Rate	Diluted EPS ^{3,4}	Diluted EPS ³ Growth Rate
(in millions, except per common share amounts)											
First Quarter 2020											
GAAP	1,107	(4)%	\$ (5,264)	N.M.	\$ (5,344)	\$ (423)	\$ (4,922)	N.M.	7.9 %	\$ (16.65)	N.M.
State opioid assessment related to prior fiscal years	(5)		5		5	1	4			0.01	
Restructuring and employee severance	—		30		30	8	22			0.08	
Amortization and other acquisition-related costs	—		132		132	34	98			0.33	
Impairments and (gain)/loss on disposal of assets	—		1		1	0	1			—	
Litigation (recoveries)/charges, net ⁵	—		5,673		5,673	498	5,175			17.51	
Non-GAAP	\$ 1,102	(2)%	\$ 577	6 %	\$ 496	\$ 117	\$ 378	(4)%	23.7 %	\$ 1.27	(2)%
First Quarter 2019											
GAAP	1,155	9 %	\$ 816	211 %	\$ 736	\$ 142	\$ 593	416 %	19.4 %	\$ 1.94	439 %
State opioid assessment related to prior fiscal years	(29)		29		29	8	21			0.07	
Restructuring and employee severance	—		32		32	8	24			0.08	
Amortization and other acquisition-related costs	—		156		156	36	120			0.39	
Impairments and (gain)/loss on disposal of assets	—		(511)		(511)	(134)	(377)			(1.23)	
Litigation (recoveries)/charges, net	—		19		19	5	14			0.05	
Non-GAAP	1,126	6 %	\$ 542	(11)%	\$ 461	\$ 65	\$ 396	14 %	14.0 %	\$ 1.29	18 %

¹For more information on these measures, refer to the Use of Non-GAAP Measures and Definitions schedules.

²Distribution, selling, general and administrative expenses.

³Attributable to Cardinal Health, Inc.

⁴First quarter fiscal 2020 GAAP diluted loss per share attributable to Cardinal Health, Inc. ("GAAP diluted EPS") and the EPS impact from the GAAP to non-GAAP per share reconciling items are calculated using a weighted average of 296 million common shares, which excludes potentially dilutive securities from the denominator due to their anti-dilutive effects resulting from our GAAP net loss for the quarter. First quarter fiscal 2020 non-GAAP diluted EPS is calculated using a weighted average of 297 million common shares, which includes potentially dilutive shares.

⁵Litigation (recoveries)/charges, net includes a pre-tax charge of \$5.63 billion (\$5.14 billion after tax) recorded in the first quarter of fiscal 2020 related to the opioid litigation.

The sum of the components may not equal the total due to rounding.

We generally apply varying tax rates depending on the item's nature and tax jurisdiction where it is incurred.

Cardinal Health, Inc. and Subsidiaries
GAAP / Non-GAAP Reconciliation¹

	Operating Earnings	Operating Earnings Growth Rate	Earnings Before Income Taxes	Provision for/ (Benefit From) Income Taxes	Net Earnings ²	Net Earnings ² Growth Rate	Effective Tax Rate	Diluted EPS ²	Diluted EPS ² Growth Rate
(in millions, except per common share amounts)	Fiscal Year 2019								
GAAP	\$ 2,060	N.M.	\$ 1,751	\$ 386	\$ 1,363	N.M.	22.1 %	\$ 4.53	N.M.
Restructuring and employee severance	125		125	32	93			0.31	
Amortization and other acquisition-related costs	621		621	148	473			1.57	
Impairments and (gain)/loss on disposal of assets	(488)		(488)	(113)	(375)			(1.25)	
Litigation (recoveries)/charges, net	36		36	10	26			0.09	
Transitional tax benefit, net	—		—	(9)	9			0.03	
Non-GAAP	\$ 2,353	(9)%	\$ 2,044	\$ 453	\$ 1,589	1 %	22.1 %	\$ 5.28	6 %

¹For more information on these measures, refer to the Use of Non-GAAP Measures and Definitions schedules.

²attributable to Cardinal Health, Inc.

The sum of the components may not equal the total due to rounding.

We generally apply varying tax rates depending on the item's nature and tax jurisdiction where it is incurred.

Cardinal Health, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Segment Information

<u>(in millions)</u>	First Quarter			
	2020	2019	<u>(in millions)</u>	
Pharmaceutical			Medical	
Revenue			Revenue	
Amount	\$ 33,428	\$ 31,416	Amount	\$ 3,917
Growth rate	6 %	9 %	Growth rate	3 %
Segment profit			Segment profit	
Amount	\$ 398	\$ 409	Amount	\$ 170
Growth rate	(3)%	(12)%	Growth rate	26 %
Segment profit margin	1.19 %	1.30 %	Segment profit margin	4.33 %

Cardinal Health, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Forward Looking non-GAAP Measures

In this document, the Company presents certain forward-looking non-GAAP metrics. The Company does not provide outlook on a GAAP basis because the items that the Company excludes from GAAP to calculate the comparable non-GAAP measure can be dependent on future events that are less capable of being controlled or reliably predicted by management and are not part of the Company's routine operating activities. Additionally, management does not forecast many of the excluded items for internal use and therefore cannot create or rely on outlook done on a GAAP basis.

The occurrence, timing and amount of any of the items excluded from GAAP to calculate non-GAAP could significantly impact the Company's fiscal 2020 GAAP results. Over the past five fiscal years, the excluded items have impacted the Company's EPS from \$0.75 to \$4.19, which includes a goodwill impairment charge of \$4.36 per share related to our Medical segment that we recognized in fiscal 2018. The excluded items for fiscal 2020 impacted the Company's first quarter EPS by \$17.92, which includes a \$17.40 charge related to the opioid litigation.

Definitions

Interest and Other, net: other (income)/expense, net plus interest expense, net.

Non-GAAP diluted earnings/(loss) per share attributable to Cardinal Health, Inc.: non-GAAP net earnings/(loss) attributable to Cardinal Health, Inc. divided by diluted weighted-average shares outstanding.

Non-GAAP effective tax rate: provision for/(benefit from) income taxes adjusted for (1) LIFO charges/(credits), (2) state opioid assessment related to prior fiscal years, (3) restructuring and employee severance, (4) amortization and other acquisition-related costs, (5) impairments and (gain)/loss on disposal of assets, (6) litigation (recoveries)/charges, net, (7) loss on extinguishment of debt, and (8) transitional tax benefit, (net) divided by (earnings before income taxes adjusted for the first seven items).

Non-GAAP distribution, selling, general and administrative expenses or Non-GAAP SG&A: distribution, selling, general and administrative expenses, excluding state opioid assessment related to prior fiscal years.

Non-GAAP net earnings/(loss) attributable to Cardinal Health, Inc.: net earnings/(loss) attributable to Cardinal Health, Inc. excluding (1) LIFO charges/(credits), (2) state opioid assessment related to prior fiscal years, (3) restructuring and employee severance, (4) amortization and other acquisition-related costs, (5) impairments and (gain)/loss on disposal of assets, (6) litigation (recoveries)/charges, net, (7) loss on extinguishment of debt, each net of tax, and (8) transitional tax benefit, net.

Non-GAAP operating earnings: operating earnings excluding (1) LIFO charges/(credits), (2) state opioid assessment related to prior fiscal years, (3) restructuring and employee severance, (4) amortization and other acquisition-related costs, (5) impairments and (gain)/loss on disposal of assets, and (6) litigation (recoveries)/charges, net.

Segment Profit: segment revenue minus (segment cost of products sold and segment distribution, selling, general, and administrative expenses).

Segment Profit Margin: segment profit divided by segment revenue.

¹ LIFO charges and credits are excluded because the factors that drive last-in first-out ("LIFO") inventory charges or credits, such as pharmaceutical manufacturer price appreciation or deflation and year-end inventory levels (which can be meaningfully influenced by customer buying behavior immediately preceding our fiscal year-end), are largely out of our control and cannot be accurately predicted. The exclusion of LIFO charges and credits from non-GAAP metrics facilitates comparison of our current financial results to our historical financial results and to our peer group companies' financial results.

² State opioid assessments related to prior fiscal years is the portion of state assessments for prescription opioid medications that were sold or distributed in periods prior to the fiscal year of the initial assessment. This portion is excluded from non-GAAP financial measures because it is retrospectively applied to sales in prior fiscal years and inclusion would obscure analysis of the current fiscal year results of our underlying, ongoing business. Additionally, while states' laws may require us to make payments on an ongoing basis, the portion of the assessment related to sales in prior periods are contemplated to be one-time, nonrecurring items. Reversals of these accruals have occurred when certain assessments were declared unconstitutional.

³ Restructuring and employee severance costs are excluded because they are not part of the ongoing operations of our underlying business.

⁴ Amortization and other acquisition-related costs, which include transaction costs, integration costs, and changes in the fair value of contingent consideration obligations, are excluded because they are not part of the ongoing operations of our underlying business and to facilitate comparison of our current financial results to our historical financial results and to our peer group companies' financial results. Additionally, costs for amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets are non-cash amounts, which are variable in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and size of acquisitions, so their exclusion facilitates comparison of historical, current and forecasted financial results. We also exclude other acquisition-related costs, which are directly related to an acquisition but do not meet the criteria to be recognized on the acquired entity's initial balance sheet as part of the purchase price allocation. These costs are also significantly impacted by the timing, complexity and size of acquisitions.

⁵ Impairments and gain or loss on disposal of assets are excluded because they do not occur in or reflect the ordinary course of our ongoing business operations and are inherently unpredictable in timing and amount, and in the case of impairments, are non-cash amounts, so their exclusion facilitates comparison of historical, current and forecasted financial results.

⁶ Litigation recoveries or charges, net are excluded because they often relate to events that may have occurred in prior or multiple periods, do not occur in or reflect the ordinary course of our business and are inherently unpredictable in timing and amount.

⁷ Loss on extinguishment of debt is excluded because it does not typically occur in the normal course of business and may obscure analysis of trends and financial performance. Additionally, the amount and frequency of this type of charge is not consistent and is significantly impacted by the timing and size of debt extinguishment transactions.

⁸ Transitional tax benefit, net related to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act is excluded because it results from the one-time impact of a very significant change in the U.S. federal corporate tax rate and, due to the significant size of the benefit, obscures analysis of trends and financial performance. The transitional tax benefit includes the initial estimate and subsequent adjustments for the re-measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities due to the reduction of the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate and the repatriation tax on undistributed foreign earnings.